"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and Thursday; light north to northeast winds.
For full weather report see Page 21.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 21,816. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1917.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES.

ONE CENT In Greater New York. | TWO CENTS Within Commuting Distance. | THREE CENTS Elsewhere.

BILLION IN BONDS SOLD, BUT DRIVE MUST GO FASTER

$400,000,000 Daily Quota Is Needed to Reach Maximum, Officials Estimate.

CAMPAIGN GAINS HEADWAY

Record Day in This District Boosts Total Sales to $413,000,000.

STILL NEED $1,087,000,000

Guaranty Trust Takes $15,893,850 and Mechanics and Metals Bank $5,000,000.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—With fourteen working days gone and only ten more to come, Liberty bond sales were believed by Treasury officials tonight to have just touched the $1,000,000,000 mark, a result which has led them to wonder if the $5,000,000,000 hoped for can be attained in the final days of the campaign.

"Committees in almost every part of the country still wire encouragingly that they can make their maximum totals," says a Treasury Department statement. "Possibly they can, but either they are concealing their actual sales—which is not believed to be the case—or there must be a most unexpected spurt in the offing.

"Certainly there is little about the sales thus far to warrant great confidence that the $5,000,000,000 mark will be reached."

Official figures, representing actual sales, reported tonight to the Treasury Department as of the close of business yesterday, place the total at $855,200,850, or little more than half the $1,000,000,000 believed to have been subscribed. These figures do not include the result of the two-day canvass made by 60,000 workers in the Minneapolis district, and place the amounts in other districts far below the sums reported unofficially. The totals follow:

Boston	$65,000,000	Chicago	56,145,000
New York	301,101,000	St. Louis	4,651,500
Philadelphia	15,411,000	Kansas City	2,050,700
Cleveland	2,000,000	Dallas	4,500,000
Richmond	24,000,00	San Fran-	
Atlanta	1,900,10	cisco	31,354,950

*Minneapolis—No report.

$400,000,000 Daily Needed.

"Granting the most reasonable allowance for unreported sales," the Treasury's statement continues, "the situation is not encouraging. Every day since the beginning of the drive, Oct. 1, the daily quota necessary to achieving the desired total of $5,000,000,000 by Oct. 27, the last day of the sale, has grown larger until tonight it reaches, in all probability, the enormous figure of $400,000,000. At the outset of the sale a daily average of slightly less than $210,000,000 would have made the maximum total possible.

"The greatest discrepancies between the official and latest unofficial reports occur in the New York, Boston, Cleveland, Philadelphia, and Kansas City districts. Late reports from New York and Boston today show their totals to be $413,000,000 and above $80,000,000, respectively. Cleveland has more than $75,000,000, Philadelphia more than $80,000,000, and while no figures for the entire Kansas City district are available, it is known that Omaha alone has subscribed about $10,000,000.

"Similar discrepancies doubtless exist in other districts, but few think they are so great as to indicate an actual approach to even the minimum quota for the country, $3,000,000,000, by the close of the drive.

"The brightest spot in the campaign today appeared to be in the Northwestern States of Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Montana, where the sales forces began work for the first time yesterday. Orders soon will be in effect in all those States for the removal of State funds from banks not giving their hearty co-operation to the sale, it was officially reported tonight. Indications are, however, that enforcement of this order will be unnecessary, as the banks are rallying, along with most of the people, to unqualified support of the loan.

"Army sales continued to increase tonight until the boys in khaki had bought more than $25,000,000 in bonds. Competition among Southern camps for top honors is particularly keen. Speakers throughout the country are using the example of the soldiers, who are willing to sacrifice both their lives and their dollars for the cause.

Army Drive Encouraging.

"It is confidently predicted by persons in close touch with the army subscription situation that the total will run well above $100,000,000 before the drive closes."

Statements urging the people of the country to subscribe now were issued today by Secretary Houston and Samuel Gompers.

"Every man, woman, or child who wishes to feel he has had a part in bringing about the wider liberty which is coming to the world through the war we are fighting," Mr. Gompers said, "can be assured he is contributing directly by buying a bond. An investment in one of the bonds is an investment in liberty with a sure return on the money invested.

"Every citizen of this free country ought to contribute in accord with his ability. Patriotism consists in doing or giving that which is necessary to maintain the principles of our country.

Continued on Page 4.

Your family will be safe at Grove Park Inn, Asheville, N. C., finest resort hotel in the world. Not a cure, sick guests not admitted.—Advt.

Kaiser in Constantinople; Gets an Imposing Welcome

LONDON, Oct. 16.—The German Emperor arrived at Constantinople today, according to a Reuter dispatch received by way of Amsterdam. He was met at the station by the Sultan, the Imperial Princes, the Grand Vizier, Ministers, Senators, Deputies and other prominent personages, including the German Admiral von Koch.

The Emperor's reception was imposing, Turkish girls offering flowers. He drove with the Sultan and Enver Pasha, Minister of War, to the Yildiz Kiosk, where he reviewed the guard of honor.

An Exchange Telegraph dispatch says that after a two days' visit to Constantinople, the Emperor will inspect the defenses in the Dardanelles.

SOLDIER HAZED; OFFICER ACCUSED

Capt. Sullivan Said to Have Led Four Non-Coms in Mud-Bathing Gottschalk.

CAMP WADSWORTH AROUSED

Official Report Supports Charges —Sullivan Once Accused of Trying to Bar Out Jews.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP WADSWORTH, SPARTANBURG, S. C., Oct. 16.—According to a report now in the possession of Colonel George A. Wingate, Commander of the Second Field Artillery, Captain Howard E. Sullivan, Battery D of the Bronx, is accused of having directed four noncommissioned officers, who on Saturday night took Private Otto Gottschalk from his tent, stripped him, threw him into a ditch of black muck, forced him to drink filthy water, and then beat him with sticks till welts were raised.

An investigation which Major Wilbur Wright undertook by order of Colonel Wingate has been embodied in the report, which, Colonel Wingate says, bears out Gottschalk's version of the affair. The Colonel's recommendations in regard to Captain Sullivan will be submitted to Brig. Gen. Phillips, commanding the camp, tomorrow.

According to the story told by Gottschalk, he violated one of the camp's sanitary rules Friday evening. Apparently, he said, this violation came to the ears of his Captain, for the night following Sullivan, with the four noncoms, appeared before the squad tent containing Gottschalk and eight others.

"That fellow needs to be punished," Gottschalk quotes Captain Sullivan as saying to the noncoms, indicating the cowering private. Then the four sub-officers, the private continued, then entered the tent and forced him to dress. Pushing him before them, with Captain Sullivan bringing up the rear, they led him to a broad ditch running back of the Second's mess halls. This trench contained black mire, with a discolored stream running through it, the water being used in washing mess kits.

On the bank of the ditch, Gottschalk said, his captors undressed him, and then, knocking his feet from under him, sent him full into the muck. Jumping down, the private charges, the four noncoms rubbed the mud all over him, grinding it in, and then pushed his face into the polluted water and forced him to drink.

After this, Gottschalk stated, they yanked him back to the brink of the ditch, and, with the Captain witnessing the whole procedure, hustled him down to the shower bath building. There he was shoved under a shower, and when most of the black mud had been washed away, Gottschalk said, his tormentors vigorously brushed the rest of it off with brushes that gave him great pain.

The man said that this was followed by his being led back of the shower bath building and, without a stitch to protect him from the blows, he charges, he was beaten with sticks. The private's story, the report of the investigating Major, and a statement made by a divisional staff officer, based on his official knowledge of the matter, agree that Captain Sullivan witnessed the beating and made no effort to halt it.

Captain Sullivan tonight declined to discuss the matter.

Because of military regulations the attitude of other officers could not be obtained. The enlisted men, however, were outspoken in condemnation of the hazing of Gottschalk. It was said that Captain Sullivan in civil life is a customs inspector at the Port of New York.

Sullivan in Trouble Before.

The Kehillah, acting on the complaint of Max J. Klein of 449 Union Avenue, the Bronx, took action through Maurice Simmons, Chairman of the Committee for the Protection of the Good Name of Immigrant Peoples, last May to combat what was claimed to be discrimination against Jewish soldiers by the National Guard. Klein in his complaint stated that he went to the recruiting offices of the Second Field Artillery, at 106th Street and Franklin Avenue, and applied for enlistment, and was rejected by Captain H. E. Sullivan, then in command of Battery D. He said that Captain Sullivan, who was a Government employe at the time, subsequently admitted to him that he was prejudiced against him because he was a Jew.

In his affidavit, which Mr. Simmons submitted to Governor Whitman, Klein stated that when he went to the armory of the Second Field Artillery to enlist, he was escorted to a room where recruits were being examined. There were more than a score of men in the room, he added, of whom twelve were Jews. All of the Jews, he said, were informed that there were no vacancies. Subsequently, he continued, he learned that the regiment was far short of its required strength.

When the matter was brought to the attention of Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan he ordered an investigation and said he proposed to leave nothing undone to rid the Guard of any anti-Semitic feeling. The officers of the Second Artillery denied that they approved of any discrimination against Jews. The matter was finally adjusted, and Klein became a member of the regiment.

On Jan. 26 last Captain Wilbur T. Wright and Lieutenant Frank A. Spencer of the Second Field Artillery were placed on trial before an army court-martial, which met at Fort Totten, charged with having ordered five members of their command lashed "spread-eagle fashion" to the wheels of gun carriages. The five men were lashed to the gun carriages on the main drill floor in plain view of scores of spectators in the gallery. The punishment was inflicted for alleged violation of regulations. Wright and Spencer were acquitted by the court-martial, five of the nine members of which were National Guard officers.

VENUS PENCILS
No work VENUS PENCILS cannot do.—Advt.

MAYOR SAYS HYLAN GOT GOSLIN CASH DURING CAMPAIGN

Quotes Swindler's Affidavit and Offers Record of Checks as Proof of Charge.

PUTS THE TOTAL AT $950

Offers Letter Signed "J. F. Hylan" Thanking Goslin for "Interest in My Behalf."

NEW QUESTION FOR MURPHY

Mitchel Wants to Know If He Held Club for Hylan as He Did for Sulzer.

Mayor Mitchel, continuing his attacks on Judge John F. Hylan, his Tammany opponent, addressed more questions to Charles F. Murphy yesterday regarding Judge Hylan's past, based upon the disclosures being published in the New York World. The Mayor declared that the efforts of Mr. Murphy and William R. Hearst to keep the public in the dark concerning Judge Hylan's record and his capabilities have "proved fruitless," and that "the paper walls which Mr. Hearst and Mr. Murphy have tried to build around their candidate" are tottering. The Mayor's statement follows:

"Last night, in his denial which did not deny, Judge Hylan nervously protested that the exposure of his past was an attempt to distract attention from the issues of the campaign.

"I say to him and to his masters that John F. Hylan's fitness to handle $200,000,000 a year of public money is a present, pertinent and vital issue.

"It is charged, and Judge Hylan admits, that he sued the company which he himself organized for $5,923 for 'legal services.'

"It is charged, and Judge Hylan admits, that this suit was brought in the name of a dummy, a clerk in Hylan's law office.

"It is charged, and Judge Hylan admits, that judgment in this suit was secured by default, although Hylan was Director, Secretary and attorney for the company.

Brings In Goslin.

"It is charged, and Judge Hylan cannot deny, that after the company, thus imperilled, has been thrown into the hands of a receiver, Judge Hylan's judgment was assigned on Aug. 8, 1908, to Alfred R. Goslin, a notorious swindler, who had served terms in prison for forgery and conspiracy.

"It is charged, and Judge Hylan cannot deny, that to this notorious swindler was entrusted the reorganization of the company in which Judge Hylan previously sold stock.

"In spite of these facts, it now appears that in a suit involving John F. Hylan's judgments against the company, John F. Hylan swore, in an affidavit made in September, 1908:

"'I was in nowise a party to the recovery of said judgments, nor in any way concerned therein, nor with respect to any of the several assignments thereof or other proceedings connected therewith.'

"Was Judge Hylan in nowise concerned in the recovery of this judgment, when, on the one hand, he assigned his claim to a clerk in his own law office, and prosecuted the suit for this dummy, and, on the other hand as Secretary, Director, and attorney for the company itself, failed to put in any answer to this suit?

"To prove that Judge Hylan committed perjury in making this affidavit it would be necessary not only to show that he had knowledge, at the time of making this affidavit, that the statement he made was false, but that it was material to the matter before the court. The facts, however, speak for themselves.

"Twisting and turning to escape from the damning array of evidence produced against him, Judge Hylan declared last night that he had never seen Goslin in his life.

"It is not important whether Judge Hylan ever held direct oral communication with this forger and swindler. That is a minor detail. The question in which the public is interested is whether Judge Hylan ever had dealings in a business way with this man whose life, in jail and out of jail, was to prey upon the public.

"On Jan. 15, 1907, in litigation involving Hylan's claim against the Black Diamond Company, Alfred R. Goslin swore, in an affidavit, referring to Hylan and to Charles R. Turner, Hylan's associate in the Black Diamond deal:

Tells of Campaign Fund.

"'That thereupon deponent agreed that if the three judgments mentioned would be assigned to him he would pay Turner for Hylan's campaign expenses $1,000 in cash and loan said Hylan $1,000 additional for these campaign expenses. * * *

"'That in these different negotiations said Hylan and Turner called upon deponent a large number of times. That Hylan personally handed to said Goslin the assignments of these judgments.'

"The uncorroborated word of a forging swindler is not worth much. If this affidavit stood alone, Judge Hylan's denial might be believed. But the public does not need to depend solely upon Goslin's word, because there is in existence the following documentary proof, with Judge Hylan a name attached:

"'1. A check for $600, dated Oct. 9, 1905, drawn by Anna Irene Magher, Goslin's stenographer, to the order of John F. Hylan, and cashed by Hylan.

"'2. A check for $250, dated Oct. 17, 1905, drawn by Anna Irene Magher to

Continued on Page 3.

"INDIAN SUMMER—Nature's warm appeal to you—" see top of Page 13.—Advt.

"Drink Sun-Ray Water
Purest Water in the World."—Advt.

More Than 100,000 of Our Men Now Overseas and Not a Soldier Was Lost on the Journey

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Through William Mather Lewis, its Executive Secretary, the National Committee of Patriotic Societies today issued an appeal to loyal citizens everywhere to "demand proof" of doubtful assertions concerning war matters in an effort to trace all injurious statements to their source. The committee's appeal grows out of the fact that there has been widespread circulation of stories for a long time to the effect that American transports have been sunk.

No transports have been sunk, and, despite the fact that more than 100,000 American officers and soldiers have now been safely convoyed to France by naval vessels, the official record shows so far that not one soldier has been lost in this work of oversea transportation of a great army.

'The false reports being cried throughout the country, to which the National Committee of Patriotic Societies calls attention, are believed by Government officials to be for the most part the result of the work of German agents, although in some instances they may be set down to malicious mischief. An effort is being made to trace these reports, and it was to aid this that the committee today issued its appeal as follows:

"The National Committee of Patriotic Societies, which is now carrying on a campaign to combat seditious propaganda, particularly that which finds circulation through conversation, is getting interesting reports from its local chairmen throughout the country.

"In numerous towns in the Middle West the story is being quietly passed around that several transports filled with troops have been sunk. According to this highly colored tale, a distressed parent who had not heard from his son for several weeks finally appealed to Secretary Daniels and was told: 'Your son and a thousand other soldiers are at the bottom of the ocean.'

"The National Committee showed these reports to Mr. Daniels, who promptly settled the whole matter by saying: 'I could not have made any such statement because there are no American soldiers at the bottom of the ocean.'

"The National Committee, realizing that these stories are a great detriment to the American cause, are calling upon loyal citizens everywhere to demand proof of doubtful assertions concerning the war matters wherever they hear them, and to trace all injurious statements to their source."

RUSSIANS SINK 2 TORPEDO BOATS

Damage Two Others in Battle North of Oesel—One Russian Vessel Lost.

GERMAN FLEET RETREATS

But Kaiser's Troops Take 3,400 Men and Isolate Defenders of Oesel.

PETROGRAD, Oct. 16.—The Russian torpedo fleet defending Soela Sound, north of Oesel Island, which the Germans are overrunning in their attempt to take possession of the Gulf of Riga, has won a distinct success. The official statement today says that in an engagement there on Sunday two German torpedo boats were sunk and two others were damaged, one Russian torpedo boat being sunk in the fight.

More than a dozen German torpedo boats had forced their way into the sound, supported by a battleship, when they were attacked by the Russians. After a sharp action the German squadron retreated.

The Russian vessel sunk was the Grom, of 1,100 tons and 34 knots speed, built in 1914-15. Her complement was 93 men, most of whom were saved.

German troops continue to extend their gains on Oesel Island, having received reinforcements. They instituted an offensive against the Svorb Peninsula, the southwestern part of the island, with the object of capturing the Russian batteries at Cerel. These batteries cover the entrance to the Gulf of Riga.

Large German Squadron Engaged.

The War Office statement reads:

In the Baltic Sunday at 4 o'clock P. M. our patrol squadron off Soela Sound, consisting of four torpedo boats and two gunboats, was shelled by a German dreadnought. The torpedo boat Grom was severely damaged.

Following this, twelve, and afterward more, German torpedo boats of the newest type forced their way through into Soela Sound under cover of the German battleship. Our patrol squadron accepted battle. The gunboat Khrabry was struck twice and the torpedo boat Grom was under a violent fire. Other torpedo boats covered them energetically, engaging the enemy.

The enemy's fire was principally directed on the Khrabry and Grom. All the guns of the latter vessel were put out of action. She was also set on fire and a big wave cut the hawsers with which the Khrabry was towing her. The Khrabry again approached the Grom and once more endeavored to take her in tow, but without success, and the Grom sank. A majority of her crew were saved by the Khrabry.

Simultaneously one of the enemy torpedo boats was sunk by the fire of the Khrabry. Others of our warships then appearing on the scene, the enemy turned back. The rest of our warships were only slightly damaged.

The commander of our fleet testifies to the good firing and the stubborn spirit of the crews of our gunboats and torpedo boats, especially the gunboats Khrabry and Khivenwz, and the torpedo boats Zabiaka, Pobyedietel and Konstantin, which stood the brunt of the fighting against superior enemy forces.

Eye witnesses report the sinking of two enemy torpedo boats and the damaging of two others.

On the Island of Oesel the enemy is developing his success and reinforcing himself. We have received reports that the enemy is directing his offensive against the Svorb Peninsula with the purpose of capturing our batteries at Cerel, which are covering the entrance to the Gulf of Riga.

Warning Unheeded, Says Admiral.

The landing of the Germans on Oesel could have been averted only by risking battle under unfavorable circumstances which might have resulted in the opening of the Gulf of Finland to the enemy, Admiral Verdervski, Minister of Marine, said today. The blow is a hard one to Russia, but the Russian fleet apparently was in no position to hinder the Germans.

"Since March," the Admiral said, "I have drawn attention several times to the possibility of such a blow, and I also discussed the situation with Premier Kerensky, but no one paid attention to the Government's warning. Although we are at war, our political differences have been given first place in the minds of the people. The Germans take this into account, and events show that they have been able to take full advantage of it."

German naval power is four times greater than that of Russia, the Admiral continued. The naval force in the Gulf of Riga, he said, did everything possible to prevent a landing of the Germans, and would continue to carry out all orders of the Minister of Marine. The Minister of Marine sees no im-

Continued on Page 2.

The Greenbrier, White Sulphur Springs, West Va. Ideal time for the cure. Only one night from New York.—Advt.

GERMAN BANK MEN IN CUSTODY HERE

Taken by Secret Service as Dangerous Enemy Aliens and Interned at Ellis Island.

IN LONDON WHEN WAR BEGAN

One Prisoner, Baron George von Seebeck, Son of German Army Corps Commander.

Secret Service agents, acting under instructions from the Navy Department, arrested two German bankers yesterday. One was George von Seebeck, said to be Baron von Seebeck, whose father, General Baron von Seebeck, commanded the Tenth German Army Corps at the outbreak of the war, and the other Fritz Kuhn, who is the son of one of the best known bankers in Mannheim, Germany.

Seebeck came to this country in August, 1914, having fled from England to escape internment as an enemy alien. Both he and Kuhn held important positions in the London branch of the Deutsche Bank at the beginning of the war. In New York they were for a time employed by the Guaranty Trust Company, but were discharged, because of their German allegiance, several months ago.

Kuhn is a cousin of Mrs. Irving Lehman, wife of Supreme Court Justice Lehman. Justice Lehman said yesterday that Kuhn and von Seebeck made their home in Port Chester, and that so far as he knew both had observed the war regulations promulgated by President Wilson.

Baron George von Seebeck arrived in New York on the Cunarder Campania on Aug. 22, 1914. His father was then exercising an important command on the west front, while a brother was an officer with the Third German Corps at Liége. In England the young man is said to have moved in the highest social circles. He was at the German Embassy in London when word came that England had declared war on the side of France. He realized that he would be interned if he remained in England, and a few days later booked for the United States as "Mr. Seebeck." He was accompanied by Count Minotti, an Italian nobleman.

The German "Who's Who" says that General Baron August W. J. von Seebeck was, prior to the outbreak of war, one of the infantry chiefs of the German Army. He is a former member of the Imperial General Staff, and comes from a family of distinguished German soldiers. For years he is said to have been one of the Kaiser's most trusted friends.

Assistant United States District Attorney John C. Knox, when asked about the case said that the arrest had not been made at the instance of the Department of Justice, and added that he had not been informed as to the details of the affair. Because both Kuhn and von Seebeck were at one time in the employ of the Deutsche Bank, it was suggested that that connection may have been the reason for the Government's action. The revelations in the Bolo Pacha case proved that the Deutsche Bank was the financial connecting link between Ambassador Bernstorff and Bolo.

All of Bernstorff's plot payments which figured in the Bolo case were made by Hugo Schmidt, the New York agent of the Deutsche Bank, who in each instance acted on instructions from the Berlin Foreign Office. These payments, according to the sworn admission of Schmidt, totaled in one year nearly $2,000,000. Schmidt has not been interned and is still at liberty.

Adolph Pavenstedt was even closer to Bernstorff than was Schmidt. Pavenstedt was the man in whom Bernstorff confided regarding the proposed French plot, and Pavenstedt has admitted that he was the go-between for Bernstorff and Bolo. Pavenstedt makes his home at a prominent New York hotel.

Late yesterday afternoon agents of the Department of Justice took into custody three Germans, whose names were given out as Ernest Gruesbach, Karl F. G. Pagenkop, and Georg Fuchs. The men were arrested in the waterfront zone, which is barred to all enemy aliens under the regulations promulgated by President Wilson. No details were given out by the Department of Justice agents. The three men were taken to the Ellis Island internment camp.

It was said yesterday that the prison buildings on Ellis Island are rapidly filling up and it is expected that a large number of Germans, now held on the island, will be ordered to prison camps

Continued on Page 3.

Everybody today is Pro-Patria. With Antony it was Cleopatria—LYRIC THEATRE.—Advt.

SWEDISH ENVOY ASKS AID TO GET HIS SEIZED MAIL

State Department Consents to Cable to Stockholm Reporting British Seizure.

MESSAGE IS SENT IN CODE

Incident May Result in Diplomatic Clash Between Stockholm and London.

SUSPECT UNNEUTRAL WORK

British Insist Only on Knowing That Pouches Contain No Enemy Communications.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—At the request of the Swedish Minister, W. A. F. Ekengren, the State Department has undertaken to transmit to Stockholm in the Swedish code a message in which the Minister urges his Government to take steps to obtain the release of three pouches and two boxes of official mail which are held by the British Embassy here.

The seizure of these pouches, reported to contain statistical data and instructions for use by the Swedish Mission in this country, is developing into an important issue between Sweden and Great Britain. The pouches were seized at Halifax and sent to the British Embassy at Washington. The British Government had reason to suspect their contents, and has offered to permit them to be opened in the presence of British and Swedish diplomats or of Swedish and American representatives. This proposal was rejected by the Swedish Minister, who has sought to get into communication with his Government through the medium of the American State Department. If his message is delivered, it is expected that the status of the mail will become the basis for a lively exchange of notes between the British and Swedish Governments.

It is the contention of the British Government that this case is substantially similar to that of the Swedish diplomatic box that was shipped from Washington on the same steamer on which von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, returned to Europe. The seals on that box were broken, and for a while it was out of the possession of the courier accompanying the box. This led to the suspicion that he box had been tampered with. It was taken from the Bernstorff party at Halifax and ultimately sent to London. In the present case it is being contended, it is understood, that Sweden forfeited diplomatic immunity for any of its diplomatic communications when it was disclosed that messages like that sent by Count von Luxburg from Buenos Aires, had been sent under the cloak of Swedish diplomatic immunity.

Sweden Under Suspicion.

So far as the British Government is concerned, it is understood that the Swedish Government is not yet regarded as having purged itself from that violation of the trust and confidence which Great Britain and other nations had reposed in the Swedish diplomatic service. At the time the pouches and boxes were shipped from Stockholm to Washington the Luxburg revelations had not been made, and the Swedish Government was not aware that the British and American governments knew of the abuse of confidence that had been practiced in the Luxburg case.

Mr. Ekengren informed the British Ambassador, Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, that the contents of the three pouches and two boxes are all legitimate, but the Ambassador, acting for his Government, demanded a guarantee that they contained nothing of an unneutral character. This guarantee was offered by the Minister. But the Ambassador replied that it would have to come from the Swedish Government. The Swedish Minister has not yet seen the contents of the pouches and boxes.

The Ambassador also informed Mr. Ekengren that he had cabled to his Government at London for further instructions, but the Swedish Legation has not been informed of any response from the British Foreign Office. It was assumed today that in his telegram to Stockholm the Swedish Minister is asking the Swedish Foreign Office to furnish the guarantee.

Sweden, it was explained today, can only communicate with her diplomatic representatives in the United States by mail, and even this mode is so restricted as to make possible the dispatch and receipt of correspondence possible only once in every three months. The reason is that there is only one steamer plying between Scandinavian and American ports available for the transmission of diplomatic pouches, this vessel sometimes, but very seldom, making the return trip in two months. To protect the correspondence thus dispatched it is necessary to send it by courier, and there is a limit to the number of couriers available, inasmuch as only persons of diplomatic status are immune of interference by the belligerents.

May Contain Food Data.

Several months ago, Herbert C. Hoover, Food Controller, sent to the Swedish representatives here a series of questions regarding the economic situation in Sweden, supplies on hand, &c. The information was not obtainable in Washington, and the document was transmitted to Stockholm by courier. In Stockholm the information was gathered and together with other

Continued on Page 2.

Would Cleopatra have been mistress of the World Today?—LYRIC THEATRE will give you the answer.—Advt.

Reports Germany Will Stop Sending Material via Holland

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 16.—The Zutphen Courant says that Germany has informed Holland that she will cease the transportation of sand and gravel by way of Holland if Great Britain forces Holland to make such a demand of Germany.

The British Government recently cut off commercial cable communications from Holland on the ground that gravel, sand, and scrap iron were being transported through Holland from Germany to Belgium. The Netherlands Government in reply said that such transit would be stopped only when the British Government showed that the materials were being used for war purposes.

TEUTONIC ALLIES CLASH ON PEACE

Czernin Breaks Negotiations with Michaelis Owing to Vagueness on Terms.

DEMANDS FRANK POLICY

Rebuffs by Allies, Vienna Papers Say, May Cause Revision of Central Powers' Aims.

LONDON, Oct. 16.—The Deutsche Tageszeitung of Berlin, as quoted in an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Amsterdam, says that Count Czerin, Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, recently requested the German Chancellor, Dr. Michaelis, to state Germany's peace terms, urging that Germany make concessions in the west. Count Czerin received a vague reply, whereupon he stated that he could no longer negotiate with Dr. Michaelis, as the Chancellor made vague statements when clearness and frankness were imperatively necessary.

These statements of the Tageszeitung are not denied, the dispatch says, and have made a great sensation, being particularly illustrative of the fervent desire for peace on the part of Austria.

Another Amsterdam dispatch says that several Vienna papers express the opinion that the recent statements of Lloyd George, Asquith, and Ribot will cause a cessation of any peace action on the part of the Central Powers. The papers say that by refusing the peace proposals of the Central Powers, those circumstances have arisen which Count Czernin has mentioned as justifying a revision of the Central Powers' war aims.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 16.—No steps in the Ministerial crisis and no action on the resignation of Admiral von Capelle, the Minister of Marine, are expected by the German newspapers until Emperor William returns to Berlin from his Balkan trip. Chancellor Michaelis meanwhile has left the capital to study conditions in the occupied districts of Russia, as if nothing were more remote from his mind than the thought of retirement.

Demand for the dismissal of Chancellor Michaelis was the leading theme at the opening session of the Socialist Convention at Würzburg, Bavaria, Sunday, at which Philip Scheidemann, the majority Socialist leader in the Reichstag, was a speaker. Friedrich Ebert, President of the Socialist Party, assailed those members of the party who attempted to prolong the war. He said that the advocates of the so-called German peace were working in their own pecuniary interest and not for the Fatherland.

Herr Scheidemann said that the war profiteers were investing millions of marks in the German press, which accounted for the increasing number of newspapers attacking the advocates of a moderate peace.

The convention was far less imposing in size than the peace-time conventions of the party. Foreign delegations were missing, and there were barely 350 German delegates, owing to the decrease in party membership through the defection of the Independent Socialists and the absence of hundreds of thousands of Socialists at the front.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 16.—In his speech at the Würzburg convention Herr Ebert said that speedy conclusion of peace was a vital necessity for the workmen of all countries and that the policy of the mailed fist would disappear after the horrors of the war.

"If a ballot were taken today," he added, "nine-tenths of the people would approve peace by agreement."

Herr Scheidemann, referring to the Capelle incident, said that, unfortunately, it could not be discussed in public.

"The fact is," he continued, "that if they wanted to catch all who were associated with similar incidents they would have to take action against 300 persons simultaneously. Every day soldiers come to us with complaints, and we have opened a special bureau to investigate them. The main thing is not to talk or write about grievances, but to combat them."

GERMAN LABOR PROTESTS.

Army Restricts Unions, Leaders Complain to Hindenburg.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 16.—Field Marshal von Hindenburg and General von Ludendorff have received leaders of the German trades unions, who laid before them complaints against the regulations issued by department heads of the army limiting, or in same cases paralyzing, the freedom of action of the unions.

The outcome of the conference has not been announced, but the Vorwärts of Berlin believes that the grievances of the unions will be investigated.

Will a Cleopatra free the German people?—LYRIC THEATRE.—Advt.

U-BOAT BLOCKADE OF OUR SEA COAST IS REPORTED NEAR

London Gets Berlin Wireless Press Message Predicting Such Action.

CUBA AND CANADA ALSO

They Also Will Be Declared War Zones Soon, According to the Dispatch.

REPORT STIRS WASHINGTON

Officials Are Inclined to Credit It, and Naval Commanders Will Get Customary Instructions.

LONDON, Oct. 16.—According to news from Berlin in an undated dispatch received by the Admiralty through The Wireless Press, Germany is expected soon to declare the coasts of the United States, Canada, and Cuba war zones.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—The greatest importance is attached in Washington to the brief Wireless Press message from Berlin asserting that Germany is expected soon to declare the coasts of the United States, Canada, and Cuba to be naval war zones.

Past experience convinces officials here that Wireless Press messages of this character previously picked up have usually been followed by formal announcement from the Berlin Government of important hostile action. Assuming that the news from Berlin is authentic, officials here would not be surprised to hear soon of the appearance of German submarines operating off the Atlantic Coast.

Full confirmation of the Berlin warning will be interpreted as notice that Grand Admiral von Tirpitz, who resigned from the head of the German Navy Department on March 15, 1916, to be succeeded by Vice Admiral von Capelle, whose resignation was announced a few days ago, has again gained ascendancy in German military matters. It is considered extremely significant here that immediately after the announcement of Von Capelle's retirement Von Tirpitz broke into print with a production of the final triumph of the submarine and a statement that Germany was "now at the fateful hour of her existence."

Close upon the heels of the Von Tirpitz interview word trickles through that Germany can be counted upon soon to declare the American, Canadian, and Cuban coasts blockaded. It is felt that there can be no discounting the importance of these developments.

Report Is News to Daniels.

When the news reached Washington late tonight it was suggested that Admiral Henry T. Mayo, commanding the Atlantic battleship fleet, who has just returned from the London naval conference, might have brought with him some confidential hint of Germany's submarine plans. Secretary Daniels, when communicated with at his residence late tonight, asserted that this press dispatch was the first intimation he had had of an extension of Germany's campaign of frightfulness.

"This is the first I have heard of it," said the Secretary. "It had not been brought to my attention before."

When he was asked whether Admiral Mayo had brought such information from London Mr. Daniels replied in the negative. The Secretary would not comment on the London dispatch.

Admiral William S. Benson, Chief of the Bureau of Naval Operations, who had at no time since the war began discounted the assumption that the navy must be prepared to meet any sudden surprise movement from German raiders or submarines, was told of the Berlin dispatch late tonight. He had no comment to make, but said that this was the first he had heard of a change of German naval policy calculated to make ships plying along the American coasts the targets of German submarines. Before another sunset the commanders of all American warships will be acquainted with the information.

The news wirelessed from Berlin may be a naval bluff intended to alarm the public on this side of the Atlantic, or it may be a war ruse out for the purpose of interfering with the steady movement of American troop transports to France. If Germany is correctly reported as seriously contemplating the submarine blockade of American coasts and has permitted this information to be sent broadcast to be picked up by the British Admiralty, it would not be surprising if word of the presence of German submarines in American waters should soon prove the substantiality of the radio threat.

Navy Will Warn Warships.

Whether false or true, the news will be treated as seriously as if official notification had been given, and instructions will go to American naval commanders to be more watchful than ever, and troop transports, whenever dispatched, will be warned to be constantly on their guard. So far as constant watchfulness is concerned, the threat from Berlin will not greatly alter the situation, for the warships patrolling the coast have already been instructed to act on the theory that German raiders or submarines may show up most unexpectedly.

There have been repeated reports that submarines had approached the coast, but these have never been substantiated. After the most recent of these rumors was circulated, nearly a month ago, on the basis of reports made by incoming merchant steamers, a careful investigation was made by the Navy Department. It resulted in the statement from Secretary Daniels that since the be-

ginning of the war no report of the presence of a German U-boat along the coast of the United States had been substantiated.

Should Germany declare a war zone around the American, Canadian, and Cuban coasts, the Berlin Government would be expected to notify neutrals almost simultaneously with the presence of U-boats along the steamer route intersecting the area to be embraced in the blockade zones.

Germany embarked on her submarine war zone campaign of ruthless and unrestricted warfare on Feb. 1, 1917. In his note of Jan. 31 to Secretary Lansing, announcing Germany's intention of breaking the pledges made after the sinking of the Sussex, Ambassador von Bernstorff said:

"The Imperial Government is now compelled to continue the fight for existence, again forced upon it, with the full employment of all the weapons which are at its disposal."

Such announcement as the German Government would make in notifying the few remaining neutrals of its extension of ruthless warfare to the American, Canadian, and Cuban coasts would probably contain a reiteration of this threat. The beginning of ruthless sea warfare last February followed the failure of the attempts made in December and January to force a compromise peace upon the Entente.

Since then the overtures made through the Pope have failed, the offensive drives on the Italian and Anglo-French fronts have shaken the prestige of German arms at home, and Machaelis, the stop-gap Chancellor, has been threatened with downfall by popular clamor at home.

What is more important, the Berlin Government has come to a realization that the American Government is sternly determined to reject all overtures for an inconclusive and compromise peace, and that American military preparations are going forward on a gigantic scale

The German Admiralty, under the guidance of Vice Admiral von Capelle, has failed to halt the great overseas movement of American troops and war supplies. This, when coupled with its failure to starve England by the submarine campaign, is something the Government in Berlin cannot successfully explain to the German people.

The extension of the submarine campaign to the American side of the Atlantic would be aimed primarily at the sea communications of the American Army and the flow of munitions to the European Allies. It would add another great sea area to the blockade zones already established around Great Britain, France, Italy, the eastern Mediterranean, and the arctic coast of Russia. The nearest edge of the new war zone would be off Newfoundland. From the ocean crossroads point of 46 degrees north latitude to 50 west longitude, on the southeastern nose of the Grand Banks of Newfoundland, to Fastnet Lighthouse, off the southeast coast of Ireland, is 1,968 nautical miles.

This is no greater than the distance that German submarins have traveled to the Mediterranean. This point on the Grand Banks is one toward which all steamers using the routes toward Kirkwall as well as Liverpool head. It is 917 sea miles from Boston and 897 miles east of Nantucket Lightship, which in turn is 193 miles east of New York Harbor.

If Germany undertakes to blockade the American, Canadian, and Cuban coasts, it is thought that she will try to establish an even longer-range blockade than that around the British Isles—many more miles off shore. It would be difficult to maintain submarines off the coast unless they had secret bases, and the distance to their home bases would be so great that many submarines would have to be used if the campaign were attempted on the scale on which the submarine operations against England were conducted.

It appears more than likely that the establishment of a submarine blockade directed against the American, Canadian, and Cuban coasts would be very largely a shifting of activities from British to American waters. As most of the supplies sent to England and France are going from Canadian and American ports, or take the Panama Canal route toward the Windward Passage, a campaign directed against steamers utilizing the Cuban, Canadian, and American routes would, if effective, accomplish the same purpose as the establishment of the zone around the British Isles.

All these routes pass through four well-fixed ocean crossroad points on or southeast of the Grand Banks of Newfoundland. These points are as well known to the British and American navies as to the Germans, and when once made the foci of U-boat operations, would be well defended by American and Entente destroyers.

Besides the point marked by the intersection of 44-50, mentioned above, the other cross-road points, which steamer lanes from Canadian, American and Cuban ports pass, are: The intersection of 43 degrees north with 50 degrees west, the intersection of 41 degrees 30 minutes north with 47 degrees west, and the intersection of 40 degrees 30 minutes north with 47 degrees west. The distances from these four points to Bishop's Rock, toward which vessels steer when headed for the English Channel, range from 1,749 to 1,793 miles.

U-BOATS KILL THREE, SHELL OPEN BOATS

One American Slain and Another Injured—"Murder Pure and Simple," Survivor Says.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, Oct. 16.—Another instance of open boats being deliberately shelled by a submarine was described on the arrival at a British port yesterday of survivors of a British vessel which was sunk on Sunday. Describing the sinking of the ship, an American, one of the survivors, said:

"It was murder pure and simple. They shot away some of our boats, gave us no time to launch those that were left, and then fired on us in the open boats wounding and maiming men who were powerless to protect themselves."

Among those landed were twelve Americans—Joe Stormant, George May, Robert Berkley, John McDonald, Mason Kite, Jason Kite, Frank Donoghoe, Walter Given, Thomas O'Keefe, John D. Eamond, B. Wood, and Jack Stikel. James D. Fringer, an American, was killed outright. Donoghoe is in a hospital badly injured In all, three members of the crew were killed and eight are in a hospital, all seriously wounded. Byron Wood, one of the Americans, said:

"We were attacked early Sunday morning by two German submarines. They let us have it pretty hot from the first, and their gunners soon got our range. We tried to escape by zigzagging and putting on every ounce of steam, but it was no use. Shells came bursting along the deck, breaking in our sides.

"About fifty of us got off in two lifeboats. As we rowed away from the vessel the Germans opened fire on us, and James Fringer of Roanoke, Va., was killed. Another fireman in the same boat as Fringer was wounded and died twenty minutes after a rescuing ship picked us up.

"At first I could only discern one submarine, but a minute or two after they opened fire I saw a second very near the other. They fired high explosives at us as well as shrapnel. We succeeded in launching the two lifeboats on the starboard side, the lifeboats on the port side having been all shot away. We got well clear of the vessel and both submarines continued to make toward us.

"When the nearer was only about a quarter of a mile off she directed her guns on us and opened fire. They fired about half a dozen shrapnel shells at us, but only one took effect. After our ship had sunk fire was again directed on the open boats, both of which already were badly damaged."

KILLED ON U.S. PATROL BOAT

Another of Crew Injured in Engine Room Accident.

One member of the crew was killed and another man was badly scalded yesterday by the bursting of a steam pipe in the engine room on board one of the United States patrol vessels when she was within fifteen miles of Long Island.

The body of the man who was killed was taken ashore later in a launch and placed in an undertaking establishment and the injured seaman was conveyed in an ambulance to the South Side Hospital, Babylon, where it was said that he would recover. No particulars of the accident were given out at the Navy Yard, as the patrol boat was on active service at sea.

ARTILLERY IS ACTIVE ON FLANDERS FRONT

Infantry Engagements Limited to Trench Raids and Patrol Encounters.

BRITISH AVIATORS BUSY

French Repulse Attacks on the Aisne Front and in the Verdun Sector.

LONDON, Oct. 16.—Both British and German guns on the Flanders front manifested considerable activity today, but infantry engagements today and last night were limited to trench raids and patrol encounters. The British carried out night raids near Roeux, east of Arras, and in the neighborhood of Bullecourt, to the southeast of that city.

Army aviators on Monday harassed enemy infantry and dropped two tons of explosives on a large German ammunition dump near Courtrai and on other enemy bases.

French troops repulsed raids on the Aisne front and made successful attacks on German trenches in Champagne and the Argonne.

Field Marshal Haig's report from headquarters tonight follows:

Our patrols were active during the day on the battle front and brought in a few prisoners. There was considerable artillery activity on both sides. Assisted by clearer weather, much effective counterbattery work was carried out by us.

A small party of South Midland troops entered the enemy's trenches last night in the neighborhood of Roeux and inflicted casualties on the garrison. Another successful raid, in which we secured a few prisoners, was carried out by us during the night north of Lens.

Early this morning a strong hostile raiding party, which attempted to approach our trenches to the southwest, was repulsed, with loss, by our rifle and machine-gun fire.

Aviation: During Monday morning much successful artillery work was accomplished by our airplanes. Many photographs were taken, and the enemy's infantry was harassed with machine-gun fire from low altitudes. In the course of the day two tons of bombs were dropped by us on a large German ammunition dump near Courtrai and on hostile billets and huts ments in the battle area.

A number of bombs were dropped by night also on various targets in the enemy's forward areas. In the air fighting three German machines were brought down and two were driven down out of control. Three of our machines are missing.

Following is the text of the afternoon report:

Northwest of Bullecourt early this morning Irish troops carried out a successful raid. The enemy's artillery showed considerable activity during the night in the neighborhood of the Ypres-Staden Railway.

PARIS, Oct. 16.—The Germans attempted several surprise attacks today against French position on the Aisne front. One was temporarily successful, but the assailants were immediately ejected. Last night French troops carried out two successful trench raids, one east of Rheims, the other in the Argonne. There was spirited artillery firing throughout the day in the plateau region.

Tonight's official statement from the War Office reads as follows:

On the Aisne front, after a lively bombardment, the Germans launched several surprise attacks on our positions. Northeast of Courtecon the enemy succeeded in gaining a footing in one of our advance posts, from which we immediately ejected him. Another attempt south of Ailles likewise failed.

Artillery fighting was maintained in very spirited fashion throughout the day in the region of the plateaus.

Took French Prisoners, Berlin Says.

BERLIN, Oct. 16, (via London.)—Army Headquarters reports the repulse of British reconnoitring parties on the Flanders and Artois fronts and the capture of a large number of French prisoners in trench raids west of the Meuse, in the Verdun region.

Following is the text of the official communication:

Army of Crown Prince Rupprecht: The activity of the two artilleries in Flanders was similar to that of preceding days. There were no large infantry battles. British reconnoitring advances were repulsed at several points in Flanders and also in Artois.

Army of the German Crown Prince: The artillery duel was again lively throughout the day northeast of Soissons, and also west of Craonne it increased, with two new but fruitless French attacks against the trenches recently won by us north of Vauclerc Mill.

Several reconnoitring engagements were favorable for us. West of Suippes Saxon Grenadiers and west of the Meuse Bavarian storming troops brought back a large number of prisoners and several machine guns from the French positions.

The artillery activity on the front north of Verdun was livelier.

FIRED ROULERS ARSENAL.

British Aviators Inflicted Heavy Loss on Germans Quartered There

LONDON, Oct. 16.—British airmen in their recent attack on the Belgian town of Roulers caused the destruction of an arsenal in which was quartered a newly-arrived German regiment. This information was contained in a dispatch from Amsterdam to the Central News Agency and was reported by a trustworthy correspondent on the Dutch frontier.

One of the first incendiary bombs dropped struck the arsenal, which immediately burst into flames. The confusion was added to by airmen who, descending to a low altitude, used their machine-guns freely, thereby increasing the casualty roll, which the correspondent says was enormous.

Naval airplane raids over Belgium were continued yesterday. In patrol encounters, two German machines were driven down. The following official statement was made public today:

A considerable number of patrols were carried out yesterday by naval aircraft, in the course of which several enemy airplane formations were encountered. Two enemy machines were driven down. One of our machines is missing.

During twenty-four hours bombing raids were carried out on the following objectives: The Bruges docks, Varssenaere airdrome, and Houttaye airdrome. Large quantities of explosives were dropped with good effect, all our machines returning safely.

LAUDS HAIG'S ACHIEVEMENTS.

LONDON, Oct. 16.—Premier Lloyd George sent this message today to Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig:

"The War Cabinet desires to congratulate you and the troops under your command upon the achievements of the British armies in Flanders in the great battle which has been raging since July 31. Starting from a position in which every advantage rested with the enemy and hampered and delayed from time to time by the most unfavorable weather, you and your men have nevertheless continuously driven the enemy back with such skill, courage, and pertinacity as have commanded the grateful admiration of the peoples of the British Empire and filled the enemy with alarm.

"I am personally glad to be the means of transmitting this message to you and your gallant troops, and I desire to take this opportunity of renewing my assurance of confidence in your leadership and in the devotion of those whom you command."

British Casualties 14,096.

LONDON, Oct. 16.—British casualties reported in the last week amounted to 14,096. They are divided as follows:

Killed or died of wounds: Officers, 277; men, 2,509.

Wounded or missing: Officers, 837; men, 10,473.

GERMAN NEWSPAPERS TAKE FEDERAL PERMITS

New York Staats-Zeitung First to Act Under Law to Prevent Disloyal Propaganda.

German newspapers in New York began yesterday to comply with the Federal statute requiring them to obtain from the Post Office Department a permit for publication in a foreign language or else to file with the department an English translation of every news story or editorial dealing with the war or with Government policies affecting the war

The legislation was designed to put an end to the dissemination of disloyal propaganda in alien tongues, and in order to get from the Post Office Department in Washington permission to publish without filing translations, a publication must satisfy the Postmaster General that it is entirely loyal to the United States. One of the first of the local German newspapers to receive such permission was the Staats-Zeitung, which made early application and received the desired privilege. Printed in English in heavy type across the top of the first page of yesterday's issue of that German newspaper was this legend:

"Published and distributed under permit (No. 7) authorized by the act of Oct. 6, 1917, on file at the Post Office of New York, N. Y. By order of the President. H. S. Burleson, Postmaster General."

The New Yorker Volkszeitung, which recently was barred from mailing privileges, paid no attention to the law yesterday. At its editorial offices it was explained that the local authorities had instructed its publishers to wait until definite instructions came from Washington. Knowing that it is not particularly popular with the Washington authorities, the Volkszeitung, it was explained, does not intend at present to ask for a permit, but instead will comply with the more laborious provision permitting it to file translations of each pertinent item.

The New Yorker Herold has applied for a permit, but understands that, owing to accumulation of prior applications, its request has not yet been acted upon. Meantime, it began yesterday to file with the local Post Office an English translation of each war article. It carried no war editorials in yesterday's issue, but above several articles in its news matter appeared in English this announcement:

"True translation filed with the Postmaster of New York on Oct. 16, 1917, as required by the act of Oct. 6, 1917."

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—More than 1,000 foreign language newspapers have applied for and received licenses for publication under the provisions of the Trading With the Enemy act, according to an announcement authorized today by Postmaster General Burleson.

NOW DEPRECATES AIR RAIDS

Munich Paper Wishes All Belligerents Would Give Them Up.

ZURICH, Oct. 16.—That Great Britain's decision to bomb German cities and towns in reprisal for air raids on London and other English cities and towns is having a disheartening effect in Southern Germany is indicated by the Munich Post, which says that air attacks on open towns have proved, quite apart from moral estimates, that this mode of warfare will be the means of stiffening, rather than breaking, the determination of the people.

The newspaper says that this applies t oall the belligerents, and that it would be a matter for rejoicing if all would agree "no longer to make this fearful world catastrophe still more horrible through the slaughter of defenseless persons."

RUSSIANS SINK 2 TORPEDO BOATS

Continued from Page 1.

mediate danger of a German attempt to enter the Gulf of Finland. He expresses the belief that owing to the lateness of the season the German operations will be localized.

The Petrograd Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates has issued an appeal to the army and the fleet to obey their commanders and to fight to save the capital and repel the Germans in the Gulf of Riga.

Germans Isolate Russian Force.

BERLIN, Oct. 16, (via London.)—The Germans have taken full possession of the main portion of Oesel Island, the War Office reports. The Russians have been isolated on Svorb Peninsula, and are offering desperate resistance.

The War Office statement reads:

Troops fighting under the command of Infantry General von Kathen on the Island of Oesel have taken full possession of the main portion of the island. On the Svorb peninsula, extending to the South, the Russian troops who are there are isolated, but still are offering desperate resistance.

The heavy coastal batteries have been silenced by the fire of our ships. The enemy was so sharply pressed against the east coast that only portions of his force were able to escape over the mole leading to Moon Island.

Fighting for the bridgehead of Orrissar, on the eastern shore of Oesel, our naval forces successfully co-operated with their fire from the north.

Up to the present more than 2,400 prisoners have been counted, and those who have scattered will further increase this number. Thirty guns, twenty-one machine guns, some airplanes, and many vehicles have fallen into our hands.

Our landing troops, with excellent collaboration by naval forces under command of Vice Admiral Smith, accomplished the essential part of their task in four days. The Riga Bay islands of Runo and Abro have been occupied by us. On the land front to the east there have been no important events.

VOPICKA EXHORTS RUSSIANS.

Soldiers Give Great Demonstration for American Envoy.

JASSY, Rumania, Thursday, Oct. 11, (via Petrograd, Monday, Oct. 15.)—Charles J. Vopicka, American Minister to Rumania, has made several visits to the front recently, exhorting the Russian soldiers to continue fighting.

On one visit he spoke to 70,000 soldiers. There was a great demonstration at the conclusion of the speech, the enthusiastic soldiers carrying the Minister about on their shoulders. Every mention of America was applauded vigorously.

A committee representing the Ninth Russian Army has voted unanimously to continue fighting.

SWEDISH ENVOY FIGHTS FOR PAPERS

Continued from Page 1.

official and business correspondence put in charge of Hjalmar Lundvohm, of the Swedish Foreign Office, and his Secretary who had been detailed to Washington to assist the Swedish representatives here in the negotiations with the Food Exports Bureaus.

Before leaving Stockholm the agents expected to receive assurances from England that the pouches and boxes they carried would not be interfered with enroute. The British Minister at Stockholm cabled to his Government Sweden's request for such assurances, but no answer being received, the agents proceeded to Christiania, where they were to embark.

At Christiania another request was made for assurances, the British Minister there being unwilling, however, to give them, but offering to telegraph to London. The Swedish representatives were unwilling for the seals on the pouches and boxes to be broken, and they decided to sail with them without the assurances.

The pouches and boxes were seized by the British authorities at Halifax, partly on the ground that they had been opened en voyage. This is denied by the Swedish diplomatic agents, who declare the pouches and boxes were in the care of the Captain of the vessel during the entire trip. The British officials refused to surrender them, and forwarded them later to the British Embassy in Washington. Soon after their arrival here the Embassy informed the Swedish Legation of the fact and requested that a representative of the Legation be sent to the Embassy to inspect them and to see if the seals had been broken.

An agent made the inspection together with a British agent, and it was found that the seals had not been interfered with, but were in the same condition as when they left the Stockholm Foreign Office. British officials stated today that the Embassy here has no intention of violating the official Swedish seals, but that, at the same time, it was desired to make certain that the pouches and boxes contained no matter for persons other than Legation officials.

In Swedish circles it was stated that the detention of the mail by the British Embassy is causing great inconvenience, in addition to halting any progress which might otherwise be possible in the negotiations with the United States respecting exports to Sweden.

AMERICANS DRILL IN RAIN FOR JOFFRE

Marshal Praises Our Men, in Whom He Sees a Formidable War Machine.

SAYS VICTORY IS SURE

Populace and Troops Acclaim the Victor of the Marne—Airplane Acts as Sentinel.

By The Associated Press.

AMERICAN TRAINING CAMP IN FRANCE, Oct. 15, (Delayed.)—When Marshal Joffre came to visit and review the contingent of American troops training for the trenches today he brought some of the sunshine of France with him. Dripping clouds, which had overhung the American Army zone for the past fortnight, whose constant deluges had turned rivulets into torrents and flooded the lower valleys, broke away in the forenoon and revealed a deep-blue sky. Joffre luck did not hold throughout, however, for in the afternoon a violent hail and rain storm broke over the training grounds where the Marshal was witnessing bayonet and bombing drills by picked American companies.

The party at one time approached a little too close for safety to the bombing. General Pershing, who accompanied Marshal Joffre throughout the day, suggested that they move back thirty or forty paces; "for France," he said, "has but one Marshal, and we cannot let him be in the slightest danger."

"Oh, but she could get another Marshal," said the hero of the Marne, with a shrug of his shoulders.

Big Demonstration for Joffre.

The visit of the Marshal had been looked forward to for a long time, and proved to be even more eventful than had been expected. He motored with General Pershing through more than a score of French villages in which American troops are billeted, and received remarkable demonstrations of esteem from the soldiers and of affection from the French people. Late in the day, just as darkness was setting in, the party motored into a picturesque little town where a French division had been drawn up to receive the Marshal, and where a regiment of American infantry also is quartered. The entire population of the town had gathered along the route taken by the automobiles, and the enthusiasm of the people illustrated strikingly the morale of the French nation. They cheered Marshal Joffre and General Pershing when they came into view, cheered the crack French soldiers when they swung by in review, cheered the American troops when the Marshal walked before them; and when a French band burst into the Marseillaise women and little children joined in the singing of the national anthem.

The Marshal was introduced by General Pershing, who said:

"Marshal Joffre is familiar with America and with American institutions and is deeply interested in American soldiers. It is a great privilege to have him as our guest today."

The Marshal made his speech in French, saying he was sorry he could not deliver it in English, but that as a matter of fact he was not accustomed to much public speaking in any language.

"You Have Realized Our Hopes."

After considering the various acts of Germany the Marshal said America had drawn the sword, and no one in France doubted that she would do great things. He referred to the great power of America in men, resourcefulness and material wealth, and continued:

"In every way you have realized our hopes. The best proof of your earnestness, your determination to help win this war against autocracy, may be read in your eyes as I look into them. Under the direction of General Pershing you are getting ready to face the enemy. Guided by that eminent chief, guided by the zeal with which your great new armies are being perfected, you will move forward to gather the laurels and glory that lie before you.

"All the news I have from America is to the effect that there, as well as here, you are working in the same intense manner. Guided by such men as General Pershing, your Secretary of War, Mr. Baker, and your Chief of Staff, General Bliss, you are rapidly going ahead, and I am confident our enemy will see before him one of the most formidable war machines which could ever be imagined.

Says Union Will Bring Victory.

"Our enemy believed, in his foolish pride, that he could dominate the universe. Your reply to him has already been most eloquent—more eloquent than he ever dreamed. You have come here to join the Allies in delivering humanity from the would-be yoke of German intolerance. Let us continue to be united, and victory surely will be ours."

Three real American cheers were given for the Marshal, who acknowledged them graciously. He was dressed in the familiar blue coat and red breeches, such as he wore in America.

As they passed in review the American soldiers looked very grim and fit. They wore full fighting equipment, including trench caps, and had gas masks dangling at their belts.

The Joffre party took luncheon some thirty miles from the reviewing ground, in the mess hall of the accredited American correspondents with the expeditionary force, which was loaned for the occasion. Outside French and American bands alternated in playing during the meal, while thousands of persons gathered to see the Marshal and the American commander. Beneath rolling storm clouds a French airplane kept its vigil over head. Special guards of French and American soldiers were also gathered about the place.

Watches Drills in the Rain.

Hail and rain did not interrupt the afternoon program of work in the training schools. With a raincoat over his shoulders the Marshal braved the elements and watched the men for a long time.

General Pershing's warning against approaching too closely to the place at which the giant bombs were being thrown proved to be timely, for later several splinters fell not a great distance from the party.

In their tour today Marshal Joffre and General Pershing traveled at least 200 miles. At the end of the day the Marshal said to The Associated Press representative:

"I have been highly gratified by what I have seen today. I am confident that when the time comes for the American troops to go to the trenches and meet the enemy they will give the same excellent account of themselves in action as they did in practice today."

GERMAN FORECAST LUSITANIA SINKING

Diplomat Wrote That Liner Would Would Be Sunk 'With a Moment's Hesitation.'

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO Ill., Oct. 16.— Addressing a mass meeting at Racine, Wis., last night, to further the Liberty Loan campaign, Levy Meyer, a Chicago lawyer, read a letter to an American from a person who, he said, was an official high in the German diplomatic service, bearing date of March 25, 1915, and forecast that the Lusitania would be torpedoed. The letter was received in this country the latter part of April, and the liner was sunk on May 27, 1915.

Mr. Mayer quoted the German diplomat as writing this:

"As far as the United States is concerned, the possibility of a conflict will not be considered likely, (in the United States,) in view of the Japanese danger, the Mexican embroilment, the general unpreparedness for war, and the huge German-Irish element in your country. You do not suppose for a moment, if the Wilson-Bryan Administration involves your country in a war for the benefit of England, that those twelve or fifteen million German and Irish would sit quiet? Such an eventuality might put the Union to a dangerous test.

"The shipping question is extremely simple, to my mind. If one of our submarines should get the Lusitania, either under the English or American flag, she would sink her, if she could, without a moment's hesitation. Your hope that in such a case two or three hundred Americans might be drowned is quite justified, but nothing in the least would happen. If Americans, as well as other neutrals, in spite of the given warning, are still careless enough to travel on English ships, they have only themselves to blame if they come to grief."

The Chicago Herald says the author of the letter is Adolph von Bruning, who at the time was Minister without portfolio and attached to the German Foreign Office.

Oswald Schuette, Berlin correspondent of The Chicago Daily News, today sent a cable dispatch from Zurich, in which he said:

"The report of the arrest of a man in New York on the charge that he put bombs aboard the Lusitania before the liner sailed on its last voyage, may verify a story current in German circles and credited to authoritative sources that infernal machines had been put on the Lusitania timed to explode after the vessel's arrival in Liverpool."

FLOAT 1,000,000 TONS OF SHIPS BY MARCH

Large Amount of New Construction, Mostly Seized Craft, Nearing Completion, Official States.

SOLVING LABOR PROBLEM

Proposed to Exempt Such Workers from Draft and Add 100,000 or More to 250,000 Now Employed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Ships aggregating more than 1,000,000 tons deadweight will be put on the seas from American shipyards between now and March 1, according to an official closely in touch with the situation. By that time the Government's vessel program will be in full swing and cargo vessels and transports will be put into service with much greater rapidity than at present.

The labor situation was considered much more encouraging today, and, while the yards on an average are working at not more than two-thirds of capacity, definite steps are in contemplation to put them on full time and work extra shifts on all merchant ship and naval construction possible.

The exemption from military service of men employed in the shipyards and in the manufacture of engines and other ship accessories is under consideration. E. N. Hurley, Chairman of the United States Shipping Board, was in conference with President Wilson late this afternoon. Whether the matter was then taken up could not be learned tonight. It is believed, however, that a speedy decision will be reached.

Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, has been enlisted in the campaign to get yards and essential manufactories working at full capacity, and is in entire sympathy with the plan. As soon as a definite policy is adopted it is believed that men will be obtainable. Better housing conditions at the yards will be one of the features involved in the general plan.

There are at present approximately 250,000 men at work in the shipyards of the country and employed on the making of engines and other essential equipment. It is the hope of the Government to add 100,000 or 150,000 men to this number within the next few weeks.

The 1,000,000 tons of merchant shipping promised by March 1 will largely represent the American, French, British, and Norwegian tonnage which was contracted for before America entered the war or shortly thereafter, and which was commandeered on the ways. It will be followed by the ships constructed under new contracts in the private yards and in the great Government-owned fabricating yard now being built.

In 1910 there were only 200,000 tons built and in 1916 about 600,000 tons. The 1,000,000 tons will represent achievement in the face of the fact that the shipyards of the country were unprepared.

Exemption of employes in shipyards, it is believed, would attract many thousand men from employment in non-essential trades and go far to solve the labor shortage. If further difficulty were faced it is not improbable that steps would be recommended to take over men from manufactories engaged in turning out luxuries. Increased taxation and investments in Liberty bonds probably also will have a decided effect in reducing output of luxuries and freeing men who would be useful in the shipbuilding industry.

NITRATE PLANT LOCATED.

President Approves Sites Chosen at Sheffield, Ala.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—President Wilson has approved the location at Sheffield, Ala., of the initial ammonia and nitric acid plant to be constructed by the Government with part of the $20,000,000 appropriation recently made available by Congress for the creation of a new source of supply of nitrates for use in making powder for the Government.

Sheffield is on the Tennessee River, just below the Muscle Shoals, and is near the phosphate beds of Central Tennessee. On the site selected there are several substantial steel buildings which can be utilized.

President Wilson tonight issued a proclamation authorizing the War Department to take over the site for artillery proving grounds recently selected at Gunpowder Neck, Harford County, Md. Land within the prescribed area which cannot be obtained by purchase before Oct. 20 will be taken under condemnation proceedings. The tract contains about 25,000 acres, and fronts on Chesapeake Bay. Seven million dollars has been appropriated to purchase the land and build necessary buildings and equipment. The proving ground, the largest in the country, will be used for the testing of coast and field artillery.

PAYING OUT NEARLY A BILLION A MONTH

Government Expenditures $2,921,075,341 Since July 1, Much Exceeding Receipts.

TEN TIMES 1916 TOTALS

Advances to Allies, $1,571,200,000, the Greatest Single Item of the Disbursements.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Government expenditures since the beginning of the fiscal year July 1 are nearing the $3,000,000,000 mark. The total, reported in the daily Treasury statement of yesterday, was $2,921,075,341. This is nearly $800,000,000 more than receipts during this period, including that portion of the first Liberty Loan paid since the fiscal year began.

The greatest single item of expenditure was $1,571,200,000 advanced to the Allies. Ordinary disbursements, including military and naval expenditures and the cost thus far of the shipbuilding and aircraft production programs, totaled $1,029,976,541. A total of $286,711,722 had been expended in the retirement of short-time certificates of indebtedness.

Receipts from ordinary sources, including the income tax, (paid, for the most part, just before the end of the fiscal year,) customs receipts, and taxes on liquors, beer, tobacco, and other direct taxes, totaled $269,642,595. A total of $512,674,906 on the first Liberty Loan was paid in this fiscal year, while $1,350,000,000 was realized through the issuance of short-time certificates of indebtedness which will have to be retired out of second Liberty bond receipts.

Receipts and expenditures for the corresponding period last year were $220,529,360 and $302,503,285, respectively, or about one-tenth of this year's figures.

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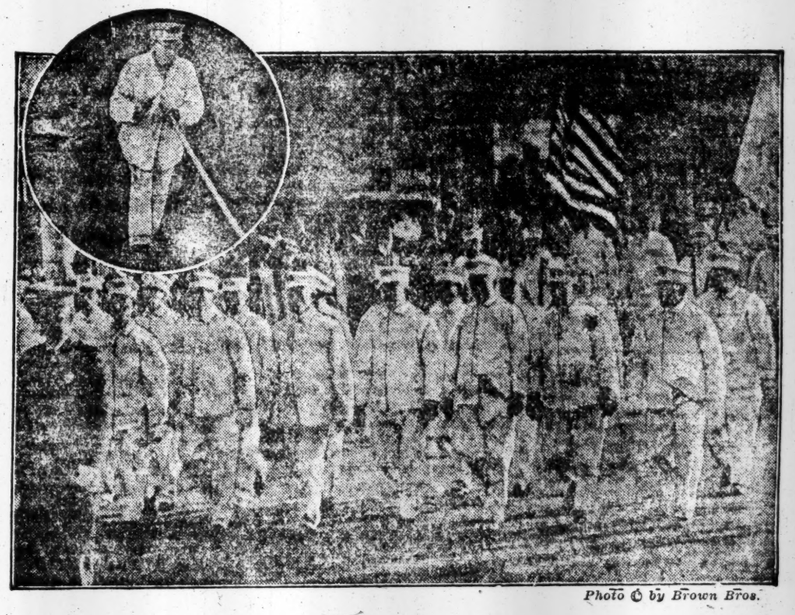

New York is proud of her Street Cleaning Department!

Photo © by Brown Bros.

Mitchel and the "White Wings"

WHEN Mitchel came in four years ago he appointed Fetherston, a keen, experienced engineer, Street Commissioner.

Instead of consulting Political Leaders he established a Model District, and there he worked out by careful experiments the most economical and ideal methods and apparatus.

As a result, the Street Cleaning Department carries off 300,000 more cartloads of dirt yearly than when Tammany ran the Department.

And it is done at a per capita cost of nine cents less than if Tammany had stayed in power, thereby saving in three years $1,143,000!

By new methods the Department removes for $3,200,000 as much snow as under Tammany's methods would have cost $8,682,000 for removing!

This displeased the Tammany contractors but saves millions for the taxpayers.

Street-flushing has been perfected so that now all the heavy traffic streets are washed with water and scrubbed *every night.*

Hundreds of miles of streets that Tammany neglected are now clean.

Today the men are better paid, get longer vacations, have free doctors, take pride in their work, and know that political influence is barred.

They are trained in correct methods so that they can do more work with less waste effort.

Under Tammany, District Leaders had their say on how the Department should be run and supplied the men to run it.

Tammany contractors had a share in the graft. The Street Cleaners were forced to pay for jobs and were promoted only through political influence.

They were even compelled to buy their uniforms from political favorites at fancy prices.

Mitchel has taken the Department out of politics absolutely.

If you don't want a Tammany Street Cleaning Department the next four years, vote and work for Mitchel and Fusion.

Remember—

—that Mitchel in order to make good must have behind him a working majority of the Board of Estimate.

Here is the Fusion ticket and the number of votes each will cast in the Board:

Mitchel, as *Mayor*	3 votes
Prendergast, as *Comptroller*	3 "
Adamson, *Pres. Board Aldermen*	3 "
Borough Presidents	
Marks—*Manhattan*	2 votes
Pounds—*Brooklyn*	2 "
Whittle—*Bronx*	1 "
Gannon—*Richmond*	1 "
Higbie—*Queens*	1 "

Note the names and vote for those running in your borough

Keep Mitchel on the Job

The "Bull's Eye" is the Fusion emblem. Be sure to vote alongside it.

Fusion Committee of 1917

W. H. CHILDS, Chairman Executive Committee.

Contributions Urgently Needed

The expense of this campaign is being met by voluntary contributions. Advertising is the most economical way of getting the facts before the voters. For example, $1.00 will pay for an advertisement like this in approximately one thousand copies of a newspaper; $10 will pay for ten thousand; $100 for one hundred thousand, and so on. If you want to keep Mitchel and Fusion on the job send a contribution to

SAM. A. LEWISOHN, Treasurer,
244 Madison Avenue, N. Y.

SAYS HE, NOT HYLAN, DEALT WITH GOSLIN

Chas. E. Turner Also Swears Checks Were Not Really for the Judge's Campaign.

MURPHY SAYS NOTHING

Tammany Leaders Openly Regret That Sheriff Smith Was Not Named for Mayor.

John F. Hylan, Tammany candidate for Mayor, remained silent yesterday under a second attack by The New York World, based on his connection with the defunct Black Diamond Automobile Company, which Alfred R. Goslin, a noted swindler, was brought in to "reorganize" after it had got into financial straits.

In the new broadside against Hylan it was shown that while the Judge in a statement on Monday declared he had never met Goslin or had any dealings with him the Tammany candidate in October and November, when he was a candidate for Municipal Court Justice in Brooklyn, received checks from Goslin and Goslin's stenographer, Anna Irene Magher, for an aggregate of $1,100. These checks bear the indorsement of Judge Hylan. It was also stated that when the police raided Goslin's lair at 132 Nassau Street after the latter's precipitate flight in March, 1906, there was found among his papers a letter bearing what purported to be the signature of Judge Hylan, reading: "Kindly thanking you for your interest on my behalf."

There was forthcoming last night from Frank Moss, retained as counsel by Judge Hylan in libel proceedings against The World, which had not been commenced late last night, an affidavit from Charles E. Turner of Brooklyn, who was Vice President and General Manager of the Black Diamond Automobile Company, assuming responsibility for bringing Goslin into the affairs of the company. Here is the affidavit:

State of New York, City and County of New York, ss.:

CHARLES E. TURNER, being duly sworn, says: That I am the person mentioned as Turner in The World's article of Oct. 15. I was the organizer of the Black Diamond Automobile Company. I employed John F. Hylan fourteen years ago to attend to the legal business involved in the organization of the company, in which I was the moving spirit. In 1905, and for some time prior, I was indebted to Mr. Hylan in a considerable amount. Mr. Hylan asked me for a payment on account. I told him I had an arrangement with a banker in New York, and would get an advance of moneys from that source. Mr. Brower of Utica, who was President of the company, had entered with me into an arrangement to have a banker named Goslin furnish money to put the company on a proper basis. Mr. Hylan had no part in that arrangement, and did not know with whom we were dealing. Mr. Brower and I believed Goslin was a reputable banker, and I did not learn anything against him until some time later, when he fled the country. I went to Mr. Goslin and told him that I owed a friend, Mr. Hylan, some money, and I asked him to advance some of the moneys coming to me under the arrangements between us, and I asked him to make the checks direct to John F. Hylan, so he could see that I was asking for money only to pay a debt. That is how checks came to be made out to Mr. Hylan by Goslin and his office. Mr. Hylan never saw or had any dealings with Goslin. I did not at that time have any personal bank account available, and on occasions I requested Mr. Hylan to bank checks which were paid to me. In that way, as a matter of accommodation to me, Mr. Hylan's indorsement may appear on checks of Goslin drawn to me individually, as well as checks he may have cashed for me from other sources. I requested Mr. Hylan to write a letter thanking Goslin for his having put me in funds to enable me to make a payment on account of what I owed Mr. Hylan, because I wanted to be kept on good terms with the man I looked upon as a reputable banker. This explains the writing by Mr. Hylan of a letter of thanks—which is not uncommon when men are candidates for office.

Mr. Hylan ever had any connection, directly or indirectly, with Mr. Goslin. Mr. Goslin's connection with the company came about through me after Mr. Hylan ceased to have any concern in the control or management of the company. Any claim that Mr. Hylan brought Goslin into the affairs of the company is false. I brought him in myself, not knowing that he was a swindler, but thinking that he was a reputable banker. No exploitation of the stock of this company was indulged in by any one. CHARLES E. TURNER.

Sworn to before me this 16th day of October, 1917. SAMUEL MARCUS,
Notary Public No. 54, N. Y. County.

The affidavit was made public by Mr. Moss, who said he had sent a verified copy to The World, together with a letter, warning The World to give it conspicuous publicity.

While Judge Hylan's campaign managers tried to make it appear that the publication of the attacks on the record of the Tammany candidate did not disturb them, it was very evident that they were worried. Some Tammany men in prominent positions took no pains to conceal from their friends the chagrin they felt and even expressed regret over Tammany Leader Murphy's folly in not assenting to the nomination of Sheriff Alfred E. Smith, now a candidate for President of the Board of Aldermen, for Mayor.

Charles F. Murphy was at the Wigwam in Fourteenth Street for a couple of hours yesterday. He had just come in from the country. Some newspaper men asked him what he had to say in answer to this question propounded on Monday night by Mayor Mitchel: "I ask Mr. Murphy whether he was ignorant of Judge Hylan's past, or whether he knew of it and intended to use it as a club should Judge Hylan become Mayor and prove disobedient?" In connection with this question Mayor Mitchel recalled the fact that Murphy caused the impeachment of Governor Sulzer after a club that he held over him had proved ineffective.

"I am attending to the business of Tammany Hall," said Mr. Murphy.

"There were some other questions addressed to you for the Mayor," Mr. Murphy was told.

"Nothing to say," was the reply.

"Are you contemplating an answer at some future time?" Mr. Murphy was asked.

"The future will take care of itself," was the reply.

Benjamin Franklin, Chairman of the League of Democratic Clubs, announced yesterday that his organization had indorsed Judge Hylan and his running mates on the Tammany city ticket.

APPELBAUM FOR MITCHEL.

Humanitarian Cult Takes Stand in Mayoralty Fight.

At a meeting in Carnegie Hall last night 1,500 members of the Humanitarian Cult promised to support Mayor Mitchel. In announcing the decision of the organization to stand back of the Mayor, Misha Appelbaum, the Cult leader, declared that Mr. Mitchel had answered fully, frankly, and manfully the fourteen questions put to the various candidates by the Cult.

The Mayor made a brief address following Mr. Appelbaum's announcement in which he dwelt on the work of his Administration with regard to the public schools, the Police Department, and the Department of Public Charities.

After this meeting Mayor Mitchel hurried over to Brooklyn, where he spoke at three crowded mass meetings, in St. Jerome's Hall, Nostrand and Newkirk Avenues; Hopkinson Mansion, Hopkinson and East New York Avenues, and at Congress Hall, Atlantic Avenue and Vermont Street. At each meeting a letter was read which the City Democracy had sent to Judge Hylan, challenging him to appear at that particular meeting and debate the issues of the campaign with Mayor Mitchel. Then the presiding officer called out, "Is Judge Hylan in the hall? If he is, let him come forward to take up this challenge."

"It is no interest of mine," said the Mayor, "whether Mr. Hylan be a finished orator or not. I claim no such distinction for myself, but he can stand up if he is a man and has the courage of his convictions and discuss, man fashion, whether oratorically or conversationally, what he has to say. But there was a reason over and above and beyond Judge Hylan's knowledge of his own inability to make good his statements that has kept him off public platforms where people could put questions to him, or where he would have to stand up in debate; and those reasons lie in the people that back him in this campaign, in his own personal record, that will not bear question or too close inspection, as you have learned.

"I say one reason lies in his backers, and I mean both Mr. Murphy and Mr. Hearst. Judge Hylan knows that he cannot explain Murphy to the people of New York, and he knows hat, allied to those forces of corruption, having put him forward he has today to answer for the most sinister forces of sedition, led by that arch-seditionist, Mr. Hearst, that this city has ever bred or known."

SEES BIG SWING TO MITCHEL

Republican-Fusion Leaders Say Bennett Is Losing Strength.

Republican-Fusion leaders who have been making a quiet investigation of the Mitchel strength in the more important Republican strongholds of the city have reached the conclusion, it was learned yesterday, that a big swing from William M. Bennett to Mayor Mitchel has set in. The loss of Bennett strength, it was explained, has been due to the action of prominent Republicans in indorsing Mayor Mitchel's candidacy. The recent action of the Union League Club and, later, the Republican Club, in going strongly on record for the Mayor, has convinced the district leaders, it is said, that the overwhelming sentiment of the Republicans in Manhattan at least is for the Mayor.

The New York Republican County Committee, which has already refused to indorse the candidacy of Mr. Bennett, will not hold a meeting tomorrow night as originally planned. The Mitchel supporters in the committee are satisfied, it was said, with the action of the committee at its last meeting and would not try to put through a resolution indorsing the Mayor. The meeting adjourned subject to the call of the chair, and Chairman Samuel S. Koenig, it was said, has decided not to have another meeting at this time.

Emory R. Buckner, Chairman of the Mitchel-Fusion Campaign Committee, said yesterday that practically every Republican Assembly district leader in Manhattan had announced themselves for Mitchel, Mitchel banners, he said, are now flying from thirty Republican clubhouses in Manhattan. While admitting that the situation in Brooklyn and the Bronx was much more muddled than in Manhattan, Chairman Buckner said he thought matters in these two counties would clear before the end of the week.

MAYOR AGAIN LINKS HYLAN AND GOSLIN

Continued from Page 1.

the order of John F. Hylan, and cashed by Hylan.

"3. A check for $100, dated Nov. 3, 1905, drawn by Alfred R. Goslin to the order of John F. Hylan, and cashed by Hylan.

"4. A check for $100, dated Nov. 6, 1905, drawn by Alfred R. Goslin to the order of John F. Hylan, and cashed by Hylan.

"5. A check for $250, dated Jan. 29, 1906, drawn by Anna Irene Magher, to John F. Hylan, and cashed by Hylan.

"Judge Hylan may never have seen Alfred R. Goslin, but it is certain that he saw the color of Goslin's dirty money.

"Alfred R. Goslin may never have talked to Judge Hylan, but this swindler's check book said all that was necessary.

"Goslin may not have contributed to Judge Hylan's campaign expenses, but the records prove in black and white that in the month when Judge Hylan was running for Municipal Court Judge he received and cashed Goslin's checks for $950.

"Goslin may not have contributed to Hylan's campaign fund, but let Judge Hylan otherwise explain the note addressed to Goslin and written on Hylan's own stationery, which was seized by the police when they raided Goslin's office, and which read as follows:

"'Inclosed find note. Kindly thanking you for your interest in my behalf.
"'J. F. Hylan.'

"The paper walls which Mr. Hearst and Mr. Murphy have tried to build around their candidate are tottering. Their efforts to keep the public in the dark concerning the record and the capacity of Judge Hylan have proved fruitless.

"Judge Hylan may lock himself in his room, he may deny himself to reporters, he may address only hand-picked meetings, but out of the past rises an indictment which Judge Hylan cannot evade.

"Yesterday I asked Mr. Murphy if he knew the facts, now made public, when he nominated Hylan for Mayor. I asked him if this was the club he held over Hylan, to be used as was the club which he held over Governor Sulzer.

"Today I ask Mr. Murphy whether his reason for nominating John F. Hylan was his belief that a man who would accept financial help from Alfred R. Goslin was the sort of tool that Charles F. Murphy could use."

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The Smartest Restaurant in Town
Introducing a New Era in American Restaurant Entertainment, giving a Complete Theatrical Production.
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A MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT WITH AN ALL-STAR CAST.
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When we bid on a specification basis, our shades cost less than other makes.
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DENIES ROCKEFELLER CONTROLS SCHOOLS

Ida M. Tarbell Says to Tag Gary System with Corporations Is Absurd.

CALLS IT POLITICAL TRICK

Charges Tammany, in Fighting "New York's Best Mayor," Is Behind the Agitation.

Ida M. Tarbell, the writer, who has exposed the inner workings of the Standard Oil Company, yesterday exonerated both the company and John D. Rockefeller of the charge of trying to "Garyize" the city's public schools. Writing from Baltimore to the Committee on Public Education, of which Major Michael Friedsam is Chairman, Miss Tarbell said that the effort now making in New York "to discredit the Gary system by tagging it with the name of Rockefeller is an absurd and disreputable trick." In her letter Miss Tarbell wrote:

"Men who want to blind the public do not encourage methods which stimulate reflection, observation and intelligent action. All this the Gary system does. It assists the youngster to work out problems in his own way; it encourages him to think, form opinions, to judge and to act. The system is the enemy of every dark and devious way. No man with the sinister purpose of bedevilling and confusing young minds would have anything to do with it. Even if Mr. Rockefeller and the Steel Corporation were sufficiently Machiavellian to favor such a purpose, they certainly would be too clever to have anything to do with Mr. Wirt's form of teaching. They would be more likely to stand by the system now in operation.

"No, this agitation is both ignorant and dishonest. Two groups seem to be largely responsible: The one the Tammany crowd that is fighting the re-election of one of the best Mayors that New York City ever had; the other a group that on principle opposes all capitalism. Of Tammany we can expect nothing better. We ought to get something better from the honest opponents of capitalists. People who claim to be working for justice and equality ought to know that truth is their only surety. It is discouraging that they should resort to so cheap a trick as their present method of blackening the Gary system."

William C. Willcox, President of the Board of Education, sent a letter yesterday to Judge Hylan, in which he said in part:

"Apparently you admit that you have no evidence except a letter which some member of the Board of Education wrote to another member urging co-operation among those who were in favor of a change of administration. You fail to present the slightest evidence that Dr. Fiske and Mr. Foelich represented any one but themselves or controlled any votes but their own. As for myself I do not know Mr. Rockefeller and have never been connected with any Rockefeller interests."

The Ministers' Association sent to Judge Hylan yesterday a copy of resolutions adopted by their organization denouncing the Gary system as un-American. The resolutions are signed by the Rev. Dr. Samuel Buehler, Rabbi S. L. Hurwitz, Rabbi H. Orlinsky, Rabbi B. Z. Pearl, Rabbi M. A. Kaplan, and Rabbi Benjamin Fleischer.

SILENT MITCHEL SPEECHES.

Woman's Campaign Committee to Make Appeal Through Windows.

The Woman's Campaign Committee for Mayor Mitchel, of which Mrs. J. Borden Harriman is Chairman, will open headquarters today on the mezzanine floor of the Bristol Building, 500 Fifth Avenue. Until election day meetings will be held from 9 A. M. until 10 P. M. Public noonday meetings will also be held.

The new offices are only twenty feet above Fifth Avenue and Forty-second Street, and, although the windows cannot be opened for actual speeches to the street crowds, "silent speeches" by means of constantly changing signs will be used.

Mrs. Harriman and Mrs. William Pitman Earle, Jr., will have charge of the new offices. A call for volunteer workers was issued yesterday by Mrs. Harriman

DEFEATS 'DRY' AMENDMENT

Iowa Apparently Has Cast a Small Majority Against Proposal.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Oct. 16.—Iowa citizens apparently have declined to bind themselves to State-wide prohibition, according to returns received from all but three counties in the State. The count of votes gives 197,279 against and 196,341 for the proposed Constitutional prohibition amendment.

Statutory prohibition now prevails in Iowa.

Tammany Real Estate Dinner.

John F. Hylan, Charles L. Craig, and Sheriff Alfred E. Smith, candidates on the Tammany ticket, will be guests at a dinner of the Real Estate Men's League at the Biltmore on Oct. 25. Ex-State Tax Commissioner Joseph S. Schwab is Chairman of the Dinner Committee.

BRINGS UP SWANN INQUIRY.

Corrigan Says Investigation Did Not Vindicate Prosecutor.

Magistrate Joseph E. Corrigan, Independent candidate for District Attorney, spoke in Bon Ray Hall, Ninety-second Street and Madison Avenue, last night. He said that he would show why Judge Swann should not be returned to the office. He said in part:

"I intend to discuss some of the charges preferred against Mr. Swann before the Governor, and the report on these charges filed by the Hon. George L. Ingraham, who said:

"'There was great activity by the whole District Attorney's staff not apparently to prosecute those guilty of the crimes back in 1914 but to discover some method of punishing those who had testified as to the ones who had committed the crimes or the witnesses upon whose testimony those indictments had been obtained.'

"Now, gentlemen, in this campaign Judge Swann, so far as I know, has not made one speech. All he does is sit in his office and write letters—foolish letters—and claim that he has been vindicated by Judge Ingraham. Gentlemen, I tell you now, and I leave it to the judgment of any man who wishes to read that report, whether that is a vindication. So far from being a vindication it is the most scathing condemnation which any public officer has ever received.

"The most pertinent question before the citizens of this city at the present moment is the outrageous rise in the price of food. Swann has been in office two years and during that time he has not convicted one of the food sharks which prey upon the people of this city.

"I tell you that on Jan. 1 I will clean out that office. On Jan. 2 I will start a real investigation into the extortionate prices charged for the food in this city. If I can find sufficient evidence to justify me in doing so I will have the guilty men arrested, convicted, and sentenced. If the evidence is not sufficient, or the law is defective, I will at least bring all the facts out before the public of this city. We are facing an unparalleled economic condition in this country. If I go into that office I will make it my first business to see that this most vital question is intelligently and courageously handled in the best interests of the citizens of this county."

WILL RE-EXAMINE BALLOTS.

Court Orders Inspection of Votes in Coler-Riegelmann Contest.

Under an order of the Supreme Court the Democratic ballot boxes in Kings will be opened and the vote cast in the contest between Sheriff Edward Riegelmann and Bird S. Coler for the nomination for Borough President, recanvassed. Reinspection proceedings will begin this morning at the headquarters of the Brooklyn Election Board at 435 Fulton Street.

The order was signed yesterday by Justice Callaghan, who also granted the request of County Judge Burt J. Humphrey and George J. S. Dowling of Queens for a recanvass of the ballots in the contest for two nominations for Justice of the Supreme Court in the Second Judicial District. Supreme Court Justice William J. Kelly, former Secretary of State Edward Lazansky, and William S. Newcombe, the other candidates for the nomination, gave their assent to the proceedings. The only protest came from Assistant Corporation Counsel Thomas F. Magner, who declared that it would cost the city at least $500 to pay the cost of the new canvass in the Coler-Riegelmann contest and $750 in the reinspection of the ballots involved in the Judiciary primary contest. Mr. Magner was overruled.

BENNETT ASSAILS LEADERS.

Barred from Clubhouses, He Will Speak in Open Air.

In announcing his campaign speaking dates William M. Bennett complained last night that he had been barred from Republican clubhouses in Manhattan, and said that it was part of a campaign to discredit him that had begun before the primaries.

"This will have little effect upon the bulk of the Republican voters," he said, "because they have come to the conclusion that when the so-called leaders of the party commit frauds and disenfranchise thousands of voters the time has come to repudiate those leaders. Being barred out of the Republican clubhouses in Manhattan, I expect to conduct my campaign in Manhattan partly in halls but to a great extent in the open air.

"Mr. Hylan's supporters are already leaving him, and it is daily becoming apparent that the only way to prevent a continuation of Mr. Mitchel's iniquitous administration and to defeat Hylan, the Tammany Hall candidate, and to preserve the success of the Socialist candidate, is to vote for me."

CUT LONDON EXPORTS HERE.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 16.—Consular figures of the exports from the port of London to the United States show a steady decline. In the first nine months of the present year the exports were worth $108,853,760, as compared with $120,676,332 in the corresponding period of last year.

The slump began in May. September exports were $5,816,523 as compared with $6,268,444 in August, and $15,400,000 in May. Much of this decrease has been due to a decline in wool exports, which amounted to only $15,088 last month, and nides, the amount of which was $30,345, one-tenth of the exportations of hides in August.

There was only one shipment of tea to the United States, worth $940, last month.

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GERMAN BANK MEN IN CUSTODY HERE

Continued from Page 1.

In the South within the next few days. For more than two weeks no visitors have been permitted to go to the island to see interned Germans.

DANIELS CONFIRMS 'DUNBAR'S' DISMISSAL

Ex-Ensign May Face Naval Court-Martial and Even Trial as German Spy.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Secretary Daniels confirmed officially tonight the news printed in THE NEW YORK TIMES this morning that a man who had obtained a provisional appointment as an Ensign in the navy last Spring under the name of "William J. Dunbar" had been discharged from the naval service following an investigation.

The Secretary made public the record of "Dunbar" in the naval reserve force, but refrained from disclosing the reasons for his discharge after he had served there as an ensign from March 20 to Oct. 6. The Secretary held in his hand a clipping from THE NEW YORK TIMES, telling of the arrest of Dunbar as an alleged spy, when he confirmed the fact that Ensign Dunbar had been discharged and arrested.

The record of Dunbar, given out by Secretary Daniels, follows:

"William Lewis Dunbar was enrolled March 20, 1917, in the provisional rank of ensign, United States Naval Reserve Force, in the Third Naval District, New York. On April 2, 1917, he executed the acceptance and oath of office, which document states that he was born June 2, 1893, in Hamburg, Germany, and claims citizenship in the State of Pennsylvania.

"After enrollment he was on duty in the Third Naval District, and on June 23 was ordered detached from the Federal rendezvous, Naval Militia Armory, at the foot of Fifty-second Street, Brooklyn, N. Y., and directed to take charge of a patrol ship. On Aug. 8 he was detached from that ship and ordered to duty in fitting out another patrol vessel. He submitted a request for transfer to the Aviation Section of the navy, but it was disapproved May 15.

"After an investigation by the Office of Naval Intelligence, Dunbar was discharged from the navy by direction of a telegram from the Bureau of Navigation, Oct. 6, to the commandant of the Third Naval District."

"Dunbar" was brought to New York from Ellis Island yesterday morning and subjected to a rigid examination by Federal officials.

"Dunbar," it is said, may face a naval court martial and if investigation now underway justifies the move he may be tried as a German spy.

About three weeks ago the Navy Department received information that "Ensign Dunbar" of the submarine chaser S— was an imposter, and immediately the Secret Service was ordered to investigate. Agents proceeded to the naval base where "Dunbar's" ship reported for orders and a few days later "Dunbar" was officially dropped "for the good of the service."

Within a few days after he ceased to be an officer of the naval reserve "Dunbar" is said to have appeared at an army recruiting station to enlist. All this time he was being shadowed. His application for service in the army was turned down by the recruiting officers, who presumably acted on instructions from the Secret Service, and a few days later "Dunbar" was arrested.

DUELS ON ITALIAN FRONT.

Especially Fierce Artillery Fire on the Bainsizza Plateau.

ROME, Oct. 16.—Violent artillery fighting has been resumed on the Bainsizza Plateau, over which the Italians conducted their recent offensive operations, the War Office reports. The statement follows:

In the Trentino there was moderate activity. North of Lenzumo enemy patrols were driven back in an encounter of advanced posts.

On the Carso and Julian fronts, from Paralba to Rombon, there was desultory artillery fighting. On the Bainsizza Plateau intense artillery duels occurred along the front lines and on the lines of communication. In the Carso there was the usual destructive and harassing fire.

RUSSIA NOW CONCEDES FULL POLISH FREEDOM

Allies Agree on Independence, Says Terestchenko—Teuton Rulers Appoint Council.

PETROGRAD, Oct. 16.—M. Terestchenko, Minister of Foreign Affairs, at a meeting last night in observance of the one hundredth anniversary of the death of Kosciusko, the Polish patriot, announced that it was the conviction of the Entente powers that "any peace should recognize the independence of an indivisible Poland."

This differs from the declaration issued by the Provisional Russian Government last March in which it urged that Poland should be given autonomy under nominal Russian guidance.

The meeting, which was held in the Conservatory of Music here, was the climax of a day devoted to Polish gatherings. Most of the Diplomatic Corps was present, and several members addressed the meeting.

American Ambassador Francis drew a parallel between the American and Russian revolutions, saying that as America's problems had been solved and her issues settled, so would Russia's problems be solved by the sober second thought of intelligent and patriotic Russians. He said that America would fight until the aims of humanity were attained.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 16.—Members of the Council of Regency of the new Polish State have been appointed by the Emperors of Germany and Austria-Hungary, according to a telegram from Berlin. Emperor William has sent the following message to General von Beseler, the German Governor General of Poland:

"I have found it advisable, in agreement with my illustrious ally, the Emperor of Austria-Hungary, and in the spirit of Article I. of the decree of Sept. 12, 1917, to install as members of the Council of Regency of the Kingdom of Poland the Archbishop of Warsaw, Alexander von Laeksoki; the Mayor of Warsaw, Prince Lubomirsky, and the landed proprietor Joseph Honostrowski."

AMERICAN CENSORSHIP TO SUPPLEMENT ALLIES'

Our Officials Will Oversee Only Such Mail as Does Not Reach British or French Hands.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—American censorship of mails, Postmaster General Burleson explained today, will be limited to mail passing between the United States and certain countries to be designated by the President, and will not duplicate any phase of the elaborate censorship system already operated by the British and French Governments. This means that mail for European neutrals will give the censors here little trouble, as virtually all channels of communication with those countries are controlled by the Allies.

Members of the new Censorship Board, authorized by the Trading With the Enemy act, were appointed today by the Postoffice Department and the Committee on Public Information. Robert L. Maddox, Superintendent of Foreign Mails, was named by the Postmaster General, and Edgar Sisson, former magazine editor and now head of the information committee's vice division, by Chairman Creel. Pending the return of Mr. Maddox, who has been in France directing organization of the postal service for the American Expeditionary forces, Otto Praeger, Second Assistant Postmaster General, will serve in his place.

Appointment of a representative of the War Trade Board will complete the list of censors. Major Gen. McIntyre, for the War Department, and Lieutenant Commander Belknap, for the Navy, were named yesterday.

PREMIER DROPS LIBEL SUIT.

London Papers Apologize to Lloyd George and Pay Costs.

LONDON, Oct. 16.—The libel actions brought recently by Premier Lloyd George against the Exchange Telegraph Company, The Westminster Gazette, and The Daily News for publishing the statement that he left London when an air raid warning was given has been withdrawn, the terms being an apology for the publication and the payment of a certain sum, the amount of which is not mentioned, to indemnify the Premier for his costs in the action.

The Premier was present when the case was called at a special sitting of the King's Bench Division, where the settlement was announced.

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Step Into any drug store, get a 25c package of Bell-ans, take six tablets dissolved in very hot water and see how quickly your indigestion will be relieved.
BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION
Contains no harmful or deleterious substance.

BILLION IN BONDS SOLD IN TWO WEEKS

Continued from Page 1.

Not giving but loaning money is a necessary contribution to world freedom."

In a statement addressed to the farmers of the nation, Secretary Houston said:

"It is every citizen's duty to purchase a Liberty bond if he is in a position to do so. The nation's task is a serious one. It intimately touches each of us. It faces you and me. If we do not win this war, we must prepare ourselves for grave changes in our institutions and to lead a different sort of life from that which we had planned to live—from that which our forefathers died to give us the right to live.

"I know that every farmer wants to do all in his power for the nation in this day of trial. He will not only labor to produce the necessary foodstuffs but also will contribute generously of his means to make it possible for the men at the front to achieve victory."

Secretary Lane, just back from a Liberty Loan tour of the Middle West, told President Wilson and the Cabinet today that the Middle West was determined to do its part.

GAIN OF $53,000,000 BREAKS RECORD HERE

Bonds on Sale at All Banks, Which Report Large Purchases Over the Counter.

Subscriptions to the Liberty Loan poured in yesterday in larger number and amount than on any previous day since the opening of the campaign on Oct. 1 and the day's increase was $53,000,000, making a total of $413,000,000 for the fourteen business days. In the remaining ten days it is necessary for the New York Federal Reserve District to raise an additional $1,087,000,000 if it is to attain its goal of a billion and a half of subscriptions by Oct. 27. Bankers generally were very much encouraged by the day's reports, and said they thought the market improvement indicated that from now on subscriptions would continue to come in more satisfactorily.

At the close of business yesterday, the Federal Reserve Bank of New York had on its books officially reported subscriptions amounting to $315,359,750, an increase of $52,649,450 for the day.

Allen B. Forbes of Harris, Forbes & Co., Chairman of the Distribution Committee, said last night that this was the most difficult period in the campaign to draw accurate conclusions or forecast accurate results. The first two weeks, he said, had been devoted largely to perfecting the organization and the real drive had just about commenced. He was glad to report that the small wage-earners who had been urged to buy $50 and $100 bonds were doing exceptionally well, the responses from the small subscribers having been very gratifying. He thought that from now on the daily results would be significant and important.

"A failure of the Liberty Loan," he said, "is unthinkable. A military defeat on one of the European fronts would hardly be more disastrous than would be the failure of this loan. The money and credit are available. To make a success of the loan, however, the people generally must be aroused to the necessity of immediate action.

"Must Have Support of All."

"The Liberty Loan must have the support of all of the citizens of this country. The fact that the first issue of Liberty bonds was tax exempt, thereby giving them a special appeal to wealthy investors, did not exempt the rest of the citizens of this country from subscribing to and doing their share in making that loan a success. The fact that the present issue of Liberty bonds is simply free from the normal income tax, thereby giving them a special appeal to the great mass of investors in this country, does not exempt the wealthy investor from doing his full share toward contributing to the success of this loan.

"Let no man, whatever his position, think he can satisfy his patriotic conscience if he does not subscribe to this loan to the utmost of his financial ability."

The Liberty Loan Committee called attention yesterday to certain provisions of the war revenue law which have an important bearing on subscriptions to the war loan. The first provision is that all coupons of the Second Liberty Loan bonds may be presented for payment and cashed at any Post Office in the United States. The second is that investments in bonds of the United States, unlike investments in other stocks or bonds, may be included as "invested capital" within the meaning of Section 207 of the act in calculating the amount of excess profits taxes due under the war excess profits tax provision of the law. It was also pointed out that the tax of 10 per cent. on undistributed income of corporations, joint stock companies, associations, or insurance companies shall not apply to that portion of such undistributed net income which was invested in obligations of the United States issued after Sept. 1, 1917. This exemption is regarded as extremely important in its effect on the taxes imposed upon large corporations. It gives the new 4 per cent. bonds an advantage not possessed by the 3½ per cents.

The new Liberty Loan bonds, with four coupons attached, were on sale yesterday at practically every bank and trust company in the city, and all institutions reported large purchases. The Federal Reserve Bank has to date received a supply of $66,000,000 in denominations of $50, $100, $500, and $1,000, and thus far it has distributed about $6,000,000 worth. Applications are coming in in large volume, and every possible means is being taken to supply the demand just as fast as the securities come from Washington.

Among the larger subscriptions reported yesterday were:

Guaranty Trust Co., (additional)	$15,893,850
Mechanics & Metals' Nat. Bank	5,000,000
Brown Brothers & Co.	5,000,000
Corn Exchange Bank, (additional)	3,000,000
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Coal Co., (through First National Bank)	3,500,000
Interborough Rapid Transit Co., (through Guaranty Trust Co.)	2,500,000
Seaboard National Bank	1,500,000
Midvale Steel & Ordnance Co.	1,500,000
Heidelbach, Ickelheimer & Co.	1,000,000
Howard Savings Institut'n, Newark	1,000,000
Kountze Brothers, (through Atlantic National Bank)	1,000,000
American Can Co., (through First National Bank)	1,000,000
New York Produce Exchange Bank	1,000,000
August Belmont & Co.	1,000,000
Phelps-Dodge Corp., (through First National Bank)	1,000,000
Union Trust Co. of New York, (additional)	1,000,000
Erie County Savings Bank of Buffalo	1,000,000
New York Railways Co., (through Guaranty Trust Co.)	500,000
F. Blumenthal & Co.	500,000
F. B. Keech & Co.	500,000
Bowery Savings Bank, (additional, through Corn Exchange Bank)	500,000
Gillette Safety Razor Co.	500,000
International Agricultural Corp.	500,000
Globe & Rutgers Fire Insurance Co.	500,000
Jacob Ruppert Brewery	500,000
Dominick & Dominick	500,000
H. H. Franklin Manufacturing Co.	500,000
O. E. Foster, Buffalo	500,000
Union Square Savings Bank	400,000
Eight Directors of National Bank of Syracuse	300,000
National Bank of Syracuse	250,000
H. B. Claflin Corp.	250,000
American Hawaiian Steamship Co.	250,000
Harriman & Co.	250,000
Homans & Co.	250,000
Federal Sugar Refining Co.	250,000
Herzog & Glazier	200,000
Fifth Avenue Bank (additional)	200,000
Fred Butterfield & Co.	200,000
Barber & Co., Inc.	153,000
Watts, Stebbins & Co.	100,000
Honduras Rosario Mining Co.	100,000
United States Safe Deposit Co.	
E. S. Kuh & Valk Co., (additional, through Equitable Trust Co.	100,000
E. F. Hutton & Co.	100,000
Nassau National Bank, Brooklyn, (additional)	100,000
M. C. D. Borden & Sons	100,000
Dearing, Milliken & Co.	100,000
Minot, Hooper & Co.	100,000
Clarence Whitman & Co.	100,000
Carborundum Co., Niagara Falls	100,000
Woodward, Baldwin & Co.	100,000
American Steel Export Co.	100,000
Serial Building Loan and Savings Association	30,000
Mayor William Leith, Deal, N. J.	50,000
Smith & Schipper	25,000
Mrs. Willard Straight	25,000

John D. Rockefeller's Statement.

John D. Rockefeller, who has not yet announced his personal subscription to the Second Liberty Loan—he subscribed $20,000,000 or $25,000,000 to the First War Loan—was willing yesterday to give his views on the investment value of the new bonds. He said:

"A man may ask what is the best investment for him in these days. My advice is to buy the bonds of his own Government. The man who makes such an investment combines patriotism and business sense. It happens quite often that a man has not the time and opportunity to study the different kinds of bonds offered in this country. For a man in this position the bonds of the United States Government are the safest investment."

James Brown, of Brown Brothers & Co., in discussing the loan yesterday, said:

"If every American citizen, man and woman, will try to forget for the moment the total figures we are striving for—and will put his or her mind on the individual subscriptions, where for $50, $100 or $5,000, the loan will be subscribed for in a hurry."

The double duty performed by a man who wears khaki and bears a gun for the United States and invests in Government bonds the greater portion of his savings from his salary as a soldier should lead the stay-at-homes to make an attempt to match proportionately a soldier's sacrifice, said Major Hunter S. Marston, in charge of the Liberty Loan work among the soldiers in the Eastern Department.

"Think what the soldiers of this country are doing," he declared. "They are offering to sacrifice themselves, give up their home connections, relinquish opportunities that might be theirs by remaining at home, and why? To go forth and fight to defend the democratic ideas and principles which are the underlying foundation of this great country. In addition these same brave men, when given an opportunity to subscribe to the second Liberty Loan, are offering also their savings and their pay to help win this just war.

"There has been no coercion on the part of the War Department to bring about the results which reports from all the military camps in the country indicate, namely that the subscriptions are more liberal proportionately than those obtained from civilians. A man is doing his duty by his country when he himself goes forth to brave the hardships and rigors of modern warfare, but when in addition he seizes, as his right, the opportunity of additionally helping the cause by doing more thoroughly and giving in a greater proportion his savings than the civilian population it should inspire those remaining at home by their comfortable firesides to an endeavor to at least attempt to match proportionately a soldier's sacrifice."

A bus and automobile parade last night of holders of bonds of the first Liberty Loan took place last night. It started at Broadway and Seventy-second Street, and was reviewed by members of the Liberty Loan Committee from the steps of the Post Office, at Eighth Avenue and Thirty-second Street.

Brooklyn will have a Libetry Loan rally tonight at the Brooklyn Academy of Music. Among the speakers will be Police Commissioner Arthur Woods, Thomas W. Lamont of J. P. Morgan & Co., Senator William M. Calder, Dr. S. Parkes Cadman, and James M. Beck. Alfred T. White will preside.

A group of large hotels have pooled their interests in the purchasing of Liberty bonds and have pledged themselves to take a minimum of $13,000,000, and in consequence there is a big drive under way to make every employe in these hotels a bondholder. At the McAlpin and Claridge Hotels, the Café Savarin, and the Fifth Avenue Restaurant, all directed by E. M. Boomer, a meeting of department heads has been called. Each will be asked to pledge at least one fifty-dollar bond for every man or woman directly employed under him. Those in the better-paid positions will be asked to take large amounts.

HENRY FORD TAKES $5,000,000 OF BONDS

Commends America's Going to War—His Company Makes a Similar Subscription.

DETROIT, Oct. 16.—Detroit's Liberty Loan drive received powerful impetus today when it was announced that Henry Ford had contributed $5,000,000, and that the Ford Motor Company had made asimilar contribution. Mr. Ford's subscription was accompanied by a statement declaring that the United States in making war on Germany, did the "best thing that ever happened for the world."

The announcement of his subscription and his statement was made at the noon meeting of the Liberty Loan committee. Detroit has now subscribed more than $25,000,000 to the second loan.

"Although there is not a man in the world more opposed to war than myself, I feel that we must support our Government to the limit in this war, because our President is pledged to abolish future wars as far as possible," said Mr. Ford in his statement.

Enemies of the Government have been attempting to spread propaganda among workmen in Detroit and elsewhere to the effect that Mr. Ford was opposed to the United States declaring war on Germany. His statement and his latest war contributions are expected to end these activities.

$21,000,000 IN NEW ENGLAND.

Day's Reports Make District Total a Fifth of Quota.

BOSTON, Oct. 18.—Additional subscriptions to the Liberty Loan amounting to about $21,000,000 were reported to the New England Committee today after the morning tabulation had brought the total for the First Federal Reserve Bank District up to $77,737,000.

These subscriptions and others unofficially reported today make the total for the district thus far approximately one-fifth of the $500,000,000 set as the goal for the campaign.

The banking firms of Kidder, Peabody & Co. and Lee, Higginson & Co. each took $5,000,000 worth of the bonds today.

ARMY SUBSCRIPTIONS RISE.

$14,000,000 Worth of Bonds Already Taken in the Service.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—The American soldier is backing up the Second Liberty Loan with enthusiasm. Lieut. Col. H. M. Lord, who has charge of the army drive for subscriptions, announced today that already $14,000,000 worth of the new loan had been sold to officers, enlisted men, and civilian employes of the army.

The lead is held by Camp Shelby, the National Guard camp at Hattiesburg, Miss., of which Major Gen. William F. Sage is the commander, and which includes the National Guard organizations of Indiana and Kentucky. Subscriptions at various camps are as follows:

NATIONAL ARMY.

Camp Grant, Rockford, Ill., $926,550.
Camp Funston, Fort Riley, Kan., $673,400.
Camp Custer, Battle Creek, Mich., $665,450.
Camp Dix, Wrightstown, N. Y., $632,550.

NATIONAL GUARD.

Camp Shelby, Hattiesburg, Miss., $1,112,900.
Camp Sevier, Greenville, S. C., $865,400.
Camp Funston, Fort Riley, Kan., $621,350.
Camp Pike, Little Rock, Ark., $591,100.

There are at Camp Shelby six companies in which every soldier has bought a Second Liberty bond and the 149th Infantry alone has bought $128,400 worth.

Nearly 50 per cent. of the soldiers of Camp Kearny have bought Liberty bonds, their total subscriptions being $352,100. Officers and men in service in the Panama Canal Zone have bought $500,000 worth of bonds and a cablegram from Manila says that army posts in the Philippines and China will take $280,000 worth of the bonds.

The troops at Honolulu have subscribed for $228,900 worth, while four officers and sixty enlisted men at St. Michaels, Alaska, bought $8,750 worth of bonds.

PLEA TO IMMIGRANTS TO BACK LIBERTY LOAN

Abram I. Elkus Tells Cooper Union Audience of Great Benefits of Citizenship Here.

Abram I. Elkus, Ambassador to Turkey, at a Liberty bond rally at Cooper Union, appealed last night to immigrants who appreciate America because of their ability to compare life here with life in other countries, to subscribe heavily to Liberty bonds.

"I wonder if you appreciate what it means to be able to live in a country where the rule prevails that right makes might," he said. "I have come from living in a country where the opposite rule prevails, where might was right; and there are no Liberty bonds issued to be sold to the citizens or subjects of that country.

"They do not have large meetings and ask the people to help the Government. What they do in those countries is simply to issue an edict, 'Let the money be paid,' and the money has to be paid or the man who has it goes to jail, and the money is taken away from him besides.

"I do not believe we ever appreciate what it is to live in a country like this until we go to some other country for such a length of time that we are able to appreciate a great difference. We here take all the privileges that American citizenship gives, and take them freely, without recognizing for one moment how much it means. We have that great gift here of free citizenship, with freedom of opportunity, freedom of speech, freedom of argument, freedom of thought, and freedom to do as we please within the limits of the law.

"Unlike those countries where 'might is right,' this country does not say to its citizens, 'Give what you have or we seize what you have.' This country comes to its citizens, to all of its people, and says, not 'Give,' but 'Lend.' We want to borrow. Not forever, but for a few years, to borrow, and we will pay back, pay back dollar for dollar out of the great taxes that are being raised, the taxes that properly fall heavier upon the rich than upon those who have less.

"We want you, each man and each woman, to lend to his own country what you can—to lend $50, $100, $1,000. The loan is for everybody. You are lending not only to your country; you are lending it to yourself. Behind the loan is the promise of the Government to pay—a promise that has never been broken in the history of this country.

"The necessity is so plain, the proposition is so good, that it would seem that all that is necessary is merely to state it in order to have all classes come forward in an unending stream and pour their wealth and savings and all they have into the lap of the Government saying, 'Take it all and welcome.'

LOAN CAMPAIGN BRINGS AID TO STOCK MARKET

Prices Recover Large Part of Monday's Losses on News of Increased Subscriptions.

The stock market turned about yesterday and recovered a substantial part of the declines recorded in Monday's break. A factor in the improvement, especially in the last hour, was apparently supplied by the awakening of greater interest in the Liberty Loan as reflected in announcements of heavy subscriptions from various parts of the country. Investment buying was noted in the leading rails and industrials, and the retirement of commitments on the short side helped the movement along.

At the close of business gains running from 2 to 4 points were well distributed throughout the list, while a number of issues did even better. These were some of the more important advances scored: American Smelting and Refining, 2⅝; Baldwin Locomotive, 1¾; Baltimore & Ohio, 2; Bethlehem Steel, class B, 3¾; Central Leather, 3¼; General Motors, 4; Lackawanna Steel, 2¾; Marine preferred, 2¾; New York Central, 2¼; Republic Iron and Steel, 4¼; Reading, 1¼; Tobacco Products, 6; Union Pacific, 3½; United States Steel, 3¼, and Utah Copper, 1¾.

Brokers said there was a noticeable easing of selling pressure, in their opinion, caused by the emphatic denials on Monday afternoon that no basis existed for rumors that the Stock Exchange would be closed. The dissemination of these rumors over the country on Monday, it was asserted, caused considerable selling and influenced a number of interior banks with money loaned on Stock Exchange collateral to call in their loans. There was no further evidence of disturbance to security values from these sources yesterday.

LADY MARY S. M'KENZIE PROSECUTES INSULTER

Goes to Night Court After Causing Arrest of Annoyer on Broadway.

Lady Mary S. Mackenzie, who came here from Canada with the Canadian Highlanders on their recent recruiting drive for the British Army, and has since been engaged in Red Cross work, caused the arrest of a man at Broadway and Twenty-ninth Street last night, accusing him of insulting her. In the Men's Night Court Magistrate Fuchs said the accusation was so serious that he held the prisoner without bail until tomorrow night, so that there might be a thorough investigation of his case.

The prisoner described himself as John Bray, 40 years old, of Orange, N. J., a passenger agent for the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad. He said he was married and had two children. Bray denied emphatically that he had insulted Lady Mary and said he could produce character witnesses. He admitted, however, that he had taken several drinks.

In substantiation of part of Lady Mary's testimony, Morris Sinnowitz of 364 St. Ann's Avenue, the Bronx, who is employed near where the arrest was made, testified that a cigar clerk had called his attention to the peculiar actions of Bray, who, he said, was walking back and forth on the sidewalk and staring at women.

Sinnowitz said he was looking for a when Lady Mary ordered the man's arrest.

Lady Mary showed the Magistrate a letter establishing her identity, and she said she had ordered Bray's arrest as a protection to women and girls. She did not testify on the witness stand directly to the insulting remark she accused Bray of making, but set it forth in a written affidavit, to which she signed her name, "Mary S. MacKenzie."

When Sinnowitz informed Patrolman Hoffman of the West Thirtieth Street Station, who arrested Bray, of what he had seen before the arrest, Lady Mary handed him her card, reading: "Mary Stewart MacKenzie."

Lady Mary testified that she had been ordering sweaters and other Red Cross supplies, and was about to cross the street when Bray walked to her side and whispered in her ear. Lady Mary is staying at the Hotel Ansonia.

WOMEN BUY $290,000 BONDS

The biggest Liberty bond sale made by the women yesterday was at the headquarters of the New York City Woman Suffrage Party, 15 East Thirty-eighth Street, where within fifteen minutes two women took out bonds amounting to $290,000. The first bond sold for $250,000 was taken by a member of the New York State Woman Suffrage Party who did not wish her name mentioned, and the other for $40,000 was taken by Mrs. James Byrne. Mrs. Learned Hand, Chairman of the Liberty Loan Committee for the New York City Woman Suffrage Party, announced that the sales of the city party, aside from the $1,000,000 purchase of Samuel Untermyer, were $380,650. Of that amount $50,000 was subscribed at the Brooklyn booth. Members of the party, in making their suffrage canvass, will appeal to householders to buy bonds.

George Haven Putnam was the speaker at the "Liberty Bank," in Madison Square, yesterday, and at the close of his address two men in the audience offered to duplicate, up to $5,000, all subscriptions made immediately.

Pershing's Men Send $50,000.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 16.—Soldiers of the American expeditionary force today cabled the Liberty Loan Committee of this district, subscribing $50,000 to the second Liberty Loan. The message was signed by an officer in the Quartermaster's Department of General Pershing's forces.

Joseph

FURS
A Collection of
RARE
RUSSIAN
SABLES

FUR COATS
WRAPS AND SETS

632 Fifth Avenue
opp. Cathedral

For Value, Variety and for Individuality—

Saks Fall Overcoats for Men

Are Without a Peer in the Greater City

¶ There is something about Saks' Overcoats for Fall which just won't go into print—it is that indelible imprint of quality in the tailoring which lifts them above any other ready-for-service overcoats made.

¶ No matter what style of coat you favor—Saks' not only have it, but show it in a greater variety of woolens and patterns than most shops could possibly afford to assemble. Among those models enrolled in our present assortments:

¶ Knitted Coats in button-through model with patch pockets; also in Raglan model with pockets aslant.

¶ Form-fitting and semi-form tracing coats with slash, slant, or flap pockets.

¶ Smart Military Coats with removable belts

taking in everything in Fall overcoats the critical New Yorker would want, be his preference radical, conservative or extreme.

Prices: $20 to $38

Saks' Clothes Are Saks-Made

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th St.

Mothers, Wives, Sisters, Daughters of Sailors and Soldiers—

Come to the WOMAN'S WAR SERVICE MEETING at CARNEGIE HALL on Wednesday evening, October 17th, at eight o'clock.
Learn what is being done for your warriors, and why this war is your war.
You can help win this war and safeguard your dear ones.
Mrs. Thomas J. Preston, Jr., will preside.
Among others the following will speak:—**Dr. Henry van Dyke; Miss Kathleen Burke,** the Scottish Hospital worker; **Frederic C. Walcott,** Assistant to Food Administrator Hoover; **S. Stanwood Menken,** President of the National Security League.

Admission Free. **The National Security League, 31 Pine Street, New York**

Announcement

CERTAIN unscrupulous houses have been in the habit of showing fictitious Callot Models made up for the purpose of selling their inferior goods (even using copies of our Models). This is, therefore, to make public the fact that only the undermentioned firms are in possession of our Models, and that our clients will be unable to purchase them from any other firms in the United States:

New York	Manteaux.	Robes.	Jacquettes.	Blouses.
Bendel	4	30	6	1
Hickson	1	15	4	—
J. M. Gidding & Co.	—	15	3	—
Maginnis	—	13	—	—
Haas Brothers	—	12	2	—
W. Th. Hardy	—	12	1	—
L. P. Hollander	1	10	—	—
L. Thurn	—	10	2	—
Butler	—	6	1	—
Madeleine-Angele	—	6	—	1
Rohn & Rienzo	—	6	—	—
La Velle	—	5	—	—
Remond-Beaufils Co.	—	5	—	—
Jacqueline	—	4	1	—
B. Altman & Co.	—	4	—	—
Revillon Freres	4	—	—	—
M. Max Schwarz & Co.	4	—	—	—
Mollie O'Hara	—	4	—	—
Franklin Simon & Co.	1	3	—	—
Woolf & Shulhof	—	4	—	—
Pursell	—	3	1	—
Bonwit Teller & Co.	—	3	—	—

New York (cont'd)	Manteaux.	Robes.	Jacquettes.	Blouses.
Bergdorf & Goodman	—	3	—	—
Faber & Hein	3	—	—	—
Jaeckel	3	—	—	—
John Wanamaker	—	2	1	—
Gimbel Bros.	—	2	—	—
Kurzman	—	2	—	—
Lefcourt & Brenner	—	2	—	—
Lichtenstein	—	2	—	—
Louise & Co.	—	1	—	—
Mayer	—	1	—	—
O'Sullivan	—	1	—	—
Boston				
Driscoll	—	2	—	—
Chicago				
Marshall Field & Co.	—	3	—	—
Marguerite	—	1	—	—
Philadelphia				
Gimbel Bros.	—	1	—	—
San Francisco				
City of Paris	1	6	2	—

Each Genuine Model of the Maison Callot Soeurs, Robes, Manteaux, Lingerie, transferred to 9 Avenue Matignon from 24 Rue Taitbout, Paris, has the New Yellow-Woven Waistband, as follows:—

HIVER. 1917-1918
Callot Sœurs PARIS
NOUVELLE MARQUE DÉPOSÉE
UNIS FRANCE

B. Altman & Co.

The Great Autumn Sale
of
ORIENTAL RUGS
is now in progress

Carpet size, medium and small Rugs are offered at substantial concessions from regular prices

Fifth Avenue—Madison Avenue,
34th and 35th Streets New York

Franklin Simon & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE, 37TH AND 38TH STS.

Announce

AN EXHIBITION *and* DEMONSTRATION
OF THE NEWLY INVENTED

Sta-Rite
CORSETS
ON LIVING MODELS

At the
WALDORF-ASTORIA HOTEL
In the WHITE AND GOLD ROOM

THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
Oct. 18	Oct. 19	Oct. 20

Hours of Exhibition: 10 a.m. *to* 10 p.m. *For Women Only*

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue *34th Street*

Special Order
DRESSMAKING & TAILORING DEP'T
(Fourth Floor)

Copies of Model Gowns, Suits and Wraps made to order
At moderate prices

Special
For a Limited Period

Made to Order—Chiffon Velvet Gowns in Black and a variety of Colors. Copies of exclusive models.

$110.00

For Men and for Women
Holeproof Hosiery
The Best Wearing Hosiery Made

They mean comfort and freedom from excessive hosiery expense,—style, fit, finish and smart appearance—the most serviceable hosiery that men or women can wear.

For Men, 6 pairs, $1.75; Mercerized - - - $2.00
Men's Silk Holeproof Hosiery, 6 pairs - - $3.30
For Women, 6 pairs, $2.40; Silk Lisle - - $3.00
Women's Silk Holeproof Hosiery, 3 pairs - $3.30

Brill Brothers

1456 Broadway — Broadway at 49th Street
279 Broadway — 47 Cortlandt Street
44 East 14th Street — 2 Flatbush Ave., Bklyn.
125th Street, Corner 3d Avenue

MARK CROSS
ESTABLISHED 1845
TRADE MARK
LONDON
ACTUAL MAKERS

A Lady Pacifist

Who recalled that the Boston Tea Party caused America's first war, refused this beverage from conscientious motives.

Thus, unwittingly, she helped to conserve sugar and cream.

Envelope bag, shown open and closed, of black grained patent leather, colored silk lining, suede-lined coin compartment, puff case, mirror, memo, slate and pencil; top handle, pocket at back; 4¼x6 inches.. $11.50

Black or colored morocco.. $12.25

Gold plated monograms to order from $2.00

First Aid Safety Kit (shown open and closed), of pin morocco leather, silk-lined cover, containing remedies for every conceivable sudden illness or injury. Top handle. Size 7¼x 4½x3¾ inches. (Initials stamped on case without charge)..... $10.00

Liquor Bottle, filigreed Dutch silver holder, 6 inches high, Dutch silver mounting at neck, 12¾ inches high over all $9.00

Highball glasses, to match, 5 inches high, each $3.25

Cocktail glasses, 5¼ inches high, each $3.50

Brandy glasses, 2¾ inches high, each $2.75

Military Pamphlet Upon Request

Mark Cross

The World's Greatest Leather Stores

New York

404 Fifth Ave. (At 56th Street) — **253 Broadway** (Opp. City Hall)

Boston 145 Tremont St. — **London** 89 Regent St.

Dealers Throughout the World

HOOVER MAY ORDER RATIONING OF CANDY

If Consumption of Sweets Is Not Cut Down Economy May Be Made Compulsory.

WARNS OF SUGAR SHORTAGE

Food Administrator Also Asks That the Public Refuse to Pay Exorbitant Prices.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Warning that there would be a temporary shortage of sugar in the Eastern and Southern States and that consumers must co-operate to meet conditions, was given tonight by Herbert C. Hoover, Food Administrator. Unless the consumption of candy and sweets is cut down at least one-third, he said, it might be necessary to place these articles on a rationing basis.

Mr. Hoover said prices should not go up to the consumer, and under agreements made with the industry New York should buy its sugar at a retail price of 8 cents. He asks consumers to join in refusing to pay exorbitant prices. Retailers are requested to sell only in small quantities to consumers. A recent appeal made for sugar conservation, Mr. Hoover said, had not been met generally. He again requested the public to aid him in his effort to supply America and still make shipments to France, where renewed supplies were necessary.

Mr. Hoover's statement read in part:

"The shortage of sugar in the Northeastern States is due to two causes: First, the failure of the American public outside many loyal homes to adequately reduce their consumption of sugar on the constant and insistent appeals that have been made by the Food Administration since June, and, secondly, to the unusual exports made to France, in order that we might maintain to them their ration, which has now been reduced to one pound per month per person. The consumption of sugar in the United States is, even now, over ten pounds per month per person, and a saving of one-third of the candy and sweet drink consumption would have saved the situation now confronting the Eastern States.

"Practically all of the cane sugar in the hands of the refiners and the producers has now been distributed to the jobbers and retailers at the prices maintaining during the last two months, or upon a basis that should reach the consumer in the neighborhod of 9 cents per pound. Therefore, if by virtue of the shortage in the Eastern States the price of sugar should increase, it is only proof that it has been increased at the hands of the handling trades—not at the hands of either the producer or the refiner.

"The Food Administration asks the public not to pay more for sugar during the present shortage than it has been paying during the last thirty days. When the supply of beet sugar reaches the Atlantic seaboard, it should be available upon a less basis than the can prices above mentioned.

"A remedial contribution can be made if the American people will at once reduce their consumption of candy and sweet drinks. Many householders of the country have responded to the appeals for voluntary reduction, and unless we can secure a wider and immediate reduction of the sugar consumption in candy, ice cream, and sweet drinks, it will be necessary next year to curtail the supplies to these industries, as has been done all over Europe."

SPURNS EXEMPTION PAPERS.

Recruit at Yaphank Wants War Duty After Taste of Camp Life.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP UPTON, YAPHANK, L. I., Oct. 16.—Ten days in the national army has transformed a man anxious to be exempted from military duty into a recruit worried lest he should be mustered out of service. Frank Melick, 144 West 105th Street, who was chief electrician with the William Cramp & Son Ship and Engine Company, was drafted, but at the request of his employers put in a claim for exemption on the ground that his services were needed at the shipyard, working day and night constructing Government vessels. The Exemption Board had not acted on his appeal when he was ordered to Camp Upton.

Arriving at Camp Upton, Melick was assigned, on account of his electrical knowledge, to the outpost company, 302d Field Battalion of the Signal Corps. The work of an outpost company is one of the most dangerous in military service. The men work in the front line trenches, laying wires to establish lines of communication between artillery observers and batteries in the rear.

Gradually Melick looked forward with more eagerness to daily drills than he did for the expected exemption papers, which would enable him to return to his work. Today the papers arrived, signed by Charles Evans Hughes. Melick glanced at them and then went to see Captain H. H. Lawson, commander of the outpost battalion.

"Captain," he said, "these papers mean that I can go back to $50 a week, but I'd rather have the $30 a month pay and be happy where I am.

"Please send them back for me so that I'll be sure not to be mustered out."

Private Melick will remain with the Signal Corps for the duration of the war.

Lieutenant Pierre Geismar, a machine gun expert of the French Army, arrived at Camp Upton today, the first foreign officer to be sent to instruct the New York City division in trench warfare.

TEN CONGRESSMEN ON WAY TO EUROPE

Hicks of New York and Parker of New Jersey Among Those Who Will Visit the Front.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Ten members of Congress traveling in unofficial capacity, but carrying special passports arranged for by the State Department, are on the way to Europe to visit the war fronts and fraternize with the parliamentary representatives of the Allies. In the party are Representatives Dale of Vermont, Taylor and Timberlake of Colorado, Hicks of New York, Johnson, Dill, and Miller of Washington, Goodwin of Arkansas, Stephens of Nebraska, and Parker of New Jersey, former Representative Stout of Montana, and Ross L. Hammond, a Fremont, Neb., editor, and others.

The visit is a development of the recent cabled and personal invitations of representative members of the British and French Parliaments for closer affiliation of the parliamentary bodies of the allied Governments through personal conferences at the British, French and Italian capitals. President Wilson did not favor Congress officially accepting the invitation at this time, and neither house took action, but the ten members arranged their trip informally. Other representatives are expected to follow soon.

"While this is not an official commission," Representative Dale wrote his constituents in explanaation of the trip, "it is certified by the Secretary of State and the Speaker of the House as one that goes in the interest of our country and the relations between its Government and the Governments of the allied nations."

The party will visit England, Belgium, France, Italy, and Switzerland, and hopes to be back in Washington in time for the opening of Congress in December.

WOMEN MAKE PLEA FOR POLICEWOMEN

Ask Board of Estimate to Appropriate $10,000 for Six Protective Officers.

PUT INTO TENTATIVE BUDGET

Protest from Police Matrons and Reference to Political Plums Rouses the Mayor.

Many organizations of women were represented at the public hearing before the Board of Estimate at the City Hall yesterday morning when Mrs. Vladimir Simkhovitch, Chairman of the Standing Committee on Social Welfare of the Mayor's Committee of Women on National Defense, made an appeal for an appropriation of $10,000 to provide six women protective officers for New York City. Mrs. Simkhovitch did not have a chance to call upon all her speakers before Mayor Mitchel, who presided, said he was in favor of putting the $10,000 tentatively into the budget and that the matter would be discussed in committee.

The women did not get off without opposition. Mrs. Margaret Whitehurst, a Police Matron, protested against bringing any more women into the Police Department. In answer to questions by the Mayor she said that if there were to be protective officers the Police Matrons should have the employment. The fact that $10,000 was to be appropriated for six protective officers also seemed unfair to Mrs. Whitehurst while Police Matrons were getting only $1,000 a year.

Supporting the Police Matron was Mrs. George Alexander Wheelock of 80 Madison Avenue, who aroused the Mayor by speaking about offices being political plums. The Mayor halted her, and, pointing at Mrs. Whitehurst, asked: "What does that mean? What do you have to say about political plums?"

"Oh, nothing, nothing," the Matron replied. "I don't know anything about them at all."

"That was just my phraseology," explained Mrs. Wheelock. "That is the reason they have me speak for them."

"Yes," said the Mayor, "you say something that they don't dare to say."

Mrs. Wheelock took exception to the remarks of the women of the Mayor's Committee because of what she construed as a reflection on the soldiers. "Protect our girls from our soldiers!" said Mrs. Wheelock, indignantly. "Our soldiers are the very flower of the land. Why, they ought to be protected from the girls."

Rowland Haynes, who is interested in recreational work for enlisted men in New York, said that, with the camps in the vicinity, there would be from 40,000 to 60,000 men spending their spare time here. Arthur Towne, Superintendent of the Brooklyn Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, told of the need for the woman officer, in addition to the woman detective and the regular police. There were forty such women, he said, doing effective work in the theatres, dance halls, and parks of Chicago.

"It is absurd to bury our heads in the sand and say there is no sex question," said William G. Willcox, speaking not only as President of the Board of Education, but as an officer of the Society for the Protection of Children in the Borough of Richmond. "I am greatly in favor of giving the women this opportunity."

Miss Maude Miner, Secretary of the New York Protective and Probation Association, urged the appointment of the officers.

Mrs. Simkhovitch told of the employment of two women protective officers by her committee and the work they had done. Mrs. Sara C. Douglas, one of these officers, described her work. It was preventive, she said, and many girls were sent back to their homes.

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.

Direct Elevators on 35th Street Side

Macy's

Herald Square. B'way, 34th to 35th St.

Fifth Floor Broadway Front

"Less Than Elsewhere"— What Does It Mean?

From time to time in our talks about Men's Clothes this pet phrase of ours trails along at the end. Here we give it the position due it. Its importance is shown in a quick, analytical study of our

Men's & Young Men's

SUITS at $24.75

Compared carefully with suits offered at a similar price in other good stores, we have learned that

The quality of the all wool, unfinished worsteds, cheviots, cassimeres, fancy mixed worsted and serges of which they are made, is far superior.

The style range offers a wider selection, varying from the extreme to the conservative, yet never overstepping the boundaries of good taste.

The tailoring, too, which we learned by taking the clothes apart, reflects more care and clothes-making skill than the average suit at the price.

And all this is equally true of our other Suits from $16.50 to $39.75

That is why we say, "Quality for Quality—at Prices Less Than Elsewhere."

Gimbel Brothers

32nd ST. - BROADWAY - 33rd ST.

STORE HOURS: 9 A. M. to 6 P. M. EVERY DAY

When Again Do You Suppose You Will Buy

Genuine Wardrobe Trunks

at Savings

INNOVATION *from $3.50 up to $22.50?*

"Don't Expect INNOVATION Trunks Again At These Prices," Say the Makers. "You'll Be Lucky to Get Them At All!"

Makers of reputable wardrobe trunks have been increasing prices all along. The famous Innovation Trunk makers have kept to their standard prices until now. But even they are forced to raise prices on some trunks to meet rising material and labor costs. GIMBELS has a standing "INNOVATION" order at "old" prices. Like every other section of the store, we share with you in this Birthday Sale, beginning tomorrow.

$26.50 Innovation Wardrobe Trunks, Regularly $30 — **$46.50** Innovation Wardrobe Trunks, Regularly $60

$32.75 Innovation Wardrobe Trunks, Regularly $40 — **$60.00** Innovation Wardrobe Trunks, Regularly $75

$37.50 Innovation Wardrobe Trunks, Regularly $45 — **$72.50** Innovation Wardrobe Trunks, Regularly $95

We need not go into details of Innovation wearing quality, Innovation simplified features (patented hangers, superior materials, important conveniences).

Innovation is the standard of all Wardrobe Trunks, and GIMBELS are sole authorized agents for them.

GIMBELS—Fifth Floor.

$26.50

Gidding

PARIS — 5TH AVE AT 46TH ST — NEW YORK

Direct attention to

VELVET DRESSES

Tailored and draped effects for street and afternoon wear—especially featuring charming styles in brown, mode, mole and black chiffon and panne velvet at $75, $95 and $145

also

SMART DAY DRESSES

Tailored Serges—Braided Embroidered—and beaded effects at $45 and $65

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

Athena Underwear

For Women and Children

The Usual Form of Knit Garment
The Athena Garment
This Curved Arm Hole
The Slanting Shoulder and Sleeve.
The Shoulder Stay
The Elastic Cuff
The fabric is cut this way and stitched together to form a fullness on each side of the seat.
The Patented Seat
LOW IN FRONT
Low Neck—Sleeveless

Athena underwear is truly fashioned and tailored to fit. It is designed not merely to approach, but to *realize* the outlines of a woman's form.

The shaping—the tailoring—is not confined to any one part. Note the shaped shoulders, the proper fullness of bust—the perfect conformation of legs.

The patented seat is the most remarkable advancement ever made in underwear designing; by a unique device the seat in Athena has been shaped to fit the figure snugly in any posture. There can be no gaping—no bulging.

If you will see Athena underwear, you will revise your ideas on the underwear subject.

Athena is sold only at Saks in New York

Marshall Field & Company, Chicago, Makers.

PRICES:

Vests and Tights..... Reg. Sizes 65c to $1.85
Extra Sizes 75c to $2.00

Union Suits..... Reg. Sizes $1.25 to $3.75
Extra Sizes $1.50 to $4.25

For Boys and Girls

Separate Garments.....50c to $1.50
Union Suits.....95c to $2.65

FOUNDED·1880·LONDON

DE PINNA

In a recent invoice from a London tailor, known for his cleverness in designing and tailoring coats for young ladies from 14 to 18 years, the Glendale Automobile Coat, the Lanark, the Dalmony, the Rosytte and the Berwick are among the coats noted, while the Perth and the Ballater are the names given to the capes of his design and make.

These original London styles made in the choicest Fleece Wools, Tweeds and Homespuns will be shown in the United States exclusively by De Pinna.

Original English Model Coats noted above at from $45.

Misses' Town and Country Coats — in rough Tweeds, Homespuns, Velours and Llama Cloth, $28 to $95.

Misses' Trench Coats—of regulation army cloth. $55.

Misses' Tailored Dresses—in Poiret Twills, closely woven wool Jersey Cloth. English Navy Serge and imported wool plaids. $28 to $75.

Misses' Tailored Shirts and Blouses—in exclusive De Pinna Models, in linen, pique, Jap silk and crepe de chine. $6.50 to $25.

BUY A LIBERTY BOND TODAY

5th Avenue at 50th Street

2.50

Thirty styles of women's gloves with the traditional Centemeri elegance of quality and finish, in exquisite embroidery effects and colors to harmonize with any costume.

FRENCH KID overseam gloves in the newest colors with self and contrasting embroidery effects. The prettiest of all are the grays—the soft neutral tones that harmonize almost universally.

MOCHA gloves of beautiful quality in Khaki Brown, sand color, gray and pastel shades.

WASHABLE CAPE gloves in oyster white, old ivory, buff oak and tan.

Only 10 Saturdays before Christmas

Centemeri Gloves

400 FIFTH AVE.

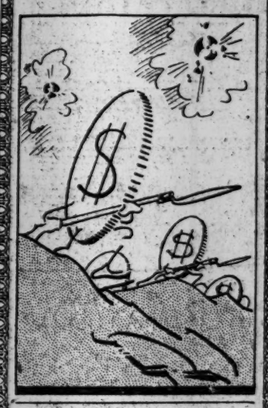
(Opposite Tiffany & Co.)

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.



Send Your Dollars Over The Top

Let their war cry "echo throughout the empire of our enemy as an index of what America intends to do to bring this war to a victoriousconclusion."

BUY A LIBERTY BOND

We have cheerfully given space for a Liberty Loan Booth on the main floor, where representatives of the Women's Liberty Loan Committee will take your subscription.

Socks for Soldiers

Sound Feet are essential to a successful army. Soldiers of long experience declare wool socks to be best. Seamless natural color wool, reinforced heel, sole and toe, 47c pr.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Worsted Underwear for Men

These garments are of medium weight worsted, in natural color. Shirts have long sleeves. The drawers are ankle length, $1.49 a garment.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Woven Names on Tape

Every man's clothes and undergarments should be marked with his full name. These tapes furnish a good method. We require from 10 days to 2 weeks to complete orders. Gross, $1.84; half gross, $1.19.

Macy's—Notion Department, Main Floor, 34th St.

Service Watches

To be worn on the wrist, nickel and Sterling silver cases. Some are made with unbreakable crystals and luminous figures and hands.

Swiss make, 7 and 15 jewel movements, $11.89 to $27.50

American make, 7 and 15 jewels, plain and luminous dials, $7.94 to $25.75

Macy's—Main Floor, 34th St., B'way.

A Kit of Camp Necessities, $2.84

Buy it now, so it will reach him "over there" at Christmas time.

A rubberized Khaki Cloth Kit, fitted with Barber's Comb, Hair Brush, Tooth Brush, with aluminum case, Shaving Soap Stick, Shaving Brush, Safety Razor, with six extra blades, Tooth Paste, Soap Box, with cake of soap, Metal Trench Mirror.

Macy's—Main Floor, 34th St., Rear.

Accessibility

prompted the location of the Men's Departments on the 35th Street side, Main Floor, with quick elevator service to the clothing, motor goods, sporting goods, camera and cigar departments on the Fifth Floor.

Established 1723

Help Your Country
BUY
LIBERTY LOAN
BONDS

Revillon
Frères
5th Avenue
at 53d Street

Haviland China
Trade Marks
Haviland France
Haviland & Co Limoges

Exclusive Patterns

Haviland & Co
Founded 1837
11 East 36th Street
10 East 37th Street

"Paris in New York"
Café des
Beaux-Arts
80 W. 40th St.
Supper Dances
With AYDA & SENOR ARNOZ.

AIR BOOKS
By Richard W. Muller, M. D.
Hair and its Preservation.
2nd edition. Illus.
Loss of Hair and the Quarts lamp treatment.
2nd. Illus. (Author's translation.)
Baldness, its causes, prevention and treatment. Ready in October.
At All Book Stores.
ADVERTISEMENT

"Turner for Concrete"

LATE "THE VATERLAND."
Sketches on board "The Leviathan," formerly "The Vaterland," the famous German passenger ship now used as a transport, in The New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial this week. 24 pages of rotogravure pictures. On all news stands—10 cents.—Advt.

1,000 PUPILS IN RIOT AGAINST GARY PLAN

Smash 100 Windows in Upper East Side School and Scores Are Arrested.

AGITATORS URGE THEM ON

One Crowd of 200 Attempts to Hold Meeting in Central Park and Police Round Them Up.

Agitated by opponents of the Gary system who have been speaking against it from street corners near the public schools in Harlem and the upper east side, 1,000 pupils in Public School 171, in Madison Avenue near 103d Street, one of the institutions where the Gary plan is being tried, went on a strike yesterday and after smashing about 100 windows in the building, sought to get the pupils from other schools in the neighborhood to join them in a general strike. Police reserves from the East 104th Street Station were busy bringing truants to the schools all day, breaking up demonstrations and protecting the public school properties from bands of children who tried to throw stones through the windows.

Demonstrations began on Monday night when about 500 boys gathered near Public School 171 while a Liberty Loan meeting was held there and shouted their disapproval of the Gary system. When their cries failed to disturb the meeting they began to hurl missiles at the windows and about 100 were broken before the police came up to disperse the crowds. No arrests were made.

In the morning about 500 boys of the school, all under 15 years, sought to prevent other children from entering the building. Some of the boys, who called themselves "pickets," snatched books from the hands of pupils and destroyed them. They shouted their approval of the Gary system and asserted they would not return to school until the system had been changed.

As the crowds were dispersed by the police the boys scattered to vacant lots and began to throw stones toward the school building. More police were called, and some of the boys were caught and returned forcibly to the school. About 200 of them fled to Central Park to hold a meeting, but the police surrounded them and truant officers aided in taking the boys back to their lessons. About 200 boys went to Public School 72, at Lexington Avenue and 105th Street, and attempted a demonstration, but a squad of police caught about seventy-five of them and took them back to their school in patrol wagons.

For a few hours the disturbances ceased, only to begin again when the pupils were to return for the afternoon session. They repeated their tactics of the morning, and broke several more windows in the school building. Myron T. Wilson, Principal of the school, told them they were making a grave mistake by taking part in unlawful agitations and in listening to soapbox agitators.

Twenty members of the Home Defense League came out in the afternoon to aid the police and their district leader, Albert Gluckman, told the boys that they would be able to settle whatever grievances they might have in a better way and more quickly if they returned to their lessons. But his advice was greeted with hoots and derisive cries. When the boys renewed their efforts to destroy the school property the police began to make arrests. The prisoners were sent to the Children's Society on charges of juvenile dlinquency.

Work of the police was made more difficult by groups of mothers who had been attracted to the school building by the disturbances, and they shouted their derision of the police and the schools and attempted to prevent the policemen from taking children to the police station.

A woman soapbox orator attempted to praise the children for their conduct in resisting the police, and she was arrested. She gave her name as Jane Doe, but she became hysterical under questioning in the Harlem Court and admitted she was Minnie Kirtz, aged 24, of 1,629 Lexington Avenue. Magistrate McGeehan suspended sentence on the charge of disorderly conduct when the woman promised she would do no more agitating among school children.

Students of the High School of Commerce managed to get 2,000 pupils to a meeting in Central Park after the sessions had been ended, and speakers urged the children not to destroy property or to use violence in expressing disapproval of the schools or their teachers. Some of the pupils from Public Schools 108, in Ninety-ninth Street, between Second and Third Avenues; 72, at Lexington Avenue and 106th Street, and 101, at Lexington Avenue and East 115th Street, attended this meeting. They had joined the pupils of 171 in demonstrations, but had made no attempts to wreck property at their own buildings.

About 5,000 children renewed their demonstrations last night by marching through the streets shouting their disapproval of the Gary system. One contingent carried a banner with the words: "Down with the Gary System!" "Can the Gary System and Mitchel!" "Can the Kaiser!" Others bore litnographs of Morris Hillquit, the Socialist candidate for Mayor. These placards had the inscription: "Hillquit —he will take care of us!" The children refused to say where they got the banners and placards, and it was denied at the Socialist headquarters in Harlem that any had been given to children.

A sign urging the children of Public School 101 to go on a strike against the Gary system was hung over the main entrance of the building last night, and the police began to search for the persons who had put it there. They said that it could not have been put there by children in the grammar grades without the aid of older persons. The sign read:

"All the public schools of this city urge Public School 101 to go on a strike against the Gary system. Our motto is 24S—Whom do we not appreciate? Gary! Down with Gary! That is right!"

High School of Commerce students who, in small numbers, have been striking intermittently for the past few days in protest over a slight lengthening of the school day and the introduction of military training, as prescribed by the Welsh-Slater act, all were reported back at their desks yesterday. Professor Wolfson, Principal of the school, said only about 100 boys had been involved, and that he thought they engaged in a demonstration on Monday mostly as a "lark." The military training had necessitated the lengthening of the school day, at least until individual programs are adjusted, he added, and it was his belief that it was this extra hour that the boys objected to, and not the training itself.

Professor Wolfson scoffed at any idea that German propagandists might have inspired the boys to demonstrate against "militarism" in this country.

About 500 boys made a demonstration near Public School 72 last night while a Liberty Loan meeting was being held there, but they did not disturb the meeting. After they left the building they began to tear down Mitchel campaign posters from billboards nearby.

The police say that agitators have been working among the children for several days and urging them to strike because the Gary system was an imposition upon children of poor parents.

Three boys, 17 years old, were taken to the Harlem Police Court on charges of disorderly conduct for inciting the children in the disorders. John Pressner of 14 East 107th Street, and Hylan Silverman of 166 East 103d Street paid fines of $3, and Thomas Walsh of 160 East 115th Street was discharged. The school children were held at the Children's Society.

SELIGMAN ESTATE GOES TO FAMILY

Estimates of Banker's Property Run Between $15,000,000 and $20,000,000.

CHARITY GIFTS $100,000

Thirty-eight Organizations Will Share in Bequests—Widow and Soldier Son Receive Large Part.

The will of Isaac Newton Seligman, head of the banking firm of J. & W. Seligman, who died on Sept. 30 as the result of a fall from a horse near his country place at Irvington, disposes of about $100,000 to thirty-eight religious and charitable organizations, and gives the bulk of his estate of between $15,000,000 and $20,000,000 to his family. The largest charitable bequest was $10,000 to the Solomon and Betty Loeb Memorial Home for Convalescents. His gifts covered a wide range of religious and philanthropic activity.

Mr. Seligman left to his wife, Mrs. Guta Seligman of 36 West Fifty-fourth Street, the income from his residuary estate for life, and upon her death one-half the principal goes to her son, Lieutenant Joseph Lionel Seligman, now on duty at the camp at Spartanburg, S. C., and the other half is to be disposed of in her will. If she makes no disposition of it the income goes to the daughter, Margaret V. Seligman, who, if she marries, is to receive half the fund outright. Mrs. Seligman also receives all her husband's paintings, statuary, bric-a-brac and other personal effects in the town house, the country place at Irvington, camp at Upper Saranac Lake, and Willow Brook, at Tarrytown.

Lieutenant Seligman gets $100,000 outright and Miss Seligman receives a trust fund of $250,000, with half the principal outright if she marries. George W. Seligman, lawyer, and Professor Edwin R. A. Seligman of Columbia University, brothers, receive $25,000 each, and a like sum goes to the testator's sister, Mrs. Frances Heilman of 331 West Seventy-first Street.

Mr. Seligman gave $5,000 each to the following: Columbia University, the Educational Alliance, Mount Sinai Hospital, the Society for Ethical Culture, the United Relief Works of the Ethical Culture Society, which also gets Mr. Seligman's stock in the organization; the Hebrew Technical Institute, United Hebrew Charities, Blythedale Home, Montefiore Home, Charity Organization Society, and Hebrew Benevolent and Orphan Asylum.

The following organizations got $2,500 each: Children's Aid Society, New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, and St. John's Guild.

Bequests of $1,000 each went to the following: Young Men's Hebrew Association, Young Men's Christian Association, Five Points House of Industry, State Charities Aid Association, National League on Urban Conditions Among the Negroes, Babies Hospital, Sojourners' Truth House, Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society, Prison Association, Woman's Hospital, Legal Aid Society, Hebrew Technical School for Girls, Fort Valley Industrial School, Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute, Hampton Normal and Agricultural Institute, and German Hospital.

The following organizations got $300 each: Emanu-El Sisterhood of Personal Service, Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, St. Mark's Hospital, Presbyterian Hospital, and American Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

SUSPEND RICHMOND 2 YEARS

Triers' Verdict Denounced by Foreman of Church Court.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 16.—A scathing arraignment of Bishop Rhinelander of the Diocese of Pennsylvania, the late Bishop Alexander Mackay-Smith, and Francis A. Lewis, lawyer and churchman, by the Rev. Fordyce H. Argo, rector of the Church of the Nativity, Rockledge, in which he denounced the Richmond trial as "a disgrace to the Diocese of Pennsylvania and a blot upon the Protestant Episcopal Church," created a sensation at the closing session of the trial of the Rev. George Chalmers Richmond this afternoon in the Church House, Twelfth and Walnut Streets.

As foreman of the three triers, the Rev. Mr. Argo announced their verdict, which was the suspension of Mr. Richmond from the ministry for two years. The other triers were the Rev. John A. Goodfellow, rector of the Church of the Good Shepherd, Kensington, and the Rev. Dr. Edward Ritchie, rector of the Church of St. James the Less, Falls of Schuylkill.

The Rev. Mr. Argo read a dissenting opinion in which he said that though his colleagues voted to find Mr. Richmond guilty on nine of the 126 charges, he considered the verdict an injustice. The whole case, he said, was trumped up against Mr. Richmond by the late Bishop Mackay-Smith and was carried to its conclusion by Bishop Rhinelander and Francis A. Lewis.

"Small wonder," said Mr. Argo, "that the Episcopal Church is losing its hold upon the masses. This trial is a mess of the first magnitude."

The evidence at the trial, Mr. Argo said, showed that the two Bishops and Mr. Lewis conspired for the removal of Mr. Richmond, owing partly to his alleged insubordination, but chiefly because of his disagreement with them on economic questions. Mr. Argo called the trial "a farce, a fiasco, a gross miscarriage of justice, and a second Dreyfus affair."

Mr. Richmond's difficulties with two Bishops have agitated the Diocese of Pennsylvania and attracted national attention for several years. In Jaunary, 1914, he was brought to trial on fourteen charges of conduct unbecoming a clergyman and breach of ordination vows. The trial continued more than a year, and in November, 1915, he was found guilty and sentenced to one year's suspension. Before the period of his suspension ended a new presentment, containing 126 charges, was brought agaist him and a second trial became necessary.

Prior to his trial Mr. Richmond was rector of St. John's Episcopal Church, Northern Liberties.

PAINLEVE DECLARES MALVY IS INNOCENT

Daudet Assails Finding in Case of ex-Minister Accused of Helping Germany.

PARIS, Monday, Oct. 15.—Premier Painlevé communicated to the Cabinet today the result of the inquiry he made into the charges against Louis J. Malvy, former Minister of the Interior, accused by Leon Daudet, editor of l'Action Française, of having betrayed secrets to Germany. The Premier said his investigation had shown that all the accusations, whether of communicating military and diplomatic documents to the enemy or of complicity in military disturbances, were quite unfounded.

The Premier said the Government was resolved not to interfere with or tolerate interference with judicial procedure, which would be followed to its proper conclusion in absolute independence, in conformity with the Ministerial declaration. The Government considered it to be its duty, however, to clear up, in the interest of internal peace and the nation's morale, accusations the falsity of which had been established, which were left to the judgment of the public conscience.

M. Daudet, in l'Action Française, characterizes Premier Painlevé's statement as "stupefying." He continues:

"On the one hand, usurping the judicial authority alone competent in the matter, the Premier declares that my charges are unfounded. On the other hand, he affirms that he is resolved not to encroach on that same authority which he tramples under foot. He will let it pursue its task to the end.

"I know that the inquiry has opened notably in the affair of the military disturbances. I know that a witness has confirmed the truth of the document handed by me to Captain Bouchardon, (the investigating officer.)"

M. Daudet alludes to the matter as a "formidable subordination of the judiciary to politics," and expresses his conviction that the "national interests must come first."

Police Service Flag Unfurled.

Following the suggestion of Colonel William H. Kipp, Chief Clerk of the Police Department, himself a veteran of the civil war, a service flag with thirty-nine stars was unfurled by him yesterday over the main entrance at Police Headquarters. The stars represent twenty-seven patrolman and twelve civilians attached to Police Headquarters who are now in various branches of the service.

MORTGAGE-BONDS
Netting 5½%
The mortgages deposited to secure these Bonds average less than 40% of the value of the real estate securing them.
Payment Guaranteed by
THE MORTGAGE-BOND CO. OF NEW YORK
GEORGE A. HURD, President
Capital and Surplus, $2,500,000
55 Liberty Street

If You Can't Go
Over There
Buy
Liberty Bonds
Over Here!
THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

With this company acting as your executor under a carefully drawn will you may be certain that your estate will be ably administered.
Lawyers Title and Trust Co.
160 Broadway, New York.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn

GETTING READY.
New photographs from training camps throughout the country where Americans are preparing for active service reproduced by rotogravure in this week's New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial. On all news stands—10 cents.—Advt.

ADVERTISEMENT.

The Business Men's League
of the
City of New York
will hold a mass meeting tomorrow night
COOPER UNION
The following speakers will address the meeting:
Judge John F. Hylan
—Candidate for Mayor.
Charles L. Craig
—Candidate for Comptroller.
Alfred E. Smith
—Candidate for President of Board of Aldermen.
Joseph Yeska will preside.
All Are Welcome!
JOSEPH YESKA,
Chairman of The Business Men's League.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Today is Executives' Day
It will pay you in dollars and cents to visit the Business Show TODAY
Today—from the hours of 1 to 10 P. M.—the audience at the
BUSINESS SHOW
will be made up of business executives only—men like yourself—Presidents, General Managers, Comptrollers, Purchasing Agents, Department Managers, etc.
The best informed experts of the various companies exhibiting, will be in attendance this afternoon, ready to demonstrate the time, temper and money-saving devices now on exhibition.
The Business Show offers an unusually good opportunity for investigating methods, systems and devices for improving the efficiency of office operation.
As an executive, you will gain ideas that will enable you to effect savings in your business.
Is it not worth at least an hour's time to find out?
69th REGIMENT ARMORY
Lexington Ave. at 25th ST.
October 15th to 20th. Inclusive
1 P.M. to 10 P.M. Daily

Society Brand Clothes
FOR YOUNG MEN AND MEN WHO STAY YOUNG

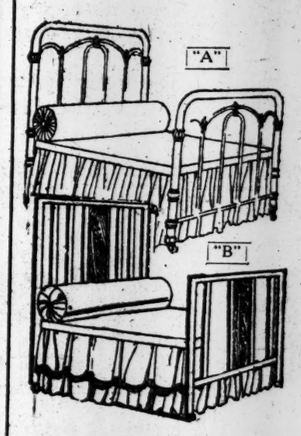
All generations today are most suitably fitted in Society Brand Clothes—sons, fathers and grandfathers.
TWO of the livest models of the season for young men and older men who want to look young. In style—in tailoring—in fabric and in pattern, these clothes reflect good taste and good judgment.
Go to "Style Headquarters"—the store that sells Society Brand Clothes. No garment is a genuine Society Brand model unless the inside pocket bears the label.
A postal card will bring you our Fall Fashion Book
ALFRED DECKER & COHN, Makers, Chicago
For Canada: SOCIETY BRAND CLOTHES, Limited: Montreal

GRANDE MAISON DE BLANC
Hand Made Comfortables
Wool and Genuine Eiderdown
AT PRICES NO HIGHER THAN ELSEWHERE
FIFTH AVENUE AT 45TH ST.

GREENHUT'S
"THE BIG STORE"
Meet me at the Fountain
SIXTH AVE., 18TH TO 19TH STREET

"Housekeepers' Day"
With Special Reference to Anniversary Bargains
We have set apart today as a day which will be specially interesting to housekeepers.
In our Store Downstairs and in other parts of Greenhut's will be found
Everything for the Home Uniquely Priced
This should prove a remarkable opportunity for those who are refurnishing their homes wholly or partially. For those who need FURNITURE, CARPETS, RUGS, CURTAINS, DRAPERIES, CHINA, GLASSWARE, LIGHTING FIXTURES—in a word, any of the thousand and one things which go to make up the well equipped home, today is the time and Greenhut's the place.
No less interesting will these sales be to proprietors of hotels and restaurants, boarding house keepers, and the like.
Usual Complimentary 2½ Green Trading Stamps Free Today
Distribution in Premium Parlor, 5th Floor.
As many sets of the "S.&H." Green Stamps as are reasonably required for books unfilled will be given, but only one set of any date good in one book. Only 100 Complimentary Stamps good in any one book, but you may start as many books as you please.

The Greatest Sale of Metal Bedsteads Since the War Began



ONE OF THE BIGGEST MANUFACTURERS IN AMERICA OFFERED US SEVERAL HUNDRED BEDS IN WHITE ENAMEL, CIRCASSIAN WALNUT, MAHOGANY, BIRD'S-EYE MAPLE AND OTHER FINISHES AT A PRICE WHICH ENABLES US TO OFFER THEM TO YOU AT LESS THAN WHOLESALE COST TODAY.
Note, if you please, that in some cases we have a number in each style—of others there is only a sample. Limited space permits us to print only a partial list.
N. B.—Early selection is strongly advised.

$29 Mahogany Finish Bedsteads—4-6 size; at $17.75
$37 Circassian Walnut Finish Bedsteads—4-6 size; at $22.75
$35 Circassian Walnut Finish Bedsteads—4-6 size; at $20.50
$17.50 Bird's-Eye Maple Finish Bedsteads—3-0 size; at $11.00
$13.50 White Enamel Bedsteads—4-0 size; at $8.25
$15.50 White Enamel Bedsteads—4-0 size; at $9.25
$0.50 White Enamel Bedsteads—4-0 size; at $5.90
$19.50 White Enamel Bedsteads—4-0 size; at $11.75
$18.50 White Enamel Bedsteads—4-6 size; at $11.25
$17.50 White Enamel Bedsteads—4-6 size; at $10.75
$22 White Enamel Bedsteads—4-0 size; at $13.75
$9 White Enamel Beds—4-0 size; at $5.65
$12.75 White Enamel Beds—4 ft. size (illustration "A") $7.75
$14 White Enamel Beds—4-6 size; at $8.45
$18.50 White Enamel Beds—4-6 size; at $11.75
$29 Circassian Walnut Finish Beds—4-6 and 4-0 size (illustration "B"); at $17.75

At Half Price We Offer a Very Fine Lot of
"Congoleum" Rugs
Here's a sale in our Rug Department that is distinctly out of the ordinary.
Those who possess Congoleum rugs in their homes know that they are unexcelled for durability, and the patterns in this lot are exceptionally fine.
However, there are slight imperfections in the lot, but this is really nothing to speak of. There surely is nothing to interfere with the wearing qualities or appearance of the rugs themselves. The high standard set by the inspectors of this famous mill has led to the reductions in price.

Size	Regularly	Sale Price	Size	Regularly	Sale Price	Size	Regularly	Sale Price
3x4.6	$1.25	65c	4.6x6	$2.50	$1.25	9x9	$7.95	$4.25
3x6	1.65	79c	4.6x9	3.75	1.85	9x10.6	9.25	4.75
3x9	2.50	$1.25	6x6	3.25	1.65			

$5.75 Pro-Lino Rugs—Special at $3.75
These are made by the Nairn Linoleum Co. and have slight imperfections, which, however, do not affect the wearing qualities in the least.

Upholsteries
22c Yard Madras—36 inches wide; dotted effect; suitable for sash and long curtains; yd.... 18c
15c Yard Scrim—hemstitched and colored borders; edged and insertion; yard..... 10c
$1.95 Oblong Table Scarfs—art silk effects; each..... $1.39
65c to $1.25 Lace Centerpieces and Motifs—imported; lacet Arab and Renaissance..... 59c to 98c

A Sensational Special Offering of
Hand-Painted Pastels $1.79
Regularly $2.95;
In Exquisite Frames—Today at .....
Unquestionably the biggest framed picture bargain announced in many seasons. Sale takes place today—don't miss it!
Choice of beautiful Landscapes and Marine Scenes in hand-painted Pastels, in handsome deep, gilt and gold burnished frames, with artistic ornamented corners.
Size of glass, 12x24 inches and 16x20 inches. Outside size, 17x29 inches and 21x25 inches.
Our lowest regular price for framed pictures like these is $2.95. Today—and today only—$1.79.

Filled Books of "Sperry" Gold Stamps Are Redeemable for $2.50 Worth of Merchandise in Any Department, or for $2 in Cash at the 2½ Office on the Fifth Floor. We give 2½ Green Trading Stamps as Usual. Ask for Them. Double 2½ Stamps Till 12 o'Clock. Single 2½ Stamps Thereafter. Single "Sperry" Gold Stamps All Day.

NEUTRAL EMBARGO FIRM UNTIL JANUARY

War Trade Board Awaits Iron-clad Guarantees Before Proceeding with Rationing.

SWEDEN'S CASE IN DOUBT

Not Likely to Get Any Food from Us While Supplying Any War Materials to Germany.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—The War Trade Board soon will take up the problem of rationing neutral countries of Europe, but it is improbable that any shipments of foodstuffs will be released to the northern neutrals contiguous to Germany before Jan. 1.

Iron-clad agreements that Germany shall not profit directly or indirectly will be one of the demands made, and agreements now in force between some of these countries and the Central Powers will not be recognized. Cattle fodder, it is understood, will be refused to Holland while fats are being shipped into Germany and other foodstuffs, if any are sent, will be issued only in quantities to prevent actual starvation among the civilian populations.

Sweden, it was said today, had little chance of obtaining any substantial aid, if a rationing system was adopted, because reports concerning conditions in that country, which have been requested, have not been forthcoming. While Sweden supplies Germany with materials for the manufacture of steel and explosives the United States, it is said, will turn a deaf ear to pleas for food to feed miners and other workingmen. The United States may insist as necessary to any agreement that an embargo be placed by some northern neutrals, Sweden and Holland included, on all exports of their products.

It is probable also that Holland will be unable to reach a satisfactory agreement unless her shipping, now tied up in American ports, is made a part of it.

Julius E. Van der Wielen, a member of the Holland Commission, said today that the shipments from Holland to Germany during the first three months of 1917 amounted to 36,747 tons, while during the same period the imports into Holland from Germany amounted to 451,820 tons, the latter including coal, with which Germany accommodated the Netherlands despite the shortage of fuel in Germany. He said figures previously made public as representing the trade between Germany and Holland had represented the money value of the traffic, which was not just, inasmuch as in abnormal times prices are not controlled by the normal laws of supply and demand.

Germany was willing to pay abnormal prices for surplus products of Holland, he said. He added that in viewing the trade from the standpoint of monetary value, tobacco, coffee, and quinine ought to be excluded from consideration, as they were imported into Holland from the Dutch East Indies and were not native Dutch products. The trade in these commodities, he said, amounted to 10,000,000 guilders.

Holland is said to be facing a most serious situation as the result of the lack of fuel, further restrictions having been imposed upon its importation into the Netherlands from Germany, where there is a shortage of workingmen in the coal mines. Germany was declared to have an insufficient amount of coal for her own uses.

Negotiations between the War Trade Board and Hans Sulzer, the Swiss Minister, have reached the stage where propositions made by the United States regarding supplies for Switzerland have been forwarded by the Minister to his Government for consideration.

SUSPECT FIREBUGS IN STOCKYARDS FIRE

More Than Half of Kansas City Plant Destroyed, with 14,000 Animals.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 16.—Reports that the fire which early today destroyed more than half of the Kansas City stockyards and resulted in the destruction of approximately 11,000 cattle and 3,000 hogs, was of incendiary origin persist, although discredited by officials of the corporation owning the yards. The loss is approximately $750,000. Heavy insurance was carried.

J. F. Marvin, Fire Warden, and John Egner, Chief of the Fire Department, both believe the fire was set, but declare that the area is so devastated that no indications of an incendary origin could have escaped the flames. F. J. Bishop, Lieutenant of the first fire company to arrive at the yards after the alarm, said three fires were burning fully 2,000 yards apart.

George B. Collett, General Manager of the stockyards, declared he believed the fire resulted from natural causes, and that the wind had blown sparks from the first fire, starting the other two blazes. Private detectives are investigating the rumors of incendiarism.

The work of clearing away the débris for the reconstruction of the destroyed pens and buildings has begun. Receiving and selling will be resumed in the morning in all classs of live stock, except stockers and feeders in the cattle class. An embargo on this class will be necessary until next Monday.

The Kansas City stockyards were the second largest in the country. The fire raged for two hours. There were 47,000 cattle in the yards at the close of business yesterday. It was possible to liberate most of them. Some of the cattle liberated reached the downtown sections of both Kansas City, Mo., and Kansas City, Kan.

Lynn W. Wilson Runs for Congress.

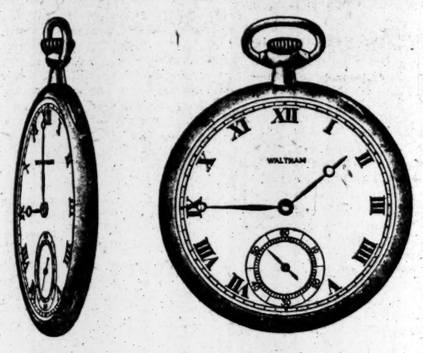
BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Oct. 16.—Lynn W. Wilson of this city was nominated for Congress today by Democrats of the Fourth Congressional District as candidate to succeed the late Congressman Ebenezer J. Hill. The special election will be held Nov. 6. Schuyler Merritt of Stamford has been named by Republicans and Charles E. Haines of this city by Socialists.

SWANN CLAIMS THE CREDIT.

Says Mitchel Administration Did Not Dim the Red Lights.

Emory R. Buckner, campaign manager for Mayor Mitchel, was accused of distorting facts in an endeavor to take credit for work done by the Mayor's Administration, in a statement issued yesterday by District Attorney Swann, on the advertisement of the Fusionists: "Where Are the Red Lights?"

"In line with his desire to appear before the public as the only living example of American patriotism," said the statement, "Mayor Mitchel now assumes the responsibility for driving the Vice Trust and its auxiliaries from this county. I invite the public to inspect the annual report of the Committee of Fourteen on the Suppression of Vice and also the report of the Committee for the Prevention of Crime."



Personal Efficiency
Means the Utilization of Every Minute

WALTHAM WATCHES

by reason of their precision and accuracy make possible the fullest employment of one's time.

The "Colonial A"

pictured above is the watch preferred by the American Business Man. Its thinness is only one of the mechanical marvels that commend it.

WALTHAM WATCHES ARE RECOMMENDED AND SOLD BY

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ESTABLISHED 1824

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Fifth Avenue at 32nd St. 4 Maiden Lane

Sterling Silver — Precious Stones — Platinum and Gold Jewelry — Watches — Clocks — Leather Goods — Stationery — Canes and Umbrellas

Stern Brothers

WEST 42d STREET (*Between Fifth and Sixth Avenues*) WEST 43d STREET

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ENGRAVED ON WOOD BY LOUIS F. GRANT.

This Famous Field Coat—In Yorkshire Fabrics—$25.00

WITH its belted waist line effect, its wide-flaring bottom, the Kirschbaum-Pembroke is one of the most notable overcoat fashions Young America has seen in a generation.....No linings except in the sleeves, at the yoke and seam pipings..... tailored in the celebrated Yorkshire overcoatings and a wide range of other all-wool fabrics - - - - - - - - - - $25.00

UNIFORMS FOR OFFICERS AT ACTUAL COST

Coat and Breeches of O. D. Serge, $27.00
Overcoat of Heavy Weight Melton, $30.00

Young Men's and Men's Clothes, Third Floor—Elevators Convenient.

Kirschbaum Clothes

United States Government

BONDS

SECOND LIBERTY LOAN of 1917

$3,000,000,000

to net 4%

It is the patriotic duty of every citizen to go to his bank **today** and buy Liberty Bonds. Apart from motives of patriotism these bonds should be bought for purely business reasons, because they are the best investment in the market.

Here are ten business reasons why you should buy Liberty Bonds---

1. **Absolute safety.** The bonds are the pledge of the United States Government, and are a first mortgage on the honor, good faith and credit of our country.
2. **Broad and active market.** The size of this issue and the extraordinarily wide distribution it will enjoy, insure an unusual degree of marketability.
3. **Availability as collateral.** The bonds will be the best of collateral, available immediately, anywhere.
4. **Attractive interest rate.** The rate of 4% is the highest interest rate on a United States government obligation investors have been able to secure for more than a generation—higher than the yield of the best municipals two years ago.
5. **Stability in value.** The bonds are insured against depreciation in price by their—
6. **Conversion privilege.** The bonds may be exchanged, par for par, for later war bonds bearing a higher interest rate, if issued.
7. **Freedom from taxes.** The bonds are free of the normal Federal income taxes and all local personal property taxes (except inheritance levies.) Individual holdings up to $5,000 free of income supertaxes and excess profit taxes. Free from 10% tax on undistributed surplus of corporations.
8. **Appreciation.** The bonds enjoy every reasonable probability of appreciation in value after the war.
9. **Term.** The bonds mature in 25 years—a convenient long term investment. Callable in ten years. (Readily marketable at any time.)
10. **FORM.** Coupon or registered, in denominations from $50 up.

These bonds should be purchased on their merits as an investment by estates, trustees, insurance companies, institutions, corporations, firms and individual investors.

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Liberty Loan Committee

Second Federal Reserve District

120 Broadway New York

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ESTABLISHED 1847
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LONDON 175 New Bond St.

Messrs.
CARTIER

take pleasure in announcing that they are now located in their new establishment

653 Fifth Ave.
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ASKS SOUTH TO HELP CURB WAR TAXATION

F. I. Kent Says Financial Legislation Is Impeding the the Liberty Loan.

BUSINESS MEN IN QUANDARY

Banker Tells Southern Congress Tax on Occupations Is a Handicap to Industry.

Fred I. Kent, Vice President of the Bankers Trust Company, appealed to the South in his address yesterday afternoon at the Cotton Conference of the Southern Commercial Congress to use its power over its representatives in Congress to check destructive taxation and financial legislation, which he held to be responsible for impeding the response to a second Liberty Loan.

"Should any Liberty Loan fail," he said, "taxes built on false principles will be responsible, and we may look for a prolongation of the war with all its horrors."

Mr. Kent asserted the business men of the country were ready to bear their full share of the burden of carrying on the war, but that they were greatly concerned whether sufficient income was going to be left to American industry to earn an income for stockholders. He continued:

"The Liberty Loan, and our very success in the war, are in jeopardy today because of Federal taxes, which have been made law, that have so shocked those in this country responsible to millions of stockholders and bondholders that they are at actual loss to know how to proceed, and are positively unable to determine what amount can be safely invested in Liberty bonds and still leave a sufficient margin to pay their Federal taxes, without having to overborrow, or be forced into bankruptcy. Because their hearts are right, the will is there to do their part, but great accomplishment requires inspiration as well as will, and inspiration is being killed.

Excess Profits Tax a Burden.

"We have a so-called excess profits tax that is not a tax on excess profits at all but is merely a further burden on all incomes, whether they have increased or decreased since the war started. Then there is an undistributed surplus tax that menaces conservative financing, and that will have a tendency to curtail development in the future.

"We have a tax on trades, business, occupations, and salaries that entirely ignores the value to the community of the industrious and that does not properly differentiate between dead and living income, that is, income from securities held and income produced by the individual through labor of brain and body."

Mr. Kent said that only a failure on the part of Government could result in a poor response to the Liberty Loans. He said:

"We are told that, if the Liberty Loans are a failure, it may be necessary for the Government to conscript the credit that has been built up in our nation, that has been the foundation of our great industries, and the basis of the success of our people. If a Government cannot so conduct itself that such conscription is not necessary, that Government is a failure.

Mr. Kent asserted that the Government could gain nothing by such a course for the reason that, if conscription had to be resorted to, the policy which made conscription necessary would previously have rendered stocks and bonds valueless. He continued:

"We recognize today that a single purpose prevails among all our people, and, in the light of that belief, we ask you of the South to come to the aid of our country in the ways that you only at the moment have power to do. We ask that you demand of those of your Representatives in Congress, who, through ignorance or in the fancied belief that they were carrying out your wishes, have stood for the passage of ill-advised tax legislation, that they return to Congress in December and correct those things which have caused men of affairs throughout the length and breadth of this country to stop and wonder if their power to help our Government in its great emergency has been taken from them.

South Has Balance of Power.

"If you do this the South will have accomplished a great thing toward bringing our whole people together and making possible prosperity after the war is over. You can do this, you men of the South, because today you hold the balance of power in the legislative halls. In so far as legislation can control, the responsibility is yours. Every part of this country, North, South, East, and West, will give gladly of men, money, and energy to help win the war, but the means of making such men, money, and energy available, for the greatest power and greatest good, lies today with the Southern people.

"With suffering and death facing the young men of our nation, events have so shaped themselves that the responsibility for their protection has fallen largely upon the South. The representatives of the Southern people in the Congress of our country have such firm control that the success or failure of the great institutions of our nation is today within their hands. We of the North are not concerned that this should be so, if the real men of the South—those who have our country's good at heart and those broad enough to see that no section of this country can prosper at the expense of any other section—are in control. On the other hand, if the narrow, sectional politician, who unfortunately exists in every community, is allowed to feel that he can carry out his ideas of destruction, we will descend to the autocracy of the mob.

Politics Divides the North.

"The men of the North who would have good government in their city, State, and country, are divided by the politician into two principal parties, so that the balance of power is held by those who can often be bought by the false promises of the demagogue. You in the South have one dominant political party, so strong that if the great mass of your liberty-loving, broad-minded people demand that of your legislators which you know to be right, the South can take a part in stopping this world's catastrophe far beyond your wildest dreams.

"Today our President and his advisers are striving to the limit of their ability to fit our country to take a proper part in subduing an evil thing which has hold of a great nation, and which, if allowed to succeed, will destroy all nations, and yet some of those who should be counted upon to help most are committing sabotage and jeopardizing the success of the nation. It is today within the power of you men of the South, as it has never been with any people before in the history of the world, to bring order out of a world of chaos, and prevent suffering to millions who have not yet been touched by the bloody hand of war."

Lewis E. Pierson, Chairman of the Board of the Irving National Bank, urged that a policy of marketing cotton at fair prices, in the absence of governmental price fixing, be adopted, in order that at the end of the war the cotton business in this country in all its branches would be on a secure foundation to face competition with Egypt, India, and in other countries, which would receive a tremendous impetus, he said. Harvie Jordan, President of the Southern Cotton Growers' Association, gave credit to the Government for improving agricultural methods and financial methods in handling the cotton crop. M. P. Mosley, Vice President of the American Exchange National Bank of this city, spoke on the embargo on cotton.

FOR AN INTERNATIONAL JURY.

Florida Editor Proposes Plan to Settle Disputes Between Nations.

A. S. Hough, editor of The Florida Times-Union of Jacksonville, Fla., proposed yesterday afternoon, at the meeting of the main body of the Southern Commercial Congress, in the North Ballroom at the Hotel Astor, that disputes between nations after the present war should be settled by trial by jury, and his paper was devoted mainly to outlining his plan for the selection of the jury and conducting the litigation before the international tribunal.

Mr. Hough would have a panel of jurors selected from all the nations of the earth, to serve for life at the neutral spot named for the sittings of the international tribunal. No juryman would sit on trials affecting his own land or against any land against which he felt a prejudice. The plan provided, as Mr. Bryan's peace treaties did, that no military preparations could take place between two countries having a lawsuit. After describing the proposed method of bringing actions before this court, Mr. Hough continued:

"When the case has been heard counsel shall retire and the jury shall decide on a verdict. If the decision is unanimous, it shall be certified to the Executive, (an International President and War Lord,) who shall proceed to enforce it, and any evidence that may have been produced may be made public. If the jury is not unanimous, the number voting on each side shall be written and placed in a sealed envelope, and the men whose names were last stricken shall be summoned to serve on a second jury, which shall try the case under the same rules as the first. If this jury is unanimous, its verdict shall be certified to the Executive and by him be enforced. If the decision of the second jury is not unanimous, it shall record and seal the number voting in favor of each litigant. The envelope containing the vote of each of the two juries shall then be opened, and if the majority of each voted for the same litigant, the decision in favor of such litigant shall be final and shall be certified to the Executive for enforcement."

George F. Porter, a member of the Council of National Defense, described the methods adopted in Washington to co-ordinate industries for the success of the war.

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CALLS SOUTH IDEAL OF RECONSTRUCTION

M. Jusserand Presents It as Hopeful Omen to Countries Ruined by Germany.

DINE DIPLOMATS OF ALLIES

Senator Fletcher Tells Commercial Congress There Must Be No Relaxation in Our War Efforts.

The reconstruction of the South was presented as an example and hopeful omen for the countries devastated by Germany, which must rebuild after the war; and the unity of North and South in the just cause for which they are fighting today as a type of the unity of the allied nations, many of them formerly hostile, by M. Jusserand, Ambassador from the French Republic and dean of the diplomatic corps, at the dinner to the diplomatic representatives of the Allies given last night by the Southern Commercial Congress at the Hotel Astor.

"An immense reconstruction will be needed by those nations which have fought the enemy on their own soil," he said. "You of the South have solved your problems with a mastery everybody acknowledges and admires. We shall solve ours. We have done it before. We have survived the miseries of the hundred years' war, and the miseries, much worse, of the civil and religious wars of the sixteenth century, when it seemed that the end of France was at hand. But on the morrow we had the splendid times of Henri IV., Richelieu, and Louis XIV."

World Against Germany After War.

And the times of reconstruction that are to follow the war were described by Secretary of Commerce William C. Redfield as times of hopefulness and prosperity for America and for her allies; of woe for Germany, when the German traders, going forth in all parts of the world, to regain the business that was theirs before the war, will find every door turned away from them, every hand unwilling to clasp theirs because of Germany's war and the deeds that Germany has done in it.

The dinner was the principal social event of the convention of the congress and was attended by fourteen Ambassadors or Ministers of the allied nations, hundreds of Southern business men, and New Yorkers, and by an unusually large number of women. The grand ballroom of the Astor was draped with American flags, the seals of the Southern States were hung about the balconies, and the seal of the United States, flanked by the flags of the Allies, hung over the speakers' table.

Senator Duncan U. Fletcher of Florida, President of the congress, was the first speaker, and warned against any relaxation of America's war efforts. "There must be no overconfidence," he said. "It would be an evidence of weakness to stop now and argue the reasons or causes. We are engaged in the most stupendous war of all times. The one great task is to wage it to a successful conclusion." Then he introduced as toastmaster Oscar S. Straus, "philanthropist, author, diplomat, statesman, and ideal citizen."

Mr. Straus denounced the leaders of Germany, and depicted them looking forward to "the day when they might find not the occasion but the excuse and the most favorable opportunity to betray the world's trust and begin the war." "When this war began," he said, "the only country thoroughly prepared was our enemy. We shall not be found lacking hereafter. We shall prepare for the reconstruction of the world after the war, first of all, by doing everything possible to insure victory."

After proposing toasts to the President of the United States, and the rulers and peoples of the allied nations, Mr. Straus called on Ambassador Jusserand, "who has interpreted America to us as well as to his own country, and has lived among us in the spirit of Lafayette."

The Ambassador began by reading a telegram of greeting to the Congress from President Poincaré of France, and then declared that the American people were united today even more firmly than in those early days when the South did not reach further south than Georgia. I might even say no further west than Georgia," and that the fusing of the whole nation has been the dream of your greatest leaders, no less of Lincoln of Illinois than of Washington of Virginia."

Fighting Power of Evil

"What we are fighting," he declared, "is not a Government, a creed, a race, a nation. It is the power of evil. What we are fighting is treachery, perjury, falsehood, corruption, autocracy, tyranny, the meanness of people who cannot see something beautiful without wanting to destroy it, something clean without wanting to pollute it—a church, a girl, a child, a family hearth. With such men, of whatever race and creed, no discussion is possible until they undergo a thorough mental change.

"In the spirit displayed by your President in his appeal to the American people last April your ancestors and mine fought in that local war of independence which gave birth to your nation, a forerunner of that general war of independence in which the cause of liberty throughout the world is now at stake.

"We have suffered great losses; the enemy has his cities uninjured, his factories working, his territory not yet invaded. But no comparison is possible between our losses and his—ours material, his moral. He stands condemned in the eyes of the world.

"Nothing more promising has been seen than what has taken place here since the United States entered the conflict; those appeals from the President, from the Secretary of Agriculture, from that man of wisdom and strength, Mr. Hoover, asking the people at large to kindly do this or abstain from doing that. Even before the law was passed, there was no need of any law; it was in the interests of an idea. And behold all responding to the appeal; even the merest children act as they are desired to; all do so of their own free will; they have hearts which understand."

DEFENDS MILK PRODUCERS.

Dr. Woods Says the Average Farmer Gets Less Than Cost.

Dairymen are not getting enough for their products to make it profitable to continue in business in many parts of the country, according to Dr. A. F. Woods, President of the Maryland Agricultural College, who talked on conditions which would affect the greater production of food at a meeting of the Association of Commissioners of Agriculture of the United States, held at the Hotel Astor yesterday afternoon in connection with the Southern Commercial Congress. Dr. Woods declared that most people still thought of milk as a beverage rather than a food and were inclined to cut down on its use whenever the price increased above "the time-honored 5 cents a quart," substituting meat and eggs at a much higher cost with less food efficiency.

TRIBUTE TO W. F. McCOMBS.

When William F. McCombs, who was Chairman of the Democratic National Committee in 1912 and one of the earliest "Wilson men," took his place as Chairman of the Good Roads Conference of the Southern Commercial Congress at the Hotel Astor yesterday one of the delegates rose and said:

"Let us all rise in tribute to the man who did so much to give us the greatest President the nation has had since Washington."

'BULL' STOPS PUBLICATION.

Jeremiah O'Leary's Paper Quits When Barred from the Mails.

The publication known as Bull, of which Jeremiah O'Leary was the editor, and which was recently barred from the mails under the Espionage act, has ceased publication. This announcement was made yesterday by the Bull Publishing Company, 210 Fifth Avenue.

The announcement issued by the publishers reads in part:

Owing to the fact that the Postmaster General says that Bull interferes with the war progress of the United States, although the company is convinced that the publication does not violate any law, it has nevertheless been decided to suspend until such time as the constitutionality of the law has been passed upon by the United States Supreme Court, and even though the law may be declared valid, until such times when it has been determined whether Bull violates the law.

TRIBUTE TO WALL ST. FOR ITS AID TO SOUTH

Gov. Manning Says New York Financiers Have Never Failed to Respond in a Crisis.

MAYOR GREETS DIPLOMATS

Foreign Envoys and Delegates to Southern Congress Guests at City Hall.

Governor Richard I. Manning of South Carolina yesterday declared to an audience of New Yorkers, Southern business men and foreign diplomats that there had never been a good cause presented to which New York financiers had failed to respond. This tribute was made in the course of an expression of appreciation of the welcome which New York had extended to the Southern Commercial Congress, now in session here, and was delivered at the City Hall, where Mayor Mitchel and his Committee on National Defense were formally receiving the foreign diplomats who were yesterday the Congress's guests; and Governor Manning closed with the statement that the Mitchel administration was the finest that New York had ever had and that there was a danger to "the healthy conduct of government" if the Mayor were not re-elected.

Governor Manning was called on without warning by George T. Wilson, the master of ceremonies, after several other addresses of welcome and responses had been delivered; and he won applause at the outset by declaring that sectional lines had been obliterated, that Americans were one in the conduct of the war; and next by the statement that his five sons were serving in the army, and that the youngest of them, so young that his father's consent was necessary to his enlistment, had said that if that consent were refused he would feel it his duty to disobey and enlist anyway.

New York Has Helped South Often.

"I am not a professional man," said Governor Manning. "My work had been that of the farmer. But in that relation I have had occasion to feel the welfare and the friendship of some of those institutions in New York that are down here in your banking district; and I want to say that there has never been a time, never during the panics that have occurred, never during the business stress and discomfort, that wherever there was a good cause presented, the financiers of New York have ever failed to respond to those calls for help. And when on occasions matters have come up where the term 'Wall Street' was used, I have said, 'Stop; who has stood by the South in its times of calamity and need but those men up in New York?' And so my feeling is one of warmth to you and your people.

"And, Mr. Mayor, while it may not be appropriate for an outsider to dabble into local affairs, I want to say that, as an outsider, viewing things from afar, the administration of the City of New York, both from my observation and reading, is the finest that the city has ever had. I believe, Mr. Mayor, in our form of government that there is danger to the healthy conduct of government unless the bold, strong, clean, efficient administration which you have given is recognized by your own citizens."

The visiting diplomats, after a cruise in the North River, landed at the Battery at 12:15, were received by W. L. Randall for the Mayor's Committee on National Defense, and proceeded up Broadway in a parade headed by a platoon of mounted police and the Marine Corps band, and including four companies of regular infantry, a battalion of sailors from the Navy Yard, and a detachment of the Old Guard. Of the allied diplomats only six arrived in time to participate in the ceremonies —Ambassadors Bakhmeteff of Russia and Sato of Japan, Ministers de Alte of Portugal, Cespedes of Cuba, and Porras of Panama, and Chargé d'Affaires Rousos of Greece. The parade turned into the plaza in front of the City Hall, which had been decorated with the flags of all the Allies, and a crowd of several thousand onlookers cheered the diplomats as they made their way up the steps and proceeded to the Governor's Room. Here Mayor Mitchel and his committee formally greeted the diplomats and the visiting delegates from the South.

Country United in War.

"Just as this congress meeting here now," he said, "comes from a part of our common country, just as all America is a part of the allied nations in the great world war, so all parts of the country are one in the prosecution of that war. Never in our history have the resources and the men of the land been so solidly behind the President and the Government as now. North and South, hand in hand, we will fight the fight to victory for humanity, for safety for large and small nations, for world democracy."

Senator Duncan U. Fletcher of Florida, President of the Southern Commercial Congress, recalled, as the Mayor had done before him, that three-quarters of a century ago that body's predecessor, the Southern Commercial Convention, had met here. He said that New York was the chief force in the trade of the world and its chief financial centre, and spoke of the enormous changes of the last eighty years which had nevertheless not altered the close and friendly relations between this city and the South. In discussing the war, he said that there was a fundamental difference in methods of life and affairs between united America and Germany, and said that there was not space enough in the world for these two ideals to live side by side.

Dr. Carlos Manuel de Cespedes, Minister from Cuba, responded for the diplomats, and speaking as a man who had fought side by side with American troops in Cuba's war for freedom declared that it was the part of America, "the young giant of nations, the hero and champion of oppressed small peoples," to make the world safe for the ideals which it had built up.

Oscar S. Straus, who is Chairman of the New York General Committee of the Congress, told the guests that in the City Hall they stood in a building erected upon holy ground.

"When the Declaration of Independence was passed," he said, "it was read here in the presence of George Washington and his troops. And here was received that great friend, that great patriot, who was always devoted not only to liberty for America but to world liberty, whose spirit still guides us—I mean Lafayette. And now here come the representatives of the seventeen Southern States, and their visit would not be complete until they had come within these holy precincts and paid their respects to America's patriotic Mayor—you, Mayor Mitchel, Mayor of New York, you who have prepared in advance this city to do its full share in the great duty and servies of patriotism that has fallen upon this country.

After the ceremonies the guests drove uptown to attend the afternoon sessions of the convention.

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You will find dozens of uses. On your writing desk—in the store room—on the dressing table—on the head-board of your bed to read by at night, etc.

You will find uses in your office—on top of your desk, etc. If you travel, you will pack it in your grip to use on the road, in hotels, etc.

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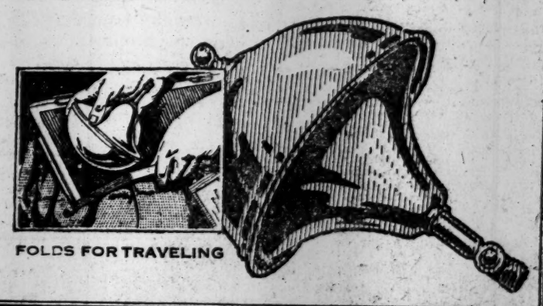

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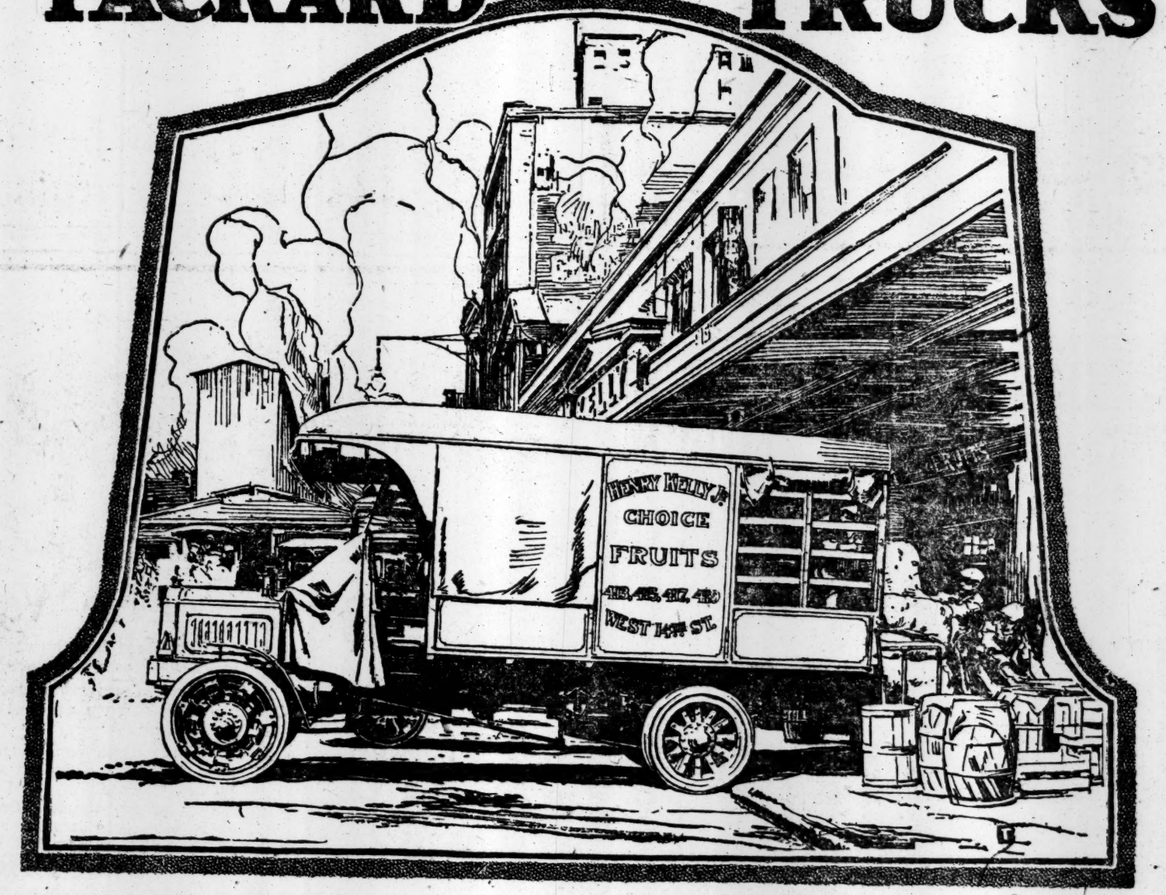

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GIANTS AND WHITE SOX ENTERTAIN BOYS IN KHAKI WITH SERIES IMITATION

ZIM'S GREAT RACE SEEN BY SOLDIERS

Schaefer and McMullin Immortalize World's Series Laugh at Camp Mills.

SOX AGAIN BEAT GIANTS

Enlisted Men Entertained by Baseball Leaders in Game Won by Chicago 6 to 4.

An echo of the world's series was played at Garden City yesterday for the soldiers at Camp Mills and the White Sox beat the Giants just as neatly as they did in the big pageant by a score of 6 to 4. The strain was off the players, and they entertained the boys in khaki with an exhibition which was just as laughable to the soldier as the real series was painful to New Yorkers.

Herman Schaefer, the merry wag of baseball, went into the game in the last of the ninth and when he reached third base, he and Fred McMullin, the Sox third baseman, gave an imitation of Heinie Zimmerman's deathless outburst of stupidity in the last game of the series, when Zim chased Eddie Collins over the plate with a run. The soldiers roared with laughter, and were so delighted that the 10,000 of them marched back to their tents in a happy mood, and were glad that they had joined the colors instead of going to the world's series.

When the men in olive drab get over to France they will amuse the armies of all the Allies with Zimmerman's famous play. In a few months, Zim's notorious bonehead play will be known in every corner of the earth. If Zim lives to be 100 years old, he will never be able to live down that awful foot race.

Schaefer went along with the players to Garden City and arranged with the umpires to be permitted to stage the famous farce in the ninth inning. Umpires like Bill Klem and Charley Rigler, men who never have been known to smile, consented to the bit of horse play, and sure enough when the ninth inning came around, Schaefer went in to play at third base for Lobert. Zimmerman wasn't among those present.

Schaefer Overrules Umpire.

Schaefer was the first man up in the ninth, and he filed to left field. George Burns doubled to left, and it was Herzog's turn at bat, but Schaefer came up in his place. This time Dutch slapped a grounder at McMullin and was thrown out at first by only a block. Schaefer made a big howl to Evans and he was declared safe. The soldiers took up the player's part of the argument, and for once in the history of baseball the umpire was overruled by popular opinion. Bill Evans similarly gave in to the outburst of oratory against his decision.

Benny Kauff thumped a double to centre and pushed Schaefer around to third. Then the jovial Schaefer and McMullin immortalized Zim's classic mistake. Kauff ran toward third and Schaefer threw to second, while Schaefer started toward home. Dutch tramped up and down the third-base line like a nighthawk trying to find a keyhole at 4 A. M.

McMullin started his chase down the third-base line, and Schaefer painfully toward the plate, looking over his shoulder at McMullin. Dutch kept just a few steps ahead of his pursuers, and as Schaefer fell over the plate in mock exhaustion, with McMullin tumbling after him, they looked just like Jack and Jill when they arrived at the foot of the hill. By this time the soldiers were rolling around the grass in laughter, and were screaming at the funniest stunt Schaefer ever did in his life.

As was mentioned before, Zimmerman wasn't there. Neither was McGraw, and neither was Robertson nor Fletcher. They probably remained away to suffer in meditation. The White Sox were all there and as happy as larks. It was a merry afternoon for the soldiers, and the players of the two world's series contenders were just careless and funny enough to furnish a good entertainment.

Gowdy Among Those Present.

A baseball game was never played in a more picturesque setting than at the athletic field at St. Paul's School. The day was a gem of gorgeous Autumn splendor, and the soldiers had the game all to themselves. It would have been impossible for all the soldiers at Camp Mills to see the game, so General Mann picked out the New York soldiers of the 165th United States Infantry, which included all the boys of the Sixty-ninth, and the 140th Field Artillery, which included the boys from Illinois and Ohio. Among them was Sergeant Hank Gowdy, who used to catch for the Boston Braves and who has the distinction of being the first major league ball player to join the colors.

Besides General Mann, General Lenihan, Colonel Hine, and numerous other officers from the camp were also there to see the fun, Jim Corbett, Tommy Dorgan, Justice Victor J. Dowling, Daniel M. Brady, and other prominent men joined the party. With their bands playing "Over There" and the regimental colors flying, the soldiers, more than 10,000 strong, marched to the baseball field, and formed a bank of solid olive drab all the way around the open field. On one side, behind the White Sox bench, the boys from Illinois cheered Rowland and his world's champions until the game became as noisy as a college football battle.

The Sixty-ninth didn't cheer the Giants much. They were all pretty sad and glum, for the defeat of McGraw's men was a keen disappointment to the New York soldiers. As Charley Rigler announced each one of the White Sox as he came to bat, the cheers rolled over the Hempstead plains, but as he announced such once popular persons as Benny Kauff, Charley Herzog, and George Burns, there was hardly a ripple of applause. No, only among the New York soldiers at Camp Mills, but also among New Yorkers from Van Cortlandt Park to the Battery, the tragic downfall of the Giants in this world's series just ended will long be a matter to discuss with hushed voices.

Eddie Collins Cheered.

The National Commission was at the game, and even President John K. Tener couldn't restrain his laughter when Schaefer was chased over the plate by the Sox third baseman just as Zimmerman had chased Eddie Collins. Collins got most of the applause. The boys from the Middle West gave him a great reception and one which he will not soon forget.

Most of the best known of the New York talent had been left behind. Maybe McGraw and Zimmerman feared that the soldiers would ask them too many questions. Even if they were absent, the soldiers good-naturedly inquired during the game, "Why did you keep Sallee in so long in Chicago last Saturday?" and "Where's Zimmerman, we want to get a look at his marble top piece?" Oh, yes, McGraw and Zimmerman saved themselves a lot of embarrassment by not appearing.

Rowland placed his whole club on parade before the soldiers, and before the game was over they saw all the White Sox talent with the exception of Eddie Cicotte and Red Faber, who stayed behind to take a much needed rest after their severe labors of the last week. Jim Thorpe played in right field for the Giants in place of Robertson, and he made two muffs of easy fly balls, which made him take a lot of joshing from the troops. Benny Kauff turned loose a lot of the excess steam which he had been saving up for the world's series, and smashed out four two-base hits. Every time Benny came to the bat, except the first time, he cudgeled out a two-bagger into the crowd of soldiers who circled the outfield.

Al Demaree, who never had a chance of getting into the world's series, pitched the first five innings for the Giants. In the first, after two Sox were out, Eddie Collins delighted the crowd with a two-bagger into the soldiers in left field, and scored on Happy Felsch's single to left. In the second inning Jourdin, who was playing first for the Sox in place of Gandil, cracked a triple past Benny Kauff in centre. Herzog chucked Weaver out at first, and when Ray Schalk rolled to Lobert, Hans flipped Jourdin out at the plate. Joe Benz lofted an easy fly to Jim Thorpe, and Jim muffed it just as Robertson muffed Joe Jackson's fly in the last world's series tragedy. In the third, with one gone, Felsch got a single through Lobert and scored when John Collins slammed a three-bagger to centre.

Benz Is Puzzle.

While Joe Benz was in the box, the Giants didn't get anything. Claude Williams began to pitch in the fifth and Ross Young, batting for Demaree, filed to Leibold. Burns smashed a two-bagger into the left field troops and raced home with the Giants' first run when Kauff followed with another double.

George Smith succeeded Demaree in the sixth, and the Sox gave him a jolly greeting. John Collins doubled to centre and went to third when Hasbrook hopped a hit off Smith's glove. Risberg's double to centre sent John Collins home, and then Jenkins and Williams fanned. Leibold punched a single to left, which shoved Hasbrook and Risberg home, while Nemo was out trying to stretch his drive into a double.

With one out in the seventh, Burns singled to left and went around to third when Leibold let the ball roll through him into the crowd. Burns counted while Collins was tossing Herzog out at first. Danforth went in to pitch in the eighth, and after that the comedy began in earnest, and Schaefer did his best to perpetuate Zimmerman's famous play.

The score:

CHICAGO, (A. L.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Leibold,lf	5	0	2	3	0
McMullin,3b	5	0	0	0	2
E. Collins,2b	3	1	2	2	1
Felsch,cf	2	1	2	2	0
Murphy,cf	2	0	0	3	0
J. Collins,rf	4	1	2	0	0
Jourdin,1b	2	0	1	10	0
Hasbrook,1b	2	1	2	4	0
Weaver,ss	2	0	0	1	1
Risberg,ss	2	1	1	0	2
Schalk,c	1	1	1	1	0
Lynn,c	1	0	0	1	0
Jenkins,c	2	0	0	4	0
Benz,p	2	0	0	0	1
Williams,p	1	0	0	0	0
Russell,p	0	0	0	0	0
bWolfgang	1	0	0	0	0
Danforth,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	39	6	12	27	11

NEW YORK, (N. L.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Burns,lf	5	3	3	4	1
Herzog,2b	4	0	1	2	4
Kauff,cf	5	0	4	2	0
Lobert,3b	4	0	1	1	1
Schafer,3b	2	1	1	0	1
J. Smith,ss	4	0	1	1	3
Thorpe,rf	4	0	0	1	0
Holke,1b	2	0	2	4	2
Rodriguez,1b	2	0	0	4	0
Gibson,c	2	0	0	4	0
Onslow,c	2	0	0	2	0
Demaree,p	1	0	0	2	1
aYoung	1	0	0	0	0
G. Smith,p	1	0	0	0	0
Total	39	4	13	27	13

Errors—Thorpe, 2; Leibold.
a Batted for Demaree in fifth inning.
b Batted for Russell.

Chicago	1	1	1	0	0	3	0	0	0—6
New York	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0—4

Earned runs—Chicago, 5; New York, 3. Two-base hits—Kauff, 4; Burns, 2; E. Collins, 2; Risberg, Leibold, Felsch, J. Collins. Three-base hits—J. Collins, Jourdin. Stolen bases—J. Smith. First base on errors—Chicago, 2. Left on bases—Chicago, 6; New York, 10. Base on balls—Off Williams, 1. Struck out—By Benz, 3; Williams, 1; Russell, 1; Danforth, 1; Demaree, 3; G. Smith, 2. Passed balls—Jenkins. Hits—Off Benz, 5 in 4 innings; Williams, 2 in 2; Russell, 2 in 1; Danforth, 4 in 2; off Demaree, 6 in 5; G. Smith, 6 in 4. Time of game—1 hour 10 minutes. Umpires—Rigler, Evans, O'Loughlin, and Klem.

BALL PLAYERS WANT MONEY

Giants and Sox Agree Not to Play in Exhibition Games.

The players of the White Sox and Giants all signed an agreement not to play any exhibition games and presented it to the National Commission at Camp Mills after yesterday's game. They pledged themselves not to take any barnstorming trips and asked that the commission rescind its recent ruling which provided that they hold out $1,000 of each player's share of the world's series as a guarantee that there would be no barnstorming trips. The commission promised to take the agreement under advisement, and it is likely that the new rule will be rescinded and that the players will receive their shares of the receipts today.

The agreement presented by Captain Herzog of the Giants and Captain Collins of the White Sox is as follows: "We, the undersigned, hereby declare and agree not to participate as individuals or as a team in any game after this day at Camp Mills, Long Island."

PLAYER GETS $5,957 CLAIM.

Campbell Awarded Back Salary Due from Federal League.

A jury in the Supreme Court returned a verdict for $5,957 yesterday for Vincent Campbell, formerly an outfielder with the Newark Federal League Club, in his suit against the club for $8,268 for breach of a contract by which he was engaged for the season of 1916. The defense was that the St. Louis National League and the Cincinnati clubs wanted him after the Federal League quit, but he refused to accept a release.

GOULD IS RIFLE CHAMPION.

Wins Manhattan Association Honors and Establishes New Record.

David J. Gould, Jr., captured the annual small bore rifle championship of the Manhattan Rifle and Revolver Association which has just been concluded on the grounds of the club at Concord, Staten Island. The conditions called for fifty shots prone at fifty yards, and the shooting was so good that both first and second men improved on the record made a year ago. Alfred H. Seeley was pressing the winner hard at the finish. His last two strings were better than those of Gould. The winning total of 485 is three points better than was made last year. Seeley was beaten by only one point.

The scores:

David J. Gould, Jr.	96	98	98	96	97—485
Alfred H. Seeley	97	97	94	98	98—484
J. F. Hillman	93	95	95	97	96—476
Lawrence W. Wright	95	95	94	93	95—472
C. L. Cammann, Jr.	94	91	95	94	98—472
Clinton B. Walker	96	91	96	91	95—469
K. H. Fichtner	88	92	96	95	93—464
P. P. Lahm	94	93	90	90	80—428
Charles W. Latham	89	92	87	91	84—443
F. N. Sanborn	81	86	92	91	79—429

Cycle Race Lease in Doubt.

In the anticipation that the six-day bicycle race held annually at Madison Square Garden will be a bigger event than heretofore this year, three prospective promoters have begun a fight for the lease of the arena to conduct it. They are John M. Chapman, manager of the Newark Velodrome; P. T. Powers, former promoter of the race, and William H. Wellman, who conducted the automobile championships at the Sheepshead Bay Speedway this Fall. It is expected that a decision will be reached today by the owners.

CORNELL IS BEATEN BY FORWARD PASS

Syracuse Soldiers Win 6 to 0, but Victory Is Disputed by Coach Sharpe.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Oct. 16.—The army team of Syracuse defeated Cornell today by the score of 6 to 0, being credited by the officials with a touchdown in the last period, although the play seemed an uncompleted forward pass. The Syracuse team outplayed Cornell during most of the game.

In the last quarter the army after a series of rushes by Art Wilson, the old Yale Captain, advanced from the 40-yard line to Cornell's 8-yard line. On the fourth down Wilson tossed a forward pass over the scrimmage line to Adams Carey of Cornell knocked the ball down as Adams was taking it, but the army man recovered and Umpire Unger, the only official known to have seen the play, called it a touchdown, despite the vigorous objection of Head Coach Sharpe, who came out to the field and protested, a rare thing for him to do.

There was little advantage between Syracuse and Cornell in the first half, but in the third quarter Wilson's rushing gave the soldiers an advantage. Three forward passes by Cornell, Hoffman to Colvin, who played brilliantly, were among the features. The Cornell second team had more pep than the 'Varsity.

Farnum, the old Brown star; Rausch of Wisconsin, Burke of Vermont, and Wilson, whose rushing netted eighty yards, were the stars for the soldiers.

The lineup:

Syracuse, (6.)	Position.	Cornell, (0.)
Adams	L. E.	Eisenbrandt
Cattus	L. T.	A. Trowbridge
Spillman	L. G.	Bowker
Atkinson	C.	S. Trowbridge
Ryder	R. G.	Myron
Farnum	R. T.	Wipperman
Hanlin	R. E.	Petrie
Burke	Q. B.	Nethercott
Rausch	L. H. B.	Cross
Holmes	R. H. B.	Minier
Wilson	F. B.	Strauss

Touchdown—Adams. Referee—J. A. Evans, Williams. Umpire—Captain Unger. Head Linesman—R. Newman, Yale. Timekeeper—H. Dimick, Lehigh.

Substitutions.—Cornell—Colvin for Eisenbrandt, Eckenbeck for A. Trowbridge, Huntington for Bowker, Reuther for S. Trowbridge, Swanson for Myron, Herriman for Wipperman, Harris for Petrie, Carey for Nethercott, Van Horn for Minier, Hoffman for Cross, Pendleton for Strauss. Time of Periods—Ten and twelve minutes.

NAVAL ELEVEN COMING HERE

Newport Team to Play Carlisle Indians in New York.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Oct. 16.—A football match between teams representing the Second Naval District, coached by Dr. William T. Bull, formerly Yale coach, and captained by Cupid Black of Yale's football team last year, will be held Oct. 26. The players are from Yale, Dartmouth, Cornell, Brown and other universities, and will meet the Carlisle Indians at the Polo Grounds, New York. This team also meets Rutgers at New York, Nov. 24.

The Naval team will meet the First Naval District team of Boston Nov. 3, at Boston, and also will play Harvard, Nov. 17. Brown is to be met at Providence Nov. 10. Their biggest game is expected when they meet the Army team of Camp Devens at Ayer, Mass., in Boston, Thanksgiving Day, on Braves Field. The Army team is being coached by Percy D. Haughton, the famous Harvard football coach.

FORDHAM PRIMES FOR GAME

Maroon-Eleven Starts Hard Practice for Holy Cross Tussle.

A hard week's drive for the Holy Cross game was launched yesterday afternoon at Fordham. Coach McCaffery kept the players on the field until dark in a combined offensive and defensive drill. The Maroon 'Varsity faced the Fordham Prep team for the second time this season. The scrimmage lasted a half hour. Several second-string players were in the collegians' lineup, and as the Prep lads were in good condition and full of aggressiveness a spirited tussle was the result.

Dumoe, Erwin, Christiansen and Frisch did not get into the scrimmage. Christiansen came on the field with crutches, as he has a swollen knee and a lame ankle. Frisch was on the field, but did not do any work. Matty Golden, who has been a general utility man all season, was moved to centre for the scrimmage. Mullan took Fogarty's place at guard, and Gulick played left tackle. Brennan, Dempsey, Galligan and Colletti were the backs.

RUTGERS SQUAD BATTERED.

Hummell Probably Out of Lineup for Several Weeks.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Oct. 16.—The Rutgers football team has had a rest after the game with Syracuse and no practice was held on Monday. Several of the regulars are severely battered up, the most serious injury being the dislocation of Hummell's shoulder. The freshman end will probably be out of the game several weeks. Kelly's ankle is expected to be healed by next Saturday, and Gargan's bad ankle is improving. Coach Sanford spent yesterday afternoon correcting faults brought out in the game against Syracuse, giving considerable attention to the defense. He is now pointing the team toward the Lafayette game on Saturday, and strenuous work began today.

Dimond to Lead Soccer Team.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 16.—F. C. Dimond of Boston was appointed Captain of the 'Varsity soccer football team at Harvard University today. Thirty candidates are out, and it is hoped a regular schedule can be arranged.

GAMES FOR YALE FRESHMEN.

Yearlings to Open Athletic Activities in Bowl Against Exeter.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 16.—Three games for the Yale freshman football eleven were announced tonight by Professor Robert N. Corwin, Chairman of the Yale Athletic Board of Control, to whom was referred the arrangement of the contests. Next Saturday the Exeter Academy eleven will meet the freshmen in the Yale Bowl in the first athletic contest played by a Yale team since the declaration of war. Yale will meet Harvard Nov. 17 at Cambridge in the annual class game, and Princeton, 1921, here Nov. 24.

Yale has received requests from several military camps to send football elevens to play the camp teams. Some may be accepted, but the present Yale material is regarded as too light to play against the university stars who are at Plattsburg, Ayer, Newport, or some of the other camps. As no student will be allowed to don an athletic uniform this season unless he wears the military khaki, the football squads will be distinctively Reserve Officers' Training Corps squads.

The freshman and other class squads are allowed to train only an hour three afternoons a week this season, and the curtailing of practice has retarded the development of the elevens materially. Tad Jones and Dr. Arthur Brides are the coaches in charge.

LONG DRILL FOR VIOLET.

Coach Wall Forces Men at Top Speed Preparing for Wesleyan.

In a long practice that was taken up with the development of new plays the New York University football team yesterday further completed its preparation for the Wesleyan game Saturday, the first home contest on the Violet schedule. As on previous days the practice was prolonged until darkness compelled the players to scrimmage in the light of a large electric lamp on one corner of the field.

Coach Wall made the backs and ends run down a field studded with tacklers to give the players more practical work than the dummy affords. After a session of this the dummy was resorted to and came in for such a mauling that its sawdust contents were spilled over the pit.

Announcement was made yesterday of the appointment of Peter Sokolower, '18, as acting captain in place of Captain Howard Cann, who is on foreign in the navy. Sokolower has played on the 'Varsity for the last three years and in that time has played fullback, centre, and tackle. Last year and this year his regular berth has been at tackle.

COLUMBIA FRESHMEN LOSE.

'Varsity Scores Three Touchdowns in Short Scrimmage.

For fifteen minutes yesterday the Columbia 'Varsity scrimmaged with the freshmen and finished with three touchdowns to its credit. Once Howard Miller broke away on a forward pass for eighty yards, but Laskey of the yearlings caught him on the five-yard line. Shaw and Canapary scored the other touchdowns. Captain Cochran did quite a bit of punting, and was booting the ball for an average of forty yards.

Later in the afternoon the freshmen played the second team for thirty minutes, the younger players winning, 8 to 6, with Tom Thorpe's able coaching assistance. Tomorrow Stuyvesant High comes up to give the 1921 eleven some stiff work before the Clinton game on Friday. Korn, who is the 226-pound baby tackle for the freshmen, reported for scrimmage today and bolstered up the weak left side.

BILLIARD SEASON TO OPEN.

Moore to Meet Heal in Three-Cushion League Games.

The first of the Interstate Three-Cushion Billiard League games to be played in New York this season are scheduled for Thum's White Elephant Academy tonight and tomorrow night, when Hugh Heal of Toledo will match his skill against that of George Moore the New York representative. This will be the first time that the former holder of the world's three-cushion championship has competed in the league.

Eleven cities, several of them with two representatives, and Detroit with three, are in the circuit this season. They are Chicago, St. Louis, Indianapolis, Philadelphia, Milwaukee, Cleveland, Buffalo, Toledo, Pittsburgh, Detroit, and New York. Only two of the men who will compete have been handicapped below scratch, Joe Capron at 45 and William Cullen at 42.

The prize money will total $6,000, and will be divided as follows: First prize, $1,000; second prize, $750; third prize, $600; fourth prize, $500; fifth prize, $400; sixth prize, $350; seventh prize, $300; eighth prize, $250; ninth prize, $200; tenth prize, $150, and five additional prizes of $100 each.

SOLDIERS IN BOXING BOUTS.

Sailors, Too, Will Be on Amateur Program at Crescent A. C.

An innovation in amateur boxing will be attempted by the officials of the Crescent Athletic Club of Brooklyn at the next amateur boxing tournament at the New Moon organization, Oct. 23 and 25.

A special class will be set aside for soldiers and sailors of the United States whose amateur status is unquestioned. The class will be at 145 pounds, and will mark the first time in the history of amateur boxing here that a feature of this kind has been added to an open amateur tournament. The other classes to be contested are 108, 115, 125, and 135 pounds, making one of the biggest cards ever put on at the Crescent Athletic Club.

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RECORD EQUALED BY WESTY HOGAN

Wilfrid Viau's Colt Leads All the Way in Georgetown Handicap at Laurel.

LAUREL, Md., Oct. 16.—Wilfrid Viau's three-year-old Westy Hogan again demonstrated his class as a sprinter when he captured the Georgetown handicap at six furlongs from a field of good short-distance performers this afternoon. Westy Hogan was conceding weight to all those in the race, but with Butwell in the saddle there was little likelihood of the others keeping up with the speedy son of Dick Firnell. The pace was such a killing one that the winner equaled the track record of 1:12, which has been on the books since 1914.

The weather was fine and the track fast, but the prowess of Mr. Viau's colt caused the scratching of many from the Georgetown Handicap, including Top o' th' Morning. Paul Powers, who owns Top o' th' Morning, was represented, however, by Bringhurst. Among the contenders were George W. Loft's Jullaleon, A. K. Macomber's Stargazer, and the New Orleans sensation, Leochares. With Westy Hogan cutting out a fast pace, most of the field were left behind. Bringhurst was well up in the early running, and so was Jullaleon, but in the stretch Leochares, which had been outrun early, found his speed and Butwell had to keep Westy Hogan going to the end to withstand the challenge. Bringhurst finished third, with Stargazer and Jullaleon close up.

Bunch players had a chance to lay up some money in the first race, for following the success of the White Sox in the world's series many took tickets on C. A. Comiskey, one of the two-year-olds starting in the first race. The Comiskey luck held good, and, though a compara tive outsider, Frank Robinson landed the horse in front of Andrew Miller's Malvollo.

In the Recruit Liberty Loan Handicap, also for two-year-olds, Johnny McTaggart had little difficulty in winning with R. T. Wilson, Jr.'s Wyoming. Andrew Miller again providing the second horse in Recount. Butwell guided his second winner when J. F. Sweeney's richly-bred Sam Slick defeated a field of selling platers in the fifth race.

The steeplechase brought out a good field of cross-country performers. A. J. Davis's Racebrook was well up with the pace all the way, and at the finish was speedy enough to beat H. G. Bedwell's Welsh King on the flat.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; selling; purse $700; six furlongs. Time—1:13 3-5.

C. A. Comiskey, B. Williams's blk. c., 116 pounds, by Dick Welles-Sweet Nell, $14,58, $7.60, and $6.70. (F. Robinson)....1
Malvolio, Andrew Miller's ch. c., 109, by Superman-Basia, $5.20 and $3.70, (R. Troise).....2
H. C. Basch, S. Lewis's b. g., 108, by Marta Santa-Cavlet, $5.50 third, (M. Buxton).....3
Aileen O, Rapid Firer, Midnight Sun, George W. Avery, Confiscation, Golden Glow, Herder, Poor Butterfly, Babette, and Queen Blonde also ran. Sweep Up II. scratched.

SECOND RACE.—Steeplechase, for four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $800; about two miles. Time—4:45 2-5.

Racebrook, A. J. Davis's b. g., 10 years, 138 pounds, by Racine-Miss Wandelohr, $8.70, $5.20, and $4.70, (T. Cottman).....1
Welsh King, H. G. Bidwell's ch. g., 5, 147, by Bryn Mawr-Hanover Queen, $5 and $5.40, (R. Barrett).....2
Rhomb, W. Stockton's ch. g., 7, 149, by Fatherless-Diamontina, $9.40, third, (J. Smith).....3
New Haven, Garter, Otto Floto, Cari, Bamboo, High Flyer, Lady Edwina, and Jimmy Boy also ran. Zellwood and Reddest scratched.

THIRD RACE.—Recruit Liberty Loan Handicap, for two-year-olds; $700 added; six furlongs. Time—1:13 2-5.

Wyoming, R. T. Wilson, Jr.'s, ch. c., 100 pounds, by Dick Finnell-Carrie Jones, $5, $3.50, and $2.80, (J. Butwell).....1
Recount, Andrew Miller's b. c., 103, by Ballot-Censure, $3.40 and $3.10, (R. Troise)..2
Trophy, Quincy Stable's ch. c., 100, by Ballot-Miss Crittenden, $4 third, (L. Ensor)..3
Sixteen to One, Game Cock, So Long Letty, and Kate Glen also ran. Nominee scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—Georgetown Hilghweight Handicap; for all ages; $1,500 added; six furlongs. Time—1:12.

Westy Hogan, W. Viau's br. c., 3 years, 128 pounds, by Dick Finnell-Carrie Jones, $5, $3.50, and $2.80, (J. Butwell).....1
Leochares, W. P. Orr's b. g., 7, 127, by Broomstick-Leayonard, $5.70 and $4, (W. O'Brien).....2
Bringhurst, P. Bower's br. g., 6, 122, by Plaudit-Sweet Marjoram, $6.70 third, (G. Byrne).....3
Stargazer, Jullaleon, Water Lady, Crimper, and Tea Caddy also ran. Bally, Top o' Th' Morning, Startling, Celto, Jack Hare, Jr., Naturalist, Mida, Arnold, and Diversion scratched.

FIFTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse, $700; one mile and an eighth. Time—1:53 1-5.

*Sam Slick, J. F. Sweeney's ch. g., 5 years, 111 pounds, by Rock Sand-Artful, $3.60, $2.60, and $2.40, (J. Butwell).....1
Perpetual, W. Sharrard's ch. g., 6, 116, by Armament-May Hempstead, $5.60 and $4, (R. Warrington).....2
Ed Bond, W. L. Oliver's br. g., 111, by Mint-La Dotta, $3.30 third, (H. Hammer)..3
Malheur, *Harry Lauder, Alston, High Tide, Egmont, and Capitania also ran. Rakeoff and Mr. Mack scratched.

*Coupled as Sweeney entry.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and an eighth. Time—1:54.

The Busybody, J. D. Mesick's b. m., 9 years, 105 pounds, by Meddler-Belle Hoyt, $10, $4, and $4.20, (A. Sterling).....1
Scorpie, E. K. Bryson's b. g., 5, 111, by Astronomer-Karma, $3.20 and $2.80, (A. Shuttinger).....2
Tactless, G. Peterson's b. m., 7, 100, by Orlando-Tactful, $5.50 third, (R. Troise)...3
Goidy, Petiar, Mary Warren, Fonctionnaire, Disturber, and Galaway also ran. Dartworth scratched.

SEVENTH RACE.—For three-year-olds; selling; purse $700; one mile and seventy yards. Time—1:44 3-5.

Queen of the Sea, B. Williams's ch. f., 3 years, 112 pounds, by Sea King-Cantaloupe, $6, $3.60 and $2.60, (G. Mergier)..1
Mononoy, J. K. L. Ross's br. g., 3, 110, by Bryn Mawr-Winfred A., $4 and $2.60, (R. Troise).....2
Amalgamator, W. Viau's b. c., 3, 107, by Duke of Ormonde-Compensate, $2.80 third, (M. Buxton).....3
Brooklyn, Muckross, The Belgian II., Hesse, Sargon II., Jimmy Burns and Mintes also ran. N. K. Beal, Blue Fox and Lazy Lou scratched.

Weather clear; track fast.

LAUREL ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds, maidens, claiming; five and a half furlongs. Herder, 114 pounds; Juanita 3d, (imp.,) 114; Simon Pure, (imp.,) 114; Supermaid, 111; Stalwart, Jr., 109; Shasta, (imp.,) 114; Austral, 114; Ideal, 111; Millrace, 111; *Sovengall, 109; Fleet Foot, 114; Frank Keogh, 114, Thamar, 111; *Cave Man, 100.

SECOND RACE.—For two-year-olds, selling; one mile. Rapid Firer, (imp.,) 105 pounds; Producer, (imp.,) 101; Killarney, 98; Malalaue, 98; King of the Wind, 104; *Star Right, 96; *Tell Me, 93; *All Bright, 98; Green Grass, 104; *Hope, 97; *Wichaka, 96.

THIRD RACE.—The Monumental Liberty Loan Handicap, selling, for all ages; six furlongs. King Worth, 118 pounds; Peep Sight, 112; Icarus, 110; Top o' the Wave, 108; Langdon, 107; Lord Fitzherbert, 105; Graphite, 102; Basie, 112; Star Finch, 111; Buck Shot, 109; Emden, 108; Buzz Around, 107; Anita, 105; Sea Beach, 95; Back Bay, 112; Eagle, 110; Harvest King, 108; Thorn Broom, (imp.,) 107; Uncle Hart, 105; Kama, 100.

FOURTH RACE.—The Anne Arundel Selling Stakes, for three-year-olds and upward; mile and a furlong. Damrosch, 121 pounds; Deck Mate, 104; *Little Nearer, 100; *Firing Line, 98; Ask Ma, 107; Libyan Sands, 107; *Hubbub, 103; Right, 98; Douglas S., 106; Sky Pilot, 103; Mooney Gus, 104.

FIFTH RACE.—The Old Glory Handicap, all ages; mile and a sixteenth. Roamer, 123 pounds; *Priscilla Mullens, 106; Shooting Star, 98; Wistful, 111; Dorcas, 100; †Damrosch, 108; Candle, 100.

SIXTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward, claiming; mile and a sixteenth. Obelus, 111 pounds; Joe Finn, 106; Front Royal, 103; Charmeuse, 100; Mr. Mack, 109; Tinkle Bell, 103; No Manager, 103; *Canto, 103; Dertworth, 108; Dr. Charcot, 103; Slumber, 103; *Broom Corn, 95.

SEVENTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward, claiming; mile and a sixteenth. Silk Bird, 100 pounds; Hampton Prime, 103; Baby Lynch, 103; Budweiser, 103; Sevillian, 106; Lucky R., 103; Billy Oliver, 103; Hidden Star, (imp.,) 100.

*Five pounds apprentice allowance claimed.
†J. K. L. Ross entry.

READY FOR TURF CONTEST.

Cmar Khayyam and Hourless Race for Championship Tomorrow.

LAUREL, Md., Oct. 16.—The postponement of a week, which sets the Omar Khayyam-Hourless race for Thursday, has greatly increased the interest in the match event for the three-year-old championship. There is every prospect that the race will take place as scheduled, for the track is now lightning fast. The morning workouts of the two horses have been closely watched, and although Hourless is admittedly in the best of condition, his rival still has the advantage so far as time trials go. On Sunday Hourless was sent over the full route of a mile and a quarter, and, running the first mile in 1:43, he finished the distance in 2:10, with plenty in hand.

The track was faster when Omar Khayyam went out for his final trial yesterday afternoon. He was sent along at a fast clip, so that he turned six furlongs in 1:15 2-5 and a mile in 1:40 4-5. He was eased then, but finished the mile and a quarter in 2:07. According to talk around the hotels, it is believed that 50,000 persons will be present to see the great race for the benefit of the Red Cross.

No Football for Aviators.

TORONTO, Ont., Oct. 16.—Camp Borden aviators, it was announced today, have decided that it will be impossible to play the Toronto and Boston games of American college football with the Harvard team, now in the United States army, as suggested by Head Coach Percy D. Haughton.

ATLANTA CUP GOES TO EARLY DREAMS

Five Heats Necessary to Decide Feature Race at Grand Circuit Meeting.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 16.—Five heats were required to determine the winner of the Atlanta Cup, the second racing event on the Grand Circuit today at Lakewood track, the honors finally going to Early Dreams, A. McDonald's bay gelding, driven by the owner. In addition to the cup was the big end of a $2,500 purse.

Lu Princeton, piloted by Cox, fought hard for the first four heats, winning the first and third and coming under the wire in second place in the second and fourth.

The other events were the 2:09 pace, won by Mary Rosalind Parr, in three straight heats, with Peter Nash second and Lady Fuller third. The 2:18 trot was won by Measles, and the Matron stakes, for three-year-olds, went to Donna Lola, with Evelyn Watts, second, and Abbie Dryad, third.

The summaries:

2:09 CLASS, PACING.

Three in five. $1,200.

Mary Rosalind Parr, blk. m., by Guy Princeton, (Valentine).....1 1 1
Peter Nash, ch. h., by Peter the Great, (Russell).....2 2 3
Lady Fuller, b. m., by George A Fuller, (Owen).....5 3 2
Spring Maid, ch. m., by the Abbe, (Murphy).....3 5 5
Dr. Griffin, b. g., by Gambetta Wilkes, (Stiles).....4 4 4
Time—2:05¼, 2:05¼, 2:05¼.

2:14

TWO RECITALS.

Betty Lane Shepherd, Soprano, and Frances Nash, Pianist, Appear.

A singer new to the New York concert halls, Betty Lane Shepherd, interested and pleased a good-sized audience at the Princess Theatre yesterday afternoon with her disclosure of an agreeable and well-managed voice, a sincere and straightforward style, and musical feeling. The voice is a soprano of excellent metal, not without power, that seemed of rather better quality when used with less power than with greater. Mrs. Shepherd's style is fluent and her delivery spontaneous, and her performance is musical and intelligent. Her program included a large variety, old songs by Marcello, Handel, and Brown, modern German, Lieder, and French songs, and a group of American ones.

Frances Nash, a young pianist, who has been heard before in New York, gave a recital yesterday afternoon in Aeolian Hall. Greatly daring, she played a fine fugue in A minor, with a short prelude by Bach, written for the harpsichord. She delivered it with great spirit and at a speed that, together with a lack of rhythmic firmness, made it sometimes a little cloudy. The prelude is composed of a succession of chords; it was the invariable custom of Bach's time to play such chords "arpeggioed," and these probably should be so played. Miss Nash was somewhat overweighted by Chopin's B Minor Sonata. There was much vivacity and characteristic expression in her playing of the six pieces of Debussy's "Coin des Enfants," the titles of which offer a promise not fulfilled in ingenuity and humor, though Miss Nash made them count for all there is in them.

Valli Valli Wed to Louis Dreyfus.

It was learned yesterday that Valli Valli, an actress well known here by reason of her work in many musical comedies, was married recently to Louis Dreyfus, a member of the firm of Harms, Day & Hunter, music publishers. Miss Valli, who has been on the stage since childhood, made her last appearance here season before last in George Cohan's revue. In the interim she has been appearing in motion pictures.

Fred Stone's Triumph!
HIS HIT AT THE GLOBE
Unparalleled on B'way
FIRST MATINEE TO-DAY 2:20
Fred Stone, the Inimitable
IN HIS PYRAMIDAL SUCCESS
Jack O'Lantern

Carnegie Hall, Tues., Oct. 23, at 8:30.
CAPT. A. RADCLYFFE
DUGMORE
of King's Own Yorkshire Light Infantry
in a Soldier's Story of the War.
Illustrated with Colored Slides and Official British Motion Pictures entitled
Fighting It Out
Brig. Gen. W. A. White Presiding.
Benefit British-Am. War Relief Fund & Y. M. C. A.
Tickets $2 to 50c. At all agencies, Br.-Am. War Relief, 5 E. 59th, and Box Office.
Mgt. J. B. Pond, Lyceum Bureau.

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Dixie's Amazing Contribution to the Strength of America and Our Allies Is Shown Graphically in the Exhibit Section of the Southern Commercial Congress at the Hotel Astor.
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Room & Private Bath, $3 to $4 Per Day
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GRAMERCY PARK SOUTH.
DAVID AND WILLIAM J. KNOTT, PROPRIETORS.
Use of private park fronting hotel. Most exclusive residential neighborhood.
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Entire building now being renovated and refurnished.
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"A PLAY THAT IS SECOND TO NO OTHER IN NEW YORK AS HIGH-GRADE ENTERTAINMENT." —Stephen Rathbun, Eve. Sun.
A LONDON HIT TURNED INTO A NEW YORK HIT at the COMEDY THEATRE.
BRINGS TO MIND THE 13TH CHAIR
A. E. ANSON
GIVES FINE PERFORMANCE in the BARTON MYSTERY
—Porter, World.
ANSON IN AN IRVING-LIKE ROLE, GIVES SUPERB PERFORMANCE. —Globe Telegram.
Evgs. 8:20. Matinees Tomor. and Sat., 2:20.
PLAYHOUSE West 48th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:15 MATINEE TODAY.
Grace George
& Her Playhouse EVE'S DAUGHTER Company in
CASINO 39th & Broadway. Evgs 8:25. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:25.
Arthur Hammerstein's Musical Farce
Furs & Frills
"A Real Casino Hit."—Eve. World.
48TH ST. THEA. Tel. 178 Bryant. Evgs 8:20 Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:20.
The Land of the Free
with FLORENCE NASH
Soldiers and Sailors in Uniform Half Price.
PLYMOUTH 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20 Mats. Today & Sat. 2:20.
Mr. William Gillette
"A Successful Calamity."
By Clare Kummer.
SHUBERT 44th, W. of B'way. Evenings 8. Mats. Today & Sat., 2.
LEE & J. J. SHUBERT'S MODEL MUSICAL PRODUCTION.
MAYTIME Music That Tingles—Scenes That Charm—Cast That Acts & Sings.
Charles Purcell, Peggy Wood & Wm. Norris.
BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Tel. 430 Bryant. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30
"SMART" "MERRY" "CHARMING" "DIFFERENT" Saturday to Monday
Beginning MONDAY, OCT. 22 SEATS TOM'W
Henry Batalle's The TORCHES with Lester Lonergan. Latest Play
39TH ST. THEA., Near B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Matinee Today & Sat., 2:30
A Thrilling Mys- tery Drama "DE LUXE ANNIE" With Jane Grey and Vincent Serrano.
Broadhurst 44th, W. of B'way. Tel. 64 Bryant Evs. 8:20. Mts. Tues. & Sat. 2:20.
Mr. Faversham Presents BERNARD SHAW'S Misalliance
With Maclyn Arbuckle & Katharine Kaelred.
MOROSCO 45 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20
Oliver Morosco's Laughing Sensation
LOMBARDI, LTD.
BIGGEST COMEDY HIT IN YEARS. SEATS 8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.
LONGACRE West 48th St. Evenings 8:15 Mats. Today & Sat., 2:15
DELIGHTFUL, TUNEFUL AND GAY
LEAVE IT TO JANE
"In all probability will equal the popularity record now being established by 'Oh, Boy.'—Several kinds of a hit—a deserved success." —Burns Mantle, Eve. Mail.
"'Leave It to Jane' is good entertainment—a decidedly clever cast—a jolly success. You will surely like it." —Charles Darnton, Eve. World.
BOOTH 45th St., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:25. $1.50 Matinee Today 2:25.
GUY BATES POST IN THE MASQUERADER
Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. $1.50 Mat. Today 2:30.
MARJORIE RAMBEAU in EYES OF YOUTH
ASTOR Broadway & 45th St. Evgs. 8:30. $1.50 Matinee Today, 2:30
The Very Idea!!
Ernest TRUEX Richard BENNETT
"Uproariously laughable throughout."—Tribune.
PRINCESS 39th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Today & Sat. 2:15.
"OH, BOY!" "Smartest of musical comedies."—Ev. Sun.
RAYMOND HITCHCOCK'S 44TH ST. THEATRE TONIGHT 8:15
Matinees Today and Saturday, 2:15.
HITCHY-KOO An Intimate Revue, with Raymond Hitchcock, Grace La Rue, William Rock and Frances White, Leon Errol, Irene Bordoni.
ALL-STAR BENEFIT FOR N. Y. STATE PRISON COUNCIL NEXT SUN. NIGHT.
CORT 48th St., E. of Broadway. Evgs. 8:25. Mats. Today (Pop.) & Sat. at 2:25.
Kate Douglas Wiggin & Rachel Crothers' Comedy
MOTHER CAREY'S CHICKENS with EDITH TALIAFERRO
STANDARD B'way & 90th. Evgs. 25c to $1. Mat. Tomorrow, 25c & 50c.
ANDREW MACK in "MOLLY DEAR."
Loew's 7th Ave. 124th St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. Tomorrow, 25 to 50c.
"THE KNIFE" Eugene Walter's Breathless Melodrama.
Yorkville THEA., 86 St., nr. Lex. Av. Evs. 8:15. Sat. Mat. 2:15 MIZI GIZI
ADOLF PHILIPP "NEW YORK" IN HIS LATEST MUSICAL COMEDY-DRAMA
IRVING PLACE IRVING PLACE & 15TH STREET
Evs. 8:15 "Das Dreimaederlhaus" & Sat Mat. Musical Comedy by Franz Schubert.

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NEW AMSTERDAM 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mts Today & Sat.
MATINEE TODAY. ALL SEATS 50c to $2.
KLAW & ERLANGER'S GEM OF LAUGHTER, MELODY AND BEAUTY
The Riviera Girl
Music, Kalman; Book & Lyrics, Bolton & Wodehouse
AFTER THE PERFORMANCE ROOF MEETING PLACE OF THE WORLD
ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC
EMPIRE Broadway & 40th St. Evenings at 8:15.
MATINEES TODAY & SAT., 2:20.
JULIA SANDERSON JOSEPH CAWTHORN In the new Musical Comedy RAMBLER ROSE
"A distinct hit." —Alan Dale.
"Never failed to give fresh delight." —Times
"Succeeded gloriously." —Tribune.
"Gales of laughter." —Journal.
"The music and the fun kept pace with the ever-changing scenes." —Herald.
GEO. M. COHAN THEA., B'way, 43 St. Evs. 8:23 Mats. Today & Sat., 2:25.
THE IRRESISTIBLE SCREAM
Here Comes the Bride
KNICKERBOCKER Theatre, B'way at 38th St. Evs. 8:25. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:25.
GEORGE ARLISS 'HAMILTON' In his new play
"FAR FINER, NOBLER AND TRUER THAN 'DISRAELI.'"—Times.
GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:20.
THE TARKINGTON-STREET PLAY
THE COUNTRY COUSIN
With ALEXANDRA CARLISLE
LIBERTY WEST 42D ST. Evenings 8:20. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:20.
Laurette Taylor
In J. Hartley Manners' Play "OUT THERE" 2d YEAR
HUDSON West 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:25.
Miss BILLIE BURKE in CLARE KUMMER'S NEW PLAY "The Rescuing Angel."
LYCEUM West 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:30.
DAVID BELASCO presents
Tiger Rose
HARRIS WEST 42 ST. TONIGHT 8:20
JOSEPH RITER will present "ROMANCE and ARABELLA" with LAURA HOPE CREWS.
FULTON West 46th St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:20.
POPULAR PRICE MATINEE TODAY.
The Claim A Robert Service Story Come to Life.
Vivid Western Drama from the Bret Hart Zone.
REPUBLIC W. 42d St. Evs. 8:25 Matinees Today & Sat. 2:25.
John BARRYMORE Constance COLLIER Lionel BARRYMORE in PETER IBBETSON
COHAN & HARRIS W. 42 St. Mats. Today & Sat.
Funniest American Comedy of Recent Years
A Tailor-Made Man with GRANT MITCHELL
CRITERION B'way, 44 St. Evs. 8:30. Last Mats. Today & Sat. Week.
Robert Hilliard
THE SCRAP OF PAPER
TUES., Oct. 23 HENRY MILLER
BELASCO West 44th St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:30.
Polly With a Past
ELTINGE 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:30.
Business Before Pleasure
With Barney Bernard & Alexander Carr
Loew's American Roof 42d St., W. B'way. NAT. CARR "Hoosier Girl" McCowan & Gordon And 6 Other Acts. Every Eve. at 8:15. All Seats Reserved 25, 35, 50
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Max R. Wilner Presents
David Kessler, Morris Moskowitz, Rosa Karp, Morris Schwartz
In a new play
The Value of a Mother
By H. Kalmanowitz.
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Dolly Sisters, Vanderbilt & Moore, McKay & Ardine, "The Notorious Delphine," and Conroy & Claire.
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EVA TANGUAY, WALTER C. KELLY, LYONS & YOSCO, Sarah Padden & Co., & others.
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Mat. TO-DAY Best Seats $1.00 Evgs. at 8:15
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POSTPONED UNTIL MONDAY, OCT. 22
Tickets Dated Oct. 15 Good that Night.
Chu Chin Chow
Now in its Second Year in London.
2 SPECIAL MATINEES TOMORROW (Oct. 18) FRIDAY, Oct. 19.
LADY DUFF-GORDON
Presents "FLEURETTE'S DREAM" in aid of the Franco-American Fund for Restoring the Devastated Cities of France
BOOTH THEATRE 3:30 P. M. Seats $5.00
CARNEGIE HALL, Sat. Aft., Oct. 20, at 3.
Only New York Recital (Knabe Piano.)
GODOWSKY
Seats 50 cts. to $2. M'g'ment Haensel & Jones.
A NEW SINGER, Elizabeth WOOD
CONTRALTO, SONG RECITAL.
Tickets 50c to $1.50. Mgt. Foster & David.
Carnegie Hall, Sunday Aft., Oct. 28, at 3.
Tickets 75 cts. to $2.
Boxes $15 and $18.
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COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Twice Daily, 2:15 & 8:15. Pop. Prices
Sam Howe and His Big Show

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William Fox Presents THEDA BARA in
CLEOPATRA
"THE SERPENT OF THE NILE"
"Miss Bara's impersonation is quite up to expectations. She seemed a little cold in some scenes—cold, for a siren, but that may have been the fault of her costumes. We should be interested to know whether her impersonation has the value of authenticity, also whether Cleopatra did go about exposing so much of her charm, but in all probability we shall have to remain in ignorance. We know so few Egyptians!"—Eve. Mail.
LYRIC THEATRE 42D STREET. West of Broadway.
Mat. 2:30—Eves. 8:30. 25c to $1.00. (All Seats Reserved.)
Seats 6 Weeks in Advance.

PUBLIC APOLOGY
Mr. WILLIAM FOX wishes to apologize to those hundreds who at each performance of THEDA BARA in CLEOPATRA are turned away owing to the limited seating capacity of the LYRIC THEATRE; and in order to accommodate this part of the public announces the sale of reserved seats six weeks in advance.

STRAND B'way & 47th St. CONT. 11 A. M. to 12 P. M.
BILLIE BURKE in "Arms and the Girl." Soloists, Symphony Concert Today 2:15. Adriano Ariani, Cond.
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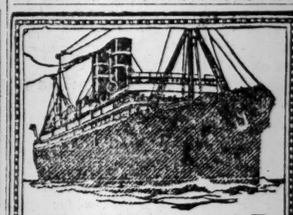

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NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, OCT. 17, 1917.

THE WAR AND THE MARKETS.

Wall Street is an important market, but it is only one of our markets. To understand what the price movements signify, it is necessary to bring into the picture all the markets, and then to relate them individually to an unaccustomed and uneconomic factor, the war. To illustrate, the building market is very important. It comprises many materials and commands much labor. Ordinarily it would be necessary to lament its depression and to sympathize with the leading citizens who yesterday met here and resolved that it was desirable to stimulate the building industry. But it is necessary to remember that we are at war and that skyscrapers will do nothing to help win the war, either here or "over there." For the present the depression in the building industry is one of the best signs of the times. It signifies that money is being found for winning the war in a quarter where it can be spared.

This city shows this more than the rest of the country. In a sense this city is particularly a sufferer by the fact that for the nine months of this year $37,000,000 has been put into buildings, against $118,000,000 last year. It is regrettable, but it is not a loss. There are buildings enough for necessity, and the arrest of construction puts values into every existing structure. There is not in the country enough money or labor to sustain both the accustomed industries of peace and those of war. It is necessary to make a choice, and the country prospers more by cantonments than by skyscrapers. There is no question of prostration by the shift in the industry. In the whole country the expenditures for constructional and engineering work this year are $1,278,640,000, against $970,250,000 last year.

The railway industry shows a similar reassuring contrast, with an important difference. The security prices are those of panic times. To look at the quotations of Wall Street alone, anybody would imagine that we were back in the old times when railways went into receivership with beautiful balance sheets, including millions of unlawful rebates as assets and streaks of rust as rights of way. The usefulness of railways, particularly in war time, is to be looked for in work. The first question about the railways is how they are meeting the demands of war. That is a world concern, and the answer is reassuring. For July, the latest month reported, the railways were 20 per cent. more efficient than last year. With practically the same equipment, and with much greater costs, they transported thirty-three billion tons of freight, against twenty-seven billion tons last year. It is a world lesson of efficiency and patriotism, and the shareholders are entitled to a reward which they are not getting. But the main thing is that the railways are helping to win the war in the very best way, and are setting an example to all of work with only second thought of wages.

The case of the industrials is different, although the prices of their securities are equally distressing. What the market for them illustrates is that this war is being financed on savings rather than on profits, so far as intelligence can control events. The method of war finance in an earlier economic era was to allow price increases indefinitely, and when individual prices became unendurable to reduce them by edict. We signaled our entry into war by buying war material at a rate so low that it disturbed the wage scale. We quickly learned that prices could not be disturbed in their relations without disaster. Accordingly, we are controlling industries from the ground to the consumer and are supplying war demands first. Ordinary industry can have what is left, but is not allowed to bid prices sky high, with the sure result of a destructive explosion. It is not to be denied that there are difficulties about this method. One of them is the reaction of the war industries to the discovery that there will be no such feast for them at the expense of others as they had thought. But the country is more to be thought of than the war brides, or the railway shareholders, or the builders.

Recollecting that the war costs already approach one hundred billions, it is necessary to admit that another method of finance is necessary if the world is to be saved from incurring bankruptcy as the ransom of liberty. No blame is to be imputed to those who made great and quick decisions under the crisis imposed upon them by a ruthless foe. They held the pass while we were finding out where our duty lay. But for the billions spent by our allies, to our profit, Germany would now be victorious, and we should be holding out our hands for the Kaiser's bonds, instead of the bonds offered by our Government in the cause of the world. Every dollar put into the Liberty Loan is surety of sustained activity in all industries necessary for winning the war, with the most moderate cost attainable. Nothing else matters. The worst, or best, enemies of Kaiserism are those willing to work overtime for fair wages, and those who save what they can to find the means for paying the wages. Nothing is more sure than that the billions paid in for Liberty bonds will be paid out in wages mostly, and with only a moderate allowance for profits. It is a pity that the prices of shares should fall, but it is necessary for the rescue of Liberty. The significance of the decline of shares is not that they are worth less, but that they will be worth more when the mortgage of ruthless warfare is lifted.

FOOLING AUSTRIA, TOO.

It begins to look as if GEORG GOTHEIN, the German Progressive leader, knew what he was talking about when he said, over a week ago, that "Germany's allies were not inclined to "continue the war for Pan German "plans of conquest, but were striving "for peace by understanding and conciliation, while the Pan German "clamor for annexations was finding "a bad reception among them." This utterance of his followed hard on Count CZERNIN'S Budapest speech, in which the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister broke completely with the Michaelis policy of vague and indefinite phrases about peace. The Deutsche Tageszeitung now charges, without meeting a denial, that CZERNIN has broken with MICHAELIS in more than methods; that he urged MICHAELIS to adopt his own policy of offering peace terms, and that when MICHAELIS returned a vague reply CZERNIN announced that he would no longer negotiate with him.

Of course this may all be for effect on enemy opinion, for the purpose of inducing the enemy to hear with more kindness what Austria has to say. CZERNIN'S own peace offers are scarcely disguised hoaxes, and have no merit except that they are definite in form. But all we have heard from Austria tends to confirm the opinion that she is urgently in need of peace, that she has given up all idea of conquest, and that she is growing impatient with Germany because that country does not go with her in this. Germany, through her spokesmen, puts forward empty phrases that can be taken to mean an acquiescence in Austria's views, and can also be taken to mean just the opposite. Austria knows that Germany has adopted this kind of procedure when it is the hoodwinking of the Allies that she has in mind, and naturally assumes that it is now intended to hoodwink Austria. "It looks," said the Vienna Arbeiter Zeitung, "as if all this peace talk [from "Germany] were nothing whatever "but a convenient alibi intended to "appease popular opinion and pacify "the Socialists," and it strongly hinted that MICHAELIS was perpetrating "a pure and simple swindle."

But apparently MICHAELIS is so convinced of the merits of the meaningless phrase that he employs it not only against the Allies, and even against the Austrian people, but in his diplomatic correspondence with CZERNIN, who is incensed and breaks off relations with him. In view of all this, there may possibly be something in the Athens dispatch, published yesterday, to the effect that Austria and her allies were forcing Germany to make a real peace proposal.

EMIGRATION AFTER THE WAR.

It was known nearly a year ago that many immigrants here were buying tickets for return passage to their old homes in Europe after the war. Immigration Commissioner HOWE, in last Sunday's TIMES, spoke of an inquiry made by steamship and railroad companies, which shows that at least 1,000,000 persons are planning to go back. He thinks that 2,000,000 will go in the first year of peace if ships to carry them can be found. Some long to see relatives and friends from whom they have had no messages. Others will seek family property to which they may now be entitled. Some expect that land in Europe will be cheap, owing to the distribution of large estates, or that there will be a demand for their labor, with high wages.

Undoubtedly we shall lose, at least for a time, many immigrants in the first year or two after the end of the war, and there may be only a few newcomers to take their places. But the loss may be merely temporary. Conditions in the countries now belligerent cannot be clearly foreseen. There may be available land, but it should be borne in mind that the plans for attracting farmers relate, so far, mainly to the British colonies and are for the benefit of discharged soldiers, rather than for emigrants returning from America. Those who expect to profit by high wages will probably be disappointed. Workmen will be required for rebuilding, but exhausted and possibly bankrupt nations will not be able to pay high wages. Those who return will find living conditions much less favorable there than in this country. This will lead many to seek America again. England and France expect that men from their armies will desire to come to this country. Probably they will be restrained by legislation and diverted to colonies by farms offered at merely nominal prices.

If 1,000,000 or 2,000,000 who have settled here cross the ocean, we may see three-quarters of them returning within a short time. Their departure from the United States, however, will reduce our supply of labor, and the effect of it must not be overlooked by legislators, both State and Federal. A year ago it was estimated that there was a farm labor shortage of 2,000,000 men, owing chiefly to the attractions of munition factories and lack of immigration. But planting was not prevented, and the crops have been harvested. After the declaration of peace a great number will be released from the munition work, and our soldiers will resume their old occupations. Agriculture and other industries may not suffer then on account of the emigration which has been planned.

EDWARD A. DITHMAR.

As dramatic critic, as London correspondent, as editor of THE REVIEW OF BOOKS, and as editorial writer, EDWARD A. DITHMAR, who died last night, served THE NEW YORK TIMES for forty years faithfully and with a degree of ability that won for him the respect of his co-workers and the confidence of the public. Writing well and with authority upon a wide range of subjects, Mr. DITHMAR was an arbiter and guide to sound opinion in things that make for the beauty and the joy of life. New York was dear to him, for he was an old New Yorker, and his interest was vital in all works and efforts for its betterment and for the welfare and happiness of its people; and he was an untiring defender of the city, of its parks, its streets, its monuments, and all public possessions against encroachment and misusage.

The work of Mr. DITHMAR in dramatic criticism—years have passed since he left that field—was fine literature, veritable belles-lettres. His knowledge of the stage and his memory of its great figures and traditions were wonderful, and he had a sense of values in the actor's art that was unfailingly just and true. It was a delight to his soul when a worthy play was presented by actors who could feel and express the poetry of the author; yet for so fine a nature he was singularly little disturbed by mere badness in play or players. He simply passed the matter by as not worth getting wrought up about, so escaping the common fault of wasting denunciation on ignoble objects.

In the effort to arouse the American people to the need of military preparation he worked with unflagging zeal. To Congress in its slow beginnings of legislation to that end, to every worker and exhorter in that field, he gave whole-hearted encouragement and help, and diligent study had given him full and exact knowledge of what measures of preparation were essential to our safety. His thought and his pen turned to that subject in the hour of need, as they always did to the aid of any public cause where action could be reached only through the awakened interest of the people.

Mr. DITHMAR had in a high degree the priceless quality of sound judgment. In the routine of the office it fell to him now and then to have charge of the editorial page, and we can recall no occasion when this newspaper has had cause to regret any oversight or indiscretion of his committing. But he had so many of the qualities and competencies of his calling, a fine and admirable style of writing, a knowledge of what is best in English literature, a philosophy of life in which humor had its place, the habit of observation, a breadth of interests that passed nothing by in which pleasure or profit of the mind was to be found, that embarrassment arises in the choice for mention. Those who have worked at his side through the many years feel that a very dear friend has left them, an admired and much-respected craftsman he was, but as well, most of all, a companion they esteemed and loved.

THEORY OF A MYSTERY.

When Judge HYLAN was sprung upon a wondering city by the Tammany annexes that ushered him on the way to Tammany "ratification," the reason of his nomination was a mystery. Mr. HEARST'S sponsorship lifted a corner of the curtain, but the essential mystery remains. Could Tammany find no citizen of distinction and character who would consent to its honors and throw the mantle of his good name and abilities over the "very hungry and very thirsty" Tiger? Apparently not, or else Tammany did not dare to try an experiment that has disappointed it in the past. Mayor MCCLELLAN in his second term, Justice GAYNOR, were reminders to Mr. MURPHY. Respectability and talent are not likely to be docile. A few months ago it was the general belief that Mr. MURPHY would seek an imposing figurehead for his pirate ship. No. He wants somebody who won't "turn on" him, somebody that will be faithful "through thick and thin." He needs the Mayor's three Board of Estimate votes in his business.

Judge HYLAN, at first greeted with laughter or curses by the faithful in the Wigwam, by public incredulity and bewilderment, has not improved on acquaintance. He has nothing to say for himself. He reads his daily lesson meekly. Day after day, night after night, he poliparrots the romances prepared for him by Mr. MURPHY'S Professors of Political Pseudology. If he knows as much about city affairs as a backward boy of 16, whose mental development was impeded by scarlet fever, ought to know, he doesn't show it. It seems not in nature for a man to be as ignorant as he seems to be. Mr. MURPHY'S interest in having an obedient pupil for Mayor is obvious. A colorless candidate has certain advantages. On the other hand, the effect upon the public of a candidate so blank may be far other than Mr. MURPHY supposes.

Irrespective of that, we see Judge HYLAN as he appears to be. Impossibly unfit to be Mayor, fit to be Mr. MURPHY'S Mayor. But Mr. MURPHY knows that good behavior during a campaign and copious promises don't guarantee absolute obedience in office. He wants a Mayor who will always do as he is told. Suppose that a candidate unknown to the public has a skeleton closet of which Mr. MURPHY has the key? Suppose that doubtful transactions and associates can be raked up in that candidate's career. Suppose the knowledge or the record of them, embarrassing and hard to explain, is possessed by the wily elector. Would that knowledge be treasured as a compeller of obedience in the future? So armed, might not the boss look forward complacently to an administration which he would hold in his hand, and look backward without envy to the incorruptible laurels of, say, the Van Wyck administration?

Supposing, of course supposing, for Judge HYLAN is an innocent and Mr. MURPHY a Puritan. But there must be some hypotheses to account for the mystery. If a present blank were once covered with writing, how interesting to the fine old palaeographer in East Fourteenth Street!

Why HYLAN? Who is HYLAN? What is HYLAN? Contributions to these too-neglected branches of useful knowledge are beginning to come in.

A BENNETT MEETING.

The singular meeting in the Brooklyn Academy of Music Monday night was not a Republican meeting. It was a Bennett meeting. Mr. BENNETT'S sole claim for Republican support is his status as the regular Republican nominee. His associates on the Republican ticket, Controller PRENDERGAST, for instance, and Brooklyn Borough President POUNDS, are just as regular Republican candidates as he is. The Bennett managers would not allow the distribution in the hall of any "literature" in favor of the other Republican nominees. "We cannot permit "literature for Mr. POUNDS or for "any other Republican candidate," said Mr. BENNETT'S managers, "to be "distributed at the Academy meeting. The meeting is for Mr. BENNETT alone." Mr. JACOB LIVINGSTON, somewhat of a rockbound regular himself, saw no reason why the "literature" of Mr. BENNETT'S associates on the regular Republican ticket should be tabooed; but Mr. LIVINGSTON did not control the arrangements of the show. These were in the hands of Mr. BENNETT'S managers. They and he insisted that it should be for his benefit alone.

The Republicans of Brooklyn, the Republicans of Greater New York, have thus had an opportunity of seeing how deep Mr. BENNETT'S devotion to party regularity is, how strong is his interest in Republican nominations, what an unselfish soldier of the Republican Party he is. In Brooklyn especially this demonstration of the sole and sacred regularity of Mr. BENNETT must have a profound effect.

This all-for-Bennett assemblage was dominated by Justice CROPSEY, anointing his successor in the race from which he reluctantly withdrew, and baring to an astounded public the wounds of his spurned beauty. The city sees many strange sights, but seldom a spectacle more curious and unedifying than a Justice of the Supreme Court leaving the still air of delightful studies to make a political stump speech of extreme violence and virulence. There would be disgust on the part of all who heard him if a cart-tail orator had dared to say of one of the most honored citizens of the United States:

> HUGHES is now representing the Mayor, not for glory, not for love of the city, but for the many thousands of good dollars that you and I paid into the public treasury.

Coming from the lips of a Justice of the State Supreme Court, this slander is shocking. It is thoroughly in harmony with the general temper of the address. Governor WHITMAN has "surrendered to the moneybund," Senator CALDER "has straddled so often that he is bowlegged," the New York newspapers that support Mr. MITCHEL were "bought, body and boots, by the moneybund." Mr. MITCHEL is controlled by "the moneybund," and so on in the richest Thersites vein.

Such is the dignity, the impartiality, the accuracy of this Justice, flinging himself recklessly into a faction and emitting the gall of personal disappointments and political grudges. The city and the State are humiliated by this self-exposure. It will tax old memories to recall a more shameless merger of the Justice in the heated partisan.

In the time left to him after his polite attentions to eminent Republican leaders, the Fusion Committee, and Mr. MITCHEL, Justice CROPSEY, as strong in logic as in urbanity, attacked Judge HYLAN. Since his efforts, if they have any effect in behalf of Mr. BENNETT, who also spoke, can only contribute toward the election of the Tammany candidate, this part of his speech was as feeble as most of it was apoplectic.

Apart from the regret and anger excited by the bench imitating the amenities of the boozing ken, this Cropsey-Bennett meeting for BENNETT alone may be viewed with satisfaction by the friends of honest government. It shows the Republican rump snarling at the course of the most distinguished Republicans, the known and growing sentiment of the Republican majority. It was a bold disclosure of Mr. BENNETT, if any coup de grace was necessary for the dispatch of a futile candidacy. A Bennett meeting that will turn many Republican votes to MITCHEL.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Pacifism Well Expressed.

In the October issue of the Century Magazine there appears, under the title of "A Letter," a poem by RUTH COMFORT MITCHELL. This is a poem that might be, and probably will be, characterized with some severity by many readers, especially by parents who have sons in the training camps, but here and for present purposes to call it "peculiar" or "surprising" is enough. Its two most striking lines, perhaps, are these:

> What has this loathsome war to do with us?
> What is this wickedness to you and me?

There speaks, or rather writes, the perfect pacifist, perfectly. She sees the war as though it were a battle in some city slum between gangsters who had fallen out over the division of blackmail. The Central Powers and the Allies she views with a fine refusal to discriminate between the motives by which they are impelled, the objects they seek. In consistency, and therefore presumably, she would have a like equality of scorn for two fighting men, one of whom had attacked her in a lonely field and the other had risked death to save her life or honor.

But that is not the only notable passage in this poem. Its author tells of motoring through what she calls a "preparedness camp." She describes the men in it as "poor, earnest, eager things," who are "scuttling like ants whose hill is trod upon." And she understands so well why they are there! They are:

> Preparing, as the cave dwellers prepared;
> Preparing like the prehistoric man;
> Preparing like Dark Ages, only lit
> With hellish modern ingenuity
> To plunge a radiant, up-standing world
> Back into dark, abysmal ooze and slime.

How keen the pacifist eye—how generous and how accurate the pacifist judgment! Of course the men in the camps, and a good many of us who are not there, had imagined that they were getting ready to do something quite different.

Perhaps they and we still think so, in spite of RUTH COMFORT MITCHELL.

Didn't He Have a Telephone?

It is significant of much, as an inventor of happy phrases might put it, that a recent cable dispatch from Berlin explained the failure of the German Government to take immediate action on the demand of the Reichstag for a change of Ministers and the negotiation of peace by saying that the Kaiser was away on a visit to his friend FERDINAND in Sofia, and that of course nothing could be done until he returned.

When one remembers how supremely important to the welfare and to the very existence of Germany is the prompt and wise meeting of the present crisis in the empire's affairs, this cool admission that everything depends on the presence in the capital of one man gives a new realization of the risks incidental to autocratic rule, and a new inclination to wonder why the German people, who do not lack several of the various sorts of intelligence, are still content to let their fate rest on a foundation so insecure. One also remembers, however, that there are telephones in Europe, and that, though the service there is everywhere pretty bad, from the American point of view, it does work, especially for favored patrons like the Kaiser. As the distance between Berlin and Sofia is far less than that covered thousands of times every day by our own "long distance," and as the wires linking the two cities are now, so far as known, available for use, the fact that no resort was made to them in this case gives some ground for suspecting that the Kaiser's inability to speak the decisive word so much needed may have been after the order of those illnesses so often suffered by diplomats who want to gain time for the ripening of one of their little plots or schemes.

Possibly he is a bit incautious thus to call the attention of his subjects to their utter dependence on his will and pleasure. Already there are some among them—the number seems to be increasing in about equal ratio with the waning of the food supply—to whom it has occurred that they might manage to get along, after a fashion, even if his power were slightly restricted, and not quite everything were kept waiting till he was ready to attend to it.

The entrance of such ideas into German minds is dangerous—for him.

OUR SOLDIERS.

Not with a clamor of shouting and tumult of cheers,
Wrung from a thousand lips,
Not with the blaring of trumpets and rattle of drums
Shall they march to their ships.

But without sound or farewell shall they sail from our shores,
Piercing the dusk of the dawn,
Seeking not glory but honor and peace at the last,
Won for a world unborn.

MEDORA ADDISON NUTTER.

LA FOLLETTE BALKS AT PLAN OF INQUIRY

Tells Senate Committee It Must Make Out a Bill of Formal Charges Against Him.

EAGER TO CALL WITNESSES

Declares He Is Ready to Prove Statements He Made in St. Paul—Calls the Procedure an "Insult."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Senator La Follette brought the Senate inquiry into his St. Paul speech to an abrupt and dramatic halt this afternoon. He appeared before the investigating committee, submitted a statement calling its method of procedure "an insult," declined to take part in the inquiry under the conditions imposed, and then strode out of the room.

The committee immediately went into executive session for several hours, after which it was announced that, "Senator La Follette having declined to furnish the committee with the information desired, it would be necessary to seek the facts elsewhere." Although this statement was not illuminated by any official explanation, it is understood that the committee has decided that Senator La Follette's attitude makes it necessary to extend the inquiry, with the calling of officials of the State Department and probably William Jennings Bryan as witnesses. It may be several days or several weeks before the investigation is resumed. The committee wants to take stock of the situation in which it has been placed and to deliberate informally as to the course to be pursued in the future.

A large crowd, mostly women, who brought their knitting with them, was on hand at the committee room today, expecting a sensation when Senator La Follette took the stand. The members of the committee filed in and took their seats around the table. Fifteen minutes of tense waiting ensued. Senator La Follette, according to his invariable custom on such occasions, was late. Then he came, alone, and took a seat at the table beside the committee. Senator Pomerene made a few prefatory remarks, and then invited Senator La Follette to make any statement he wished.

The Wisconsin Senator expressed regret at being late. Then he said: "I have prepared a statement in the form of a letter to the Chairman, which I respectfully submit. That is all the statement I deem it necessary or proper to make at this time. I bid you good morning, gentlemen." He bowed and without another word stepped briskly out of the room.

La Follette's Letter.

Senator Pomerene immediately ordered the clerk to read the statement, which was as follows:

"My Dear Senator:

"Your favor of the 15th inst. was delivered at my office yesterday afternoon, in reply to mine delivered to you on the 13th inst.

"In your reply you say:

"'The sub-committee begs to assure you that its members are keenly alive to the importance of the inquiry and the grave responsibilities devolving upon them.'

"I note, also, that you say that my 'right to have counsel, cross-examine witnesses, or to have witnesses subpoenaed' in my behalf will be recognized, and that every facility will be afforded me 'as a matter of course to inspect any and all documents submitted to the committee.'

"I am gratified that your sub-committee thus expresses its keen appreciation of the importance of the inquiry and the responsibility of its members in making it, as well as the importance of having the investigation conducted in accordance with the well-settled rules of practice governing the proceedings of all quasi-judicial bodies.

"In view of the foregoing statement made by you, I was not a little surprised that you should say in the next sentence of your letter that 'under such a rule of the Senate provide no formal method of procedure in inquiries such as are now pending,' the sub-committee in the exercise of its right to determine the manner of the proceeding has decided to invite me to appear before it in the first instance, 'to verify statements contained in your [my] speech, or to make such explanations as you [I] may desire to make, and to give to the committee the source of your [my] information.'

"You further add: 'If after receiving such information as you may have to give to the committee it is deemed desirable to pursue the investigation further, such other witnesses may be subpoenaed as you may suggest or the committee may desire.'

Incident Without a Precedent.

"I have no doubt you are correct in your position that the rules of the Senate, in inquiries of this character, make no provision that the Senator against whom charges are preferred shall have a right to be informed specifically what the charges are and to hear the evidence in support of them and cross-examine such witnesses as may be produced and examine such evidence as may be offered in support of said charges, and then be allowed the opportunity to meet such charges by proper evidence. The reasons why the rules of the Senate do not so provide I conceive to be that no one ever before thought any other procedure would be followed.

"Concerning my request, twice before repeated in writing to the committee, that if the correctness of any statement of fact in the speech is to be questioned that I be advised by the committee what statement of fact is so questioned, and that I have the right to cross-examine any one testifying adversely to any of the statements of fact in the speech, you merely say: 'With reference to the suggestions that you be furnished information concerning the specific statement in the speech the accuracy of which is challenged, you are advised that the committee has challenged no assertion thereof, but on your appearance each member of the committee will feel at liberty, in the spirit of frankness and candor which ought to characterize the proceeding, to direct your attention to such portions of the address in question as to him may seem open to question.'

"It seems to me that a spirit of frankness and candor required you to point out the statements in the speech, in advance of the taking of any testimony the accuracy of which you propose to investigate, or which seems to any member of your committee open to question. You say in your letter that the question, and the only question, you are now considering, since I have furnished you with a copy of the speech, is 'the accuracy of the statements contained in the speech.'

Attacks War Taxation.

"The speech contains scores of statements relating to a variety of subjects, including the subject of taxation in Wisconsin and in other States, the financing of this and other wars, the amounts of money raised by taxation and bond issues to finance other wars, the injustice and wrong involved in the methods adopted by Congress in financing the present war, the large profits that various concerns and individuals are making out of this war, and the large and unconscionable profits which have been made out of other wars, and a large number of other statements.

"The newspapers have reported from time to time since you first wrote me in this matter your activities in gathering statements and records to be used as evidence in the proceeding. I hope that these reports were incorrect, for I have received no notice of such action on the part of the committee, nor have I been afforded an opportunity to examine or refute anything that may have been so gathered. From the same source—the newspapers—I am advised that what I said in reply to the question from the audience concerning the Lusitania matter was to be a special subject of investigation by your committee. I earnestly hope that what I said on that subject may be thoroughly investigated and the accuracy of every statement tested by the records and by unimpeachable testimony, both of which I ask to produce before your committee, if my statements are to be controverted by evidence, as well as by cross-examination of any witnesses that may appear to testify as to the incorrectness of any fact stated by me.

"It seems to me that common courtesy and a recognition of rules universally applied in this country, in the interest of fairness to all investigations of this character, to say nothing of frankness and candor, require that I should be furnished with a statement of those matters the accuracy of which the committee desires to inquire into in order that I may enter upon the proceeding fully prepared to meet and rebut any testimony that may be offered to show any error in my statements. You say that the committee has challenged the accuracy of no assertion in the speech. Then I must be entitled to be advised who has challenged the accuracy of any statement in the speech before another step is taken in this proceeding. The resolution of the Minnesota Committee on Public Safety, upon which you assert you are acting, does not challenge the accuracy of any statement made in the speech. If any statement has been so challenged by any one, I now request to advise me by whom it has been challenged and upon what evidence.

Agrees to Prove His Charges.

"I have done everything possible to aid in making this a complete and thorough investigation. I produced and furnished to the committee a correct copy of the speech as a basis of the proceedings. I stand ready now, and ask for the opportunity, to appear and cross-examine any and all witnesses produced before the committee to testify to the inaccuracy of my statements. I stand ready to produce under subpoena from the committee witnesses and documents to substantiate every statement I made in the speech which may be attacked by any competent evidence. I, of course, believed in the accuracy of every statement made by me in the speech at the time I made it. I still believe all the statements contained therein to be correct. If I am afforded a fair opportunity to meet face to face and cross-examine them, any and all persons denying the accuracy of such statements and submit evidence in answer thereto, I believe that I will be able to convince the committee that the statements made by me were correct. Every Senator and every man is entitled to have the statements made by him accepted as accurate, at least until some one appears and questions their accuracy. To deny that right to any man is an insult to the individual and to the high office he occupies.

"If there is any truth in the newspaper reports that your committee expects to accept mere statements of individuals as a basis for any report of the committee or for any action by you, I protest against any such ex parte proceeding in this investigation. If, however, in spite of my protest you determine to accept such statements, I demand that those statements be submitted to me or that I be given an opportunity at a suitable time and place to examine them and have a full opportunity to file statements in reply if I desire to do so. But I assert that such a course on the part of the sub-committee is in violation of the well-established right accorded to every man whose words or acts are the subject of investigation by any body or tribunal, and I insist upon my right to meet face to face and question any witnesses that may be called to challenge the correctness of any statements made by me, and thereafter, and not before, to produce in my own defense such witnesses and evidence as I deem necessary or proper to controvert all such adverse evidence as may have been offered.

"I repeat what I have already said in this and previous letters addressed to your committee, that I am most anxious and desirous that the investigation be made thorough and complete to the end that it shall do justice to all participants and shall constitute an honorable precedent whenever so grave a matter as the proposed expulsion of one of its members shall come before the United States Senate."

DISMISSES LIBEL SUIT.

Court Holds That Woman Novelist's Letter Was Privileged.

When testimony for the plaintiff in the $50,000 libel suit of Mrs. Annie Prall Fahnestock against Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett Townsend, authoress, and aunt of Archibald Fahnestock, husband of the plaintiff, was concluded before Supreme Court Justice Brown yesterday the court granted the application of Mrs. Townsend's attorney to dismiss the complaint. The court took this action on the ground that the contents of a letter which was the basis for the suit were not libelous, and that if libel could be construed the letter was a family matter and was privileged.

Mrs. Fahnestock testified that she was a dramatic reader in Washington and intended to go on the stage when she met Fahnestock. She gave up her career and married him, she said, because she was "very much in love with him and wanted to reform him." The court remarked that "it is no slander to say that a woman is an ardent woer."

Testimony was also offered to show that Mrs. Fahnestock was not subject to brainstorms, as was charged. Max D. Steuer, counsel for Mrs. Townsend, had this testimony stricken out on the ground that Mrs. Townsend made no such statement and it was conceded that the plaintiff's mental condition had been normal.

DRAFT MEN KEEN TO LEARN.

War Department Encouraged by Zeal of the New Soldiers.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Men of the national army are developing a spirit that augurs well for the future of the force, according to reports reaching the War Department from several cantonments. The young soldiers are throwing themselves into the work with a zeal that has aroused the enthusiasm of their officers. Especially gratifying to officials are reports from Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass., and Camp Grant, Rockford, Ill.

At Camp Devens the company officers report many instances where men come in from eight hours of intensive training, still eager for work. Instead of seeking rest in their quarters, the new soldiers turn out into the company streets and continue practicing what they have just learned. They are eager to fit themselves physically for the task ahead of them, the officers report, and a spirit of loyalty to their companies or their regiments is rapidly developing.

Already great difficulty is being encountered in inducing men specially fitted by training for a particular part of the work behind the lines to forego their places with the fighting units.

GOLD ALLOTTED TO MEXICO.

Agreement with Washington Causes Reopening of Industries.

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 16.—An agreement has been reached between Ignacio Bonillas, the Mexican Ambassador at Washington, and the United States Treasury Department, according to reports received here, by which Mexico will take off the restrictions on the export of metals, which required the reimportation of an equal amount of gold for all gold bullion exported and 25 per cent. on all silver exported. In return, money due on the balance of trade to Mexico will be paid in gold.

Under the agreement, Mexico will receive $8,000,000 gold this month, $5,000,000 in November, and $2,000,000 each month afterward under the distinct understanding that Mexico must not ship the gold to other countries.

Mines and smelters which closed down ten days ago have resumed activities now that an agreement has been reached.

It is also understood that Mexico will have no difficulty in obtaining iron and steel for railroad work and repairs. The question of food imports into Mexico from the United States is still pending, as Herbert C. Hoover, the American Food Controller, has not yet taken any action regarding it.

PLAN NEW TRIBUNAL FOR FACULTY CASES

Columbia Council Recommends Creation of Permanent Committee of Reference.

END OF COMMITTEE OF NINE

Would Require Trustees to Refrain from Dismissing Professors Until Their Cases Are Heard.

The University Council of Columbia University, next to the Trustees its highest governing body, unanimously recommended a modification of its rules yesterday requiring the Trustees to refrain from dismissing any officer of its permanent teaching staff until his case had been considered by a permanent tribunal to be known as the Committee of Reference. The creation of the tribunal was recommended in the report submitted to the council at its regular meeting yesterday by the committee of nine educators who were appointed last March to consider teaching conditions at the university, and who investigated the charges against Professors Cattell and Dana, recently dismissed by the Trustees.

Although the report of the Committee of Nine was said to have been hastened by the resignation last week of Professor Charles A. Beard from the Chair of Political Science, his case was not discussed in the council. It had been rumored that a resolution might be introduced expressing regret over his action, and urging him to reconsider it, but his name was not mentioned. This gave rise to a report that the council had decided not to intervene in Professor Beard's behalf, but would leave further consideration of the case to the Trustees and the proposed Committee of Reference. Professor Beard would not comment on the action of the council.

Under the rules of the university, formal acceptance of the recommendation of the Board of Trustees is necessary for the creation of the Committee of Reference, and the proposal will be submitted to the board at its next meeting on the first Monday in November. The report of the Committee of Nine was submitted to the council yesterday by Professor Edwin R. A. Seligman, its Chairman.

It disclosed that the Trustees had failed to follow the recommendations of the Committee of Nine in the Cattell and Dana cases, and contained, also, a copy of a letter that had been written by Professor John Dewey of the department of philosophy upon resigning from the committee on Sept. 25 last. Professor Dewey stated that he did not care to associate himself with a body that had no power to defend "our colleagues against arbitrary action."

The Committee of Nine had recommended that Professors Cattell and Dana be permitted to resign, which would have enabled them to retain their pension rights, but the special committee of the Board of Trustees in charge of the cases decided to dismiss them.

Recommendations of Committee.

The following are the recommendations of the Committee of Nine for the creation of a permanent trial tribunal accepted by the council yesterday:

(1) That the council create a standing committee to be known as the Committee of Reference.

(2) That any matters affecting the relation of an officer of the university to his colleagues, the President or the trustees, may be referred to this committee either through the council or directly by the President, or by any officer of the university.

(3) That the Trustees' Committee on Education be requested, before taking action in reference to the separation from the university of any officer on the permanent teaching staff of the university, to submit to the Committee of Reference, 'in conference or otherwise, for consideration and report, the facts and documents regarding any specific proposal for such action; and that the Committee on Education be further requested to recommend appropriate formal action by the trustees to establish such procedure as the policy of the university.

(4) That this Committee of Reference be composed of the President of the university as Chairman; and six members elected by the council from the membership of the University Faculties, with power to elect two or more additional members to serve for any specific occasion; that of the first six members two shall have terms of service of one year; two of two years, and two of three years as determined by lot, and that thereafter members shall be elected for terms of three years.

(5) That the Committee of Nine be discharged.

Plans for Nominations.

It was announced by a member of the council last night that in order to make the election of the members of the Committee of Reference as democratic as possible every member of all the Faculties of the university would be requested to make nominations, and that the ones selected would be drawn from among those who received the most votes. The provision for electing "two or more additional members to serve for any specific occasion" was said to have been included as an additional protection for an accused professor whose particular Faculty was not represented on the committee. In case such a man is arraigned, the "two or more additional members" will be drawn from that Faculty.

Professor L. H. Gulick, who had been selected to take over Professor Beard's work among the undergraduates, did not report for duty yesterday. The reason given was that Professor Gulick had been called before a committee of the university and questioned as to his views, as a precautionary measure, and that he had taken exception to the proceeding. Instead of reporting at classes, Professor Gulick went to Boston, it was said.

Additional handbills were distributed on the campus yesterday advertising the two meetings to be held by radicals among the students at 116th Street and Amsterdam Avenue this afternoon and tonight. It was announced that Leon Samson, formerly a student at the university, would be a speaker, but it was said by the leaders of the conservative wing among the students that he would be "ducked" in the college pond if he appeared.

WILSON WRITES OF PICKETS.

In a Letter to Mrs. Catt He Hopes They Won't Hurt Cause.

Mrs

EDWARD A. DITHMAR DIES IN HOSPITAL

Member of Times Staff for 40 Years Fails to Rally After Operation.

NOTED AS DRAMATIC CRITIC

Had Also Been London Correspondent, Editor of Review of Books, and Editorial Writer.

Edward Augustus Dithmar, for more than forty years prominent in journalism in this city and the United States and for eighteen years dramatic critic of THE NEW YORK TIMES, died in Roosevelt Hospital last night following an operation at the age of 63. For forty years he had been a member of the editorial staff of THE TIMES.

Mr. Dithmar was at his desk as recently as last Sunday. On Saturday evening, with his wife, he attended the opening performance of Grace George in "Eve's Daughter." On rising on Sunday morning he complained of a slight pain, but this did not prevent him from walking from his home, 27 West Sixty-seventh Street, to The Times Annex in West Forty-third Street and doing his usual work. He awoke on Monday, however, in great pain and with an attack of nausea, and sent for Dr. William A. Bartlett, who lives in the same apartment house.

Although the pain decreased, other symptoms caused Dr. Bartlett to take Mr. Dithmar to Roosevelt Hospital yesterday afternoon, where at 5 o'clock an operation was performed by Dr. Charles N. Dowd, chief surgeon of Roosevelt Hospital, assisted by Dr. Bartlett and by Dr. Charles H. Warren. It was discovered that Mr. Dithmar was suffering from an advanced stage of mesenteric thrombosis and that so large a section of abdominal tissue had become affected that to resect it would be useless and that temporary relief alone could be attempted.

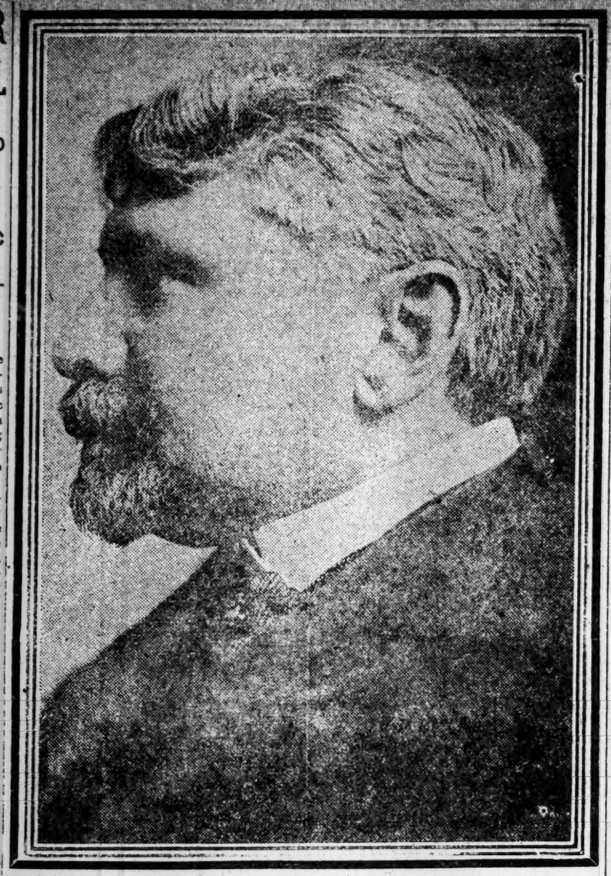
Mr. Dithmar was under the ether only twenty minutes. He was able to walk from the operating table and told his physicians that he was feeling much better. His heart, however, had troubled him for many years, and at 9 o'clock last night Dr. Warren found the patient unconscious and suddenly sinking. Mrs. Dithmar, who was with friends in a room near by, was hastily summoned, and had barely time to reach his bedside before he died.

It was as a dramatic critic that Mr. Dithmar was best known to the outside world. His associates, however, knew him also as a keen student of British and American politics, and a vigorous and graceful editorial writer. As a dramatic critic, he was a contemporary of the late William Winter, and the two were considered the foremost authorities in their field. Mr. Dithmar will be remembered by the profession particularly for his discovery of the dramatic genius of the late Clyde Fitch. It was Mr. Dithmar who persuaded Richard Mansfield to employ Fitch to write the since famous play "Beau Brummel." For this well-known and highly successful drama Fitch received only $1,500.

Mr. Dithmar also wrote a biographical sketch of John Drew that won wide attention, and contributed to theatrical history by his memoirs of the late Augustin Daly, and by other articles on footlight celebrities which he prepared in collaboration with Mr. Winter, Brander Matthews, Laurence Hutton, and H. C. Bunner.

He was born May 22, 1854, the son of Henry Dithmar, who was the foreman of the composing room of The Evening Post, and began his journalistic career on that paper in 1871. He came to THE NEW YORK TIMES in 1877, and five years later was appointed night editor. Two years afterward he became dramatic critic and soon began to win attention because of the fairness of his criticisms toward the productions about which he was called upon to write.

There were, in those days, three classes of dramatic critics, the classical, the didactic, and the impressionistic, and Mr. Dithmar very soon became one of the leaders of the impressionists. That is, he judged plays according to the impressions that were made by them, regardless of preconceived rules of acting, or of historical or critical comparisons. The thing to him was "the play," and it made no difference



Edward A. Dithmar.

to him whether it measured up to the classical models, or whether the actors had or had not won previous distinction behind the footlights.

His memory of plays and players was remarkable, and at one time late in his life he astonished a party of his friends by recalling to the smallest detail the reception that had been accorded Sarah Bernhardt upon her first appearance in the United States at the Booth Theatre in 1880.

Mr. Dithmar married Miss Ella B. Knapp of New Rochelle the year he became the night editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES. He remained dramatic critic until 1901, when he succeeded Harold Frederic as its London correspondent, after a brief interval during which that post was filled by Henry Norman. He held that post for a year, sending weekly letters and news articles, in which he displayed a keenness of perception and sympathetic knowledge of British affairs that won for him the friendship and confidence of the leaders of political thought in England. He made it a point to meet the men of the day in British politics and literary life, and the acquaintances he made he retained by correspondence after he returned to New York.

On his return here in 1902 he became the editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW OF BOOKS, and in this capacity Mr. Dithmar displayed the same critical faculties that had won him fame in the dramatic field.

In 1907 he became one of the editorial writers of THE TIMES, and in the last two or three years of his life he wrote much about city affairs. He was a bitter foe of what he called tempts at encroachment upon the city's park spaces, and his pen was credited with largely aiding to defeat several of these projects.

Samuel Parsons, the former Park landscape architect, said of him last night:

"He belonged to a very small group of persons in the press and in private life who could always be depended upon to defend the parks from mistaken plans or encroachment—plans which it was evident to his mind, would be injurious to the best interest. He fought always for the benefit of the people and to preserve the artistic beauty of the parks. The city has suffered an irreparable loss in his death. I have myself lost a personal friend."

Mr. Dithmar is survived only by his wife, who, since their marriage in 1882, has been his devoted companion. His funeral will take place in the mortuary chapel in Greenwood on Friday.

FRED STONE BRINGS 'JACK O'LANTERN'

Extravaganza for Young Folk of All Ages—Real Ice Skating.

STONE AS CHARLOTTE RUSSE

The Gayest of All Comedians, with Pleasing Chorus and Urban Scenes.

JACK O'LANTERN, a musical extravaganza, in two acts and eight scenes. Book and lyrics by Anne Caldwell and R. H. Burnside; music by Ivan Caryll. At the Globe Theatre.

Jack O'Lantern	Fred Stone
Paul	Douglas Stevenson
Henry Tripp	Chas. T. Aldrich
Bobbie	Harold West
Uncle George	Oscar Ragland
Vilanessa	Allene Crater
Cicely	Helen Falconer
Lady of Dreams	Margaret Irving
Zingarella	Teresa Valerio
Babby	Kathleen Robinson
Janet	Edna Bates
Polly	Bunny Wendell
Rosie	Frances Jordan
Posie	Beatrice Hughes
May	Marcelle Earl
Gladys	Lydia Scott
Bessie	Lola Curtis
Tessie	Evelyn Conway
King Jujube	Lord Robert
Princess Nougat	Anna Hoy
Countess Caramel	Marietta Hoy
Duchess of Marshmallow	Mary Hoy
Susie Sasfras	Violet Zell
Gerald	John Byrne
Percy	William Caress
Eugene	Frank Herbert
Peter	Coly Lorella

If, as is said, there are laws of gravity, Fred Stone defies them all. He began last night with a Russian dance, and leaned so far backward as to be literally parallel to the stage. The audience held its breath with amazement and would, no doubt, have suffocated if he had not suddenly grinned and let them see how he did it. Then he leaned forward over the footlights so far that those in the first row ducked from under—until again they saw through his simple device. But these were the least of his triumphs.

Ever since "The Wizard of Oz," with its gibbering, lunatic Straw Man, gladder than a barrel of Pollyannas and more inspiring than the comic muse herself, Fred Stone has defied those deeper laws of gravity that weigh upon us all. It is clowning, if you will, but clowning with so light a toe, so airy a body, and a spirit so elementally gay and free that it rises to the altitude of the fine arts. The dull world falls away, and the houriest sage, as the youngest child, lives with him for the moment in a realm to which Sir Isaac Newton and his laws have no tickets.

This year, again, a special bid is made to the younger sort of children, quite in the manner of "The Wizard of Oz." Bobbie and Babbie are to be murdered by a Cruel Uncle, but just in time a tramp leaps out of a hay-cart, and, being most fortunately taken for a hired assassin, whose password was, "Just in time," he rescues the tots and takes them, in their dreams, to Candyland. There all sorts of marvelous things happen, thanks to the mechanical properties of Charles T. Aldrich. The chorus, which has hitherto been furthest of all things from sticks, appears as gayly colored barber-poles of candy, toothsome jujubes, and lingering, delectable all-day-suckers.

But this is only an interlude. Beginning and ending are in the world of grown-ups. Fred Stone gambols with that loosest and most vigorously elastic of all bodies, tosses his dancing partner about like a swagger stick, sings in various national costumes, Russian, Spanish, Irish, and the rest; and, at the end of the first act, indulges in an acrobatic pantomime rally with a vigor the like of which has not been seen since the Hanlon Brothers, added to which there is a light-hearted insouciance all his own.

The final scene is on a pond of real ice, no doubt abstracted from the Hippodrome. Stone appears in the costume of Charlotte, and is introduced as the most graceful of living ballerinas of the skates. This also is a joke. A star skater he certainly is, if by that is meant one who executes the figure which small boys know as "cutting the star." Often he does it without meaning to, and then he can only smile, and lay his hand sadly on the injured member. Some of us liked that best. Like Kelley, you can know him by his smile. But often, also, he does it in time with a waltz, and a boom on the big-bass drum. Then he looks disconsolate, and the house roars at him.

But apart from his occasional spankings on the ice, which after all were mostly rehearsed, he skated with really extraordinary cleverness, and, though this "Charlotte Russe" had no trace of the fine, feminine grace and accomplished art of the real Charlotte, it had a right manly skill on the runners which enabled Mr. Stone to do most of Charlotte's stunts. Again one was reminded of the saying that in order to be a clown one has to be the most skillful of acrobats.

Among the other performers Charles T. Aldrich, Helen Falconer, and Teresa Valerio perhaps deserve separate mention, but they did not stand out with any special emphasis among a cast of uniform excellence. The stage management was everywhere deft, and in many minor points novel. Several of the scenes, notably an old apple orchard and candyland, were by Josef Urban. The others were by Homer Emens and Ernest Albert.

The only touch of shadow in the evening was the absence of Montgomery, and in a certain speech Mr. Stone spoke feelingly of the fact that for the first time in twenty-two years he was appearing alone.

Colonel Austin Beach.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Oct. 16.—Colonel Austin Beach, managing editor of The Pittsburgh Dispatch, and for many years one of the best-known newspaper men in Pennsylvania, was found dead at his home here today of apoplexy, when members of his family sought to rouse him for breakfast. Colonel Beach, who was 62 years old, was one of the newspaper correspondents who accompanied the "Commonweal Army" of "General" Coxey on its march from Massillon, Ohio, to Washington.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. MARY T. MONTGOMERY, wife of William J. Montgomery, an employe in the Charities Department on Randall's Island, died at her home, 641 Sixty-first Street, Brooklyn, on Sunday. She was 38 years old.

Mrs. PAULINE DENHARD JAMES, wife of John F. James, head of the real estate firm of John F. James & Sons, in Brooklyn, died after an operation in the German Hospital in this city. Her home was at 549 First Street, Brooklyn.

THOMAS MOLEN, father of Alderman James J. Molen and uncle of State Senator William J. Heffernan, died on Saturday at his home, 219 Eighteenth Street, Brooklyn, aged 84 years. Mr. Molen had lived in Brooklyn since 1851.

Mrs. MARY CROOKS O'HARA, widow of Patrick J. O'Hara, a mechanical engineer, died from apoplexy on Monday at her home, 60 Bay Twenty-fifth Street, Bensonhurst, in her 41st year.

HENRY WURSTLIN, 44 years old, a salesman and a member of the Marlborough Tennis Club, is dead at his home, 489 Marlborough Road, Flatbush.

ISAAC SCHWARZ, a confectioner in Brooklyn, and a member of Cassia Lodge, No. 455, F. and A. M., and of Manhattan Lodge, No. 156, I. O. O. B., died at his home, 249 Ralph Avenue, Brooklyn, on Sunday in his 69th year.

JOHN LASSEY, 65 years old, a retired designer, died on Sunday at his home, 1,150 Fifty-fifth Street, Brooklyn. He had been a resident of Brooklyn for forty years and was a past regent of Blythebourne Council, R. A., and a member of Sandaiphon Lodge, No. 836, F. and A. M.

JOHN A. BANTA, retired business man and a member of one of the oldest Dutch families of Manhattan, died at his home, 136 Underhill Avenue, Brooklyn, on Sunday, aged 82 years. He was formerly for fifty years a member of the Cornell Memorial M. E. Church in this city.

HENRY WEIL, President of David Weil's Sons' Company, photographers in Brooklyn, died yesterday in his apartments at the Hotel Mohawk, Brooklyn, in his 63d year. Mr. Weil was born in this city and was a son of the late David Weil, founder of the photographic business. He was one of the founders of the People's Co-operative Savings and Loan Association, in Brooklyn, and was its President for twenty-five years.

SAMUEL P. WHIPPLE, 71 years old, a United States Customs Inspector who had been in the customs service for twenty-eight years, was found dead in his office on Pier 29 East River yesterday morning. He entered the customs service as a messenger in 1889 and was appointed Inspector in 1901. During the civil war Mr. Whipple served in the navy.

WILMARTH H. THURSTON, a patent attorney of Providence, R. I., dropped dead in Union Station there on Monday night. He was graduated from Brown University and was a member of the Hope, Squantum, and University Clubs of Providence and the Agawam Hunt and Providence Art Clubs.

WILLIAM LEE BOOTH, a real estate agent of East Orange, N. J., and a member of the East Orange Rifles, died on Monday night at his home, 257 North Twentieth Street, East Orange, in his fifty-fourth year. He was a member of the East Orange Lodge of Elks and the Board of Real Estate Brokers of that place.

WESLEY M. OWEN, 48 years old, who was an Associate Justice in the Panama Canal Zone during the second Administration of President Roosevelt, died yesterday at his home in Bloomington, Ill.

CARL BODANZKY, father of the Metropolitan opera leader, died in Vienna on Aug. 9, his seventy-third birthday, the news arriving through a letter by way of London after ten weeks' delay. Mr. Bodanzky was a retired business man and was a Hungarian by birth.

Mrs. CAROLYN DONALDSON WILSON, widow of John Howard Wilson, who was Mayor of Montclair, N. J., died yesterday at the home of Mrs. James Tuttle, at Rye N. Y. in her sixty-fifth year.

AUGUST KOHL a retired manufacturer of combs, died on Monday at the Mount Vernon Hospital in his fifty-eighth year. Mr. Kohl was a native of Poughkeepsie. He lived at 173 Washington Street, Mount Vernon.

"Chu Chin Chow" Again Postponed.

The first performance of "Chu Chin Chow," announced for tonight at the Manhattan Opera House, has been again postponed. The premiere, it is now announced, will take place next Monday night.

Mortimer C. Earl.

Mortimer C. Earl, a former Assemblyman from Brooklyn, and father of the State laws restricting the hours of labor of workingmen, died on Monday at his home, 83 Sunnyside Avenue, Brooklyn, in his seventy-eighth year. Mr. Earl was born near Ossining, N. Y., where he was publisher of a Sing Sing paper when the civil war began. He organized a company of which he was made Sergeant, and served under McClellan in the Peninsular campaign as Lieutenant. He was elected Assemblyman from the old Twelfth District, Brooklyn, in 1882, 1883, 1884, and 1901. Mr. Earl was long active in Democratic politics and prominent in Grand Army work in Brooklyn.

Dr. Robert Watts.

Dr. Robert Watts, who until a year ago was a practicing physician in this city, died on Monday at his home, 23 West Seventy-third Street, in his eighty-first year. Dr. Watts was born at Woodstock, Vt. He received his medical degree from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1861, and was appointed surgeon of the One Hundred and Thirty-third New York Regiment of volunteers in the following year, serving with this regiment throughout the civil war. He had been consulting gynaecologist to Roosevelt Hospital and consulting physician to the City and St. Mary's Hospitals. Dr. Watts was a member of the County Medical Society, the Loyal Legion, and George Washington Post, G. A. R.

MISS NORRIE BETROTHED.

Daughter of the Countess de Jumilhac to Wed John Wells.

The engagement has been announced of Miss E. Rita Norrie, a daughter of the Countess Odet Armand de Jumilhac of Paris and the late A. Lanfear Norrie, to John Wells, a son of Mr. and Mrs. T. Tileston Wells of 52 East Seventy-sixth Street. Mr. Wells, who was formerly a member of the Seventh Regiment, N. G. N. Y., is a Lieutenant in the 105th Infantry, U. S. A., and is stationed at Camp Wadsworth, Spartanburg, S. C.

Miss Norrie is a granddaughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Henry I. Barbey, and Lanfear Barbey Norrie is her brother. She is a niece of the Baroness de Neuflize of Paris, of Mrs. Alfred Seton of this city, and of Miss Mary Norrie, and makes her home with the latter, at 92 Park Avenue. She was introduced to society in the Winter of 1916 at a dance which her aunt gave at Sherry's.

No date has been mentioned for the wedding.

TO WED LIEUT. LITTLEFIELD.

Miss Sally P. Damon Engaged to Officer of Ordnance Department.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Nell Damon of Newton, Mass., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Sally Fastorius Damon, to Lieutenant W. Joseph Littlefield, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Littlefield of 76 West Twelfth Street. Miss Damon is a student at Radcliffe College, Cambridge.

Lieutenant Littlefield is a graduate of Harvard, class of '16, and of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, class of '17. While at school he became well known as a writer on college sports. He is now an attaché of the Ordnance Department at Washington. His brother, Henry Mario Littlefield, who was formerly with the Seventh Regiment and is now a cadet at the United States Aeronautic School at Ithaca.

No plans have been made for the wedding.

Koenig-Gaston Wedding Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Houston Gaston have issued invitations for the marriage of their daughter, Miss Dorothy Wilson Gaston, to Leo Koenig, which is to take place on Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock in St. Agnes's Chapel, with a reception afterward at the home of the bride's parents, at the Apthorp Apartments, Broadway and Seventy-eighth Street.

Miss Gaston's father is Second Vice President of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company. Mr. Koenig is a lawyer and the son of the Rev. Dr. Koenig, the oldest Lutheran minister in this city. Miss Adelaide Koenig, a sister of the bridegroom, is to attend the bride.

Miss Julia Reynolds Weds Today.

Miss Julia Ann Carter Reynolds, daughter of Mrs. George B. Reynolds and the late Dr. Reynolds of Baltimore, and William Appold Wood, also of Baltimore, will be married this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock, at the Church of the Transfiguration. Owing to mourning in the bride's family only the relatives and a few intimate friends will attend.

Miss Reynolds is staying in town with her sister, Mrs. Edward S. Doniphan. Her brothers are Stanley M. Reynolds, Washington correspondent of The New York Sun, and Captain Charles C. Reynolds, U. S. A., now serving in France.

Lieut. Hays Wed Actress Last June.

Announcement was made yesterday of the marriage of Warner Searle Hays to Theo Bell Fels last June. The bride is an actress, who has appeared as an ingénue in the play, "Baby Mine," "The Million," and "Little Women." Mr. Hays was graduated from the Yale Sheffield Scientific School in 1907 and is a member of the Yale Club of this city and the Yale Engineering Association. He received a commission in September as First Lieutenant in the Engineers Section of the Officers Reserve Corps.

Altken-Farrington Engagement.

Mr. and Mrs. William B. Aitken of 312 West Seventy-eighth Street announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Edith Colfax Aitken, to Harold Phillips Farrington of this city. Mr. Farrington is the son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Horace Farrington of Boston, and is a graduate of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. The wedding is to take place early in December at St. Thomas's Church.

Defense Society Workers Marry.

Miss Ruth Campbell McComb, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William M. McComb of this city, was married yesterday afternoon to Cushing Stetson of 117 East Thirty-fourth Street, at the Church of the Ascension, the Rev. Dr. Percy Stickney Grant officiating. The bride for the last three years has been working with the American Defense Society, of which Mr. Stetson was one of the founders.

Miss Shearer to Wed J. K. Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. George A. Shearer of Carlisle, Penn., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Margaret Shearer, to Jewell K. Smith, son of Mrs. John Jewell Smith of 39 Charlton Street, New York. Mr. Smith was graduated from Princeton in 1914 and Miss Shearer was graduated from Bryn Mawr.

To be Bride of Lieut. C. J. Tyson.

Mrs. H. S. Comfort of 112 West Seventy-third Street has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Dorothy Anne Comfort, to Lieutenant Cornelius John Tyson. Mr. Tyson is a member of the Medical Officers' Reserve Corps attached to Bellevue Hospital.

Asks Aid for a Widow.

The Charity Organization Society of 105 East Twenty-second Street, sent out an appeal yesterday for $135 to aid a widow and three children through the Winter. The father was killed accidentally. The oldest child is 3, and the youngest is only a few months old. The mother is unable to make enough money to buy fuel as well as food.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

FROHLICH.—To Mr. and Mrs. Siegfried Frohlich, (nee Beatrice Drachman,) a son, on Oct. 14, at the German Hospital.

Engaged.

GILLETTE—HOWE.—Mrs. Edward L. Howe of Princeton, N. J., announces the engagement of her daughter, Louise Dawson Black, to First Lieutenant John Westfield Gillette, Jr., U. S. R., son of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Gillette of Hudson, N. Y. Lieutenant Gillette is at present an instructor at Fort Oglethorpe Training Camp.

GORDON—GINVBERG.—Mr. and Mrs. B. Ginvberg, 7 Parkman St., Brookline, Mass., announce the engagement of their daughter Louise to Mr. Louis W. Gordon of New York City.

LANGNER—LIVINGSTON.—Mr. and Mrs. Sol Livingston of 321 West 92d St. announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Ruth Helen Livingston, to Mr. Herbert Bennett Langner. At home Sunday, Oct. 21, from 3 until 7.

STRAYMAN—MALACH.—Frances E. Malach to Dave R. Strayman.

Married.

FRANK—HANAU.—Mr. and Mrs. Charles C. Hanau announce the marriage of their daughter, Elsie, to Mr. Leon Frank of the United States Army, son of Mr. and Mrs. Mannie Frank, 645 West End Av., on Oct. 14.

KENDRICK—ROLLA.—Oct. 14, Mary A. Rolla to Henry C. Kendrick.

Died.

BACKS.—Frank William, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank H. Backs, in his 13th year. Funeral from the residence at Butler St., East Elmhurst, Corona, L. I., at 9:30 A. M., Thursday, Oct. 18, thence to the Church of Our Lady of Sorrows on Polk Av., Corona.

BALE.—On Oct. 15, Harold P. Bale, suddenly, at Cresskill, N. J. Interment Melrose, Mass., at convenience of family. Boston papers please copy.

BEACH.—On Oct. 16, at Atlantic City, Charles Yale Beach, oldest son of the late Moses S. Beach, in the 71st year of his age. Funeral services at 2 o'clock Thursday, Oct. 18, at St. John's Church, Bridgeport, Conn. Bridgeport and Peekskill papers please copy.

BENNETT.—Oct. 16, Nellie Bennett, age 78. Services Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St. Time later.

BERNARD.—Florence Adams, wife of Charles Bernard, Jr., daughter of John J. Adams, Sunday evening, Oct. 14. Funeral services at her late residence, 771 West End Av., corner 97th St., Wednesday, Oct. 17, 10 A. M.

BERNHEIM.—On Oct. 16, Aline Bernheim, widow of Gustav Bernheim and beloved mother of George D. and Alfred L. Bernheim. Funeral at convenience of the family.

DALY.—Suddenly, in Philadelphia, on Oct. 14, 1917, M. Daly. Funeral Thursday morning, 8:30 o'clock, from his late residence, 507 South Broad St. Solemn requiem mass at St. Teresa's Church, Broad and Catherine Sts., Philadelphia, at 10 o'clock.

DEAN.—Lucy, wife of Thomas Berson Dean. Funeral services Thursday night at the home, 1,528 Washington Av., Richmond Hill, L. I.

DITHMAR.—Oct. 16, at Roosevelt Hospital, after a brief illness, Edward A. Dithmar, age 63, for many years on editorial staff of New York Times. He is survived by his wife, formerly Ellen K. Knapp of New Rochelle. Funeral services will be held at Mortuary Chapel, Greenwood, Friday, Oct. 19. Please omit flowers.

EATON.—On Oct. 15, 1917, Florence Emilie, daughter of the late Oliver D. and Emilie S. Eaton. Services from her late residence, 81 Downing St., Brooklyn, on Wednesday afternoon, Oct. 17, at 3 o'clock.

EYSLER.—Fanny, beloved mother of Jacob, Samuel, Ben, Max, Leo, Joseph, and Mrs. Lizzie Gottlieb, suddenly, on Oct. 16. Funeral services at her late residence, 2,100 5th Av., Thursday, Oct. 18, at 10 A. M. Relatives and friends invited.

GALLAGHER.—On Oct. 16, 1917, after a long illness, Frank E. Gallagher, beloved husband of Teresa Gallagher, at his residence, 424 East 157th St. Member of Grand Lodge, B. P. O. E. Funeral services 8 P. M., Thursday, at residence. Funeral at convenience of family.

GUNN.—On Oct. 15, Frank, retired policeman. Funeral from his late residence, 271 East 169th St., on Thursday at 9:30 A.M. Mass of requiem at Church of Our Lady of Victory, Webster Av., at 171st St., at 10 A. M.

HALEY.—On Tuesday, Oct. 16, Catherine Ita, daughter of the late Daniel F. and Catherine Haley. Funeral from the residence of her brother-in-law, Thomas O'Brien, 24 Trinity Place, West New Brighton, S. I., on Friday, Oct. 19, thence to the Church of the Sacred Heart, Castleton Av., where a mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of her soul. Interment St. Peter's Cemetery, S. I.

HOLMES.—On Sunday, Oct. 14, 1917, Sarah Jane Holmes, formerly of Crockett, Texas, and Denver, Col., daughter of Armistead Thompson Monroe and mother of Frederick A. Holmes, aged 69 years. Funeral services at the chapel of St. Luke's Hospital, 113th St., near Amsterdam Av., Thursday, Oct. 18, at 2 P. M. Friends invited. Texas and Denver papers please copy.

KELLEY.—Suddenly, in Chicago, Oct. 14, Harrison, aged 77 years. Notice of burial at Greenwich, Conn., later.

KIENBUSCH.—On Tuesday, Oct. 16, 1917, Carl Otto V. Kienbusch, Jr., youngest son of Carl Otto and Mildred P. V. Kienbusch, aged 16 months. Funeral private.

KING.—At his late residence, 14 Central Park West, Theodore F., in his 74th year. Funeral private, at his residence, Wednesday, Oct. 17, at 2:30 P. M.

Died.

KOHL.—At the Mount Vernon Hospital on Monday, Oct. 15, 1917, August Kohl, age 57 years. Funeral services from his late residence, 173 Washington St., Wednesday, Oct. 17, at 7:45 P. M., conducted by Rev. Dr. O. F. Bartholow. Interment private in Beechwood Cemetery.

KYLE.—Oct. 14, Caroline E. Kyle. Funeral services at Stephen Merritt Chapel, 161 8th Av., corner 18th St., Wednesday, 12:30. Interment Kensico Cemetery.

LAIDLAW.—At her residence, 24 West 74th St., New York City, Oct. 15, 1917, Elizabeth Carter Onderdonk, widow of Henry B. Laidlaw, in her seventy-seventh year. Funeral service at St. Agnes Chapel, West 92d St., near Columbus Av., Wednesday, Oct. 17, at 10 o'clock.

MILBANK.—On Friday, Oct. 12, 1917, at Rochester, Minn., Margaret Schulze, beloved wife of Jeremiah Milbank. Funeral services will be held at the residence of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore A. Schulze, St. Paul, Minn. Interment at Woodlawn Cemetery, New York City. Please omit flowers.

MOFFETT.—Dorothy, infant daughter of Earnest E. and Sarah C. Moffett, at the home of her grandparents on Monday, Oct. 15. Services Wednesday, at 2 o'clock P. M. Funeral private.

MUELLER.—Luvenia, beloved mother of Mrs. Henry Selb of 120 Evergreen Place, East Orange, N. J. Funeral services Tuesday at 8 P. M. Interment private.

NOE.—Henry, 492 Chauncey St., Brooklyn, in his 54th year. Funeral services Thursday, 8 P. M.

O'HARA.—On Monday, Oct. 15, Mary Crooks O'Hara, widow of the late Patrick J. O'Hara, daughter of the late Charles and Jane Crooks, formerly of the Ninth Ward, Manhattan, and mother of Felicitas Ruth. Funeral from her late residence, 60 Bay 25th St., Bensonhurst, Brooklyn, on Thursday, Oct. 18, at 9 A. M.; thence to St. Finbar's R. C. Church, where solemn requiem mass will be offered for the repose of her soul at 10 A. M. Interment in Holy Cross Cemetery.

PARKHURST.—At Colorado Springs, Oct. 14, Robert Harvey, formerly of New York City and Wilmington, Del. Interment at Binghamton, N. Y., Oct. 19.

POTTER.—Joseph Livingston, on active service, Bramschott Hospital, Bramschott, England, only son of the late James and Ellen Piche, Sudbury, Ontario, Canada. Boston and Toronto papers please copy.

RASINES.—Antonio. The brethren of St. Nicholas Lodge, No. 321, F. and A. M., are requested to attend an emergent communication to be held at the chapel of the Stephen Merritt Burial Company, 2,343 8th Av., near 125th St., New York, on Wednesday evening at 9 o'clock for the purpose of paying a last tribute to our late brother, Antonio Rasines.

EDWIN W. WARFIELD, Master.
H. RITTERBUSCH, Secretary.

SERVICES—"THE PUNEKAN CHURCH," Broadway, 66th St., (Frank Campbell's.)—Goetz, Elizabeth S., Thurs., 2:30 P. M. La Badie, Florence M. L., Wed., 11 A. M. Newcomb, Mary J., Wed., 3 P. M.

SHEPHERD.—On First day, Tenth month, 14th, 1917, Caleb W. Shepherd, beloved husband of Sarah Willets Shepherd. Funeral at his late residence, Florence Court, 47 Pierrepont St., Brooklyn, on Fourth day, Tenth month, 17th, at 10 o'clock A. M. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

SILBERNAGEL.—At Chicago, Ill., on Oct. 14, Albert N. Silbernagel, aged 62, beloved husband of Minna Silbernagel. Funeral from his late residence, 60 West 96th St., on Wednesday, Oct. 17, at 2 P. M. New Orleans papers please copy.

SUYDAM.—On Tuesday, Oct. 16, 1917, Anna E., widow of Seymour L. Suydam. Funeral services from her late residence, 996 Bergen St., Brooklyn, on Thursday at 2:30 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend.

TAUBERT.—Jacob, in his 40th year, on Tuesday, Oct. 16, beloved husband of Mary, son of Mr. and Mrs. Emanuel Taubert, and brother of Mrs. Otto Abrams, Mrs. Matthew Levey, and Louis, Mark, and Abraham Fuchs, from his parents' residence, 114 East 91st St., on Friday, Oct. 19, 10 A. M. Relatives, friends, and Reuben Lodge, No. 3, I. O. F. Sons of I., invited.

VAN KLEECK.—Suddenly, at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., on Oct. 14, 1917, Frank Van Kleeck. Funeral service from his late residence, 49 South Hamilton St., on Wednesday, Oct. 17, at 3 P. M. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

VOORHEES.—Oct. 15, Amanda Voorhees. Services Stephen Merritt Harlem Chapel, 304 West 126th St., Wednesday evening, 7 o'clock.

WATTS.—On Monday, Oct. 15, 1917, Dr. Robert Watts, son of the late Dr. Robert and Charlotte D. Watts. Funeral services at his late residence, 23 West 73d St., on Thursday morning, Oct. 18, at 10 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

WEIL.—On Oct. 16, 1917, Henry, dearly beloved husband of Bettie Weil and father of Arthur, Olive Purvin, Irma Schapp and devoted brother of Mrs. Clara Rascovar. Funeral services Thursday, strictly private.

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.

Smart Shoes at last year's prices

Imitation Pigskin & Cordo Leather
$4.35 pair
Worth Now $6

Cordovan Shoes
$5.45 to $8.00
Rich Dark Mahogany.

New Long, Slender Lasts.

Corrective Surgical Footwear
Socket-Fit Arch Shoes, $6.50
Educator Shoes, $6.50 to $8.00

Died.

WEIL.—Henry, President of Peoples Co-operative Savings and Loan Association for the past twenty-three years, has passed away after a lengthy severe illness. The interment and funeral service will be held at Mt. Hope Cemetery, L. I., on Thursday, Oct. 18, at 11 A. M.

WILKES.—Albert O., suddenly, at his residence, Liberty Av., Ozone Park, L. I. Funeral private.

WOODWORTH.—Suddenly, at Atlantic City, N. J., Frank Herbert, in his 75th year. Funeral private.

WURSTLIN.—On Monday, Oct. 15, 1917, Henry Wurstlin, beloved husband of Martha Wurstlin, in his 45th year. Funeral services will be held at his home, 489 Marlborough Road, Flatbush, on Wednesday at 8 P. M.

YEARANCE.—Oct. 16, Eliza, aged 84. Services at R. E. Carpenter's funeral parlors, 2,192 7th Av., between 129th and 130th Sts., Thursday, Oct. 18, at 1 P. M. Interment private.

ALEVELL.—Charles S., 144 Lexington Av., Oct. 15. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

BURKE.—Mary A., 2,168 Crotona Av., Oct. 15. Funeral notice later.

FARLESS.—Frances, 460 West 168th St., Oct. 14. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

FITZGERALD.—Joan M., 216 East Tremont Av., Bronx, Oct. 15. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

FULD.—Johannati, Oct. 15, aged 49. Funeral 653 East 44th St. today, 10:30 A. M.

GOLDEN.—Martin J., 504 West 57th St., Oct. 15. Funeral tomorrow, 9:45 A. M.

HOWELL.—Emily M., 34 Post Av., Oct. 15, aged 81. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

KEEFHAN.—Sophia, 1,793 Amsterdam Av., Oct. 15. Funeral private.

LANGSTADTER.—Sammie, Mount Sinai Hospital, Oct. 15. Funeral today.

LICOMBE.—Frederick, Oct. 14, aged 68. Funeral 161 8th Av.

McKENNA.—John J., 114 East 32d St.

MARCUS.—Frances, 308 West 44th St., Oct. 14.

MORRIS.—Matthew, 260 West 129th St., Oct. 15. Funeral today.

MORRISEY.—Mary, 1,338 3d Av., Oct. 14. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

MURRAY.—Ann, 1,026 Summit Av., Bronx, Oct. 15. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

O'BRIEN.—Sarah, 223 East 41st St., Oct. 14. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

O'NEILL.—Thomas, 337 East 43d St., Oct. 15. Funeral tomorrow.

ROSENBERGER.—Mary E., 210 East 17th St., Oct. 15, aged 14 months. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

SANDERS.—Joseph, 54 Barrow St., Oct. 14. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

TONER.—Joseph, 857 2d Av., Oct. 14. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

TURLEY.—James, 317 West 17th St., Oct. 14. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

ULRICH.—Frank, 756 10th Av., Oct. 15, aged 46. Funeral today.

VERGEYLE.—John L., 1,256 Lexington Av., Oct. 14, aged 48.

Brooklyn.

BANTA.—John A., 136 Underhill Av., Oct. 14, aged 82. Funeral private.

BREDA.—Alvine, 730 Sackett St., Oct. 15. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

BUCKLEY.—Catherine, 690 Franklin Av., Oct. 15. Funeral Oct. 19.

CHAPMAN.—Richard M., 1,171 Sterling Place, Oct. 15, aged 55. Funeral private.

CHURCHWARD.—Mary, 140 North Portland Av., Oct. 14, aged 49.

EARL.—Mortimer C., 83 Sunnyside Av., Oct. 15. Funeral service today.

ENSELL.—William S., 132 Midwood St., Oct. 14. Funeral today, 3 P. M.

ESSINGER.—Margaretha, 824 Quincy St., Oct. 15, aged 70. Funeral today.

GRIFFIN.—Margaret V., 62 Columbus Place, Oct. 15. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

HARWOOD.—Nellie S., 1,750 Kimball St., Oct. 15. Funeral private.

KELLY.—Michael J., 151 7th Av., Oct. 14. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

KLEIT.—Max, 294 Vermont St., Oct. 14. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

MASSINO.—Louise, 805 Bedford Row, Oct. 15, aged 19. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

MILLER.—Ellen E., 427 15th St., Oct. 14. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

MURPHY.—James H., 98 Conselyea St., Oct. 15, aged 46. Funeral tomorrow.

OLSEN.—Mary, 136 Dresden St.,

Your God
Your Country
Your Family

call upon you to support your Flag

A Liberty Bond bought means the continuation of this trinity.

YOU are now privileged to exercise the greatest suffrage in the world.

YOU MUST BUY

To buy is a vote for all that is dear to mankind; not to buy is a refusal to accept the great heritage left by our fathers.

REMEMBER

Liberty Bonds save soldiers' lives—Liberty Bonds are the one road to victory—Liberty Bonds make the cash you value worth 100 cents on the dollar.

The money of a beaten nation is worthless.

Back of you is your credit; back of your credit is all you possess and all you are. Your credit is good because the United States is a strong and undefeated nation. If Liberty Bonds are not good the credit of the United States is not good, and the credit of every man in the United States is worthless.

THIS CANNOT BE

It will not be if you will

BE AN AMERICAN AND SUBSCRIBE TO A BOND TO-DAY

God gave our American soldiers the spirit, the purpose and the heart to fight.

Would you refuse them food?

Liberty Bonds clothe, feed and support our soldiers, who are protecting our wives, children and physical possessions.

ACT NOW!

Subscribe through any bank or trust company, or investment banker, or through the Federal Reserve Bank of your district.

Liberty Loan Committee

Second Federal Reserve District

120 Broadway, N. Y.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Quick Recovery Follows Monday's Bad Slump—Loan Progress Encouraging.

The upturn in yesterday's market, while not as general as the severe slump that took place on Monday, carried many issues back over practically all of the ground lost in that peculiar session. Activity again ran to nearly 1,000,000 shares; a hopeful sign when it is recalled that hitherto every indication of growing strength in stocks has promptly checked activity. Wall Street was more inclined yesterday to ascribe the sudden onslaught of new selling orders which greeted the opening of the Exchange after the holidays as being due to fears that the suggestion that the Exchange be shut down might receive support at Washington. If an investor thought there was any immediate possibility of the Exchange's facilities being denied to him he was fully justified in disposing of his securities, but the proposal has so little to commend it that it is hardly conceivable that many persons accepted it seriously. When the Stock Exchange was closed at the outbreak of the war it was done primarily to prevent destruction of values inevitable so long as New York maintained the only open market in the world. Subsequent events proved the action to have been wise, but at the same time it should not be forgotten that a great many owners of securities, forced to realize upon them regardless of the size of the losses entailed, had to trust themselves to the unrecognized back-alley market which at one time assumed considerable proportions in New Street, where quotations far below those nominally maintained by the closing of the Stock Exchange were made. A much worse situation would certainly develop now if the open market on the big board were closed. There is in evidence in many quarters a belief that the Exchange authorities might go further than they have so far gone in checking speculative short selling. It is understood that several houses handling accounts for professional operators who were doing all in their power to depress security prices were called to account by the Governors.

Short selling has not been primarily responsible for the big and successive declines that have taken place, and no artificial obstacles should be placed in the way of necessary liquidation. Yesterday's recovery may have been due in part to the passing of the fears that the Exchange might be closed, but a rally from the low levels at which prices ended the session on Monday was natural in the circumstances, and there was ample evidence yesterday of real buying by the bargain hunters. After all, it is this kind of buying that will halt the downward movement eventually. If it has not already done so. For every man who cannot afford to hold dividend-paying stocks or taxable bonds because of the rate of new taxes put upon him there are a hundred who can profitably invest in the liquidated securities at these prices. Uncertainty over the workings of the unscientific tax law is still keeping many investors on the fence. As a prominent banker of wide experience put it yesterday, the average man with money awaiting investment had rather take stocks at 10 points above the prevailing prices with the uncertainty removed than to step in the dark.

The added momentum shown in the Liberty bond campaign yesterday undoubtedly played a part in stimulating a more hopeful feeling. The country is leisurely coming to a realization of its obligations, and with ten days of the selling campaign left, there is every reason to expect the buying orders to roll un more and more rapidly until a substantial oversubscription to the offering has been achieved.

LONDON MARKET IS FIRM.

Money in Fair Supply and Discount Rates Are Steady.

LONDON, Oct. 16.—Money was in fair supply and discount rates were steady today.

The stock market was quietly firm with most of the business in the foreign sections, in which low-priced cils, industrials and Marconis were prominent. Java rubber stocks were easy owing to the controversy with Holland. Argentine rails and Russian issues were better, and gilt-edged securities were maintained. Americans were weak in sympathy with Wall Street. Only a few of the low-priced shares were dealt in.

Trading Active on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Oct. 16.—Trading was active on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes 61 francs 20 centimes for cash. Exchange on London 27 francs 18 centimes. Five per cent. loan 88 francs 40 centimes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High	4	Last	4
Low	3½	Renewals	3½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	5 @5½	Sixty days	5½
Ninety days	5½	Ninety days	5½
Four months	5½@5¾	Four months	5¾
Five months	5½@6	Five months	5¾@6
Six months	5½@6	Six months	5¾@6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank; 60 to 90 days ..... 3½@3¼
Non-member bank and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days ..... 3¼@3¼
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days ..... 4¼@5

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 90 days 5¼
4 to 6 months ..... 5¼@6
4 to 6 months, Other Names 6

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Rates of Change.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge
Demand	$4.75¼	$4.75¼	$4.75¼	—.00 2/16
Cables	4.76⅛	4.76⅛	4.76⅛	
Francs—				
Demand	5.79⅝	5.79⅝	5.79⅝	..
Cables	5.77⅝	5.77⅝	5.77⅝	..
Rubles—				
Demand	14.90	14.75	14.90 — .20	
Cables	15.50	15.00	15.15 — .20	

Closing Exchange.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close.— Demand	Cables.
	or Checks.	
4.8665 London	$4.75¼	$4.75⅞
5.1826 Paris	5.79⅛	5.77⅛
China—		
Hongkong	63.50	63.75
Peking	99.00	99.25
Shanghai	92.00	92.25
49.19 Holland	39.50	39.55
52.44 India—	43.00	43.50
Bombay	35.00	35.25
Calcutta	35.00	35.25
5.1826 Italy	7.76¼	7.75¼
40.84 Japan—		
Kobe	51.25	51.37½
Yokohama	51.25	51.37½
50.00 Philippine Islands—		
Manila	50.12½	50.25
51.50 Russia	14.90	15.15
26.70 Scandinavia—		
Stockholm	36.50	36.75
Copenhagen	31.40	31.60
Christiania	31.60	31.80
19.296 Spain	23.35	23.42
South America—		
32.41 Rio	25.15	25.25
42.44 Buenos Aires	43.25	43.35
5.1826 Switzerland	4.66	4.64

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers.		Commercial.	
60 Days.	90 Days.	60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.71	$4.69	$4.70½	$4.68½

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $805,023,872; balance, $68,170,627; Sub-Treasury debit balances, $4,133,879; Federal Reserve credit balance, $22,659,565.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, 10c discount; St. Louis, 156@5c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $2.34375.

Silver

Bar silver in London, 43⅝d, off ⅜d; in New York, 85⅝c, off ⅛c; Mexican dollars, 64¾c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs receipts	$5,669,032	$52,577,807
Ord. internal revenue	19,507,871	185,591,822
Income tax	4,555,497	24,306,865
Miscellaneous	6,781,706	37,104,109
Totan receipts	$36,514,017	$269,642,593
Excess of ord. disburse. over ord. receipts	167,262,082	769,554,441
Excess of total disburse. over total receipts	110,888,562	499,855,729
Expenditures	347,388,561	1,269,397,447

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, OCT. 16, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	953,901	1,353,212	1,055,570
Year to date	148,443,396	155,160,300	131,782,183

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
9	10	200	Advance Rumely	9½	9½	9¼	9¼	— ¾
22½	23¾	100	Advance Rumely pf	23½	23½	23½	23½	+1¼
54	59	100	Ajax Rubber	55	55	55	55	+1
3½	3¾	100	Alaska Gold Mines	3¾	3¾	3¼	3½	— ½
19¾	20	1,000	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	19	20	18½	20	+1
77	78	100	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	74⅝	74⅝	74	74	—1
73	74	2,800	Am. Agricul. Chem	78	78	78	78	...
39¼	39¼	12,500	Am. Beet Sugar	70¾	73½	69½	73½	+3½
65⅞	65½	1,100	Am. Can	38	39¾	37½	38¼	+1½
107½	108¾	200	Am. Car & Fdry	62¾	65½	62¾	65½	+2⅛
20	20¼	1,000	Am. Car & Fdry pf	108	108	108	108	...
88	93	100	Am. Cotton Oil	30½	30½	29½	29½	—½
10	10½	100	Am. Express	88¾	88¾	88¼	88¼	—1¾
50¼	50½	1,000	Am. H. & Leath. pf	49¼	50⅜	49¼	50⅜	+⅜
53½	54	1,200	Am. International	53	53⅝	52⅞	53⅜	+⅜
21¾	23	2,300	Am. Linseed	21½	22½	21⅜	22½	+1⅜
53	60	100	Am. Linseed pf	58	58	58	58	+2½
54½	55	3,400	Am. Locomotive	52¼	55	52¼	55	+2½
98	100	100	Am. Locomotive pf	96	99	99	99	...
12½	13	200	Am. Malting	12	12	12	12	—1
64	64½	700	Am. Malting 1st pf	61	64	61	64	+2
86¾	86½	13,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref	83½	86⅞	83¼	86¼	+2⅜
103½	104½	200	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	103	103	103	103	+2⅜
59	60	1,500	Am. Steel F'dries	57½	59	57½	59	—2
104¾	104¾	1,700	Am. Sugar Ref	103½	104⅞	103½	104½	+⅛
56¼	56¾	6,700	Am. Sumatra Tob	54	56⅝	53½	56⅜	+1⅛
115	115½	1,700	Am. Tel. & Tel	115	115	114½	115	+1
178½	179½	1,100	Am. Tobacco	176¼	179	176¼	179	...
97	98½	200	Am. Tob. pf. new	98	98	98	98	...
42	43	900	Am. Woolen	41½	42	41⅜	42	—⅛
92¼	96	100	Am. Woolen pf	93	93	93	93	—¼
26	27	200	Am. Writing P. pf	25	26	25	26	—4
14½	14⅞	100	Am. Zinc L. & S	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	+ ⅛
48	54¾	300	Am. Zinc L. & S. pf	48	48	47¼	48	+ ⅞
65¾	66	15,800	Anaconda Copper	64¼	66	64¼	65⅞	+1⅝
56	59	200	Associated Oil	57	57	57	57	— ⅞
95	94	2,300	Atch., Top. & S. F	92½	93½	92¼	93¼	+1
90	92	750	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	92	92	91⅞	91⅞	— ⅜
100	101	200	Atlantic Coast Line	100¼	101	100¼	101	—4
95	95½	5,700	At., Gulf & W. I	93	95¾	93	95	+2⅜
58	59½	100	At. Gulf & W. I. pf	59	59	59	59	+2⅜
53¾	53⅝	9,700	Baldwin Loco	50¼	53¾	50	53¾	+3¼
56½	56¾	5,800	Baltimore & Ohio	54¼	57	54⅛	56¾	+2
60	63	300	Baltimore & O. pf	60½	60½	60	60	— ¼
93	97	200	Bank of Commerce	162	162	160	162	— ¼
100	105	100	Barrett Co	92¾	92¾	92¾	92¾	— ⅝
76	80	2,000	Barrett Co. pf	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	+ ¼
74	74¼	68,500	Bethlehem Steel	71	74	70½	74	+2
85	92	300	Beth. Steel cl. B t.c.	70½	74⅝	69⅜	74	+3¾
95¾	96	7,100	Beth. Steel pf	90	93	90	93	+9
57½	59	600	Beth. S. pf.sub.r.f.p	94½	96	94⅛	96	+18
92	100	100	Eklyn Rapid Tran	57⅜	57⅜	57	57¼	— ¼
6½	7¼	200	Eklyn Union Gas	92½	92½	92½	92½	— ½
93	98¾	100	Bruns. Ter. & Ry.S	7	7	7	7	— ½
18¾	18¾	2,100	Burns Brothers	97	97	97	97	+2
36⅞	37½	500	Butte & Superior	17¾	18¾	17¼	18	— ½
13½	14	2,000	California Packing	36½	37¼	36½	37¼	+ ¼
36	37½	300	California Petrol	12	12½	12	13⅛	+1⅛
65½	67	200	California Pet. pf	36¾	37	36	37	+ ¼
150½	150¾	6,400	Calumet & Arizona	67	67	66	66	—1
74¼	75	12,400	Calumet & Pacific	147½	151	147½	150¾	+2¾
102	102	100	Central Leather	71	75	70¾	74½	+2¾
110	115	10	Central Leather pf	101½	101½	101½	101½	— ½
31½	31¾	1,200	Cent. & So. Am. Tel	113	113	113	113	...
71½	73	100	Cerro de Pasco	31¼	31¼	31	31½	—1
51½	52	4,600	Chandler Motor	71½	71¼	71¼	71½	— ¼
...	8	200	Chesapeake & Ohio	49½	52	49¼	52	+2½
8	8¼	1,150	Chi. & E.I.pf.Eq.tr	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	+ ⅛
21½	23	900	Chi. Great Western	7⅞	8	7⅞	8	...
48¼	48¾	10,400	Chi. Great West. pf	21½	22	21	21¾	+ ¼
88	89¼	1,400	Chi., Mil. & St. P	45⅝	48⅞	45⅝	48¾	+2
99	99½	1,600	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	86½	89½	86½	89¼	+2¾
140	145	200	Chi. & Northwest	98	99½	98	99¼	+2¾
22	22¼	6,200	Chi. & Northw'n pf	140¼	140¾	140½	140½	+4½
57½	58½	1,300	Chi., R. I. & P. t. c.	20¼	22¼	20⅛	22¼	+2¼
...	...	...	Chi., R. I. & P. t. c.	55	58	55	57	+1⅝
50	51	1,500	Chi., Rock Island & P. 6 p. c. pf. t. c.	48¼	50	48	50	+2
...	...	...	Chi., St. P. M. & O.	87½	87½	87½	87½	—10
85	90	90	Do., odd lot	87½	87½	87½	87½	
16	16¼	4,000	Chile Copper	15¾	16	14¾	16	+1¼
43½	44	3,300	Chino Copper	42½	44	42½	44	+1⅞
30	39¾	200	Clev., C., C. & St.L	30	30	30	30	...
101¾	110¼	100	Cluett, Peabody pf	103⅞	103¾	101¾	103¼	—6½
36¼	37	2,900	Col. Fuel & Iron	35½	36¾	35½	36¾	+1⅞
33¾	123¾	4,200	Columbia Gas & El	31⅞	33½	31½	33½	+1
95	98	2,400	Consolidated Gas	92	95	91¾	95	+2¼
11½	12	100	Con. Int. Cal. Min	12	12	12	12	...
90	94¾	100	Continental Can	94	94	94	94	+1
27¾	28	7,800	Corn Products Ref	26	27⅝	26	27¾	+2
91	91½	350	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	89¾	90	89¾	90	½
65	65⅝	23,800	Crucible Steel	62¾	65¾	62	65	+1⅝
90¼	93	100	Crucible Steel pf	90½	90½	90½	90½	+1⅛
26⅝	27½	3,400	Cuba Cane Sugar	26	27	25½	27	+1
78¾	79½	300	Cuba Cane Sugar pf	78	78	78	78	— ¼
93½	103	100	Cuban-Am. Sug. pf	93½	93¼	93½	93½	— ¼
99	100	150	Deere & Co. pf	99	99	99	99	...
99½	100	900	Del. & Hudson	98	99¾	98	99	— ½
191	195	100	Del., Lack. & West	193½	195¾	193½	195¾	+1½
34¼	34½	14,100	Distillers' Secur	32	34⅞	32	34½	+2½
8	8¼	600	Dome Mines	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	+ ⅛
19	19¼	9,700	Erie	18	19¼	17¾	19¼	+ ⅜
27¼	27⅝	1,250	Erie 1st pf	26¼	27½	26	27½	+ ⅛
20¾	21	400	Erie 2d pf	20¼	20½	20	20½	+ ⅛
12	18	200	Federal Min. & S	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾	—7¼
33	33½	300	Gaston, W. & W	32	33	32	32½	...
181	200	100	General Chemical	190	190	190	190	...
137	138½	1,400	General Electric	135¼	137	134⅝	137	+2½
95¼	95¾	13,300	General Motors	91¼	96⅜	91¼	96	+5¼
73	79	400	General Motors pf	75½	75½	75½	75½	+1
73	77	600	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	42	42	41½	42	+1
100	100¼	4,000	Granby Consol	72	73	71	73	+1
27¼	27½	7,100	Great Northern pf	100	100¾	99½	100¾	+½
35½	36	800	G. N. Ore Cert. for o. p.	26¾	27⅞	26½	27⅜	+½
91	99	1,000	Greene-Cananea	37	37	34½	36	+1⅛
31	32	100	Gulf States Steel	90¼	90¾	88	90	—1⅝
95	100	100	Haskell & Barker	31	31	31	31	—1
98	98½	1,400	Homestake Mining	102	102	102	102	— ¼
44½	44¾	8,800	Illinois Central	99	99	98¼	98½	— ⅝
7½	8⅞	800	Inspiration Copper	43	44¾	43	44⅛	+ ⅛
11	12	100	Interboro Consol	8	8	8	8	— ⅛
38	38½	600	Int. Agricultural	12½	12½	12½	12½	+ ½
105	110	200	Int. Agricultural pf	38	38	37⅞	38	— ⅛
102	103	100	Int. Harvester	104½	104½	104½	104½	— ½
23¼	23⅝	13,400	Int. Harv. Corp. pf	103	103	103	103	+1¼
81	81¼	15,800	Int. Mer. Marine	21½	23¼	21¼	23¼	+1¼
20½	30	10,500	Int. Mer. Marine pf	78¾	81¼	77¾	81	+2⅝
22	23	900	Int. Nickel	29¼	30	28½	29½	+⅝
52	53	1,100	Int. Paper pf. sta	20½	22½	20¾	22½	+2⅝
17¼	17¾	600	Kansas City South	52½	52½	51	52	— ¾
50	53	100	Kan. City South. pf	16⅞	17	16⅞	17	...
42	42¾	500	Kelly Spring Tire	50	50	50	50	...
33¾	34¼	10,400	Kennecott Copper	40¾	42	40¾	42	+1
76½	77	4,200	Lackawanna Steel	32½	34¼	32½	34	+1½
10	14	100	Lake Erie & West	75	77¾	75	77¾	+2¾
22	28	200	Lake Erie & West pf	13	13	13	13	+1
13½	16	500	Lee Rubber & Tire	23½	23½	23	23½	...
58	58¼	2,600	Lehigh Valley	16¾	16¾	15¾	15¾	—1¼
114	115	500	Liggett & Myers pf	58½	58½	57	58½	+1¼
117¼	118½	900	Louis. & Nash	102	102	102	103	...
74	75	600	Mackay Cos	117¾	118¼	117½	118	+1
106	108	350	Manhattan Elev	74½	75	74½	75	...
32	33½	500	Maxwell Motors	106¾	106¾	106¼	106¼	—1½
64	64½	100	Max. Motors 1st pf	31½	32	31½	32	...
18½	19	100	Max. Motors 2d pf	64¼	64¼	64¼	64¼	—¼
101	102	100	May Dept. St. pf	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	—1⅝
83¼	85⅝	13,200	Mexican Petroleum	101	101	101	101	—4
30	30¼	2,200	Miami Copper	84	85½	82½	85½	+1⅜
45	45¼	13,000	Midvale Steel	30	30¾	29⅝	30¾	+1¼
93	95	100	Mo., Kan. & Tex	44	45	44	45	+1
4½	5	500	Mo., Kan. & Texas pf	42¾	43	42¾	43	+⅛
7⅞	8	300	Mo., Kan. & T. pf	95	95	95	95	+½
27	27½	11,810	Mo. Pacific tr ctfs	4¾	4¾	4¼	4¼	+⅛
48¼	49½	100	Mo. Pac. pf. tr ctfs	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	+½
29¾	30	200	Nat. Acme	46¾	46¾	46¾	46¾	+⅝
97¼	100	400	Nat. Biscuit Co	30	30	30	30	...
103	105	300	Nat. Cloak & S. pf	98	98	97¼	97¼	—2¾
22¾	23	3,100	Nat. Cond. & Cable	103	103	103	103	...
41	41½	1,700	Nat. Enam. & St	23	23	23½	23⅜	+1½
93	100	100	Nat. Enam. & S. pf	39½	41¼	39½	41¼	+1¾
45½	47	200	Nat. Lead	94	94	94	94	+¾
6⅝	7	100	N. Rys. of M. 2d pf	44¼	45	44¼	45	+1
17¾	18	2,700	Nevada Con. Cop	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅜
114	115	600	N. Y. Air Brake	17	18	16⅜	18	+ ⅝
73	74	4,380	N. Y. Central	113	113¾	112	113¾	+ ⅝
27⅜	28	1,200	N. Y., N. H. & H	26¼	28	26¼	27⅞	+1⅝
57	58	1,500	N. Y. Ont. & West	20	20	20	20	...
51½	52	900	Norfolk & Western	103¾	106	103⅝	105	+1
			North American	50	50	50	50	+1½
			Northern Pacific	96	96¾	95	96⅜	+1½
			Nova Scotia S. & C	80	80	80	78⅞	+1⅛
			Ohio Cities Gas	36½	36¾	35½	36¼	+1½
			Owens Bottle Mach	80	80	80	80	+2¾
			Pacific Mail	24½	24½	24½	24½	— ¼
			Penn. R. R	50	50¾	49⅞	50¼	+ ⅛
			People's Gas, Chi	43	44	42	44	+1
			Pere Marquette	15½	16¼	15½	16¼	+1
			Philadelphia Co	30	30	30	30	+ ⅛
			P., C., C. & St. L	60¼	60¼	60¼	60¼	+ ⅝
			Pierce-Arrow pf	93¼	93½	93½	93½	+ ⅝
			Pittsburgh Coal	44½	45⅞	44½	45⅞	+2
			Pitts. Coal pf	80¾	81	80¾	81	—1
			Pitts. Steel pf	97	97	97	97	— ⅜
			Pitts & West Va	24	24¾	23¾	24¾	+ ⅛
			Pitts. & W. Va. pf	56	56½	55½	56½	+ ⅛
			Pressed Steel Car	53¾	53¾	53	53¾	— ¼
			Pressed Steel C. pf	98¼	98¼	98¼	98¼	...
			Pullman Co	136¼	137	136¼	137	+1½
			Railway Steel Sp	37¼	39¼	37¼	39½	+ ⅛
			Ray Con. Copper	21¾	22¾	21¾	22¾	+ ½
			Reading	72¼	74¾	70¾	74¼	+1¾
			Reading 1st pf	35	35	35	35	+ ½
			Reading 2d pf	35	35½	35	35½	+ ½
			Rep. Iron & Steel	71	75¼	71	75¼	+1½
			Rep. Iron & S. pf	98¾	99½	98¾	99	— ⅜
			St. Louis-San Fran	15¾	15¾	15⅜	15⅝	...
			Savage Arms	58	58	58	58	...
			Saxon Motor	11	11	11	11	—1
			Seaboard Air Line	9	10	9	10	+1⅛
			Seab. Air Line pf	20½	21½	20½	21¼	+ ½
			Sears, Roeb. & Co	150½	152½	150	152½	+2⅜
			Shattuck-Arizona	18¾	19¼	18½	19¼	+ ¼
			Sinclair Oil	31½	33½	31⅞	33¼	+2
			Sloss-S. Steel & I	38	38	38	38	— ½
			Southern Pacific	87	89¾	87	89¾	+2⅜
			Southern Railway	26¼	27	26	27	+⅝
			Southern Ry. pf	59⅞	61¼	59¾	61¼	+1½
			Studebaker Co	39½	40½	39½	40	+ ½
			Superior Steel	33¼	35	33¼	35	+1½
			Tenn. C. & C	11⅝	13	11⅝	13	+1¼
			Texas Co	138	143	138	142	+2½
			Texas & Pacific	12½	12½	12½	12½	—2½
			Third Avenue	19	19½	19	19½	+ ½
			Tobacco Products	48¼	53½	48¼	53½	+6
			Underwood Typew	94½	94¾	94	94¾	— ½
			Union B. & P. new	64¾	64¾	64¼	64¼	— ⅝
			Union Pacific	120¼	123⅝	120¼	123⅝	+3⅜
			Union Pacific pf	76½	76½	76	76	— ½
			United Alloy Steel	39½	40	39¾	40	...
			United Cigar Stores	90	94¼	90	94¼	+2⅜
			United Fruit	121	122	121	122	+1½
			United Rys. Invest	7⅜	7⅝	7⅜	7⅝	— ⅛
			U. S. Indus. Alco	13½	13½	13½	13½	—1½
			U. S. R. & Imp. Co	128	132	128	132	+4⅞
			U. S. Rubber	11	11	11	11	...
			U. S. Rub. 1st pf	57	58	56	58	+1
			U. S. Sm., R. & M	99¼	99¼	99	99	— ½
				49¼	51½	49¼	51½	+ ½

Continued at Bottom of Adjoining Column.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	62.84	61.21	62.68	+1.03
25 industrials	75.22	72.64	75.00	+1.39
50 stocks	69.03	66.92	68.84	+1.34

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Oct. 16	69.03	66.92	68.84	+1.34
Oct. 15	69.06	66.99	67.50	—2.19
Oct. 13	Holiday.			
Oct. 12	Holiday.			
Oct. 11	70.35	68.57	69.69	+ .26
Oct. 10	71.03	68.40	69.43	—1.38
Oct. 9	71.85	70.77	71.11	— .62

MONTHLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
1917	74.60	Oct. 1	66.92	Oct. 16	68.84
1916	79.11	Oct. 27	91.45	Oct. 9	97.99
1915	94.13	Oct. 22	82.93	Oct. 6	92.92
1914	Exchange closed.				
1

What Our Country Is Fighting For

There is a story of singular beauty concerning a young French officer who, in answer to the question "What are you fighting for?" stooped quickly, tore a piece of sod from the earth, pressed it to his lips, and exclaimed, "For France! France!"

Commenting upon this incident the New York Evening Sun says:

France is literally fighting for her life. If the enemy were intrenched in American soil, if American cities had been sacked, if American men had died by the thousands, if American women had been put to shame unspeakable, the passion of patriotic love and yearning so touchingly expressed by the French officer who kissed the handful of sod would have its counterpart in the breasts of Americans.

The Germans are still only sixty-five miles from Paris, while three thousand miles of sea separates us from them and cools the ardor of many. Yet in that sea lie the bodies of the Lusitania's dead. The sea, if German victory in France is made complete, will bear to our shores the same crew that enslaved and outraged Belgium.

American young men will soon be lying beside the Frenchmen and Englishmen who have given "the last full measure of devotion" to the cause of human liberty. Let us see it with our mind's eye and feel it in our hearts. Let us, too, seize the soil of our country as a precious thing and hold it to our lips and our breasts.

Our country, too, is fighting for national existence.

Our gallant troops are crossing those three thousand miles of sea to make sure that "the crew that enslaved and outraged Belgium" is made powerless to visit a similar fate on our beloved land.

Back up your country. Lend your money to your government and help win the war for home, flag, and human liberty.

Buy United States Government Bonds of the Second Liberty Loan

Liberty Loan Committee

Second Federal Reserve District

120 Broadway, N. Y.

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DEALERS IN WASTE TO AID GOVERNMENT

Name Committee After Appeal by Eugene Meyer, Jr., of War Industries Board.

ACCEPT FIXED COPPER PRICE

Bernard M. Baruch's Assistant Promises Fair Treatment for All Interests.

Waste material dealers of the United States handling an annual output valued at approximately $1,000,000,000, pledged full co-operation with the Federal Government yesterday in its campaign to serve and utilize to the utmost the country's by-products needed for military purposes. The pledge was made at the quarterly meeting of the Metals Division of the National Association of Waste Material Dealers held at the Hotel Astor. Eugene Meyer, Jr., assistant to Bernard N. Baruch, head of the Raw Materials Division of the War Industries Board, was the principal speaker. About 150 of the leading jobbers in second-hand and by-product metals from all sections of the country were present.

While the maximum price of 23½ cents a pound for copper promulgated by President Wilson's executive order, for example, had not been extended in such a way as to affect transactions of the waste material dealers, it was made effective yesterday when Mr. Meyer requested the dealers not to sell copper above the price proclaimed for the next four months by the President.

Mr. Meyer stated that he had been delegated to take charge of the conservation of copper, zinc, lead, antimony, and other metals, with the exception of iron and steel, for the Government for the duration of the war.

"Your capacity for usefulness to the Government at this time is considerable," Mr. Meyer said. "Just now, the situation as to copper is most urgent and pressing. Not only do we want to establish an interest between your board and your industry, but it is desired that you name a committee to co-operate with the board, which shall speak for the important industry you represent. We don't know when a situation may develop when your knowledge of metals may be helpful to the Government.

"You as an industry should organize to carry out the spirit of the copper agreement, and any other agreements that may be proposed by the War Industries Board. The suggestion I make is that you pledge support and stand by these orders and agreements, and act in accordance with all regulations promulgated. It is the intention of the Government, through the board, to accord fair and dispassionate treatment to all interests, and all that we ask is that you do the fair and helpful thing in order to assist the Government and its allies to win the war."

In reply to a question by a member of the Metals Division, Mr. Meyer said the Government price of 23½ cents a pound for scrap copper should be regarded as effective at once, although bona fide contracts entered into prior to the date of the President's executive order, would be allowed to hold in most instances. Another member inquired why it was deemed necessary to include scrap copper or the metal's by-products in the maximum price. "This was necessary," Mr. Meyer said, "because otherwise scrap copper would be four or five cents above the selling price of regular copper. Besides, a lot of good copper would be reduced to a condition of scrap or by-products for the express purpose of obtaining the higher price. Our very purpose is to line up your supply of copper for the war's requirements."

Further questioning brought out the fact that the War Industries Board would probably fix a sliding scale at which scrap copper and its by-products would be sold in view of the fact that inferior scrap material below a certain grade would not be sought at the full price of 23½ cents a pound. It also was brought out that the Government would expect the waste material dealers to sell their other metal products at the fixed prices to be proclaimed later. While the Government up to this time has not sought scrap metal material, the impression was left after Mr. Meyer's address that requisitions might be expected shortly.

In harmony with the suggestion made by the War Board's representative, the following were constituted a special committee to co-operate with the Government: Louis Birkenstein, Chairman; F. W. Reidenbach, Clarence B. White, Henry B. Lissberger, Ivan Reitler, and Charles Lipiskitz.

This morning meetings of the Paper Stock and Woolen Rag Divisions will be held at the Astor, to be followed in the afternoon by a regular meeting of the National Association of Waste Material Dealers.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Am. For. Sec.	5	Aug., 1919	95¼	95⅝	8.05
Argen. Gov. dis.		Dec. 15, '17	92¾	92⅞	7.50
Argen. Gov...		May 15, '20	92	95	8.25
City of Mont.	5	Dec., 1917	92½	100	5.00
City of Mont.	5	May, 1918	99	99¼	5.30
City of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	94	96	6.75
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	93¾	93¾	8.50
Fr'ch Gov. con.	5½	Apr., 1919	95¾	96¼	8.05
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	95	97	6.00
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	105	106	4.75
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	104	106	..
Russian Gov.	6½	July, 1919	75	76	..
Russian Gov.	5½	Dec., 1921	65	67	..
Do rubles...	5½	Feb. 14, '26	147	150	..
Swiss Gov....	5	Mar., 1918	99½	99½	6.00
Swiss Gov....	5	Mar., 1920	99¾	100¼	4.90

Company Issues.

Am. Cot. Oil.	5	Nov., 1917	99⅞	100¼	3.00
Am. P. & L.	8	Aug., 1921	96½	98½	6.50
Am. T. & T.	4½	Feb., 1918	99⅝	99⅞	4.90
Am. Thread.	4	Jan., 1919	96¾	97	5.85
Ark. Val. Ry. L. & P....	6	July, 1918	97½	99½	6.25
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1918	99⅛	99⅜	5.90
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	97¼	97⅝	6.45
Beth. S. Corp.	5	Feb. 15, '19	97¾	97¾	6.40
B'klyn R. T.	5	July, 1915	97	97⅝	8.75
C., B. & Q...	4	July, 1921	93½	94¼	5.05
C. & W. Ind.	6	Sep., 1918	98⅝	99	7.05
Canada Nor.	6	Sep. 2, '18	99	99⅛	6.70
Can. Pac. R.	6	Mar. 2, '24	99¼	100⅛	5.95
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Apr., 1918	100	100½	5.00
Curt. A. & M.	6	Serial	95	100	..
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	97⅝	98	5.75
East. P. & L.	5	Mar. 1, '18	96½	99½	7.60
Erie R. R....	5	Apr., 1919	95	96¼	7.05
Fed. Sug. R.	5	Jan., 1920	96	98	5.85
Gen. Elec. Co.	6	July, 1920	101	101⅛	5.35
Gen. Rubber.	5	Aug., 1918	97	98	6.70
G. T. of Can.	5	Aug., 1918	97	99	5.80
G. T. of Can.	5	Nov., 1917	99¼	100	5.00
Gt. A. & P.	6	June, 1921	98¾	100	6.00
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	98	98½	5.85
Hocking Val.	6	Nov., 1918	98⅝	99¼	6.70
Int. Harvest.		Feb. 15, '18	99⅞	100¼	4.40
Kan. C. Ry.	5½	July, 1918	97¼	99	6.80
K.C. Ter. Ry.	4½	Nov. 15, '18	97	98¾	5.30
K. C. Ter. Ry.	4½	July 19, '21	93	98	6.00
Mich. C. R. R.	5	May, 1918	99	99¼	6.25
Louis. G. & E.	6	Apr., 1918	99	100	6.00
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1919	92	95	9.60
Morgan & W.	5	Dec., 1918	101	101½	3.65
N. Y. C. R. R.	4½	May, 1918	99	99½	5.35
N.Y.N.H.&H.	5	Apr. 15, '18	86	88	..
No. States P.	6	Apr., 1926	93½	94½	6.85
enn. Co...	4½	June 15, '21	96⅞	97⅜	5.20
.'S. C., N. J.		Mar., 1919	97	98¼	5.90
tem. A. Un. Met. C. Co.	5	Feb. 1, '19	88	91	..
Southern Ry.	5	Mar. 2, '19	97½	98	6.60
United Fruit.	5	May, 1918	95⅝	99⅞	6.20
Utah Sec. Cor.	6	Sep. 15, '22	89	90	8.30
Wabash R. R.	4	May, 1920	90	95	5.80
Wm. R. Arms.	5	May, 1918	97¼	98	..
W. V. T. & E.	6	May, 1919	97½	98¼	6.75
W. S. G. & E.	6	June, 1927	97	98	6.25
Wm. E. Ry.	6	Jan. 15, '18	99¼	100	6.00

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
Tin, spot	61.00	61.50	61.00	61.50
Spelter	8.20	8.37½	8.20	8.37½
Antimony	14.75	15.25	14.75	15.25
Quicksilver	$100.00	....	$100.00	....
Aluminium	*37.00	38.00	*38.00	40.00
Iron, No. 2X f'dy	....	33.00	....	33.00

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market, all deliveries, 23½c per pound bid.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Monday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	110	0	0	110	0	0
Copper, futures	110	0	0	110	0	0
Tin, spot	247	0	0	246	10	0
Tin, futures	244	0	0	243	0	0
Spelter	54	0	0	54	0	0
Lead	30	10	0	30	10	0

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Amer Oil	21	23	Iron Cap pf	13⅞	..
B S Gas...	8	9	Iron Blos..	60	70
Bingham...	11	12	Jer Verde..	1¼	1⅜
Bergole	50	75	La Rose...	42	48
Bohemia.	1⅛	1⅜	Majestic...	30	35
Boston Ely	65	75	Mex Metals	30	32
Butte & L.	12	14	Moj Tung..	35	38
Butte & S.	30	35	New Baltic	1¼	1⅜
Bost & Ar.	1⅝	2¼	Nev Doug..	1¼	1⅜
Calaveras..	2¼	3½	New Ut B..	..	50
Crown Res.	22	30	Nixon.....	73	75
Cons Arlz..	1⅝	1⅞	New Corn..	15	1⅝
Cortez	10	20	Nat Z & L	28	30
Chan Cop.	5	8	Ohio Cop..	⅞	1
Chief Cons	2¼	2½	Cneco	40	70
Cal Corbin	1	1¼	Onondaga..	20	30
Davis B B.	2¼	2½	Pio Cons...	1½	1⅞
Earl-Eagle.	17	20	Ray Herc..	3½	3¾
Fortuna ...	5	7	Rilla	2	4
Gold Lake.	2	4	S W M f p	1	2
Gila Cop S.	17	17¾	Do p p...	1	2
Houghton..	75	1	Truro	1	1⅛
Homa Oil..	1	1⅛	U Verde Ex	31	32
Humboldt..	80	85	Vic Mines.	2¼	2⅝
Iron Cap...	14	14½	Yukon Gold	1⅝	2

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Per. riod.	Pay. able.	Holders of Rec.
Am. Z. L. & S. pf.	$1.50	Q	Nov. 1	Oct. 27
Cent. R. R. of N. J.	2	Q	Nov. 1	Oct. 27
General Cigar	$1	Q	Nov. 1	Oct. 15
Isle Royale Copper	$1	Q	Oct. 31	Oct. 18
Osceola Cons. Min.	$2	Q	Oct. 31	Oct. 18
Pub. Serv. Inv. pf.	$1.50	Q	Nov. 1	Oct. 19
Tobacco Products	$1.50	..	Nov. 15	Nov. 1
Warwick Iron & St.	3	SA	Nov. 15	Oct. 31

COTTON SOARS AGAIN

Nearer Months Make High Records for Season—Net Advance 29-69 Points.

After opening and working through the early hours of the session with every indication of a dull day, with sagging prices, the cotton market yesterday unexpectedly developed renewed strength, and as insistent a demand as has been displayed in some weeks carried practically the entire list forward, with the nearer months making new high records for the season. December touched 27.00c at one point, 115 points higher than it had sold in the early hours, and closed at 27.87c. The general list closed firm, up from 29 to 69 points net.

The market opened steady, at a decline of 10 to 15 points, with active months selling 20 to 25 points net lower during the early trading. There seemed to be quite an accumulation of Southern selling orders overnight, also a renewal of the realizing or selling for a reaction which had been prominent on the decline of late Monday. Offerings were very well absorbed by trade and Liverpool buying, on a scale down, however, and the market soon turned firmer. For a time buying was held in check by the more favorable character of the weather news and the failure of private crop advices to mention frost damage. But as prices worked higher demand gradually broadened, with Wall Street and Western houses active buyers on the late advance. Bullish spot advices, the firmer tone of the stock market, and the large exports for the day were among the factors, while continued buying by trade interests was accompanied by reports that spinners were fixing prices. January sold up from 26.15c to 27c and closed at 26.95c. Both October and December made new high records, with October selling at the 28-cent level.

While it was considered somewhat remarkable that no advices telling of serious frost damage were received during the day, the talk around the ring showed no disposition to modify reduced estimates of the crop. Private advices were somewhat conflicting as to spot demand, but practically all of them reported great firmness among holders. According to some reports, speculators are buying spots very freely in the South, with cotton piling up in the interior. Exports for the day were 34,218 bales, making 1,058,963 so far this season, compared with 1,272,090 last year. Southern spot markets as officially reported were 25 points lower to 100 points higher, most of the later markets being higher.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Tues.
Oct.	27.15	28.00	27.10	27.90@27.97	27.35
Nov.	....	....	....	27.70 bid	27.05
Dec.	26.50	27.60	26.45	27.37@27.38	26.68
Jan.	26.20	27.00	26.15	26.95@26.98	26.39
Feb.	....	....	....	26.85 bid	26.35
March	26.16	26.90	26.07	26.72@26.77	26.31
April	....	....	....	26.70 bid	26.30
May	26.18	26.78	26.09	26.76@26.75	26.30
June	....	....	....	26.65 bid	26.24
July	26.20	26.71	26.10	26.67@26.69	26.24
Aug.	26.00	26.00	26.00	26.30 bid	26.05

The local market for spot cotton was steady and 45 points higher, at 28.45c for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were as follows: New Orleans, 27.13c; Savannah, 27¾c; Augusta, 27c; Galveston, 27.45c; Memphis, 28.50c; Houston, 27.30c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Tuesday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipt	59,285	52,475	72,263
Exports	34,218	50,877	26,350
Exports, season	1,058,963	961,054	1,272,090
Port stocks	701,959	618,874	1,112,621
Interior receipts	45,858	37,090	76,357
Int. shipments	28,718	20,253	53,796
N. Y. arrivals	15,169	8,469	7,289
N. Y. stocks	44,840	40,169	53,052

Liverpool Cables—Spot cotton today was reported quiet and unchanged, on the basis of 20.80d for good middling and 20.22d for middling. The sales aggregated 3,000 bales, including 2,000 American. Imports, 13,000, all American. The market for new contract futures opened at a decline of 20 points, and closed steady at a net decline of 15 to 17 points.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The International Sugar Committee of the United States Food Administration will open new offices this afternoon at 111 Wall Street.

The London City and Midland Bank has established branches for the use of American soldiers in need of banking facilities in all the camps where they are stationed in England.

The French Government has repaid to J. & W. Seligman & Co. the loan of about $12,000,000 made by that firm in October, 1916, which was secured by St. Louis and San Francisco securities.

The syndicate headed by J. P. Morgan & Co., which underwrote the recent $15,000,000 two-year 5 per cent. note issue of the New York Central, has been dissolved, practically the entire issue having been sold.

The Isle Royale Copper Company declared a quarterly dividend of $1 as compared with recent dividends of $1.50.

The Osceola Consolidated Mining Company has declared a quarterly dividend of $2 as compared with three previous dividends of $6 each.

A. H. Wiggin, who has been appointed Fuel Administrator of the New York distrrict, has resigned as Director of the Erie Railroad.

The Long Island Lighting Company has made application to the Up-State Public Service Commission for authority to issue $100,000 in common capital stock and $143,000 in first mortgage 6 per cent. twenty-five year gold bonds. The proceeds of the stock issue to be used to provide additional working capital and the revenue from the bond issues is to be used for payment of current accounts and bills payable.

At the annual meeting of Group 8, New York Bankers' Association, the following officers and members of the Executive Committee were unanimously elected: Samuel G. Bayne, Chairman; Samuel H. Miller, Secretary and Treasurer; Harvey D. Gibson, Henry J. Cochran, Gilbert G. Thorne, Dwight W. Morrow, Herbert P. Howell, and Theodore Hetzler.

Farson, Son & Co. have been awarded $140,000 of Cincinnati 30-year 4.75 per cent. bonds, at 100.283 and accrued interest.

The Guaranty Trust Company is prepared to issue to outstanding holders of Second Avenue Receiver's Certificates of Indebtedness, the new certificates dated Oct. 1, 1917, bearing April and October, 1918, coupons, upon presentation for exchange.

EARNINGS.

Railroad.

DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
August gross	$416,027	$361,604	$54,423
Net	100,032	125,459	*25,427
Def. after chg. and taxes	2,258	†28,348	30,606
2 mos. gross	817,171	707,212	109,959
Net	186,853	246,245	*59,392
Def. after chg. and taxes	38,614	†51,082	89,696

*Decrease. †Surplus.

Public Utilities.

DAYTON POWER & LIGHT CO.—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
Sept. gross	$148,535	$127,370	$21,165
Net after tax	51,527	42,985	8,542
Total income	53,608	43,411	10,197
Sur. after chg.	28,475	23,759	4,716
Bal. after pf. dividends	13,663	8,947	4,716
9 mos. gross	1,311,892	1,138,389	173,503
Net after tax	421,496	489,189	*67,693
Total income	429,584	402,998	*94,924
Sur. after chg.	201,352	326,090	*24,738
Bal. after pf. dividends	88,039	194,589	*126,550
12 mos. gross	1,787,370	1,480,302	307,074
Net after tax	546,219	658,282	*112,061
Total income	555,607	666,838	*111,231
Sur. after chg.	259,829	443,731	*183,902
Bal. after pf. dividends	82,079	278,175	*196,096

HAVANA ELECTRIC RY., LT. & PR. CO.—

August gross	592,461	513,376	79,085
Net after tax	329,351	329,830	2,521
Total income	329,571	329,311	260
Sur. after chg.	217,203	196,695	20,508
8 mos. gross	4,413,945	3,894,892	519,053
Net after tax	2,494,062	2,394,827	99,235
Total income	2,501,466	2,483,916	102,550
Sur. after chg.	1,575,856	1,458,514	117,342

*Decrease.

NEW YORK RAILWAYS—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
August gross	1,136,769	1,101,557	1,136,931
Net after tax	336,172	332,775	411,689
Sur. after chg.	102,379	99,109	123,790
2 mos. gross	2,237,000	2,203,340	2,264,021
Net after tax	637,423	762,434	819,886
Sur. after chg.	169,191	228,799	245,948

PHILADELPHIA RAPID TRANSIT—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
Sept. gross	2,410,584	2,226,060	193,524
Net earnings	1,030,246	1,015,275	14,971
Sur. after chg.	219,081	200,865	18,216
3 mos. gross	7,293,659	6,590,825	702,834
Net earnings	3,009,879	2,935,092	134,787
Sur. after chg.	634,943	490,403	144,540

WELLS FARGO & CO. report as filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission for June—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
Total trans. rev.	2,329,784	1,983,094	345,790
Total oper. rev.	2,437,797	2,081,674	356,123
Net oper. rev.	644,088	6,236,935	*192,850
Oper. income	2,645	207,618	*204,973

Jan. 1 to June 30:

Total trans. rev.	13,320,820	10,936,645	2,384,175
Total oper. rev.	13,902,474	11,497,747	2,404,729
Net oper. rev.	737,681	1,476,924	*739,243
Oper. income	457,047	1,261,485	*804,438

*Decrease.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

Mills in the Northwest are finding that it requires less wheat to make a barrel of flour this year owing to the high quality of the grain. This is going to mean quite a large saving in consumption and will be equivalent to quite a large increase in production. The situation continues discouragingly small, however, and the question of handling and marketing a crop under conditions regulated by the Government and foreign to the customary methods is a difficult one. The movement in Canada is larger proportionately than in the United States. At the same time advices from Winnipeg state that on the face of it that the strike has been settled at the terminal elevators, the question of buying wheat in the country is a serious one, as the Government guaranteeing the price has not been definitely decided.

RYE—Market easier; No. 2 Western, $1.87, cost, insurance, and freight, New York.

CORN.

Operations in the corn market were attended with feverish fluctuations, but the undertone was comparatively firm and closing quotations were 1¼ to 1⅝c net higher. It is said that a fair business has been done in new crop corn for shipment to the East at 20 cents over Chicago December cost, insurance, and freight, New York for December shipment, while later shipment is at somewhat lower premiums. In the local cash market old No. 2 yellow was quoted at $2.02 nominal, No. 2 mixed at $2 cost, insurance, and freight, New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Dec.	1.14¾	1.12⅜	1.14	1.12⅝	78¼
Jan.	1.09¾	1.08	1.09¼	1.07⅛	..
May	1.09⅞	1.08¼	1.09¼	1.08⅜	79⅝

OATS.

The oats market was inactive and irregular. The December position was easier, closing ⅝c lower, while May advanced ⅝c. There seemed to be considerable readjustment of spreads between those positions. The undertone was rather heavy owing to a slow export demand, with sales of only 100,000 bushels. The local cash market was quiet and steady; standard quoted at 68c; No. 2 white, 66¼@66¾c; No. 3 whites, 65@65¼c; No. 4 white, 64¼@65c; fancy clipped white, 66¼@68¼c; ordinary clipped white, 65@66½c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	58¼	57¼	57¼	58¼	48¾
May	59⅞	59¼	59¼	59⅝	51⅞

PROVISIONS.

The provision market was firmer, owing to covering and buying, which was credited to packers, despite an easier tone to the hog market. The semi-monthly statement of stocks was looked upon as bullish, and buying was also influenced to some extent by a fire in the Kansas City stock yards. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 13,000; estimated for Wednesday 22,000. Omaha received 4,700.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
October	23.80	23.47	23.70	23.37	15.37
January	21.75	21.37	21.70	21.30	14.47
Ribs—					
October	....	....	27.12	27.12	13.97
January	22.00	21.65	22.00	21.50	12.80
Pork—					
October	....	....	....	42.60	23.97
January	41.45	40.75	41.80	40.50	23.90

COTTONSEED OIL.

Operations in the market for cottonseed oil were very small, owing to the restrictions imposed, and, while the undertone was a little firmer, as a result of the advance in lard, prices were irregular, closing 10 points lower to 30 points net higher. Total sales were 6,000 barrels. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.
Spot	....	....	17.50@	17.00
October	18.25	18.20	18.20@18.25	18.00
November	17.20	17.10	17.00@	17.10
December	17.10	16.80	17.00@17.20	16.70
January	16.81	16.80	16.80@17.00	16.60
February	16.55	16.55	16.50@	16.40
March	..	..	16.60@16.70	16.50
April	..	..	16.70@	..
May	..	..	16.50@	16.50

COFFEE.

There was considerable switching from December to later months in the coffee market, and business otherwise was fairly active, with prices working lower under liquidation. Scattered trade selling was also in evidence, accompanied by talk of an easier tone in Brazil, and after opening unchanged to 3 points lower, the market closed at a net loss of 4 to 8 points. December was exchanged for September at 74 and 73 points. The local spot market was quiet and unchanged at 8¾c for Rio 7s and 9¾c for Santos 4s. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
October	..	..	7.07@7.10	7.18
November	..	..	7.14@7.16	7.18
December	7.27	7.24	7.21@7.24	7.27
January	..	..	7.29@7.80	7.35
February	..	..	7.36@7.37	7.42
March	7.49	7.45	7.43@7.45	7.49
April	..	..	7.53@7.54	7.59
May	7.68	7.63	7.62@7.63	7.68
June	..	..	7.70@7.71	7.77
July	7.80	7.80	7.77@7.79	7.85
August	..	..	7.86@7.87	7.93
September	8.01	7.97	7.93@7.95	8.01

SUGAR.

With the Government preventing refiners from buying raw supplies at above 5½c, cost and freight basis, business has been at a standstill, holders refusing to offer at that level in the belief that they will be able to dispose of their unsold balance of the crop in Cuba, estimated at less than 50,000 tons, at a better price. No change occurred in refined prices either, fine granulated being quoted at 6.35c by refiners who are in the market, but business was light as refiners are restricting orders and some not in the market at all. Spot quotations on raws are 5¼c for Cubas, cost and freight, equal to 5.90c for centrifugal and 6.02c for molasses.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 8,069 packages. Reported arrivals are not very heavy, but trade is so dull that stock is accumulating in first hands and there is a weaker feeling in consequence. Nearly all grades of creamery shaded about ½c, and at the decline buyers are still quite indifferent. There is a weaker market also for renovated, ladles, and packing stock, with comparatively little business transpiring. Creamery, higher than extras, per lb, 41@42c; extras (92 score), 44c; firsts, (88 to 91 score, 42½@43½; seconds, (83 to 87 score,) 41@42c; thirds, 40@40¼c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 45¼@46c; extras, 44½@45c; firsts, 43½@44c; seconds, 42@43c; State, dairy, tubs, finest, 43¼c; good to prime, 41½@43c; common to fair, 39@41c; renovated, extras, 42@42½c; firsts, 41@41½c; lower grades, 39@40½c; imitation creamery, firsts, 40@41c; ladles, current make, firsts, 39@39½c; seconds, 38@38½c; lower grades, 36½@37½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 38½c; No. 2, 37½@38c; lower grades, 36@37c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 12,960 cases. The market is quiet and without new features of importance. High qualities of fresh gathered sell with reasonable promptness but there are few such, and the rank and file of the offerings are moving slowly at about previous range of values. Storage eggs are quiet and the tone irregular. A very moderate movement is reported in regular distributing channels at unchanged quotations, but there is little or no speculative demand, and to force sales usual asking prices would have to be shaded. Nearby white eggs in light supply, but the demand is limited and prices without material change. Fresh gathered extras, per dozen, 45@46c; extra firsts, 43@44½c; firsts, 40@42c; seconds, 37½@38c; thirds and poorer, 35@37c; fresh gathered dirties, No. 1, 36@36½c; No. 2 and poorer, 30@35½c; fresh gathered checks, good to choice, dry, 23@34c; under grades, 30@32c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, storage and insurance paid, 38@38½c; firsts, storage and insurance paid, 36½@37c; seconds, storage and insurance paid, 35@36c; lower grades, storage and insurance paid, 33@34½c; refrigerator, State whites, 41@42c; State Pennsylvania and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 42@66c; ordinary to good, 39@40c; gathered whites, fair to fine, 43@82c; State Pennsylvania and nearby pullets, 40@50c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 42@50c; State Pennsylvania and nearby hennery browns, 48@5½c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 42@46c

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DESCRIBES COMMERCE AS A WAR WEAPON

Secretary Redfield Says Neutrals Must Show Where Food They Buy Goes.

One of the most powerful weapons the United States can use against Germany in the war is the "peaceful power of the commerce," William C. Redfield, Secretary of the Department of Commerce, told the conference of trade paper editors at a luncheon in the Automobile Club yesterday, in speaking of the application of the act upon trading with the enemy. He urged conservation of foods so that all our allies may have plenty and said that every neutral power would be compelled to show where every morsel of food was to be sold.

"I am not so much concerned about the letter of the law as I am with its spirit," said Secretary Redfield. "This act shows that in all truth we are turning our peaceful commerce into a war utensil which must prove effective in the end. Furthermore, let me impress upon you the determination of the Government that we will not sell anything to any one for any amount if there is a remote possibility of that particular anything finding its way into the hands of the enemy.

"We will not provide anything to any one which the latter may trade for something that it needs from Germany. To our neutral friends this Government intends to be fair. They must lay their cards on the table when they ask us for commodities. They must show us their cards for every item and prove to us that these items are needed by their people. If they prove square and aboveboard we will tell them that that which we have to spare after our allies and ourselves have been provided for we will supply them at prices within reason."

"When we subscribe to a Liberty Bond," continued the Secretary, "we must not cherish the belief that we are helping our own country alone. On the contrary, we are but doing our bit in the struggle of the civilized world to throttle the evil which threatens one and all alike. In our supposed safety, the result of a happy accident of geography, we have overlooked the fact that this malign power, should it conquer on the other side of the ocean, would reach out to us. We must not depend upon our army alone, but we must organize this glorious nation into one solid unit for the fray. If we weaken here, they will fall yonder, and for this reason we have turned the peaceful pursuits of commerce into a mighty weapon of war.

"The farmer must grow more Winter wheat with the thought that it is lending strength to our men at the front and wives must use less butter, eggs, sugar and other commodities, always bearing in mind that the men in the trenches require more of these in order to bear the brunt of the battle. The Trading With the Enemy act has been designed to provide for the Allies—to prevent our enemies from having access to our resources and to foster conservation in home consumption."

D. & R. G. CONTROL SHIFTS.

Missouri Pacific Faction Displace Goulds as Chief Power.

DENVER, Col., Oct. 16.—The Missouri Pacific faction, so-called, replaced the Gould interests as the controlling power of the Denver & Rio Grande Railway Company at the annual meeting of stockholders today, when only three Directors of the Gould wing were elected, while four new Missouri Pacific faction Directors were chosen. Besides the three Gould Directors, four others were re-elected.

The Gould representatives now on the board are Arthur Coppell, Edward T. Jeffery, and George J. Gould. The new "Missouri Pacific" Directors are Harry Bronney, E. L. Brown, (President of the Denver & Rio Grande;) J. Horace Harding, and John W. Platten, who heads the stockholders' Protective Committee.

The other Directors re-elected were B. F. Bush, President of the Missouri Pacific; George Haven, Finley Shepard, and Harrison Williams.

W. A. Bostwick Heads Nickel Co.

At a special meeting the Directors of the International Nickel Company yesterday accepted the resignation of President Monell, tendered recently because of his acceptance of a commission as Colonel on the staff of General Pouliot, Signal Corps, U. S. A. W. A. Bostwick, for many years assistant to the President of the company, was immediately elected President to succeed Mr. Monell by unanimous vote, and R. C. Stanley, Superintendent of the company's Orford works, elected a Director to succeed Mr. Monell on the board.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Forecast:
N. C.—Fair and cooler Wed. Thurs. cloudy.
S. C.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.
Ga.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.
Fla.—Showers Wed. and Thurs.
Ala. and Miss.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.
Tenn.—Fair Wed., cloudy Thurs.
Ky.—Fair Wed., rain Thurs.
Ohio and Ind.—Fair Wed., cloudy Thurs.
Mich.—Fair Wed., rain Thurs.
La., Texas, Ark., and Okla.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.
Ill.—Cloudy Wed.; unsettled and colder Thurs.
Mo.—Cloudy and warm Wed., colder Thurs.
Wis.—Unsettled Wed. and Thurs.
Minn.—Rain Wed., cloudy and colder Thurs.
Iowa—Unsettled Wed. and Thurs.
N. Dak.—Rain or snow Wed., fair and cold Thurs.
S. Dak.—Unsettled and colder Wed., fair and colder Thurs.
Kan.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.04	Jacket	.05
Alta	.02	Julia	.02
Andes	.19	Justice	.01
Best & Belcher	.03	Mexican	.15
Bullion	.02	Ophir	.14
Caledonia	.10	Overman	.01
Challenge Con	.03	Potosi	.04
Chollar	.03	Savage	.01
Confidence	.05	Sierra Nevada	.13
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con	.17
Con. Virginia	.10	Utah	.01
Hale & Norcross	.03	Mexican dollars	.69½

TONOPAH.

Belmont	2.75	Goldfield Cons	.32
Halifax	.01	Goldfield Merger	.03
Jim Butler	.78	Jumbo Extension	.15
McNamara	.17	Kewanaa	.07
Midway	.08	Silver Pick	.10
Mizpah	.06	Spearhead	.06
Monarch Pitts	.08	MANHATTAN.	
Montana	.15	Consolidated	.18
North Star	.07	Morning Glory	.17
Rescue	.02	Red Top	.08
Tonopah Exten	1.75	Union Amalg	.15
Tonopah Nevada	6.00	White Caps	.05
West End	.02	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
West Tonopah	.12	Nevada Hills	.13
GOLDFIELD.		Packard	.10
Atlanta	.07	Rochester	.34
Booth	.03	Round Mountain	.23
Daisy	.02	United Eastern	3.00
Florence	.10		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	4¼	4½	Granite	7	9
Dr. J'pot	3	4	Isabella	7	9
Elkton	3	5	McKinley	6½	10
El Paso	.15	.17	Portland	.130	.190
Fanny R.	2	3	U. Gold M.	16	17
Golden C.	.174	.175	Vindicator	.46	.50
Gold Sov	2¾	3			

DIVIDENDS.

THE INTEROCEAN OIL COMPANY,
90 West Street, New York.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a six months' dividend of three and one-half (3½) per cent. on the First Preferred stock, payable November 1st, 1917, to stockholders of record October 20th, 1917.

GEO. W. S. WHITNEY, Secretary.
New York, October 3rd, 1917.

LEGAL NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, as Trustee, Complainant, against AUTO-SALES GUM & CHOCOLATE CO., Defendant.—Consolidated Cause, in Equity.—No. E 14-278.

Pursuant to the provisions of a final decree of foreclosure and sale, entered in the above named court on July 21, 1917, all persons having claims against the Autosales Gum & Chocolate Co. are hereby notified to present the same to the undersigned, who has been duly appointed Special Master, at 15 Broad Street, New York City on or before the expiration of a period of ninety days from the date hereof, and notice is hereby given that all creditors and claimants failing so to file duly verified claims on or before the expiration of the said period of time at the office aforesaid will be barred from participating in the distribution of the assets of said Autosales Gum & Chocolate Co.

Dated, New York, September 12, 1917.

ALFRED C. COXE, JR.,
Special Master, 15 Broad Street, New York City.
CADWALADER, WICKERSHAM & TAFT,
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IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.
To insure insertion of advertisements in The New York Times copy must be in the Times Building 6 P. M. day previous to that on which publication is desired.—Advt.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as the bulk of the business in United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

	Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered, 1930	97½	98½
2s, coupon, 1930	97½	98½
3s, registered, 1918	98¾	99¾
3s, coupon, 1918	98¾	99¾
3s, registered, 1946	85	90
3s, coupon, 1946	85	90
4s, conversion, 1947	85	90
4s, registered, 1925	105½	106½
4s, coupon, 1925	105½	106½
4s, coupon, '38, reg	97¼	98½
2s, Panama, '38, coupon	97	98½
3s, Panama, '61, reg	83	88
3s, Panama, '61, coupon	83	87

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
4½s July, 1967	101¼	101⅝	101⅝
4½s June, 1963	101¼	101⅞	101⅛
4½s Mar., 1963	101¼	101⅞	101⅛
4½s Nov., 1957	101¼	101⅞	101⅛
4½s Nov., 1917	97⅞	..	97¾
4½s April, 1968	97⅞	98¼	98
4½s Mar., 1960-30	98	98¼	97¾
4½s Mar., 1964	97¾	98¼	98
4½s Mar., 1962	97¾	98⅛	98
4½s Sept., 1960	97¾	98⅛	98
4s May, 1936	94	94½	93¾
4s Nov., 1958	94½	..	93¾
4s May, 1957	94	95	93½
4s Nov., 1956	92	93½	92½
4s Nov., 1955	92	93¼	92½
4s Nov., 1938	90	90	94
4s May, 1910	99½	..	99¼
4s Nov., 1918	90½	..	99¼
3½s Nov., 1954	82	85½	83
3½s May, 1954	82	85	82½
3½s Nov., 1955	81½	..	82

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s 1918-1923	4.40	4.20	4.23
4½s 1924-1931	4.45	4.30	4.40
4½s 1921-1923	4.40	4.20	4.35
4½s April, 1920	4.50	--	4.50
4½s 1918-1919	4.50	--	4.50
4½s 1940-1953	4.50	4.35	4.50
4½s 1930-1930	4.50	4.25	4.50
4s 1922-1929	4.50	4.25	4.30
4s 1919-1921	4.40	4.10	4.40
4s 1917-1918	4.40	4.10	4.40
4s 1940-1953	4.50	4.20	4.30
3s 1926-1930	4.50	4.20	4.50
3s 1918-1925	4.50	4.00	4.40

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sale.	High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
15 Am. Light & Traction	240	240	237	242
25 Pacific Gas & Electric	39⅝	39⅝	39¼	39¾

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Pow.	17	19
Adiron. Elec. Power pf.	60	70
Am. Cities pf.	19	20½
Am. Gas & Electric	103	105
Am. Gas & Elec. pf.	45	46
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	100	103
Am. Power & Light	57	60
Am. Power & Lt. pf.	78	81
Am. Public Utilities	30	35
Am. Pub. Utilities pf.	62	66
Am. Water W. & El.	5	6
Am. W. W. & E. partic.	13	16
Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf.	64	68
Carolina Power & Lt.	72	85
Carolina P. & L. pf.	93	98
Colorado Power	24	26
Colorado Power pf.	98	100
Commonwealth P. & L.	44	46
Com'wealth P. & L. pf.	74	76
Conn. Power pf.	89	92
Consumers' Power pf.	90	95
Dayton Power & L. pf.	85	87
Duluth Edison Aero.	68	75
Eastern Texas Electric	55	59
Eastern Texas Elec. pf.	80	85
El Paso Electric	100	104
El Paso Electric pf.	91	95
Electric B. & S. pf.	95½	97
Electric Properties	52	58
Empire Dist. El. pf.	81	89
Federal Light & Trac.	9	12
Federal Light & Tr. pf.	40	45
Galv. Hous. El. pf.	69	90
Gas & Elec. Securities	290	310
Gas & Elec. Sec. pf.	94	100
Int. Mt. Ry. L. & P. pf.	96	98
Interstate Electric	35	41
Interstate Elec. pf.	90	93
Kentucky Power	95½	97
Kentucky P. 7% pf.	98	100
Kings County Elec.	100	106
Kings County Elec. pf.	100	106
Lake Superior Corp.	11	12
Lake Superior Corp. pf.	51	53
Long Island Lighting	50	51
Long Island Lighting pf.	90	98
Mackay Companies	84	86
Mackay Companies pf.	84	86
Memphis Power & Light	100	102
Memphis Power & Lt. pf.	100	102
Mississippi Power pf.	90	95
Mississippi River P. 7% pf.	98	100
Nashville Power	100	102
Nashville Power pf.	100	102
Nebraska Power pf.	90	95
Newport Electric	100	105
Newport Electric pf.	100	105
New Orleans Electric	100	105
New Orleans Elec. pf.	100	105
New Orleans Gas	100	105
New Orleans Gas pf.	100	105
New York Gas & Elec. Lt.	100	105
New York Gas & Elec. Lt. pf.	100	105
New York Power & Light	100	105
New York Power & Lt. pf.	100	105
New York Steam	100	105
New York Steam pf.	100	105
Northern Ohio Elec.	30	35
Northern Ohio Elec. pf.	60	70
North. Ont. Lt. & Pow.	11	15
Nor. Ont. L. & P. pf.	56	60
Northern States Power	72	75
Northern States P. pf.	84	90
Northern Texas Electric	53	58
Northern Tex. Elec. pf.	73	80
Ozark Power & Water	35	45
Pacific Gas & Elec. pf.	87	90
Pine Bluff W. P. & L. pf.	90	98
Puget Sd. Tr., L. & P.	16	18
Puget Sd. Tr., L. & P. pf.	53	58
Republic Ry. & Light	92	95
Republic Ry. & Lt. pf.	63	65
Southern Cal. Edison	85	88
South. Cal. Edison pf.	99	102
Standard Gas & Elec.	7	8
Standard Gas & El. pf.	30	32
Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pow.	3	4
Tenn. Ry., Lt. & P. pf.	25	26
Texas Power & Lt. pf.	97	100
Tri-City R. & L. pf.	88	91
United Gas & E. 1st pf.	50	60
United Gas Improve	80	89½
United Light & Rys.	35	38
United Lt. & Rys. pf.	66	84
Wash. Ry. & El. pf.	82	85
West. P. Ter. & W. P.	10	15
W. P. Ter. & W. P. pf.	60	65
West. Penn. P. pf.	100	106
Western Power	11	12
Western Power pf.	50	51
Wisconsin Edison	38	43
Yadkin River P. 7% pf.	98	100

Bonds.

Alabama Water 6s, '20	97½	98	100
Am. W. W. & E. col. 5s	69	71	70½
Appa. Power 5s, 1932	78	82	90
Carolina P. & L. 5s	89	92	96
Central P. & L. 1st 6s	93½	98	98
Central Ill. Light 5s	95	98	98
Cincinnati Gas & Elec. Co. 1st 5s, 1956	99	101	101
Col. G. & E. deb. 5s, '27	76	82	82
Commonwealth Power (Neb.) 1st 6s, 1944	97	100	100
Conn. River P. 5s, 1937	95	99	99
Cum. Co. P. & L. 1st ref. 5s, 1949	90	98	98
Cum. Gas & El. 1st 5s	100½	101½	101
Dallas Elec. 5s, 1922	82½	96	96
Denver G. & E. gen. 5s	90	93	93
Ft. Worth Gas 1st 5s	90	100	100
East. Tex. El. col. 5s	85	90	90
Empire Gas & Fuel 6s	99	100	100
Fed. Light & Tr. 5s	87½	90	90
Fed. Light & Tr. 6s	90	93	93
Gt. West. Pow. 5s, '46	81	84	84
Gt. West. Pow. 6s, '25	94	98	98
Irter-Mt. Ry., L. & P. 6s	97	100	100
Kan. Pub. Serv. 5s, '44	91	96	96
Knox. Gas 1st 5s, '36	85	91	91
L. G. & E. Co. 1st 5s, '41	88	95	95
Mich. Light 5s, 1946	97½	98	98
Middle West U. 6s, '25	95	99	99
Nor. States P. 5s, 1941	90	93	93
Nor. Texas Elec. col. 5s	82	88	88
Ohio Gas 1st 6s, 1939	100½	102	102
Omaha Elec. L. 5s	90	95	95
P., G. & E. (Ariz.) 6s, '34	95	100	100
Portland Gen. Elec. 5s	99	101	101
Roanoke W. W. 5s, 1950	96	98	98
Stand. G. & E. 6s, '45	94	96	96
So. Cal. Ed. 5s, 1939	93	95	95
Twin States Gas & El. 5s, 1951	88	92	92
U. E. R. R. & M. 6s	25.111	113	113
Un. Light & Rys. 1st 5s, 1932	83	90	90
Un. Light & Rys. deb. 6s, 1926	97	99	99
United Util. cv. 6s, '43	95	98¼	98¼
Utah Securities 6s	89½	90¼	90¼
Wash. L. W. L. & P. 6s	85	98	98
Western Power 1st 5s	96	98	98
West. S. G. & E. 1st 5s	91¼	93½	93½
West. P. P. 1st 5s, '46	90	94	94
Wis. Edison 6s, 1924	91	96	96

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
5 Alabama Co.	45	45	45
40 Do 2d pf	52½	52	52½
145 Con. Power	102	102¼	102½
10 Con. Coal	95	95	95
3,079 Cosden	8	7⅞	8
2,362 Do pf	3¾	3⅝	3¾
50 Houston Oil	12	12	12
18 Mt. Vernon	14	14	14
60 Nor. Ohio Elec.	79	79	79
40 Penn. W. P.	69	69	69
115 United Ry	25¼	25	25⅛

Bonds.

$1,000 Balt. Trac. 5s, N. B. Div.	100¼	100¼	100¼
3,700 City 3½s, '40	88¼	88¼	88¼
2,000 City 4s, '61	95½	95½	95½
5,000 Coal & Coke 5s	96	96	96
10,000 Con. Coal 6s	103	103	103
5,000 Con. Power 6s notes	98¼	98¼	98¼
10,000 Cosden 6s, A	80½	79½	80
31,000 Do, B	81	80	80¾
$5,000 Cosden Gas 6s, '19	88	88	88
7,500 Elkhorn 5s	99¾	99¾	99¾
3,000 Do 6s	97	97	97
1,000 State of Md. 4s, '25	98½	98¼	98½
1,000 State of Md. 4s, '30	98½	98¼	98½
6,000 United Ry. 4s	78	77⅞	78

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
35 Am. Zinc	15½	14⅜	15⅝
90 Do pf	49½	48	48
160 Adventure	1½	1¼	1½
41 Ahmeek	91	91	91
160 Alaska	3¾	3½	3¾
180 Aliouez	57	56½	56½
370 Ariz. Com'l.	9	9	9
10 Butte & Sup.	18¼	18¼	18¼
56 Cal. & Ariz.	67	63½	66
31 Cal. & Hecla	500	495	500
100 Centennial	14	14	14
965 Copper Range	50¾	49½	50½
100 Daly-West	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
745 Davis-Daly	4½	4¼	4½
410 East Butte	9¼	9⅛	9¼
75 Franklin	5	4¾	4¾
15 Granby	74	73½	73½
60 Hancock	10¼	10	10¼
95 Isle Royale	28½	28	28
470 Kerr Lake	5	5	5
100 Keweenaw	2½	2¼	2½
205 Lake	7	6	7
635 Mass Con	7¼	6¾	6¾
180 Mohawk	73	72½	72¾
200 Nev. Con	17	17	17
30 New Arcadian	24	24	24
300 New Idria	11	11	11
10 Nipissing	7½	7½	7½
200 North Butte	14	13	14
100 North Lake	55c	55c	55c
545 Old Dominion	40¼	40	40
168 Osceola	77½	70¼	70¼
370 Pond Creek	18¾	18	18⅜
100 Quincy	78	76	76
360 Shannon	21¾	21¾	21⅞
520 Santa Fe	1	1	1
425 Shannon	5¾	5½	5¾
380 St. Mary's	59	55	59
170 Superior	45½	45	45½
550 Sup. & Bos.	2¾	2¾	2¾
10 Trinity	4¾	4¾	4¾
720 U. S. Smelt	51	49¾	51
80 Do pf	41¼	41¼	41¼
345 Utah Apex	2¾	2¾	2¾
980 Utah Con	12¾	12	12⅞
510 Utah Metal	3¾	3½	3¾
40 Victoria	2¾	2¾	2¾
30 Wolverine	38	38	38

Railroads.

10 Bos. & Alb.	144½	144½	144½
44 Boston Elev.	45	45	45
12 Bost. & Me.	23	22½	23
18 Bos. & Pr.	162½	162	162½
10 Fitchb'g pf.	52	52	52
125 Mass. Elec. pf.	17	17	17
264 New Haven	27½	27¼	27½
10 Rutland pf.	23	23	23

Miscellaneous.

20 Am. Ag. Ch.	79¼	79	79
23 Do pf	95	95	95
10 Am. Pn. S. pf.	10	10	10
80 Am. Sugar pf.	112½	112	112
1,022 Am. T. & T.	115	114	115
212 Am. Wool pf.	93½	92¾	93
300 A. G. & W. I.	95½	93	95⅛
85 Edison Elec.	182	180	180
915 Int. Por. Cem.	9	9	9
105 Mass. Gas	84	83	83½
2 Do pf	69	69	69
100 Midvale	44	43¾	43¾
368 N. E. Tel.	106	105	106
700 Acme C. H.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
1,200 Al.-Brit. Col. Metals	⅞	⅞	⅞
3,500 †Atlanta	8	7	8
4,000 Blue L. Cop.	1⅞	1⅝	1⅝
8,900 †Bos. & Mon.	50	46	48
4,000 †Brad. C. M.	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,500 †Brant M.	57	55	56
1,500 Butte C. & Z., v. t. ctfs.	8⅝	8½	8⅝
2,100 Butte Det.	⅞	⅞	⅞
5,570 †Caledonia	60	57	58
3,200 †Cal. & Jer.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
400 Canada Cop.	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
4,500 †Cashboy	5½	4½	5½
3,100 †Coco R. M.	1⅞	1⅝	1⅝
2,300 †Con. Ar. Sm.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
1,000 †Con.-Hi'st'n	16	16	16
500 Cress. Con.	5	4¾	4¾
1,100 †Emma Con.	⅝	⅝	⅝
1,100 First Nat. Cp.	2½	2	2⅛
4,700 †Fort. Con.	42	42	44
600 †Gold. Con.	33	31	32
1,500 †Gold. Mer.	3½	3½	3½
3,000 †Green M. M.	¼	¼	¼
750 Hecla Min.	5½	5¼	5½
1,000 †Inter. Min.	8	8	8
1,000 †Iron Blos.	⅛	⅛	⅛
1,200 †Jim Butler	80	77	78
20,000 †Jerome Ver., (a pros)	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
11,100 †Jer.-Pr. Cp.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
500 Jose.-Kenne., (a pros.)	⅛	⅛	⅛
1,550 †Jumbo Ext.	16	*13	16
2,000 Mayflower-Old Colony	97	97	97
500 Swift 1st 5s	95	95	95
25,000 Lib. 3½s	99.70	99.60	99.60

PHILADELPHIA.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
30 Phil. Co	30	30	30
9,000 P. R. T. t. c.	23¼	22¾	23
1,380 Ton. Belm't.	3½	3⅜	3½
125 Ton. Mining	5¼	5¼	5¼
730 Union Trac.	40	40	40
707 U. G. Imp.	72¼	71¼	72¼
10 West. Coal	76½	76½	76½
25 Wm. Cramp	68	68	68
10 Nipe Bay S.	118	118	118
110 Punta Sugar	33	30	30
11 Pac. Mills	134	132	134
10 Pullman	135¾	135	135
250 Swift	138⅛	137	137½
35 Torrington	52¾	52	52
91 Do pf	29	28¾	28⅝
1 United Drug	70	70	70
494 Un. Fruit	124	119¾	124
571 United Shoe	44	43	44
45 Do pf	26	25¾	26
775 Ventura Oil	6½	5½	5½

Bonds.

$2,000 Wes. Tel. 5s	90	90	90
107,000 Lib'ty 3½s	99.82	99.40	99.50

TOBACCO STOCKS

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
American Cigar	100	105	103
Do pf	90	95	91
Conley Foil	200	225	190
J. S. Young	150	150	150
Do pf	105	110	105
MacAndrews & F.	190	210	200
Do pf	98	100	98
P. R.-Am. Tob	190	210	180
Do scrip	75	NI	75
R. J. Reynolds	525	555	525
Do pf	104	107	107

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Prices moved steadily upward on the Consolidated Stock Exchange to final figures which represented gains of from 1 to 5 points in the leaders. There was an entire absence of the violent fluctuations that have characterized recent trading. In the closing half hour trading became very active, and the buying was augmented by covering of shorts.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
50 Allis-Chalm.	19	18¾	19
240 Am. B. Sug.	73	69⅝	73
680 Am. Can.	39½	37⅝	38⅝
50 Am. C. & F.	65	65	65
130 Am. Cot. Oil	29⅝	29⅛	29⅝
200 Am. Loco.	53½	52⅜	53⅛
710 Am. S. & R.	87	84⅜	86⅝
150 Am. Su. Tob.	55½	53⅝	55½
50 Am. Sugar	104	103¼	104
1,740 Amac. Cop.	66¼	64½	65⅞
50 Am. T. & S. F.	92¼	92¼	92½
390 Bald. Loco.	53	50⅜	53
320 Balt. & Ohio	58⅜	54½	56⅜
20 Batopilas	1	1	1
5,120 Beth. St'l B	74⅝	69¼	73⅞
20 Butte & Sup.	18½	18¼	18½
190 Cal. Petrol.	13¾	11¾	13¾
800 Can. Pacific	150½	147½	150½
500 Cent. Leather	74½	71¾	74½
80 Ches. & Ohio	51½	49¾	51½
10 Chi. Gt. W.	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
390 C., M. & St. P.	48⅝	45⅜	48⅛
320 C., R. I. & P.	21½	20½	21⅜
110 Chile Copper	15½	14⅜	15½
40 Chino Copper	43	42⅞	43
280 Col. F. & I.	39⅜	35¼	36½
450 Corn Prod.	27¼	26¼	27⅛
2,950 Crucible St'l	65¼	62⅞	65
510 Cuba Cane Su.	26¼	25⅝	26
10 Del. & Hud.	99½	99½	99½
460 Dist. Secur.	34⅝	32⅝	34½
530 Erie	19¼	18	19¼
1,210 Gen. Motors	96¾	91¾	96
20 Gt. Nor. pf.	100	100	100
210 Gt. Nor. Ore	27½	26⅜	27½
400 Inspir. Cop.	44¼	42⅞	44⅛
750 Int. Mer. M.	22⅜	21⅜	22⅜
1,110 Do pf	81⅜	78¼	81¼

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

APPAREL.—Spot cash for better grade coats, suits, dresses. Bargain Cloak Co., 1,170 Broadway, Madison Sq. 7074.

APPAREL. — Cash; surplus stock; better grade suits, coats, dresses. National, Franklin 2412.

APPAREL.—Ladies', children's; highest cash prices paid for jobs. Gruber, Canal 8070.

ASTRACHAN.—Black American 0816, in Burgundy, Pekin, Mahogany; also 0359, Joel 9700, or similar quality; light weight in Burgundy only. Ritter Bros., Greeley 4370.

BEAVER TRIMMING, cotton, Timmes or others; also wide wale corduroy, green, brown, for cash. H. Biermann, 17 West 17th St. Chelsea 5698.

BEAVER.—Raritan 1273, all colors; also brown cotton plush, for spot cash. Goodstein, Baron & Strauss, 130 West 17th St.

BEAVERS. — Raritans 1273, open for 100 pieces, assorted colors Farragut 2538.

BEAVER.—Open for Raritan 1273 in all shades for cash. Farr. 2449.

BOLIVIA at a price. N. Hurwitz & Son, 102 West 20th St.

BROADCLOTHS.—Wanted, black Julliards 110, or will exchange for colors. Rosenstein, 11 East 31st.

BROADCLOTH.—Can use taupe, burgundy only, for cash. I. Novick, 40 West 28th St. Farragut 5142.

BROADCLOTH.—Burgundy and plum. Call Mad. Sq. 2715.

CHEVIOTS.—3-4 and 6-4 widths, all colors. Ritter Bros., Greeley 4370.

CHINCHILLA.—White, quantity at a price. Neugass Bros., 71 West 23d.

CLOTHING.—Men's, women's, children's jewelry, diamonds; entire stocks bought; good prices. Write or telephone Aarons, 742 9th Av. No stock too big; quick buyers.

CLOTHS and Pile Fabrics, suitable for cloaks, in plaid, mixtures, or plain colors; any quantity, for cash, up to $1.50. Shapiro & Sons, 54 West 21st St.

CLOTH COATINGS.—Anythiar in overcoat cloth for spot cash. Lyman, 4620 Madison Square, 404 4th Av.

CLOTHING, piece goods, anything; have $100,000. Call Chelsea 9192. Remarkable, 62 West 14th.

COATS.—Jobber open to buy 500 cloth coats, for trimmed, for cash; snappy styles only. 1st floor, 15 West 26th St.

COATS.—Jobber looking at samples in ladies' coats, $10 to $25. Call before 12 o'clock, 30 West 32d St., first floor.

COATS.—Jobber placing stock orders on better grade only. 1st floor, 15 West 26th St.

COATS.—Jobber placing stock order on better coats. 8 West 29th St., Room 603.

COATS.—Open for any quantity ladies' coats for cash. Far. 2045.

DRESSES, COATS AND SUITS.—Open for jobs, spot cash. Handels, 336 6th Av.

FURS.—Open for quantities of Kit Coney sets; will pay cash. Louis L. Ginsberg Co., 28 West 27th.

FURS.—5000 Kit cooney collars; also pompom. Merit Co., 22 W. 27. Farr. 9811.

FUR COLLAR.—Open for large quantity of kit coney for cash. Rosengarten, 11 E. 31st.

FUR COLLAR.—Kid and kolinsky; will pay cash. Rineberg, 41 West 25th St.

KERSEYS.—Will buy for cash any quantity kerseys, broadcloths, chinchillas, velours, mixtures; submit samples or quotations by mail only, R. S., Room 615, Vanderbilt Concourse Bldg.

KERSEY.—American 13045 in all colors, and heavy taupe velour. Telephone Madison Square 6375.

KERSEY, Velour.—Burgundy; willing to pay cash. Safren & Kreeger, 19 West 24th St.

KERSEY.—We are open for black kersey at a price. Chelsea 0018.

LININGS.—Open for jobs in fancy Beding, any pattern, at a price for cash. Stuy. 3240.

MADRAS.—We are interested in dark and light woven Madrases, also printed percales that can be used for boys' shirts and blouses. Tutelman-Monheit Co., 247 S. 3d St., Philadelphia, Pa.

MELTONS.—Will pay 80c. net cash for navy and brown 2-8. Bauentahl, quality 8000. Greeley 989.

NIGHTGOWNS.—Want, for spot cash, one thousand dozen ladies' flannel nightgowns; also jobs in ladies' coats and furs. Call with samples, 8 to 10 A. M., or 5 to 6 P. M., M. Silverman & Son, 18 West 27th St.

POM POM wanted in burgundy and plum shade; will exchange taupe, reindeer for above shades. The Smith Co., Inc., 30 West 24 St. Mad. Sq. 8204.

POM POM.—American 0816; open for all shades at a price for cash; also silver tones. Phone Chelsea 2570.

POM POM.—American 0816, burgundy, amethyst, and navy; spot cash. J. Chapman & Bro., Mad. Sq. 2947.

POM POM.—All colors; also American taupe kersey. Farragut 2616.

POM POM.—Pekin and burgundy. Call Mad. Sq. 2715.

POM POM.—Navy only. Madison Square 7853.

PONGEE.—Cotton, plain, light blue, pink; big or small quantities. T 186 Times.

SERGE.—Amoskeag 6122, black and navy; will pay cash. Madison Square 3194.

SERGE.—Botany 11463; will pay cash; quantity. Roth, 248 West 23d St. Chelsea 1595.

SERGE.—Cleveland 7649, navy. Orchard 2749.

SKIRTS.—Jobber placing orders wash and cloth skirts. Levin, 140 West 30th.

SILKS.—Open to buy all kinds up to 80c per yard. 1231 Madison Square.

SILVERTONE.—Holden leonard 604, in burgundy and Pekin. Tel. Greeley 2606.

STOCKS.—Cash paid for entire stocks; no stock too big; will go anywhere to purchase. Asset a Million-dollar Combination, 742 6th Av. Tel. 4765 Vanderbilt.

TAFFETA.—In plain and changeables, at a price, for spot cash. S. Landau, 31 West 21st.

VELOURS.—Open for quantity lightweight velours in burgundy, plum, and taupe; spot cash. Joseph Durst, 1,833 Broadway.

VELOURS.—Open for 50 pieces of lightweight, 0350, or similar cloth. S. Karp, 104 West 27th St. Farragut 2187.

VELOURS.—Heavyweight, 11050, 13046 K 544, or similar; open for all shades. Emanuel, 42 West 37th St. Farragut 5134.

VELOURS.—Open for burgundy and taupe, all weights. Bronson Bros., 48 West 25th St. Farragut 6264.

VELOURS.—Navy and burgundy, any quantity, for cash. Herzog Cloak & Suit Co., 1338 Broadway.

VELOURS.—Burgundy and taupe wanted for cash. Modern Cloak and Suit House, 15 West 26th St.

VELOURS.—Open for all grades of light and heavy taupe velours for cash. Farragut 6030.

VELOUR.—Will exchange 0359 Copper Velour for Pekin or Reindeer. Farragut 8187.

VELOURS.—11050 brown, kersey, burgundy, taupe, pom-poms, ¾ cheviots. Farr. 9811.

VELOURS.—Wool velours, lightweight. Julius L. Goldstein, 153 W. 23d. Farragut 596.

VELOUR.—Of all mills, and American pompom, all colors. Madison Square 3119.

VELOURS.—Open for 7575 in taupe, any quantity, for cash. Stuy. 3240.

VELOURS.—Light weight taupe, reindeer, plum and burgundy. Farragut 9805.

VELOUR.—Will pay cash at a price 11050 American, all colors. Chelsea 9784.

VELOURS.—Taupe, Pekin, plum and Burgundy. Chelsea 5693.

VELOURS.—18009, 544, 13046, 15020, for cash, Madison Square 3121.

VELOUR.—Heavyweight, burgundy and navy. Call Mad. Sq. 2715.

VELOUR, all colors, light weight. Slater, 1,338 Broadway.

VELOURS.—Open for burgundy and taupe. Farragut 250.

VOILE GABARDINE.—Interested in about 20,000 yards. Refer reply H. W., care of The G. M. E., 11 West 19th St.

Auctions.

THIS DAY AT 2 P. M.
and following days at same hour,
The Old Galleries ST., N. Y.
IMPORTANT EXECUTORS' SALE
Estate of the Late
Henrietta Gunther.
The Fine Furniture
and Household Appointments
Removed from the Residence
Altenwood Park, Remaroneck, N. Y.
(as advertised.)
Mr. C. Beauclerc Cierke, Auct.

Buyers' Wants

WOOLENS.—An opportunity to sell your surplus woolens of all kinds; send us samples, quantities, and lowest prices for quick action. William Cerf & Co., 317 South Market St., Chicago, Ill.

WOOLENS.—Open to buy Stevens gray broadcloth, wool plush, also 1040. Philip Cohn, 129 West 29th. Farragut 3266.

Offerings to Buyers

BOLIVIA.—F. & H., all colors. Madison Square 4160.

BROADCLOTH.—Metcalf Bros.' 101, all colors, American 15020 in brown; Stursberg Schell black Kersey, $1.00; also Oxford suiting, 8 pieces, $1.25. Greeley 4378.

BROADCLOTH, F. & H. and botany, all colors, at $2.10; Duvet de Laine 7575, green and beetroot, at $2.15; American 0359 velour at $2 net. Madison Square 7428.

BROADCLOTH and flannel, tan; immediate delivery. Republic Novelty Works, 230 5th Av. Madison Square 1504.

BROADCLOTH.—Julliard's 2002, black, navy, green, and brown; also navy, green, and brown velour. Farragut 9805.

BROADCLOTHS and velours, all shades, at a price from a cloak house. Call Madison Square 5348.

BROADCLOTHS.—Botany, green, and brown. Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th. Farr. 602.

BROADCLOTH, Velours and Bolivia, F. & H., all colors. Madison Sq. 8476.

BROADCLOTH.—F. & H., all shades. Farragut 2477.

BURELLA.—American, 09057, navy, black, plum; reasonable. Friedman & Peppercorn, 12 East 38d.

CHIFFON VELVET.—Stirn's 2540, black only, for cash. Morningside 4517.

COATS.—High-grade flappers, 10 to 16 years; youngest, 5 to 9 years; tots, 1 to 4 years; velours, broadcloth, velvets, plushes; immediate shipment. Julius L. Goldstein, 153 West 23d St.

COATS.—Silks, mercerized and cotton plushes, broadcloth and velour coats, very reasonable. Ulin Bros., 55 East 11th. Stuyvesant 3046.

COATS.—2,000 guaranteed seal plush coats, fur trimmed, $11.50, $13.75, $14.75 up, for today's delivery. Hutner, 48 West 20th.

COATS.—Pom pom, wool velours, and seal plushes on the racks for immediate delivery. Norwalk Bros., 105 Madison Av.

COATINGS.—Kitten's ear, all colors, $1.85; 10 per cent. off opening price. Frank & Frank, Farr. 602.

COATS.—Have fur trimmed coats on the racks for immediate delivery. I. Zelikow & Son, 19 West 24th St.

COATS.—See our wonderful coats for immediate delivery, from $7.50 up. Rubin & Braff, 36 West 20th.

COATS.—Velours, broadcloths, latest styles, rock-bottom prices. Joe Korostoff, 36 West 20th.

COATS.—Kerami trimmed velour, $6; others fur trimmed. Deutsch-Rosenthal Co., 27 West 24th.

COATS and Suits on the racks for immediate desivery. W. Philips & Co., 145 West 28th St.

COATS, SUITS.—Immediate delivery; new styles; low prices. Talbot Co., 114 West 27th.

COATS.—Silk plush, 48 long; guaranteed lining; $10. Metropolitan, 40 West 27th.

COATS, SUITS.—Our best sellers for immediate delivery. M. B. Kaufman, 6 W. 32d.

COATS.—Jobs children's plush and cloth coats; half price. Schwartz, 31 W. 15th.

COATS. — Stouts, chicken coats; immediate delivery. J. Dunn, 127 West 25th St.

COATS.—Ladies' and misses' sizes, at a sacrifice. Cooper & Grapes, 802 5th Av.

CORDUROY.—Narrow wale, navy, brown, myrtle, 36 inch. Spring 3089.

CREPE-BACK SATIN.—75 pieces, black, navy, taupe, ivory, flesh. M 170 Times.

CREPE METEOR.—Eagle's 851, crepe de chine 084, all colors. Farragut 3647.

DRESSES. — Young women's, misses', and juniors' serges and silks, new styles, finely tailored, for immediate delivery; popular prices; also evening frocks. Little Dutchess Dress Co., 115 West 29th. Farragut 879.

DRESSES.—Save money by buying direct from contractor; Botany serge dresses, $7.50 to $11.50; visit our show room and be convinced. H. Wolfenson, 39 East 20th.

DRESSES.—High-class serge and satin dresses; will sell at a price; direct from the contractor; Botany and Garfield serges. 151 West 19th St., 11th floor.

DRESSES.—Large stock dresses to close out at a price; serges, $3.75 up; silks, $5 up; wonderful values. Greater N. Y. Silk Co., 44 East 23d St.

DRESSES.—Large stock of silk and serge dresses, to close out at a sacrifice; assorted styles and colors. Regent Dress Co., 41 West 17th St.

DRESSES.—Jobs of Silk and serge dresses; up-to-date styles. Imperial State Dress Co., 26 West 17th St.

DRESSES.—Job of serge dresses, big variety from manufacturer direct. Peerless Dress & Skirt Co., 134-140 West 20th St.

DRESSES.—Serge, satin, and wool jersey, from $8.50 up; immediate delivery. Annetta Waist and Dress Co., 111 West 37th.

DRESSES.—Job, 200 serges, 200 silks, also wool jersey, for immediate delivery. Gross & Leibowitz, 134 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—Jobs to close out cheap, children's, misses' velvets, silks, and party dresses; sample. Subin, 36 West 20th.

DRESSES.—Satin and taffeta dresses to close out at a price; good, desirable merchandise. 147 West 25th, third floor.

DRESSES.—3,000 on the racks; serges, satins, silks, and fancies, $8.75. Fan Tan Dress Co., 142 West 24th.

DRESSES.—Excellent job of serges and velvets, to close out at $6.75. Majestic Dress Co., 129 West 29th.

DRESSES, $3.75 and up; skirts, $2.25 and up, in serges and silks. The Lauretta Skirt Co., 450 Fourth Av.

DRESSES.—Wool jerseys, serges, dancing dresses; immediate delivery. Glockner, 40 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Jobs satin, taffeta, and serge at low prices. Pan-American Dress Co., 12-14 West 21st.

DRESSES.—Job of fine serge, jersey and silk dresses to close out. Lillian Dress Co., 78 5th Av.

DRESSES.—Serge and satin; large assortment; right prices. A. Abeles, 1,161 B'way.

DRESSES, silk, 500 to sell at a price. Princess Dress House, 19 West 24th.

DRESSES, serges, French, to close out. S. Simon & Co., 137 West 17th.

DRESSES.—Silk dresses, to close out at a price. Jawitz, 130 West 32d St.

DRESSES.—Have 150 snappy dresses to close out. Pace, 1,182 Broadway.

DRESSES.—200 French serge to close out. Chauser, 45 West 27th St.

DRESSES, silk and serges, as job. Cohen-Polowan, 19 West 21st.

FURS.—Have $80.000 worth of stock of all kinds; will close out at a sacrifice. 220 6th Av. Chelsea 7075.

FUR.—Blumenthal's 8-inch mole, cheap; poplin, serges, velveteens, all colors. Feinstein & Globus, 350 4th Av.

FUR.—One inch and ¾ inch prime skunk edging. Madison Square 6040.

GABARDINE.—Will sell Garfield 4668, all colors, at once, reasonable. Mr. Bobrick. Farragut 2868.

KERAMI, $8; 6301 green, green and brown; Read and Andrew silver tones; 24 and 27 inch twill-back velveteens; 09057 and 0310 Burella. Farragut 9220.

KERAMI.—One piece of Blumenthal's mole, 09-V-XW, price $6.75 a yard. Mad. Sq. 3824.

KERAMI.—Blumenthal's mole, $8. Republic Novelty Works, 230 5th Av. Mad. Sq. 1504.

KERAMI. — Blumenthal's original, $8 net. Chelsea 1956.

KERSEYS.—15020 brown and green; 11050 navy and green; 13045, navy and Burgundy; 15024, all colors. Madison Square 8562.

KERSEYS, 15020 brown; five pieces. Spring 1619.

MATALAMB.—15 pieces Hinds & Harrison, $1.60 net. Farragut 3678.

MESSALINE.—Exceptional value in messaline; full line of colors; 82½c per yard. Cordwain Mills, 30 East 21st.

MOLE for sale; two pieces each 8-inch and 5-inch Chase's crushed mole, at 50 cents yard less than opening price. Phone 2976, Elizabeth, N. J.

MOLE STRIPS.—Blumenthal's 8-inch, $6.50 net; also 0310 Burella and Steven's Burella at a price. Farr. 2262.

PAJAMAS.—Boys' flannelette; immediate delivery. 0034 Spring.

PLUSHES.—Salts, Behring seal, 6 pieces; immediate delivery; $4 net. Madison Square 4180.

PLUSHES. — Peco, Esquimette, guaranteed sealette, Dobson's plush. Mad. Sq. 8121.

Offerings to Buyers

PLUSH.—Sidney Blumenthal's Hudson Bay tipped; black, $6.10 net. Chelsea 9784.

POM POM, 1 brown, 1 roman gold, $2.65 net. Call Frank & Frank, Farr. 602.

POMPOM, black. Chelsea 8080.

RAINCOATS.—Ladies' tweed, to close out, very cheap. Model Raincoat, 135 West 26th.

SALTS.—K 804, black, navy, and brown Astrachan. Madison Square 3149.

SCARFS and capes, made of plush and moleskin, fur effects; we are headquarters. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th.

SERGES.—Will sell 100 pieces of black C. S. G. L. Pacific cotton-warp serge at a price. Madison Square 1231.

SERGES.—Amoskeag, 7683 and 7614, in large quantities; reasonable. Telephone Chelsea 9807.

SERGE.—Amoskeag 6122, black and navy; will pay cash. Madison Square 3194.

SERGES.—Amoskeag 7002-0002-4002 and 2408-2402 in quantities. Chelsea 9864.

SERGES.—Julliard 4408, black and navy only, for cash. Morningside 4517.

SERGES.—54221 navy, 6 pieces, $7.42½ net, cash. Madison Square 4180.

SHIRTS.—Have quantity men's gray woolen shirts, drawers; good for army. Henry Isaacs, 114 East 16th St.

SILKS. — All kinds; immediate delivery; exceptional values. M. Marks Co., successors to Marks Senner, 354 4th Av. Madison Square 9380.

SILK.—For sale, five pieces of Sydney Blumenthal's silk nutria, at the opening price. Farragut 5298.

SKIRTS.—1,000 skirts to close out, consisting of serges, poplins, mixtures; price, $1.50. H. B. Schwartz, 127 West 27th St.

SKIRTS.—Jobs 300 cloth skirts to close out. S. A. Miller, 40 West 27th St.

SNAP FASTENERS.—Finest quality, carded or bulk; for export or dealers only. Bethlehem Snap Fastener Co., Inc., 1,013 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn. Telephone 1807 Williamsburg.

SNAP FASTENERS.—No. 1, 0, 00, 000; lowest quotations; imported finish. Snap Fastener Sales Co., 1,328 Broadway; Greeley 2682.

SWEATERS.—Men's, women's; large stock; immediate delivery; prices low. Milbury, 543 Broadway.

STRIPS, Nearfield; 500 yards finest quality 2 in., to close out, $11.50 a dozen. Victor, 114 West 27th St.

SUITS.—F. & H. broadcloth suits for immediate delivery; all shades; $13.75 and up. Hirschhorn Bros., 12 West 27th.

SUITS.—Out of stock, medium price, elegantly assorted. Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th.

SUITS.—75 poplin suits to close out, very cheap. J. Lesser, 47 West 34th St.

TAFFETA.—Black, good quality, 90c net. Simon Agress, 1,123 Broadway. Phone Farragut 2932.

TAFFETAS.—Have 25 pieces of navy taffeta; will sell at 92½c per yard. 3867 Mad. Sq.

VELOURS.—Wilson Lawrence 618, $1.65; Pearson's mercerized plush, $1.75; astrachans, oxford coatings, Lymansville 313, kerseys; reasonable. Farr. 9812.

VELOUR.—Buckley & Cohen 1015, all colors, $1.90; also 700 Burella, all colors, $1.65. Mad. Sq. 9388.

VELOUR DU NORD.—Salts; immediate delivery; 83 inches. Phone 3313 Madison Square.

VELOUR.—American; will exchange brown and green for navy. Madison Square 3149.

VELOURS. 11050, 0359, 13045, Buckley & Cohen style 140. Madison Square 3121.

VELOURS.—Light weight in burgundy and taupe. Chelsea 6018.

VELOURS.—F. & H., all colors. Madison Square 4160.

VELVETEEN and Narrow Wale Corduroy, 36 inches wide, all colors; immediate delivery. S. C. Miller & Bros., 95 Bleecker St. Spring 3287.

VELVETEEN.—Imported, all widths, all colors, Worrall dye, immediate delivery. J. L. Sachs, 315 4th Av. Gramercy 3445-3446.

VELVETEENS. — All colors prices and widths; immediate delivery. Saltzman, Stahl & Berman, 29 East 22d St.

VELVETEENS.—Run of the mill, in plain and twill backs; assortment of all colors. Madison Square 9760.

VELVETEENS.—Imported; all widths and colors. Call Gramercy 3819.

WAISTS.—Good style Georgette waists, sell out. 15 West 20th, sixth floor.

WOOLENS.—Serges; U. S. serge 235, 838; Cleveland worsted 7598, 3678 Lorraine; 4x kerseys, 13052, 5050; pile fabrics, plushes and trimmings of all kinds. Wm. Woolen Co., 48 West 21st St.; Chelsea 0899.

Help Wanted.

SALESMAN.—Experienced ladies' dresses, better kind; city trade; salary or commission. Star Dress Mfg. Co., 122 West 26th.

TRIMMING SALESMAN.—Young man to drum cloak manufacturers. O 238 Times Downtown.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday...5½@6 per cent. for the best names
Monday.....5½@6 per cent. now in use
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Winter Coats in Demand.

There is reported by local manufacturers a strong demand for Winter coats of the higher grades with large fur collars of the double, or standing, turnover type, which spread out over the shoulders like a cape. One of the big features in these garments is said to be the growing popularity of shoulder-line trimness and a somewhat fitted effect for the entire upper part of the coat. Sleeves are said to be a trifle wider than last year, either at the armholes or below the elbow or both. The most popular models, it is said, are those cut with panels in the sides, the belt appearing only in the front and back.

Many Styles in Suits.

Local manufacturers of suits for women report that so far there has been in them no very striking style feature for which all women are clamoring. In different sections of the country, it is said, different style tendencies hold sway. In the metropolitan district a great variety of styles are selling, all the way from the bustle suit to the straight-line silhouette. There is less activity, however, in the two extremes than in the moderate adaptations of both. "If there is any favoritism at all," said one authority in the trade, "it is for the silk velvet tailor-made suit, more or less close fitting, and very plain except for fur trimming, which cannot be too lavishly used. Such garments as these are proving very popular with smart women in all sections."

Fancy Underwear Market Active.

Fancy undergarments for women are reported by local manufacturers to be in strong demand by retailers generally. Stocks are said to be moving very readily over the counter, and, due to the rising market, retailers are quick to replenish. In almost every instance, it is said, higher grades are demanded, and even in the cheaper lines not the very cheapest are sought. In silk petticoats, both high and low priced, simple straight lines are in vogue, and skirts are a little narrower. Sand and purple, both for petticoats and for long bloomers, are the most favored colors.

Gray Goods Trading Was Active.

The further rise in cotton yesterday brought with it more active trading in the local gray goods market, especially on printcloths. Most of the buying was for delivery through the remainder of this year, sellers not appearing anxious to trade further than that in view of the possibility of still higher prices later. Sheetings were only fairly active, from all accounts, but firmer. Sales of 37-inch, four-yard forty-eight squares were made at 12¼ cents. Sateens and twills sold well to converters for the clothing trade, and while these goods have not reached the comparative bases of other gray cloths they are rapidly approaching that state. Practically all of the printcloths listed below sold in a large way at the prices given:

39-inch, 80-80s	15c	38½-inch, 64-60s	10½c
39-inch, 72-76s	14c	38½-inch, 64-56s	10¼c
39-inch, 68-72s	12c	38½-inch, 60-52s	9½c
39-inch, 56-44s	8½c	38½-inch, 60-48s	9¼c
38½-inch, 64-64s	11c	27-inch, 64-60s	7½c

Silk Market Reviving.

Abnormal prices for cotton goods are said at last to be resulting in the long expected increased activity in the local silk market. Though as yet sales are not much greater in volume, there is a large increase in the number of inquiries for low priced taffetas, light weight satins and crêpes, which could readily be used as cotton substitutes. Cutters particularly are said to be evidencing considerable interest for these fabrics. Though cotton is not yet actually as high as taffeta, it is so near it that many are turning to the latter because of its much better quality. Satins are more active, and price shading for business seems to have disappeared. Georgette crêpe and crêpe de Cnine are well sought with prices firm in both cases.

Cotton Exports Total Well.

While individual buying of colored cotton goods for export is not large at the moment, in bulk it is said here to shape up very well in spite of the markets that are now marking time as a result of having bought heavily earlier in the year at lower prices. Notable among these markets are Argentina, Colombia, Venezuela and some of the other Central American republics. The best business is being done in fancy ginghams and colored drills, and the most active traders just now are the West Indies, especially Cuba. Porto Rican trade also deserves mention. West Indian business already booked for deliveries running well into 1918 is large.

Hard Coal Tonnage Limited.

The Coal Trade Journal will say today that the failure of the September anthracite output to measure up to the record of August is accounted for by fewer working days, and does not indicate any slowing down in the mines. But even if production continuing on a heavy basis, the question of distribution is one demanding careful watching by the Fuel Administration, as well as the exercise of good judgment by wholesale and retail interests in order to see that some sections and some customers do not get more coal than they require for current use while others are unable to get enough. Slowly but surely the control of the bituminous industry is being taken from the operators and distributers and transferred to the Government.

Crude Rubber Prices Still Drop.

If such a thing is possible, the feature of the crude rubber market at the present time is the trading that is not being done. Things are as dull and as absolute a standstill as they have been for many months. This situation, coupled with more or less steady arrivals of both Brazilian and Far Eastern rubbers, is not helping prices any, and they are still dropping. Yesterday deliveries of first latex crepe and smoked sheets could be bought all the way to March at 63 and 62 cents a pound, respectively. The quotations on spot Brazilians ran this way: Upriver fine, 64 cents; up-river coarse, 44½ cents, and upper Caucho ball, 30½ cents.

Bleached Goods May Be Scarce.

With the goods of one of the largest factors in the trade already withdrawn from the market for the rest of this year, the demand for bleached cotton cloths that is looked for because of the steady rise in cotton is expected to bring about a famine in these fabrics. The demand, which recently has been more or less uneven as a result of the gyrations of the staple, gave evidence yesterday of setting in again in earnest. Further large orders are predicated for later in the week if the price of cotton holds or advances further. Jobbers, while well bought up, are letting their holdings out rapidly to the retail trade of the country and appear unwilling to wait to replace the goods so disposed of.

SALES AT FUR AUCTION.

Nearly $1,000,000 Realized for the First Two Days.

Showing an advance of 65 per cent. over the prices obtained at the Spring sale, marten was easily the feature of the second day's selling at the annual Fall auction sale of furs that is now going on in the Masonic Hall here. Because of the present and prospective shortage of these furs, which are also known as Hudson Bay sables, and their great popularity this season, manufacturers were particularly active in the bidding for them. At one time while marten was up, the auction room resembled the floor of the Stock Exchange on a million-share day. Dark marten sold up to $38 a skin, while pelts of average quality brought as high as $22.50.

A second feature of the sale was the number of the larger manufacturers who were present. They were generally active bidders when the furs they were interested in were put up. The bidding for silver fox was the feature of the morning session. Bidding was brisk on them, and the highest price realized was $245. Others present were Herman Ganss of the Ganss Fur Company was an active buyer of these skins. Other buyers of silver fox included Joseph Ullman, C. G. Gunther's Sons, Kaye & Einstein, J. Liebster of Washington, J. Klugman's Sons, A. Bassen, A. J. Vogel, H. Harmovics and S. Goldman.

These were some of the buyers of the other furs: Polar bear, H. F. Wagner and Loweli & Lamb; Brown bear, Henry Kraus and Otto Wagner; black bear, the Harris Fur and Wool Company, F. J. Monjo, and Chaitin & Bobrow; nutria, G. I. Fox, and M. F. Pfaelzer; wolverines, M. F. Pfaelzer, Joseph Ullman, and Becker Brothers & Co.; Australian fox, Milton Schreiber, Ben Corn and A. Plant; and opossum, William J. Boehner & Co., William Jackman's Sons, and Milton Schreiber.

The efforts of the Liberty Loan Committee of the Fur Industry at the sale resulted in the bringing in of pledges for close to $175,000 on Monday alone. This figure brought the total for the two days up to $1,536,500. The largest individual subscription obtained, which was for $50,000, came from A. Hollander & Sons of Newark.

At the close of the afternoon session it was announced that the total for the two days' sale was nearly $1,000,000. Compared with the prices obtained for the same furs at the Spring sale, yesterday's prices were as follows: Kolinsky, same; silver fox, 15 per cent. higher; gray fox, same; Australian fox, 25 per cent. higher; wolverine, same; nutria, 10 per cent. higher; badger, same; marten, 65 per cent. higher; black bear 20 per cent. higher, and brown bear, 15 per cent. lower.

The sale will be continued this morning at 10 A. M. in the Masonic Hall. From a numerical point of view, today will be the biggest day of the sale. Among the furs to be sold are more than 60,000 muskrat, about 70,000 mole and close to 45,000 mink. Other pelts to go on sale include Japanese mink, sundries, Chinese civet, leopard cat, pahmi, Chinese weasel and leopard.

TO ENCOURAGE BUILDING.

Nation-Wide Movement Started to End Present Stagnation.

It was announced yesterday at a meeting of Borough President Marks's Committee on the Alleviation of Building Stagnation, held at the Building Material Exchange in the Woolworth Building, that a nation-wide movement would be started at once to enlist the active aid of the Government, builders and mortgage loan bankers and capitalists in a movement designed to encourage needed building construction during the period of the war.

Elliott Smith, President of the Building Material Exchange, presided at the meeting which was attended by practically all interests affiliated with the building trades in Greater New York. Austin C. Black, The American Contractor, volunteered to make a tour of the principal cities of the country where conditions of stagnation similar to those existing here prevail, and make a canvass of the building trades for united co-operation in the matter of restoring the industry to something approaching normal conditions.

W. H. Rockwood, President of the Union Square Savings Bank, in discussing the subject of loans to builders, said that uner present conitions safely first had to be considered by the banks. At the same time, he pointed out that most of the banks were not calling mortgages, thereby helping borrowers at a critical period.

War Officers at Electric Show.

How food is prepared for soldiers and sailors by a new electrical process was demonstrated before visiting army and navy officers at the Electrical Exposition at Grand Central Palace yesterday. The new device is an electric range. Fifteen are now in use at the Newport Naval Training Station, where they do the cooking for 7,000 sailors. The range has also been installed at some of the soldiers' camps. Seven entries for the semaphore signaling contest, which takes place at 2 o'clock this afternoon, were reported by the exposition management last night.

Curtiss Plant Increases Wages.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 16.—Increases in wages which ultimately will amount to $8,000,000 a year were announced by the Curtiss Aeroplane an Motor Corporation today. A 5 per cent. advance, applicable to all employes, becomes effective at once.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

AKRON, Ohio—Akron Dry Goods Co.; E. Glos, coats, suits; 72 Madison Av.; Imperial.

AKRON—C. H. Yeager Co.; A. Armstrong, linens, white goods; Waldorf-Astoria.

ALLENTOWN, Penn.—Hess Bros.; H. W. Davis, furn. goods; 41 Union Square.

ANN ARBOR, Mich.—Mack & Co.; C. J. Hutzel, coats, suits; Latham.

ATLANTA—L. & L. Mfg. Co.; I. Lipshitz, aprons, middies, skirts; Grand.

AUBURN, N. Y.—Foster, Ross & Co.; C. N. Kierst, carpets, rugs; 1,170 B'way; Breslin.

BALTIMORE—Hechschild, Kohn & Co.; Miss J. Armstrong, waists; 229 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; S. Trautman, millinery; 354 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; Miss K. Baker, muslin underwear, children's wear; Breslin.

BALTIMORE—The Hub; E. C. Dillen, hosiery, gloves, knit goods; Navarre.

BALTIMORE—D. Miller Co.; A. M. Crighler, shirts, neckwear, overalls; Imperial.

BALTIMORE—Bernheimer Bros.; S. D. Sampson, women's coats; 470 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Joel Gutman & Co.; E. R. Adams, shoes; 200 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; M. G. Frazier, muslin underwear; 354 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—H. Sonneborn & Co.; B. Mayer, woolens; 2 East 23d.

BALTIMORE—Bernheimer Bros.; L. Michelson, millinery, ribbons; 470 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; G. V. Schort, notions; 354 4th Av.; Longacre.

BALTIMORE—The Hub; Mrs. Aloman, women's, children's wear; 53 West 14th.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—A. R. Swarts Co.; M. S. Seidler, coats, furs; 1,133 Broadway.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Plaitz D. G. Co.; A. Rubin, men's, boys' clothing, women's ready-to-wear; 1,161 B'way; Breslin.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Caheen Bros.; F. Caheen, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Loveman, Joseph & Loeb; L. Loeb, millinery, laces, trimmings, jewelry; 116 West 32d.

BISHOPVILLE, S. C.—Stafford D. G. Co.; W. E. Stafford, notions; New Strand.

BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; Miss S. E. Ludwig, infants' wear, basement; Miss A. Regan, boys' furn. goods; Miss M. Connolly, misses' corsets; W. H. Byrne, small wares, hair goods; S. A. Campbell, hdkfs.; Miss L. Altemus, women's coats, basement; Powers, representing; W. E. Fitzgerald, linings; 432 4th Av.

BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; T. N. Wilson, Miss Hornstein, coats; H. Cook, muslin underwear; 200 5th Av.

BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Miss Horan, ladies' negligees, kimonos, bathrobes; F. Phillips, ladies' coats; Mrs. Best, misses' coats, suits, evening wraps; Miss Gassey, velvet bags; basement buyers; Mr. Summing, men's furnishings; Mr. Kiley, dresses; 116 W. 32d.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; P. D. Slocum, furs; 470 4th Av.

BOSTON—Merchants' Syndicate Co.; W. R. Eck, trunks, leather goods, novelties; Martinique.

BOSTON—T. Berman Co.; T. Berman, men's, women's children's clothing; B'way Central.

BOSTON—Butler's, Inc.; Mr. Fernald, piece goods; 1,150 Broadway.

BRIDGEPORT—Howland D. G. Co.; E. J. Godfrey, dress goods, silks; J. E. Kelly, notions, laces, jewelry; J. D. Granfield, furn. goods, hosiery, underwear; 404 4th Av.

BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; H. J. Ellsworth, wash, wool dress goods; Miss Nelson, furs; Miss Treat, art goods; R. R. Wechsler, millinery, flowers, feathers; F. C. Stinehart, upholstery goods, draperies, lace curtains; 2 W. 37th.

BUFFALO—Hens & Kelly Co.; A. E. Vetter, coats, suits, waists; 31 Union Square.

BUFFALO—H. A. Meldrum Co.; S. E. Conrad, notions, jewelry, laces, hdkfs.; C. J. Sweeney, men's furn. goods, knit underwear; 404 4th Av.

BUFFALO—Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.; W. Brydon, wash goods; 230 5th Av.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.—Belk Bros.; G. H. McDonald, notions, carpets; Aberdeen.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.—J. D. Purcell Co.; F. Purcell, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.; Somerset.

CHICAGO—Montgomery Ward & Co.; J. A. Hall, furniture; 43 West 24th.

CHICAGO—Charles A. Stevens & Bros.; S. Willard, coats, (basement); C. A. Stevens, coats; 40 E. 22d.

CHICAGO—J. Zimmerman, millinery; Breslin.

CHICAGO—Steinman & Larnery; C. Steinman, women's suits; Latham.

CHICAGO—C. Dernberg & Son; C. Dernberg, furs; Imperial.

CHICAGO—Arthur Weiss & Co.; A. Weiss, waists, dress materials; Imperial.

CHICAGO—Hart, Schaffner & Marx; H. H. Hart, woolens; 200 5th Av.

CLARKSBURG, W. Va.—D. M. Ogden & Co.; D. M. Ogden, notions, rugs; Webster.

CLEVELAND—Halle, Schwartz & Skoll; S. M. Skoll, notions, furn. goods; 40 Leonard.

CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; J. E. Meisel, coats; 72 Madison Av.

CLEVELAND—Wm. Taylor Son & Co.; A. D. Wilhelm, housefurn. goods, toys; 470 4th Av.

CLEVELAND—E

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.

(S) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—686—City of Chicago, petit., v. White Transportation Co.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Circuit Court of Appeals for Seventh Circuit submitted.

13—P. J. Hamill, plain., v. the Joseph Schlitz Brewing Co.—In error to the Iowa Supreme Court. Dismissed, with costs, pursuant to the tenth rule.

14—International Harvester Co. of N. J. et al., apits., v. U. S.—Passed temporarily on motion of C. H. Butler in behalf of counsel.

24—Original. Ex parte in the matter of Park & Tilford, petit.—Argument concluded for respondents.

249—The Contributors to the Penn. Hosp., plaint., vs. City of Philadelphia et al.—Argued for plaintiffs and for defendant.

424—Fidelity and Columbia Trust Co., as executor, &c., plaint., vs. City of Louisville.—Argument commenced for plaintiff and continued for defendant.

Adjourned until tomorrow.

Call for Oct. 17—Nos. 424, 359, 499, 4, 10, 50, 12, (and 733 and 734.) 15, 16, and 17.

Southern District.

CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Second Circuit—Ward, Rogers, and Hough, JJ.—At 10:30 A. M. in Room 433, Post Office Building.

Vulcan Metals Co< Simmons, (2.)
Smith<Southington.
Philn & Reading Co< Skerman.
Lehigh & Wilkes-Barre Co<Sawickas.
Cohen<Barge Josephine.

DISTRICT COURT—Augustus N. Hand, J.—Court opens in Room 337, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.

Seidl-Conn Co<Wm Filene's Sons Co.
Lenox<Selfridge.
Hanrahan<Pac Coast Transport Co.
Shape Retaining Hat Patents<Hirschberg.
Wojciechowski<Erie
Delaney<Cent Rit NJ
Elliot<Percy Birdsall
Cavalan<C RR of N J.
Carney<Erie RR.
Van Dyke<NY & Cuba SS Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—in Room 3, 12th Floor, Woolworth Building, at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.

Note—Cases from this calendar may be sent for trial before Mack, J.

Cent Rit of NJ<Tug Orange.
D,L & W RR<Tug Bridgeton.
Arrue<Cons Coal Co and Unified Co.
Brooks<Schooner Fannie Palmer.
Dwyer<Tug Westchester.
Ackerman Ltg<Tug Britannia.

N Y & Cuba Mail SS< Akerlund.
Williams Line<Newtown Creek Tow Co.
Union Ferry<Co's Daily Ferry Boats.
Union Ferry Co<Tug N Y Central 17.
Moran T & T Co<Tug Joseph Emboy.
Potter Transp Co<Tug Baker Bros.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—Room 323, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M.—Criminal calendar.

US<Newell & an.
Same<Thiel et al, (2.)
Same<Stica.
Same<Munch & an.
Same<Goldberg et al.
Same<Cohn.
Same<Di Benedetto.
Same<Casey.
Same<Loebus.
Same<Smith, alias Johnson.)
Same<Ryan, (2.)
Same<Rice.
Same<Schmidt.
Same<Hufcut.
Same<Mckauer.
Same<Manner.
Same<Newman & an.
Same<Corse.
Same<O'Connor, (2.)
Same<Kennedy.
Same<Froelich.
Same<Klenzle.
Same<Williams.
Same<Power.

Same<Adellzzio.
Same<Mahony.
Same<Jemmal.
Same<Imbraele.
Same<Maher.
Same<Wertingham.
Same<Miehling.
Same<Ryan.
Same<Langer.
Same<Cronen.
Same<Kiesler.
Same<Hunter.
Same<Jos Fetzer.
Same<Mary Fetzer.
Same<Miller.
Same<Conrad.
Same<Hillis.
Same<Mitchell.
Same<Karasnik.
Same<Nardilla.
Same<Taylor.
Same<Christiano.

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—Room 312, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, at 2 P. M.—Motion calendar.

Bouchard<Tijuca.
Timmins<same.
Smith<Schuylkill.
Bartley<Erie.
Corrugated F Co< Paper W Mach et al
Ramberg<Iron Wks< Maryanne.
Dalzell<Baron Jedburgh.
Leh Val T Co<same. At 3 A. M.:
US ex rel Cubyluck< Bell.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—Room 323, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, at 9:30 A. M.
O'Connor<Coastwise Drug Co, (on trial.)

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DECISIONS.

Metropolitan Trust Co. of N. Y., &c., respt., v. State Board Tax Commissioners, &c., apits.—Motion to amend remittitur denied, without costs.

Connolly Co., respt., v. State of N. Y., apit. — Motion to dismiss appeal granted and appeal dismissed, with costs and $10 costs of motion.

Bayles, respt., v. Wagner, apit., impld. with auto., respts.—Motion to amend notice of appeal granted.

Re judicial settlement account of Montgomery, as trustee, &c.—Motion for leave to appeal denied; $10 costs and necessary printing disbursements.

Re claim Gofford for compensation, &c., v. T. G. Patterson, Inc., &c.—Motion for leave to appeal granted.

Gross, cr. impld. &c., aplt., v. Erie R. R. Co., respt.; People ex rel N. Y. C. R. R. Co., respt., v. Block, Assessor of the City of Kingston, respt., and the U. & D. R. R. Co., respt.—Appeals dismissed, with costs.

Andrews, as testamentary trustee, &c., aplt., v. Kirk, Inc., &c., defts., impld. with Florence Kirk, respt.; re judicial settlement account of Gertrude Einstein and exrs., &c., of Roos, dec.; Greifenstein and ano., exrs., &c., aplts.; Roos and others, respts.; re petition Carp and another, aplts., for a writ of certiorari v. Board Supervisors of Saratoga Co., &c., respt.; U. S. Fidelity Co., respt., v. Carnegie Trust Co., aplt.; re application Public Service Commission, First District, relative 138th St., New York City; The Sibling Co., aplt., v. City of New York, respt.—Orders affirmed, with costs.

Re judicial settlement account of Harden et al., exrs., &c., of James Harden, dec.; Francis A. Harden et al., aplts.; Emma Louise Harden, ind. and as exr., et al., respts.—Order affirmed, with costs to respondents, payable out of the estate.

Re judicial settlement account of Mead et al., exrs., &c., of Stephen Cullen Mead, ind. and as exr., et al., aplts.-respts.; Durrin et al., aplts.-respts.; Randall, respt.—Order affirmed without costs.

Clifford, as assignee, &c., aplt., v. Mechanics' and Metals National Bank of New York, respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Howard and another, as trustees, &c., of Howard, dec., respts., v. Maxwell-Briscoe Motor Co., aplt.—Order affirmed, with costs.

Court of Appeals

Doyle<Atl Steve Co.
Lemoute<Title Guar & Surety Co.
Same<Francke.
Neun<Bacon Co.

London Finance Co< Shattuck.
Seamen's Bk for Sav <McCullough et al.
Koehne<Hotel Astor.
Fisk et al<Batterson.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Clarke, P. J.; Scott, Smith, Davis, and Shearn, JJ.—Enumerated motions at 2 P. M.

In re Daly, &c.
Young<US Mtg & Tr. Grigg<Ronald Selling Branch, inc.
Dedrick<Schinasi, (2.)
West End Theatre Synd, Inc<Shubert.
Crown<Goldstein Co, Inc.
West<Woman's Hosp.

Hardy<Lynn.
Rosellei<E Rutzler Co.
Kwanaukas<P & R Coal & Iron Co.
Radda<Radda.
Martindale<De Kay.
Reich<Rasbrouck.
Dougherty<Loew's Theatrical Ent.
Becker<Clark.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Motions.

Noble<Hinds.
Hoisinger<Wood.
People, &c<Callahan.
Wright<Rabb.
Schneider<Barrett.
Shallenberger<Porter.
Ansorge<Rosenberg-Neuss Co.
Rosenzweig<Chalif.
Gorman<McGraw Tire & Rubber Co.
McCarthy<Palle.
Jezek<Firusky.
Re Place, (Townsend Av.)
Kottler<Onyx Blouse.
CNY<Warren-Scharf Asphalt Pav Co, (2?)
Boxer<Milsky.
Trowbridge<McCarthy.
Hackett<Aetna Life Ins Co.
Coulson<Butler.
Burhans<Bisnop.
People ex rel Doughert<Bd of Estimate
Kornblum<Burnett.
Martinez<G A Smith & Co.

Gayett<Hart.
Ash<United Toilet Goods Co.
Joy<Anderson Galleries, Inc.
Garvey<Gillies Coffee.
Stamatopulo<Gerhard & Hey.
Schleffler<Smallwood.
Mulqueen<Mulqueen.
Randolph<Randolph.
Newsom<Hodgson Bros
Damianus<Damianus.
Wyckoff<Quinther Pub Co.
Badgeley<Dewitt.
Grunsck<Rappas.
Atlantic Metals & Alloys Co<Udall.
CNY<Dlugacch & Co.
Ce<Stern.
CNY<World Synd Co.
Halpern<Tannenbaum.
Claysmith Co<Hayward.
Samson<Stroock, (2.)
Hackel<95th St & Broadway.
Glaser<Chesebrough.

Mutual Life Ins Co< Gelker.
Le Roy<Penington.
Morris<Int R T.
Re Thalman<Oeirichs.
Re Barker.
Re Kinzenbach.
Re Kinckner.
Re Kurzenknabe.
Re Brady.
Zucker<Jacobs.
Demeroff<Brown.
Guigliano<Atlas Assur E A Saunders, Sons Co<Lodge.
Litwin<Litwin.
Re Maltbie, (Reliance Motion Picture Co.)
Brand<Drexel.
Sinclair<Domb.
PART II.—Whitaker, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.
PART III.—Delehanty, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions.
Edelstein<Wilner.
Weeks<L'Ecluse.
Walter<Walter.
Landes<Landes.
Re Westchester Av.
Barrett<Erickson S. G.I.C.O.
Peltz<Peltz.
Hill<Hill.
Gelard<Gelard.
Mabey<Mabey.
Preferred causes:
McDermott & Hanigan <Ritz Realty Co.
Wener<Jarmulowsky.
Sherwood<Holbrook.
Franklin Sav Bank<Newman.
PART IV.—Finch, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Not in session.
PART VI.—Lehman, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Certiorari cases:
Charter Const Co< Purdy.
PARTS VII. and VIII.—Not in session.
TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M.
Abrams<Nevin.
Lewis<Cardinale.
Nanes<Peck & Mack.
Kahn<Lowenstein.
Fox<Bloom (2.)

Shaine<Cosmopolitan Bank.
General calendar:
Paetzold<Paetzold.
Cameron<Thomas.
Kiddie<Dunham.
Townsend<Hamerschwag.
Schwartz<Schwartz.
Fransioli<Hamburger.
Goldberg<Rouse.
Napashtek<Napashtek.
Lange<Lange.
Ranghelli<Ranghelli.
Bosco<Bosco & Co.
Saltzman<Ellman.
Danko<Danko.
Case on.

PART III.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M.
Kent Coal Adv Assn. T<Silvey-Taylor.
Cahill<Star Co.
Tramantano<Nicoll(2.)
Pierson<I R T Co.
Reinlab<Co NY Rys.
Glick<Union Ry of NYC.
Angel<Trowbridge.
Horwich<Kallsher.
Wittman<Macjay.
Castringo<Jacks.
Donnelly<Snare & Triest Co.
White<Maurer.
Quinby<Lexington RR
Schack<Seaman.
Rener<Acadia Rty Co
Winterkorn<NY & Q Co Ry. (2.)
Eckel<Hart.
Friedman & Co<Nass Elec RR.
J Buller<Linch.
H Buller<same.
Harmon<Cent Un Gas.
Ricce<Con Tel & El Subway Co.
L Fischer<Un Ry.
M Fischer<same.
Goldberg<Linch.
Druckerc<33d Con RR.
Adzercha<Holbrook, C & R Corp.
Lang<Belt Line Ry.
Barnes<Edison L & P.
San<eNY Edison Co.
Casey<CNY.
Sullivan<Barnum.
Francis<Katz.
Bachman<Horace E Demorest Co.
Degner<Bauer.
Simms<Wilkes.
Shiamessis<House of St Giles the Cripple.
Steinberg<Dally.
Klein<Sternau Rty.
Yatkowsky<42d St, &c, Ry.
Witek<S I Midland RR.
Novita<Tenzer.
Perlman<Kellogg.
O'Connor<Ebling Brew
Nestemski<Cent RR of N J.
Thomas<Dieterle.
Friedman<Barrett.
Viaud<Lee.
Newman<Krinsky.
Tukakowitz<Nat Casket Co (2.)
Solomon<Kalmus.
Bros Co.
Hadgaard<CNY.
Campbell<Burns Bros.
Heller<Cons Gas Co.
O'Shaughnessy<Axtell.
Moses<Rock Cont Co.

Sussquehanna Silk Mills<Rosenbloom.
Liberman<Mayer.
Kaufman<Hirschfield.
Same<Foster.
Clear.

PART IV.—Pendleton, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Lydon, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VI.—Erlanger, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—Goff, J.—At 10 A. M.
Cassello<De Luise.
PART VIII—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IX.—Pendleton, J.—At 10 A. M.
Collins<McMullen, Snare & Triest.
PART X—Newton, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XI.—Weeks, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XII.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XIII.—Brown, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XIV—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XV.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVI.—Hendrick, J.—At 10 A. M.
Henry<McCormack, &c.
PART XVII.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M.
Sacky<Sacky.
PART XVIII.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

Johnson<Int R T.
Hughes<C I & B RR.
Timony<Co Ry.
McCluskey<Hencken & ano.
Carraturo<CNY.
Troy Citizens Gas RR.
Byrnes<Byrnes.
Tischler<Rosenblatt & ano.
Highest number reached on regular call, 2597.

Bickermeister<Bickermeister.
Fanara<Fortuna.
Sternlieb<Palmer Herring Motor Co.
Needom<Standard S & Gravel Co.
Compagnino<Terrence.
Chorosch<De Alessandro.
Baum<Frost.
Harrison<Dock Con Co
Alamo Cafe, Inc<Nam.
Petinot<Titanium Alloy Mfg Co.
Western Cartridge Co<Thevenot.
Thorburn<Gates.
Smith<Addoms.
Le Roy<Penington.
Re Clarke.

Mason<Weir.
Benson<Doyle.
Goldsmith<Beaver.
Elias<Hammer.
Germana<N Y Rys.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part III., for trial.

Ruffer<Harry Dowie. Clear.
Anglo-Am Incand L Co<Peck & Mack.

PART II.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART III.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.

Aaron<Schottlan.
Reeves<Blamey.
Harris<Schwartz Silk Co, (2.)
Mendelson<Lowenstein.
Lederer<Goodman Piano Co.
Johnson<Fid Dep Co.
Diamond<Epstein.
Millstein<De Jong.
Man Haircloth Co< Welsdinger.

So Bklyn Paper, &c, Co<Balston Fibre Prod Co.
Reichbart<Strauss.
Cohen-Chelsea, Inc< Smith U S Co.
Max Block & Co< Schoenfield.
Freed<C Thalheim Co.
Miller<Vanderveer Crossing.
Morrison<Gordon.
Jarvis Drug Co< Licht.
Clear.

PART IV.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART V.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.
PART VI.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VII.—Schmuck, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VIII.—Strasbourger, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

Gross<Coffin
Neale<L I RR.
Austin<J Goldberg's Son Co.
Lees<Bellas, Hess & Co.
Spitzer<Childs Co.
Metropolitan East Coast Ry.
Dalton<Horn.
Carziano<Linch.
Yedvad<Harris H Tire Co.
Binford<Rieterman.
Suzonski<R Deeves & Son.
O Clark<De Will.
M Clark<same.
Gellman<Wolfinger.
Kenger<W Va Pulp & Paper Co.
Gold<Kahn.
Sherman<Piel Bros.

Feinberg<Greenberg.
Gurman<Union Ry.
Weinman<same.
Bennett<same.
Truehart<Zahn (2.)
Walter<Bodenheim (2)

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Mullan, J. Westphal & an<Luongo et al—Bernard Hahn. Rosenberger<Paas et al—William W Hoppin.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION — Second Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM — Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Callaghan, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions:

Edwards<NY Con RR.
Foulke<Foulke.
Shea<Tribune Assn.
Re Baar Bros, (Gill Soap Co.)
Ajello<Thomas M & E
Cleveland<Cleary.
Black<Lemon.
Pelz<Voigt.
Kripatlis<Fender.
Thompson Co<Peyer.
Ricci<Schumacker.
Zezula<L I RR.
Bowman<same.
Lowell<same.
Keegan<same.
Makowsky<Koch & Drodge Piano Co.
Berall<Cook.
Weathered<Weathered
Warren<Scattergood.
Weldner<Neptune Meter Co.
J Ferro<Caye-H Co.
A Ferro<same.
Taber<Wood.
A Guerrero<Phucha.
M D Guerrero<same.
Adams<Welz & Z.
Walter<M Mosson Co.
Re 3d Av, (Title G & T Co.)
Gad<Gad.
Hart<Collier.

Williams<Williams.
Nat Res Bk NY<Sage P Homes, et ux et ats.)
Guarini<Licciola.
Pellegrino<Pellegrino.
Clarke<Hughes.
Pellegrino<Pellegrino.
Santore<Reliable NY & B Auto Del Co.
Palmer<NY Edis Co.
Kaminaster<Stromberg.
Zappa<Kaufman.
Congress Brew Co< Humboldt Park & C.
Rebers<Connelly.
Re Cong Beth David, &c, (Schapiro.)
Gaydica<M & G Con.
Re Richard.
Dowd<Hofmann.
Schneider<Neary.
Brodsky<Brodsky & P.
Johnson<Meyer.
Morris<Morris.
Arker<Ind M & T Cor
Sloan<Sloan.
Re Mager.
Dauch<Long B Truck.
Wagner<Pauly.
Diedrich<Sunday Pub.
Mannino<Brady & G.
Lazarowitz<Cohen.
Re Raerle (Moskowitz)

PART II.—Young, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART III.—Mullan, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.
PART III.—Cropsey, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

Motions:
Anna Goecke.
Oscar Zimgibel.

Wills for probate:
William J Stein.
Rebecca Lee Edwards.
Karoline L Kurtz.
Jennie A Griffin.

Accountings:
John Williams.
Michael Berst.
Eridget B Coyle.
Sarah Saxon.
Barbara Klein.
Elizabeth Gunther, or Lizzie Gunther.
August F Gunther.
Re Siegel, which offers.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.

Murphy<Potter.

TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.

Colella<Union Ry.
Aronson<Blvd Auto Co, (2.)
Goldberg<I R T.
Jacknowsky<Brid Co.
Fuchs<So Blvd RR.
Smolen<I R T.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Mullan, J. Westphal & an<Luongo et al—Bernard Hahn. Rosenberger<Paas et al—William W Hoppin.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Callaghan, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions:

Edwards<NY Con RR.
Foulke<Foulke.
Shea<Tribune Assn.
Re Baar Bros, (Gill Soap Co.)
Ajello<Thomas M & E
Cleveland<Cleary.
Black<Lemon.
Pelz<Voigt.
Kripatlis<Fender.
Thompson Co<Peyer.
Ricci<Schumacker.
Zezula<L I RR.
Bowman<same.
Lowell<same.
Keegan<same.
Makowsky<Koch & Drodge Piano Co.
Berall<Cook.
Weathered<Weathered
Warren<Scattergood.
Weldner<Neptune Meter Co.
J Ferro<Caye-H Co.
A Ferro<same.
Taber<Wood.
A Guerrero<Phucha.
M D Guerrero<same.
Adams<Welz & Z.
Walter<M Mosson Co.
Re 3d Av, (Title G & T Co.)
Gad<Gad.
Hart<Collier.

Williams<Williams.
Nat Res Bk NY<Sage P Homes, et ux et ats.)
Guarini<Licciola.
Pellegrino<Pellegrino.
Clarke<Hughes.
Pellegrino<Pellegrino.
Santore<Reliable NY & B Auto Del Co.
Palmer<NY Edis Co.
Kaminaster<Stromberg.
Zappa<Kaufman.
Congress Brew Co< Humboldt Park & C.
Rebers<Connelly.
Re Cong Beth David, &c, (Schapiro.)
Gaydica<M & G Con.
Re Richard.
Dowd<Hofmann.
Schneider<Neary.
Brodsky<Brodsky & P.
Johnson<Meyer.
Morris<Morris.
Arker<Ind M & T Cor
Sloan<Sloan.
Re Mager.
Dauch<Long B Truck.
Wagner<Pauly.
Diedrich<Sunday Pub.
Mannino<Brady & G.
Lazarowitz<Cohen.
Re Raerle (Moskowitz)

PART II.—Young, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART III.—Mullan, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.
PART III.—Cropsey, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

Motions:
Anna Goecke.
Oscar Zimgibel.

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Karoline L Kurtz.
Jennie A Griffin.

Accountings:
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Michael Berst.
Eridget B Coyle.
Sarah Saxon.
Barbara Klein.
Elizabeth Gunther, or Lizzie Gunther.
August F Gunther.
Re Siegel, which offers.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.

Murphy<Potter.

TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.

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Fuchs<So Blvd RR.
Smolen<I R T.

Feinberg<Greenberg.
Gurman<Union Ry.
Weinman<same.
Bennett<same.
Truehart<Zahn (2.)
Walter<Bodenheim (2)

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Whitaker, J.—Citizens' Sav. Bank<Dworsky—Joseph Diness, Jr. Gould<Heenan—William Lockwood.

SUPREME COURT—Guy, J.—Maier<Wagner —Malcolm Sondheimer.

SUPREME COURT—Donnelly, J.—Trustees of Columbia University<De Carvajal—William C. Arnold. Richardson<Pasinsky—Joseph I. Green.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Whitaker, J.—Charles M. Cannon<John Scholes—H. Warren Hubbard.

SUPREME COURT—Donnelly, J.—Lorenzo Semple<Patrick J. Tracy—Herbert J. Goodwin.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Mullan, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Mullan, J.—Motion calendar.

Re Matthews Av.
Chelsea Exchange Bank<Strauss.
Bleier<Swan.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Mullan, J.

Hope<Hoppe.
Medina<Medina.
Zambrofsky<Zambrofsky.
Golden<Golden.
Watz<Watz.
Finkelstein<Finkelstein.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Mitchell, J.

Inq—Clawson<Clark.

Day calendar:

Strauss<Schneider.
Damm<Higinson.
Taylor<Mahr.
Perrillo<Union Ry.
Rothkowitz<Taylor.
Flathery<Union Ry.
Kratenstein<Holstein.
De Sarle<Jacob Const Co.
Wallace<CNY.
Zircher<Webber.
McGrady<Bentley, (2)

Highest number reached in regular order, 1066.

PART II.—Mullan, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

PART III.—Mullan, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

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SUPREME COURT—Mullan, J. Westphal & an<Luongo et al—Bernard Hahn. Rosenberger<Paas et al—William W Hoppin.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Callaghan, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions:

Edwards<NY Con RR.
Foulke<Foulke.
Shea<Tribune Assn.
Re Baar Bros, (Gill Soap Co.)
Ajello<Thomas M & E
Cleveland<Cleary.
Black<Lemon.
Pelz<Voigt.
Kripatlis<Fender.
Thompson Co<Peyer.
Ricci<Schumacker.
Zezula<L I RR.
Bowman<same.
Lowell<same.
Keegan<same.
Makowsky<Koch & Drodge Piano Co.
Berall<Cook.
Weathered<Weathered
Warren<Scattergood.
Weldner<Neptune Meter Co.
J Ferro<Caye-H Co.
A Ferro<same.
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KINGS COUNTY.

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SUPREME COURT—Mullan, J. Westphal & an<Luongo et al—Bernard Hahn. Rosenberger<Paas et al—William W Hoppin.

KIN

MOREWOOD REALTY HOLDING COMPANY.

offers the following choice high grade Apartments to lease. Being under ownership management, tenants are assured of excellent service and attention. The buildings are all new, absolutely fireproof, are ideally located and contain all up to date features, with modern equipment throughout.

VAN DYCK & SEVERN

72d St.—Broadway—73d St., Facing Sherman Square.
EXPRESS SUBWAY STATION AT 72D ST.

7 to 11 Rooms, 2 to 3 Baths
Rentals $2,100 to $3,800

Including Refrigeration.
All large and light rooms, with abundant closet space. There are no dumbwaiters—each apartment having a rear entrance and Service Elevator.
Tel. 3547 Columbus. Resident Manager on Premises.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

$6,000
Easy Terms.
Craftsman Home
7 Rooms
Tiled Baths
Plot 100x284 ft.

Ready for Occupancy Now
Easy Commutation to N. Y.
Permanent home; everything modern; electric light, steam heat, panelled walls; parquet floors; select neighborhood; water sports, golf, country club, schools, etc. Send for photo. Living room 27 ft. long with huge open fireplace. Buy this with little cash and the usual rent money. Investigate. P. D. WORCESTER, 170 B'way, N. Y. C. Tel. 1521 Cort.

Dutchess Co. Farm; 190 Acres.
190 acres; 55 miles New York; finest elevation; magnificent views; 150 acres tillable; 10 acres big Oak and Hickory. $8,000 recently spent improving house; sets 700 feet elevation in lawn of grand Virgin trees; Colonial; with some original hewn beamed ceilings; big fireplaces; Dutch Oven; new hardwood floors; completely modernized; first floor, six rooms; second floor, seven bedrooms, two bathrooms; hot-water heat. Cut to $15,000 for urgent sale. Requires quick action.
ALLABOUGH & SON Woolworth Building, New York.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

48 Franklin St., Near B'way
4 lofts—each 25x100
Suitable Cigar Makers, Sail Lofts, Flags, Bunting, Hose, Belting or any business requiring long space. Low rent.
GEORGE MILNE, 256 B'way

OFFICE SPACE
For rent: About 4,000 sq. ft. on 12th floor World's Tower Bldg., 110 W. 40th St., to sublet. Conveniently arranged for single offices or suites. Elegant light each room. Possession at once. Inquire Room 1209.

1 ST LOFT, 277 5TH AVE
Modern Fireproof, Estelle Bldg., Opposite Holland House at 30th St.
Apply premises to R. S. KAMIN or Telephone Madison 2838.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

NEARING COMPLETION
370 Central Park West
The Apartment House Unique.
S. W. Corner of 97th Street.
An Oasis in the Desert of Sameness. Featuring Elizabethan Architecture.
Suites of 2 to 7 Rooms.
Rentals $700 to $1,800.
Special 3 room suites.
Several charming suites with huge Studio Room, high studded ceiling, open fireplace. *For booklet, floor plan, etc. See Rentaing Agent on premises, or*
FRENCH MANAGEMENT CORP.
299 Madison Ave., corner 41st St.
Phone Vanderbilt 3237.

Devonshire
Broadway, Corner 112th St.
9 Rooms—Foyer—3 Baths.
Large and light.
All corner, $2100.
South Apt., $1800.

Katahdin
567 West 113th St.
Cor. of B'way.
Eight Large Rooms, $1400 yearly.
Only one apartment left.
W. P. SHERIDAN, Agent, 549 Riverside Drive. M'gside 434. Cor. 127th St.

BUCKINGHAM COURT
310-320 West 99th St.
High Class Apartments of
8 ROOMS & 2 BATHS
To Lease from October 1.
Inquire Superintendent, on Premises.
Manhattan Leasing Co., 149 Church St.
Telephone 6390—Barclay.

30 W. 54th St.
(Restricted Street)
TO LEASE—2 and 3 rooms and bath apartments; new, modern in every detail; hotel service. Apply on premises, or Room 627, 30 East 42d. Phone Murray Hill 6438.

THE RIVIERA
Riverside Drive, 156th to 157th St.
Modern Twelve Story Fireproof Apartments.
Near Subway. For lease from Oct. 1st.
8 rooms, $1,400 to $1,500.
9 rooms, $1,600 to $2,000.
With two or three baths. Apply to
MANHATTAN LEASING CO., 149 Church St, Tel. 6390 Barclay.

Near B'way, 204 West 109th St.
5 rooms, $48; owner's management.
Ground floor, front; outside rooms; floors and side walls, kitchen and bath tiled; parquet flooring throughout; hardwood finish; electricity, telephone; beautiful entrance; select families.

340 WEST 36th ST.
2 Rooms & Kitchenette
$900 TO $1,000.
M. H. GAILLARD & CO., 2299 Broadway. Phone Schuyler 3979.

BRYANT PARK STUDIOS
60 WEST 40th St.
Very Desirable North Light Studio Apart's
1 ROOMS & BATH; ALSO 2 ROOMS.
Superintendent on Premises.

8 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS
THE ROSARY
306 WEST 99TH ST.
$1,400 and $1,500.
M. H. Gaillard & Co.,
2299 Broadway. 'Phone Schuyler 3979.

65 Central Park West.
A very desirable eight-room Apartment; large, light, airy rooms; overlooking park; high-class elevator house; rent $1,800. Apply Superintendent, on premises.

REDUCED RENTS
THE PLAZA
Seven and eight room elevator apartments; rents $60-$65 month; elegant order. 795 St. Nicholas Av., (150th.) Superintendent.

Seven Rooms, Corner, $60
400 West 152d Street
ST. NICHOLAS AVE.
W. D. Morgan, Agent, 3,573 Broadway (147th)

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

400 WEST 118TH STREET
Near Columbia University.
Newly decorated; undesirable tenants excluded; no dogs allowed. Immediate possession. All night elevator service.
Opposite Morningside Drive.
7 ROOMS Bath 2 Toilets $960
W. ALANSON ALEXANDER,
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152 West 58th Street
Between 6th & 7th Avenues
NEW HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS
4 rooms with bath
5 rooms with 2 baths
Hotel service if desired.
Superintendent on premises, or
Albert B. Ashforth, Inc., Agent
12 East 44th Street. 1100 M. H.

VELASQUEZ-GOYA
605-611 WEST 156TH ST.
High Class Elevator Aparts., Every Conv'nce
Directly opposite Spanish Museum Bldgs.
6-7 Rooms, 2 Baths, Rents Reasonable.
Owner, JAS. O'BRIEN, 647 6TH AVE.

7 & 8 Rooms, 2 Baths.
EXCEPTIONAL APARTMENTS and arrangements of rooms, every one being outside and large; abundance of closet room; modern in every detail; first class in every respect; elevator, all night service.
805 St. Nicholas Ave. (Corner 150th St.)
W. D. MORGAN, Agent, 3578 B'way (147th St.)

340 WEST 86TH ST.
7 ROOMS, 3 BATHS
$1,800 TO $2,000
M. H. Gaillard & Co.
2,299 Broadway. 'Phone Schuyler 3979.

6 ROOMS
565 West 148th St.,
Corner Broadway.
All outside rooms, facing south.
View of river.
W. D. Morgan, Agent, 3,573 B'way, (147th.)

MANHATTAN—East Side.

815 PARK AVE.
S. E. CORNER 75TH ST.
New Magnificent 14-Story Structure
Contains Novel Devices Throughout.
EXQUISITE APARTMENT DWELLINGS OF
6-7-8 ROOMS
3 BATHS. RENTS $2300 TO $3800
Also a Few
1, 3 & 4 Room Apartments
On Main Floor, $750 to $1800
Apartments can be seen evenings.
PEASE & ELLIMAN, Agts., On Premises. Phone Lenox 6989.

THE WOOLSEY
141 East 44th Street
East of Lexington Avenue.
2 Rooms, Bath Kitchenette
Unfurnished, $60.00 to $75.00
Furnished, $70.00 to $85.00
Satisfactory Reference Indispensable.
Apply to Superintendent on premises, or
BING & BING
119 West 40th St. Phone 6410 Bryant

BRONX.

New Corner House
Just Completed.
3-4-5 elegant room apartment, all modern improvements; telephone service, etc.
N. E. Cor. 167th St. & Vyse Av.
Near Simpson St. subway station.

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NEW APARTMENTS.
20 Minutes to Union Square.
Take 4th Av. subway to 9th St. express station, Brooklyn; 5 minutes' walk to apartments.
4-5 Rooms, Rents $34-$45,
extra large; modern improvements; decoration to suit. Ownership management on premises, daily and Sunday.
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New Flatbush Apartments
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4-5 and 6-room and 2-bath apartments. Sunny rooms; white kitchens; modern equipment throughout; telephone service. Rents, $10.00 per room and up. Representative on premises, or
ARTHUR H. WATERMAN,
185 Montague Street, Brooklyn.
Telephone Main 800.

797—PROSPECT PLACE—797
CORNER NOSTRAND AV.
Newly renovated, seven extra large, light rooms; butler's pantry and bath; parquet floors, electric light, steam heat, and hot water. Ideal location.
LEASE AT $600 TO $780 PER ANNUM.
AGENT ON PREMISES.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

The Grosvenor, 5th Av. and 10th St.
A very desirable apartment
4 Rooms with 2 baths.
Rooms of exceptional large size.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Manhattan.

PRIVATE DWELLING
FOR SALE OR RENT,
44 EAST 72D ST.,
15 ROOMS AND 3 BATHROOMS.
APPLY TO O. L. RICHARD,
29 BROADWAY, OR TO YOUR BROKER.

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FOR SALE.—No. 580 Ocean Parkway, Brooklyn, a 2-story and attic brick and panel frame building; slate gable roof; 10 rooms and attic, 2 baths, laundry, sun parlor, and glass porch in rear; hot water heat; hardwood floors, oak panel trim. J. E. DUSSELDORF, M. D.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

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Modern detached six and seven-room cottages; driveway; good neighborhood; one block south of Boyd Av. station, Fulton St. elevated. Seely, 4068 Dalrymple Av., Woodhaven, L. I.

LORMAWOOD, QUEENS.
Six rooms, $4,900; seven rooms, $5,500; all improvements; beautiful wooded section. Call or phone O'Brien, 6628J Hollis.

Westchester.

For Sale or Rent—Strictly modern seven-room house, with sun parlor; good neighborhood; must be seen to be appreciated. S. J. Clark, 2 South 4th Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Long Island.

Will sacrifice beautiful home; $500 down and $130 per month buys new hollow tile, stuccoed, tile roof house, with garage for two cars; plot 140x103 ft.; the house contains on the ground floor a porch 28x12 ft., with tiled floor, vestibule, and large hall through the house, opening on a pergola 20x18 ft.; living room 27.4x14.3 ft., with hy-tex brick fireplace; dining room 19.11x14.3 ft., with Colonial fireplace; large butler's pantry, kitchen with combination coal and gas range; tin closets and vestibule for refrigerator on rear porch; in cellar steam heater and toilet; on second floor, four bedrooms, two tiled bathrooms with a shower over each tub and ample clothes closets; on the third floor, two maids' rooms, tiled bathroom, and storeroom; hardwood parquet floors, side and base lights throughout; city water, gas, and electricity are installed; purchaser may select paper and electric fixtures; water privileges for bathing and yachting included; churches, excellent schools, three yacht clubs, two golf courses, and tennis courts adjacent; 33 minutes from Pennsylvania Station. Telephone, call, or write immediately. C. E. Tuxill, 47 West 34th St., New York City. Tel. Greeley 563.

New House.—Will sacrifice high-class suburban home; $300 down and $45 a month; 7 rooms and tiled bath; large porch; hy-tex brick fireplace in living room; parquet floors; built-in bookcases; additional breakfast room; unique kitchen facilities sure to please housekeeper; steam heat, gas, electricity, telephone; 21 minutes from Pennsylvania Station; 60 trains daily. Telephone, write, or call H. D. Lewis, Room 1126, 47 West 34th St. Tel. Greeley 563.

Handsome five-room bungalow, block from private bathing beach and harbor; great fishing and boating, club, &c.; large, airy rooms, modern improvements, connecting bath, with bedrooms; will decorate to suit owner's taste; large plot; lawn, shrubs, hedge, &c.; makes dandy year-round home; near trolley, easy commute to New York; will sell reasonable for cash or terms to quick, interested party. Bungalow Owner, Box 280 Times Downtown.

HANDSOME 7-ROOM HOME.
Large, airy rooms; heat, gas, electricity; modern kitchen and bath; porch; beautiful plot, all planted with variety of vegetables and flowers; near trolley, school, stores, and station; owner will sell reasonable to interested party for $200 cash and balance monthly. Park, 309 Times Downtown.

house, needing some small repairs, large plot for cultivation and poultry raising, in large town, near station and bay, $1,425; small amount down and $10 monthly. Call or write B. Welch, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

New Jersey.

AN EXCEPTIONAL HOUSE—Located in the most beautiful suburb in the State; nothing like it for the price in any part of the country. Ready to occupy; person wonderful rooms; parquet floors. Living room, 15x30, with large open fireplace. Dining room, 14x16; dining porch, 10x15; bedroom, 13x28; sleeping porch, 10x15. Magnificent bathroom. Model kitchen 10x12, with instantaneous automatic water heater. Butler's pantry. Large plot of land, 7,500 square feet. Refined surroundings, restricted; fine old shade trees; fully improved streets; sewer, water, gas, electricity; stores, schools churches, golf, tennis; 3 minutes to station, 50 minutes to New York; 40 trains daily; commutation, $5.90. Price, $6,500; small amount cash, balance to suit. Call, write, or phone Owner, MUNSON D. AYERS, 146 West 36th St. Tel. Greeley 4375.

A charming home, almost new, of 11 rooms, 3 tiled baths, on a 2-3 acre plot; fine old shade trees, shrubs and flowers; has huge veranda and living room 28 feet long, with huge open fireplace; hardwood trim; electric light, steam heat, parquet floors; everything new and modern; easy commutation to New York; unusual opportunities for outdoor sports; golf clubs, two beautiful lakes nearby; $1,500 cash and $100 on easy terms, $5,000 mortgage buys this house; in fine private neighborhood; immediate occupancy. PERSONAL, Box L 307 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $200 and small monthly payments, less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 7 1-3c commutation fare; 6 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, bedrooms in white enamel; steam heat, water, gas, electricity, handsome fixtures; near schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 30 Maiden Lane. John 5047.

IF YOUR RENT is $300 a year or more you can buy my modern 6-room-and-bath home, all improvements, fully decorated, at a less monthly outlay, and in a few years you own it; 30 minutes on Erie, near station and trolley. W. Brady, 21 Park Row.

Exceptional value, new six-room house, on acre plot; all improvements; excellent neighborhood; $5,200. Write for particulars to Smith-Singer Co., Glen Rock, N. J., (adjoining Ridgewood.)

New house, 8 rooms, 2 baths; large lot; Plainfield. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building, New York City.

Connecticut.

DANBURY, CONN., 52 Division St., near centre of town, good location, 3-story frame 3-family house and garage; lot size 50x227; price $6,000, mortgage $2,800; rented and in good order. Sterling Realty Co., 51 Wall St., New York.

REAL ESTATE.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale.—A picnic park; also suitable for a factory site; large, roomy building; must be sold on account of drafting; 75 ft. front, 20 ft. deep; Long Island City. Apply Frank Holub, 23 Steinway Av., Long Island City.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

HOMES AND ESTATES
FOR SALE OR RENT.
ANGELL & CO., SCARSDALE, N. Y.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Cozy small home, with 2 full acres of fine cultivating farm land, fruit and shade trees; makes an ideal home for small family wanting a place to raise vegetables, fruit, poultry, &c.; good locality; stores, schools, &c.; price, $1,350, on easy terms to right party. For details to visit write to Cozy Home, 277 Times Downtown.

New York State—For Sale or to Let.

1,000 ACRES HUDSON RIVER FRONTAGE. Livingston manor house; iron ore deposits, fertile land, woodland, &c., at $50 per acre. RURAL LIFE CO., Kinderhook, N. Y.

For Sale.—Property on the Hudson River, near New York, admirably suited for cold storage purposes; dock and railroad facilities. D 370 Times Downtown.

Real Estate Wanted.

Lofts wanted for manufacturing, 7,500 to 10,000 square feet. Wright Barclay, Inc., 320 5th Av.

Wanted, for manufacturing, lofts 20,000 square feet. Wright Barclay, Inc., 320 5th Av.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

One shed 150 ft. by 22 ft., with traveling crane and railroad siding. Write Cohn Cut Stone Co., 38th St. and 14th Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Use of roll-top desk, $5.50 monthly; mailing privileges, $3.00 monthly; includes telephone and towel service; no lease required. Duane, 109 Broadway, Suite 807.

140 WEST 34TH ST.—Showrooms and offices. Apply to WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

Front and rear parlors, large, light, steam heated, electric light; excellent location. Apply Engraver, 81 West 50th St.

At 404 4th Av., (9th floor,) corner 28th St., private office, showroom, or mail privileges; excellent service.

38th, 337 West.—Loft, 25x50; electric light, power; rent $50; half loft, $25. Owner, premises.

Large front office, modern fireproof building; very light room; furnished or unfurnished. Is 350 Times Downtown.

824 St., 134 East, near Park Av.—Parlor and basement; most suitable for doctor or dentist; very reasonable rent.

Doctor's office for rent; completely furnished. Apply at 462 East 142d St., Bronx.

79TH 213 WEST.—Large rooms, parlor floor; rent $55 and $60 monthly; references.

Brooklyn.

To Let or Lease.—Three floors, 40x80, Kent Av. and Rodney St., Brooklyn. Inquire G. F. Simpson, Flatiron Building, or engineer on premises.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

ENTIRE BUILDING, 50x100, five or six stories, between 23d and 42d Sts.; possession Jan. 1 or sooner; long lease or sale; suitable for paper storage. Address W. B., Room 1003, 100 5th Av.

Garage or space for garage and repair work desired below 125th St.; will consider space for commercial garage in good location. P 70 Times.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

SUMS FOR FIRST MORTGAGES.
OPPENHEIMER,
540 BERGEN AV., (149TH.)

FARMS.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Little farm and house, with large plot of ground, suitable for chickens and vegetable raising; ready market right in town to sell products; hour out; near trolley, boating, bathing and fishing, schools, stores, churches; will take $100 down, balance small monthly payments, from quick, interested buyer. Call or write B. Bryan, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

$25 cash and $5 monthly will buy dandy 2-acre farm; fine fruit and shade trees; best soil; near lake. Farm, 233 Times Downtown.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

Barn for sale in Ulster County, N. Y., near Ashokan reservoir; 85 acre farm, private lake and brook, 9 room homestead, and other buildings; all painted; excellent proposition for duck farm or country home; real bargain for party paying $2,000 cash. X 328 Times Annex.

Eighteen splendid productive acres, Niagara County; fairly good buildings; will pay for itself in couple years; price, $2,200 for quick sale. W. Mullett, Lockport, N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

A little farm on hilltop; great view; commuting zone; 2 acres; 7 rooms; bath, steam; barn, chicken house, fruit, garden; cleancut; attractive; $5,500; opportunity. S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman, 120 Broadway, New York, and Ridgewood, N. J.

HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

Manhattan.

408 WEST 154TH ST.
Convenient to elevated and subway, 11 rooms, sumptuously furnished; owing to unforseen circumstances; rent, $2,000. Apply Phillips, 3,787 Broadway. Phone Audubon 268.

Beautifully furnished private house on Washington Heights, facing park, 9 rooms and bath, for lease; rent reasonable. Inquire E. A. Walsh, 34 West 51st St.

Westchester.

To Rent, Rye, N. Y., 38 Highland Road—New house, occupied only by present tenants, furnished or unfurnished, for any period of time up to Nov., 1918; English Colonial brick house; living room, dining room, pantry, kitchen, and laundry ground floor; two master bedrooms, each with bath, two maids' rooms, with bath, second floor; master bedroom and bath, third floor; steam heat; year's supply coal in cellar; garage for one large car; very desirous of renting, as present occupant is in Government service. House may be inspected by communicating Francis E. Stern, Ordnance Dept., Machine Gun Div., U. S. Armory, Springfield, Mass.

Bronxville.—Pleasant home, furnished; 9 rooms and bath, extra toilet; 5 minutes to station; $90. Phone 238-M Bronxville.

Long Island.

Modern furnished house, by sea; 45 minutes Pennsylvania Station; reasonable. 6549 Schuyler.

Miscellaneous.

FURNISHED HOUSES for rent for the Winter season on the Sand Hills, Augusta, Ga., near the Bon Air Hotel and Country Club. Address John W. Dickey, Augusta, Ga.

Furnished Houses Wanted.

Wanted—Furnished house, 4 master's bedrooms, 2½ baths; Brooklyn or commuting distance, New York; Nov. 1 to May 1; family adults; moderate rent. Address O 236 Times Downtown.

HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED

Manhattan.

73d St., East. (Park Av.)—Beautiful house; every modern convenience; tastefully decorated; extra large rooms; unusual opportunity. Particulars Glaenzer, 254 West 84th. 2980 Schuyler.

ATTRACTIVE PRIVATE HOUSE,
251 East 31st St.
Fourteen rooms and bath; rent $1,200. Folsom Bros., Inc., 127 East 34th St.

A THREE-STORY HOUSE, 10 ROOMS, 2 BATHS; ELECTRIC LIGHT; PERFECT ORDER. 160 WEST 92D ST.

117TH ST., 253 WEST.—Three-story dwelling, newly renovated. F. J. Whiton, 95 Liberty St.

93D, 257 WEST.—3-story American basement, 3 baths, 3 story extension. Caretaker.

Unfurnished Houses Wanted.

Apartment or half 2-family detached house, 6 to 7 rooms, heated, electric light, suburbs; easy commuting; $30 to $40. L 355 Times Downtown.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

A BARGAIN.
An apartment of exquisite furnishings, 3 master bedrooms, 2 master baths, 3 servants' rooms; south and east exposure; every room flooded with sunlight; if rented at once $375 per month.
EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO.,
4520 Murray Hill. 507 5th Av., (42d St.)

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO.
4520 Murray Hill. 507 5th Av., (42d.)

ATTENTION!—Apartments, furnished, two rooms and bath, full hotel service; one block from subway; $14 to $17.50 weekly. Hotel Senton, 35 East 27th; Hotel St. Louis, 94 East 32d St.

COMPLETE, COMFORTABLE, HANDSOMELY FURNISHED bachelor apartment, 2 rooms and bath, fireplace, refrigeration, maid, valet, restaurant service; rent $150. Apply 15 East 48th St., or Herbert Gulick Co., Inc., 402 Madison Av., at 47th St.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APTS., 6 to 12 rooms, Park Av. and vicinity, $300 to $1,000 month.
CLARK REALTY COMPANY,
30 East 42d. Tel. Vanderbilt 1450.

MADISON AV., 1,427.—Large front room and kitchen, telephone and elevator; $10.

SMARTLY FURNISHED APARTMENTS IN ALL MOST DESIRABLE LOCALITIES. HERBERT GULICK CO., INC., AGENTS, 402 MADISON AV. AT 47TH ST.

SUBLET, HANDSOMELY FURNISHED corner apartment, opposite Ritz-Carlton; 2 immense rooms, bath, kitchenette, fireplace, maid and restaurant service; southern exposure; most desirable in every way; rent $300 month. Herbert Gulick Co., Inc., 402 Madison Av.

Furnished—West Side.

23D ST., 222 WEST, CHELSEA HOTEL.—Stockholder's apartment, No. 86, exquisitely furnished, for rent by the year; four rooms, bath, closets, and small kitchen. Apply for terms to Marsh & Wever, 42 Broadway; present tenant will show.

35TH, 42 WEST, (Hotel Gregorian.)—Attractive apartments, large rooms, outside baths, single or en suite if desired; unusual clothes closets; refined atmosphere; rates quite moderate.

40TH ST., 149 EAST.—My private 4-room elevator apartment, attractively equipped; immediate possession. Apt. 3.

45TH, 341, (just off Broadway.)—New elevator building, 1-2-3 rooms, bath, kitchens or kitchenettes; $50 up monthly; references indispensable. Tel. Bryant 6255.

51ST, 14 WEST.—Unique apartment in charmingly altered house; open fire; roof garden; first-class tea room on premises.

53 WEST 46TH STREET.
Five rooms and bath; beautifully furnished. Telephone 9779 Bryant.

56TH, 40 WEST.—Bachelor apartment, two rooms and bath, beautifully furnished, to lease.

56TH, 4 WEST, (near 5th Av.)—Beautifully furnished 3-room apartment; all conveniences. Dwyer.

56TH, 34 WEST.—Bachelor suite, two rooms and bath, 17 by 20 and 18 by 20.

57TH, 260 WEST.—NEWLY FURNISHED; BEDROOM AND KITCHENETTE; ELEVATOR; ELECTRIC LIGHT; 8TH FLOOR.

57TH, 106 WEST.—5 newly furnished rooms, bath, non-elevator; second floor. Afternoons.

58TH, 7TH AV., ALWYN COURT.
Magnificent, spacious, 12 rooms, 5 baths; corner, overlooking Park; artistically and luxuriously furnished; homelike. Railing, 4233 Columbus.

58th, 337 West.—Six rooms, three baths, exquisitely furnished. For details, telephone Columbus 3974.

59TH, 24 WEST.—Nicely furnished apartment, two rooms, kitchen, bath.

64TH, 11 WEST.—Attractive, sunny, six rooms, bath; scrupulously clean, furniture excellent condition; sell $375, or rent $70. Gilman.

69TH, 68 WEST.—3 or 5 exceptionally handsome rooms; housekeeping, service; excellent location.

72D ST., NEW BUILDING.
Best location in city, beautifully furnished, one, two rooms, bath, maid service, restaurant, $60-$100. For particulars inquire Mrs. Deane, 118 West 72d.

72D, (Subway.)—Five charmingly furnished rooms, two bedrooms, new building. Columbus 3974.

72D, (Central Park West.)—Three large rooms, bath, kitchenette all outside; Nov. 1. 1242 Col.

74TH ST. AND WEST END AV.
3 rooms, housekeeping, 12th floor; large, outside, sunny, elegantly furnished; restaurant, maid, valet service; $175. Phone John 892.

78TH, 132 WEST.—Apartment, entire second floor, consisting two large connecting rooms, extension private bath, and kitchenette.

79TH, 307 WEST.—Decorator's home; 6th floor; six outside, sunny rooms; eight months, $225; year, $175. Schuyler 9600.

Apartments to Let

40 cents per agate line

Furnished—West Side.

83D ST., 1 WEST, (Central Park West.)—Completely furnished 6-room outside apartment; piano, Victrola, linen, silver; $165 per month; 3d floor, west. Phone 2840 Schuyler.

83D, 324 WEST.—Completely furnished 7 rooms, 3 master bedrooms; $155. Stevens, 6W.

83D, 324 WEST, (Apt. 6 West.)—Attractive 7 rooms, June 1 or longer; $150.

84TH, 255 WEST, (Alameda.)—Apartment to rent, 10th floor, 8 rooms, 3 baths, 2 master bedrooms. Apply Superintendent.

86TH, 200 WEST.—Unusually attractively furnished, high-class, 5-room front apartment. Fanning.

87TH, 307 WEST.—Private house; parlor floor, 1, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, electricity.

90TH, 259 WEST.—Three rooms, bath, kitchenette studio apartment; comfort, art combined; to suit most critical; $135 month; 8 months' lease. Call Sunday, 10 A. M. to 5. Soule.

91ST, 53 WEST.—Newly furnished, two large rooms, parlor floor; bath, electricity; $90.

92D, 214 WEST.—Sunny apartment; 6 large rooms, facing Broadway; comfortably furnished.

94TH, (Near Riverside Drive.)—5 rooms and bath; can be seen by appointment. Phone M. H. 9379.

98TH, 203 WEST.—3-room apartment; high class; southern and northern exposure; very desirable. Apt. 1B.

107TH, 203 WEST.—Completely furnished, high class, six outside rooms, elevator apartment; ninth floor; southern exposure; six months or longer. Broughton. Tel. 1640 Academy.

107TH, 220 WEST.—Attractively and completely furnished elevator apartment of 7 large, sunshiny rooms; southern exposure. Apt. 62.

113TH ST., 517 WEST.—High-class apartments of 2, 4, 5, and 6 rooms, furnished with rare taste and care, complete in every detail, including silver and linen. Telephone owner, 8240 Morningside.

115TH, 600 WEST.—Four rooms, completely furnished; long lease. Luxor, Apt. 51.

116TH, (Riverside.)—Five rooms, new building, handsomely furnished. Particulars from Columbus 3974.

122D, 303 WEST.—Three neat rooms, kitchenette, bath; high class; elevator. Apt. 46.

127TH, 601 WEST.—Three rooms and kitchenette, elegantly furnished. Apartment 52.

136TH, 522 WEST, (Apt. 1.)—Sublet very pretty and cozy 3 room apartment and kitchenette; telephone service.

108TH, 601 WEST.—7 rooms, 2 baths; corner south, east; river view; $150.

ALL APARTMENTS PERSONALLY INSPECTED. Town-Country Renting Agency, 200 West 72d. Col. 5565.

A NEW APARTMENT HOTEL.
Newly furnished and decorated; complete hotel service; two and three rooms and bath; 9 to 14 windows, with unobstructed views and three exposures to each suite; rates $80 monthly and up; weekly rates; breakfast and dinner, $8 weekly, (optional.)
HOTEL NOBLETON, 126 WEST 73D ST.
One block from subway express and elevated. All cars and bus line. C. M. Bellak, Pres.

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MISS ISABEL DAINTRY of LONDON and PARIS believes she has solved the problem of making APARTMENTS synonymous with HOMES. She has a few choice APARTMENT HOMES centrally located on her books.
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Apartment Hunting Unnecessary. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Col. 836.

APARTMENTS PERSONALLY INSPECTED. Exclusive Renting, 176 West 72d. Col. 848.

APARTMENTS FURNISHED.
E. K. Van Winkle, 136 West 72d. Col. 1077.

Attractive apartments; hotel conveniences, apartment rates; inspection invited.
CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
We have 1, 2, 3, room apartments, $35, $45, $55, $65 UP MONTHLY.
Fully furnished; dishes, silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; each apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concession to desirable families; lease $1,000 and "L"; must be seen to appreciate. Phone Academy 613. Fifth Av. bus stops at door.

Attractive APARTMENTS, furnished, Murray Hill 4383. THE FALCO, 505 5th Av.

FOR furnished apartments consult Katharine Martin, 249 W. 76th. Schuyler 8522.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
Choice localities; long, short leases.
Clark Realty, 30 East 42d. Vanderbilt 1450.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENT to sulet, season or longer. Call for list. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

LARGE living room, bedroom, bath; new apartment, in 50s; attractive, sunny, every convenience. S 84 Times.

NEW BUILDING, near Carnegie Hall; 3-room housekeeping apartment; beautifully furnished, complete, price $185. Goodwin & Goodwin, 148 West 57th St.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Handsomely furnished, sunny corner, choice location; eight rooms, newly decorated, $300. Morningside 6694. Reed.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 230.—Beautifully and completely furnished six rooms; front apartment; every room has outside window; a real home; rent moderate. Apt. 24.

RIVERSIDE, (341 West 77th St.)—Rooms and bath, furnished and unfurnished; highest type; $60 to $250 month; also room for studio or doctor.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, No. 125, (84th St.)—Eleven light, well-furnished rooms. Address W. R. & J. M. Stewart.

RIVERSIDE, (Near 100th.)—Nine rooms, 3 baths, furnished, $300 monthly. Vanderbilt 1450.

THORNDYKE APT. HOTEL, 208 West 56th. —Attractive suite, two rooms and bath; full hotel service; low weekly, monthly rates.

UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITIES. — Furnished sublet apartments; long, short leases. WICKLIFFE GREY, Furnished Apartment Specialist, 269 West 72d St. Columbus 3974.

WE OFFER VERY DESIRABLE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
APPLY L. J. PHILLIPS & CO.,
261 COLUMBUS AV.
TEL. 2750 COLUMBUS.

WE HAVE A LIST of desirable apartments, well furnished, all sizes. Frank L. Fisher Co., 148 West 72d St. Columbus 9010.

WEST END AV., 862.—Two handsomely furnished large rooms, bath; floor through; private house.

WEST END.—8 rooms, 3 baths; artistic furnishings; 3 bedrooms. Columbus 3974.

WEST END, (90s.)—Exquisitely furnished 6 rooms, 3 baths, new. Columbus 3974.

Unfurnished—East Side.

57TH, 18 EAST.—Large studio room; two bedrooms, bath, kitchen; $1,200. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th St.

90TH, 62 EAST.—Elevator apartment, seven rooms; electricity; all modern improvements; $750.

APARTMENTS, STUDIOS,
187 East 84th; 2 rooms, bath, electricity; $40
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST.

APARTMENTS, STUDIOS.
137 East 34th, 2 rooms, bath, electricity, $40.
AMES & COMPANY, 26 WEST 31ST ST.

HIGH-CLASS NEW APARTMENTS.
59 East 34th St.; 2 rooms, bath; $65, $75.
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST.

WASHINGTON SQUARE, 80.—Two and three room apartment; electric light; maid service.

Unfurnished—West Side.

50TH, 48 WEST.—Small new 2-room and bath modern apartments; $55 to $75 month, including electric light.

51ST, 8 WEST.—Beautiful doctor's office, for $1,600 a year.

52D ST., 200-206 WEST, Broadway and 7th Av., THE NEWPORT.—Six-room housekeeping apartments, $960. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 CEDAR STREET. Tel. 5700 John.

56TH, 59 WEST.—Apartment of four rooms, bath, and kitchenette in private house; rent, $70.

70TH ST., WEST.—Unfurnished parlor and basement floors, bath, extension, private house; to permanent, quiet (no tastes, (no smoking.) Room 30, 1,074 Broadway.

77TH ST., 44 WEST, (adjoining Central and Manhattan Square Park.)—Eight rooms, three baths, $3,000; eleventh floor; living room, 18x28; bedrooms all face south; modern fireproof building. Superintendent, on premises.

79TH, 204 WEST.—Seven light rooms; all improvements; single apartment; $65-$70. Superintendent, or Wood, 41 West 125th St.

97TH, 316 WEST, (Adjoining Corner Riverside Drive.)—Sublet 6 rooms, very desirable, modern elevator apartment. Apply Supt.

118TH, 365 WEST.—9 room apartment, 2d floor; newly decorated; all improvements; price very reasonable; tenant must leave town. Moraes.

123D, 541 WEST.—To sublet, 5 rooms, bath, all modern improvements, phone, rent $41, southern exposure. Apartment 8.

150TH, 569 WEST, (Broadway.)—Six outside rooms; modern elevator, $65.

APARTMENTS, STUDIOS.
309 5th Av., (32d St.); two rooms, $75.
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST.

APARTMENTS, STUDIOS.
130 W. 34th; 2 rooms, bath, kitchen, $40-$45.
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST., or Jamaica.

Attractive and Exceptionally Clean Apts.
THE WILSONIA,
225, 227, 229 West 60th St., near Broadway. Three rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $55 and up; phone, elevator service; maid service optional; exceptionally clean apartments; no objectionable or questionable tenants; near Subway and elevated express stations; 3 car lines, 5th Av. bus, Park and Drive; references absolutely essential.

Unfurnished—West Side.

SKYLIGHT STUDIO.
128 West 84th; 2 rooms, bath, kitchen, $55.
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST, or Janitor.

ST. NICHOLAS PLACE, 76.—5 large, sunny, outside rooms; new

Automobile Exchange

40 cents per agate line

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1918 STUTZ BULLDOG 4-PASS.
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1917 SCRIPPS-BOOTH, NEVER RUN.
1917 STUDEBAKER BROUGHAM.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD, 1,700 B'WAY.
OPEN EVENINGS.
LIBERTY BONDS ACCEPTED AT 102.

A COMPLETE LINE OF CARS.

CLOSED CARS, TOURINGS, ROADSTERS, Overlands, Willys-Knights and other makes. At prices that will tempt you.

CASH OR TIME PAYMENTS.
WILLYS-OVERLAND, INC.,
Broadway at 50th St. Open Evenings.
WRITE FOR USED CAR BULLETIN.

AN OLDSMOBILE LIMOUSINE.
Beautiful 1916 model; looks like new; seats 5 inside; complete electric equipment; condition perfect; guaranteed. 150 West 55th.

A SELECT USED CAR LIST.
DE DION BOUTON, LATEST 1MP.
BREWSTER COLLAPSIBLE BROUGHAM.
S. G. V. 1916 TOWN CAR.
RENAULT 1915 LOCKE LIMOUSINE.
PEUGEOT 1916 BREWSTER TOWN CAR.
STUTZ 1917 "16-VALVE" SPEEDSTER.
HUDSON 1917 CABRIOLET.
BURRELLE, 1,704 Broadway, corner 54th.

A STEARNS 1917 TOURING.
Beautiful seven-passenger, eight-cylinder, almost new; electric self-starter, lights; condition perfect; guaranteed; cost, $2,800. Mrs. Hayman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone 6374 Riverside.

A $2,000 SPECIAL RACY SPEEDSTER, $850.
DEALERS, TAKE NOTICE.—1916 PREMIER SPECIAL JOB; NEW STYLE REMOVABLE KHAKI TOP, SIDE SEAT, 6 WIRE WHEELS; PERFECT MECHANICALLY; LOOKS AND LIKE NEW THROUGHOUT; COST OVER $2,600; MUST SACRIFICE AT $850. PHONE FRANCIS, 4770 VANDERBILT.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
1917 STEARNS LIMOUSINE.
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1917 LEXINGTON TOURING.
1917 MITCHELL TOWN CAR.
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SERIES 1917 STUDEBAKER, $575.
MERCER SPEEDSTER.
1917 MITCHELL TOURING.
1916 WILLYS-KNIGHT COUPE.
1916 MERCER RUNABOUT.
1916 WHITE TOURING.
1916 BUICK LIMOUSINE.
1916 OVERLAND, 6-CYLINDER.
1916 SCRIPPS-BOOTH.
1916 KISSEL KAR, Victoria Brougham.
1916 OVERLAND ROADSTER, $350.
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TRADES CONSIDERED.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 WEST 15TH ST.
TWO DOORS NEW FROM BROADWAY.
Open Sundays & Evenings. Phone Circle 4051.

BARGAIN.—1917 Packard 2-35 touring car, also phaeton. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

BODIES. — Limousines, landaulets for all standard cars; lowest prices. Hess, 1,926 Broadway.

B'KLYN BRANCH WILLYS-OVERLAND. Special Offerings at Reduced Prices.

1917 Overland Touring, model 85-6.
1917 Overland Touring, model 75-B.
1916 Overland Touring, model 83-B.

OVERHAULED AND GUARANTEED.
CASH OR TIME PAYMENTS.
1,224 Bedford Av., Corner Hancock St.

BUICK 1916 Little-Six Touring. Perfect. BUICK 1916 Little-Six Roadster. Like new. GOODGO Touring. Condition guaranteed. NATIONAL 1916 Twin-Six Tour. Reasonable. HARLEM EXCHANGE, 2,061 7th. Morn. 9-6/7.

BUICK Roadster, Model C24, equipped with starter, lights; beautiful little car, in tip-top condition; many extras; can be seen at Knickerbocker Garage, 415 East 54th St. Ask for Arthur's car.

BUICKS, 1917-1916.
Tourings, roadsters, closed. Flack, 1,700 Broadway.

BUICK 1916 runabout; like new; reasonable. 1,930 Broadway.

CADILLAC "8" LIMOUSINE BROUGHAM; VERY EXCEPTIONAL.
One of the handsomest ever offered for sale; can be seen day, evening or Sunday; inspection invited; demonstration any time. On exhibition at Brighton, 1,077 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

CADILLAC 1917 Sedan Convertible.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917 Touring 38 H. P.
CADILLAC 1917 Touring, like new.
F. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone Rector 4473.

CADILLAC, 1918; bargain, $350; seven-passenger touring car; has had careful usage; runs fine. Telephone Owner, Gramercy 3015.

CADILLAC limousine, brand-new condition; first-class service guaranteed; monthly, season, very reasonable; cheap. Mulenthal. Telephone 6890 Audubon.

CADILLAC.—Seven-passenger touring, late 1915, body 1916; first-class condition. Mead Co., 225 West 66th St.

CADILLAC Sedan, 1916, perfect condition; 8,100 miles; $1,800. D 236 Times Downtown.

CHALMERS closed car, with extra Summer top, 7-passenger, 6-cylinder model; late 1916; just overhauled and repainted; excellent condition; sickness reason for selling. Bargain, 635 Union St., Union Hill, N. J.

CHALMERS 1917 touring, Model 35B, 5 or 7 pass., in elegant condition; has lots of extras; can be inspected and demonstrated by asking for Anderson's car.
Knickerbocker Garage,
415-417 East 54th. Phone Plaza 96.

CHALMERS six, 7-passenger touring; engine self-starter, transmission, body, A1; fine running order; price, $450. Mr. Snavely, fourth floor, 224 West 57th St. Phone Columbus 510.

CHALMERS 1916 five passenger touring car. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d. Col. 1028.

CHALMERS cabriolet, 1915, slightly used; in excellent condition. Standard, Col. 4648.

CHANDLER 1916, seven-passenger touring car; just been completely overhauled; Good-year cord tires all around. Can be inspected at 558 Jackson Av., Long Island City. Ask for Moore.

CHANDLER 1916 touring, 7 passenger, 6 tires, 7 tubes, extra Winter top, slip covers. A1 condition, like new, for sale. Jos. Luchs, 135 West 26th St. Chelsea 5069.

CHANDLER, latest model, 7-passenger touring, 4 weeks old, 6 new oversize disk tires, slip covers; bargain. Mad. Sq. 2462.

CHANDLER 1916 Limousine; used very little; new tires. Phone Columbus 8963.

CHANDLER "Model 17," with winter top. WALLACE, 1739 BROADWAY.

CHEVROLET ROYAL MAIL ROADSTER. Smart two-passenger; electric self-starter; fully equipped; $350. 305 West 79th.

DE BOUTON, (Baby;) just finished, complete overhauling; owner going to France. Columbus 4792.

DODGE 1916 RUNABOUT.
LITTLE USED; CHEAP.
THE BRIGHTON,
1,077 ATLANTIC AV., BROOKLYN.

DODGE touring, 1916; perfect condition; 5,200 miles; $500; many extras. O 242 Times Downtown.

FORD coupelet, latest model; can't be told from new; has General Electric self-starter, 5 new shoes, demountable rims, speedometer, bumper, other extras; bargain. 209 Vanderbilt Av., near Willoughby Av., Brooklyn.

FORD coupelet; no reasonable offer refused. 1,930 Broadway.

FRANKLIN 1917 touring; must be disposed of at once. 1,930 Broadway.

HUDSON super six touring; $800 if sold at once. 1,930 Broadway.

HUPMOBILE 1917 Runabout; like new. Auto Electric Service, 245 West 55th St.

LANCIA ROADSTER.
Most beautiful car in city; electric self-starter, lights; condition perfect; guaranteed; will sacrifice for quick sale. 1,686 Broadway.

LEXINGTON, 1916, seven-passenger, wire wheels, slip covers, fine tires; run 7,000 miles; cost $2,100; elegant shape; cheap. Simpson, Columbus 9390.

LIMOUSINE BODY, 6-48 WINTON.
Used one season; complete in every detail; upholstered dark green; can be seen any day or evening. The Brighton, 1,077 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

LOCOMOBILE 6-38 LIMOUSINE.
Gentlemen, will sacrifice at your own price; car has been used private two seasons; electric self-starter and lights. 150 West 55th St.

LOCOMOBILE 6-38 LIMOUSINE.
Gentlemen, will sacrifice at your own price; car has been used private two seasons; electric self-starter and lights. 150 West 55th St.

LOCOMOBILE for sale; run 5,000 miles; guaranteed mechanically perfect; landaulet, touring body. Phone (in mornings) River-side 2108.

LOCOMOBILE, 1916, seven-passenger touring; fine condition. Box 299 Times, 2 Rector St.

MARMON 1917 seven-passenger touring car; guaranteed the same as new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St. Col. 1028.

MARMON 1916 four passenger club roadster; like new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d. Col. 1028.

MARMON 1917 five passenger brougham; like new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d. Col. 1028.

MARMON 1917 limousine, also 1917 Marmon touring; bargain. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MARMON Model 41 touring; like new; cost $3,250; take $1,000 cash. 1,930 Broadway.

MITCHELL Sedan; a beautiful Winter car, little used; will sell for $700; cost $2,250; perfect condition. Phone Columbus 8026 for demonstration.

NATIONAL NEWPORT convertible sedan; excellent appearance; mechanically guaranteed; sacrifice, $1,600 cash; right car for particular party. X 325 Times Annex.

NATIONAL 1917 seven-passenger touring car, excellent condition; two new extra tires and other equipment; price $1,000 cash. Gramercy 707.

OLDSMOBILE 1917 four passenger club roadster; like new; run 2,800 miles. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d. Col. 1028.

OVERLAND 1916 five passenger brougham. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d.

PACKARD 1914 48 h. p. seven passenger touring car. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d.

PACKARD limousine body, 1916, seven-passenger, 1-35; almost new; make offer. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway, Room 610.

PACKARD Twin Six Limousine, like new; used one season. Phone Columbus 8963.

PAIGE 1916, seven-passenger, excellent condition; all new shoes. Standard, Columbus 4648.

PEERLESS six, 1915 Blue Ribbon, limousine body; also touring body and slip covers; complete at a bargain by private party. Write Geo. Kallman, care Hudson Garage, West 68th St. Phone Col. 9390 and ask for No. 491.

PEUGEOT 1913, excellent shape; fully electrically equipped; rare bargain. Standard, Columbus 4648.

PIERCE-ARROW 1917 "38," also "48" limousines; bargains. Cook & Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

PIERCE-ARROW, limousine body, 1913 48; reasonable. P 172 Times.

PULLMAN.—New ½-ton delivery trucks, express body, electric lights, self-starter; only few left; to dispose of at $650. L. & D. Motors, 1,892 Broadway.

PULLMAN.—Several used ½-ton trucks, fully equipped; express body; $450. L. & D. Motors, 1,892 Broadway, (63d St.)

SCRIPPS-BOOTH coupe, new, run 500 miles; cost $1,475; sell $950. Anderson, 55 West 55th. Circle 96.

SEVERAL beautiful broughams and limousines; sacrificed if sold at once. 1,930 Broadway.

S. G. V. Roadster, perfect condition; smart car; electric lights; price $600. Telephone 8770 Murray Hill.

SIMPLEX LIMOUSINE, 38 H. P.; Holbrook body; exceptional condition; like new; cost $8,000; sold at great sacrifice. Hygrade Auto Exchange, 1,662 Broadway, bet. 51st and 52d. Tel. Circle 1964.

SIMPLEX landaulet for sale; newly upholstered; mechanically perfect; Westinghouse shock absorbers. Can be seen at Brewster's, Long Island City; ask for Mr. Klein's car.

STANDARD 1917, same as new; 2 extra tires and rims; front and rear bumper. Standard, Columbus 4648.

STUDEBAKER, SERIES 18, RUNABOUT, FOR SALE BY JULY 18TH.
NOT A SCRATCH OR BLEMISH.
The Brighton, 1,077 At'antic Av., Brooklyn.

STUTZ 1917 Bulldog, also Valve Speedster; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 B'way.

"WHITE" Used Cars.
Rebuilt 2, 3, 5 Ton Trucks.
Rebuilt Touring Cars and Taxicabs.
Other Well-Known Makes Also.
THE WHITE COMPANY,
Park Av. and 57th St.
Used Car Dept., 4 floor. C. A. Smith, Mgr.

WINTON.—For sale, Winton, 48 H. P., 1915, limousine; excellent condition. Owner, 440 Lafayette St. Telephone Spring 8600.

WINTON 7-passenger touring car. Owner, 2,528 Grand Av. Tel. 998 Fordham.

Motor Trucks.

NEW MOTOR TRUCK, with or without furniture van body, for sale; perfect condition; 1½ tons; list $1,800; will accept $1,400. Phone 2199 Columbus.

Automobiles for Rent.

Attractive rental service.—Pierce Arrows, Packards. Special rates monthly. Polite, liveried chauffeurs. Egidi, 122 W. 32d. Circle 774.

CADILLAC limousine and touring car for hire; new, latest model cars; competent liveried chauffeurs. W. E. Stimpson, Hudson Motor Car Co.'s Garage. Columbus 9390.

CADILLAC.—Limousine, brand new; condition first class; service de luxe; very reasonable. Mead Co., Phone Columbus 2044.

CADILLAC, —Smart-appearing 7-passenger limousine, week, month, season. Frankman, Schuyler 3910.

CHALMERS.—Beautiful 1916 limousine, 7-passenger; hour, trip; monthly preferred; very reasonable; owner drives. Bradley, phone Riverside 3617.

HUDSON.—For rent, beautiful Hudson super six limousines and landaulets very reasonable. Fred Rogers, Hotel Endicott. Tel. Schuyler 4300.

PA KARD limousines, latest models, at low-est rates; special rate shopping or calling weekdays, $2.50 per hour; also taxicab service. Phone 284-285-286 Riverside. Broadway Taxi Co., 209 West 96th.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire; hour, day, week, trip; superior service, sensible rates. E. M. L. WILLIAMSON, 204 West 43d St. Phone 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARD for hire; modern, (private car,) seven passengers, by hour, week, month; very reasonable; owner drives. Greener, Cathedral 8303.

PACKARDS.—Beautiful cars by hour; monthly preferred; very reasonable; references. Champion Auto Co., 171 West 89th. 5818 Riverside.

PACKARD limousine; beautiful, newly painted; best references. Knople, 205 West 106th St.

PACKARD.—Landaulet for hire, hour, day, week, monthly preferred; reasonable. Schuyler 3828.

PACKARD 1916 for hire; limousine; hour, week, month. Wagner. Phone Columbus 1206.

PACKARD, 7-passenger, for hire; careful driver; $2.50 an hour. 15 East 30th St. Madison Square 6100.

RENAULT town car for sale or to rent by week or month. Emerson, 202 West 101st. Riverside 8262.

STEARNS-KNIGHT light four touring, with special A. & W. top; very desirable all-year car; newly painted, overhauled; sold with Stearns new car guarantee. J. H. Driscoll, 417 West 55th St. Tel. Columbus 7600.

Automobile Storage.

CONSERVE GASOLINE and help win the WAR: dead storage (fireproof) automobiles and bodies. Charles C. Tough, 510 East 73d St. Lenox 7194.

Automobiles Wanted.

WE BUY old and wrecked cars for junk and parts. Reliable Auto Wreckers, 988 Bloomfield Av., Glenridge, N. J. Phone 4106.

WILL PAY CASH for high-class cars. Karp, 1,790 Broadway. Columbus 5322.

Automobile Supplies.

TWO GOODRICH non-skid, new, 33x4 and 34x4; straight side; original wrappers; $23 apiece. P 177 Times.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. Booklet 1 explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' classes. "Founded on Honesty at Broadway. 1909. Prospers on Merit."

Auto School. Largest and best school in the WEST SIDE U. S. Send for booklet and pass P. M. C. A. to school. Telephone Columbus 302 W. 57th St. 7929. Spec. classes for ladies.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50th St. Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipments or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—Trial balance, competency, efficiency unquestionable. Miss F., 1,017 Simpson St.

BILLING CLERK, typist, assistant bookkeeper, general office detail; experienced; recommended: $17-$18. Madison Square 9233.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER.—Expert, seven years' experience, entire charge, controlling accounts, trial balance, correspondence, desires position, five days week, 9 to 4, $15. T 166 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, (20,) experienced, reliable, capable taking charge of office; most desirable references and personality; $15. E. M. L., 1,456 Wilkins Av. Tel. Intervale 1370.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, secretary; educated; experienced law and export; salary commensurate. S 62 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, Stenographer, Secretary, educated; experienced law and export; salary commensurate. S 62 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, Stenographer, Secretary; educated; experienced law and export; salary commensurate. S 62 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced; good penman; take entire charge; controlling accounts. A. L., Madison Square 3073.

BOOKKEEPER.—Christian, five years' practical experience; best references. P 174 Times.

BOOKKEEPER AND TYPIST, experienced wishes position. Box T 155 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly proficient; full charge; $. Hatchell, 532 West 143d.

CLERK, conscientious and willing; considerable experience with large manufacturing concern; furnish best references. R. Inkelas, 456 East 141st St.

CLERK.—Young lady desires clerical position; experienced; $12. F. C. T., 44 Vernon Av., Brooklyn. Telephone Williamsburg 5199.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR, aged 25 years, with 8 years of thorough experience, desires a position where accuracy, rapidity, and a knowledge of checking, cost figuring, payroll, bonus, summaries, &c., will be worth $18 per week to commence. D 362 Times Downtown.

COOK, experienced, six years' references; apartment. Martin, 272 West 125th, over Childs.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, knowledge stenography, 6 years' business experience; salary $18; references. A. Ledner, 44 Pinehurst Av. St. Nicholas 9990.

DRESSMAKER, own designer, excellent fitter, wishes few more engagements outside for high-class work only; $5 per day. Address, by mail, Miss H. Csombai, 1,000 Kelly St., Bronx.

DRESSMAKER.—Artistic; expert fitter; street, dinner, dancing frocks, remodeling; out, home preferred. Kelly, 873 6th Av. Circle 1158.

DRESSMAKER.—Expert designer for fancy and tailored suits and gowns desires engagement by day, week or month, private family. Telephone 1906 Riverside.

DRESSMAKER WISHES POSITION WITH PRIVATE FAMILY; EXCELLENT WORKER. MRS. M. ROSWALL, 240 E. 124TH ST.

DRESSMAKER.—Smart, snappy styles, good lines; also remodels. Hanibus, 137 West 70th St. Columbus 6130.

GOVERNESS.—German, English, French; best physical and mental care; good references. Write K., 443 Amsterdam Av.

GOVERNESS, nursery, German, thoroughly capable, wishes position; small children only. T 170 Times.

GOVERNESS.—Teaches English and German; physical care; good references. T 172 Times.

GRADUATE NURSE masseuse desires position rheumatic invalid or any chronic illness; references, personal, professional. Write Nurse, 25 Times Harlem.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Family of two, half hour out, Long Island; woman of refinement appreciating a home more than salary. R. Watts, Bellerose, L. I.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Competent, middle aged, wishes position, one adult. Write Mrs. Sarandi, 454 Riverside Drive.

HOUSEWORK.—Half time, no laundry; colored; best references. Nelson, 17 East 131st St.

MAID.—Employer recommends capable maid, waiting or light housework; sleep home; 5 years' references. 46 West 73d St.

MODEL, 16-18, sample dresses or coats, desires position with reliable concern; capable of waiting on trade. T 161 Times.

PRINTING EXPERT, trained especially for catalogue work from start to finish, 15 years' experience in merchandising and mail order work. O 275 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 2 months substituting experience on magazine, wants position with magazine or publishing house; salary, $15; aged 25; Christian. X 326 Times Annex.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly efficient; ambitious, alert, loyal; not afraid work; highly indorsed; capable assuming responsibilities; $22. O 271 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, American, 6 years' mercantile, technical experience, conscientious, trustworthy, desires permanent position, reliable firm; $22. O 247 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, thoroughly capable, desires position where good work brings advancement. Mary Higgins, 37 East 58th St., Plaza 2994.

STENOGRAPHER, bright beginner, high school graduate, will work hard for advancement. Goldie Mester, 37 East 58th St., Plaza 2993.

STENOGRAPHER. — Competent; assistant bookkeeper, general office work; seven years' experience; $15; excellent references. E. L. C., 189 Macon St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, two years' experience, take rapid dictation; transcribe accurately; neat appearance; excellent references, $18. D 320 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, several years' experience, desires to locate with responsible firm; $20. F. W., 163 West 78th. Schuyler 7791.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, desires employment for one or two evenings a week; anything interesting considered. O 283 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Law, brokerage, export; experienced, educated; American; salary commensurate. S 61 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced; familiar with general office routine; conscientious, reliable; $14. B. V., 75 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; conscientious worker; American; references; $15. D 271 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. Experienced; willing, capable worker; salary $14. Tel. Prospect 10202.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, switchboard operator, Christian, one year's experience; willing, ambitious. O 259 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, three years' experience, desires position; reliable concern; salary $15. D 363 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, thoroughly experienced, high school education; $18. D 369 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, office manager, five years' experience, desires responsible position. O 261 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY—Law, brokerage, export; experienced, educated; American; salary commensurate. S 61 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Six years' experience; well educated, neat, accurate, rapid, initiative. P 144 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, expert, 10 years' experience, position morning; salary $15 per week. Advertiser, 3,866 B'way.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; high school education; American; $12. O 226 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—First class; two years' experience; American; no agency; $15. D 342 Times Downtown, Society of Professional Automobile Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Phone Columbus 4056.

STENOGRAPHER, educated, seeks position with concern of good standing; sales department preferred; salary, $20. P 182 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, experienced, bright, capable, desires permanent position. H. 188 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; efficient; thorough knowledge office routine; $18. P 194 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Competent, thoroughly experienced with office details; salary $15. D 355 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Executive ability, 5 years' technical experience, conscientious, painstaking, $16. D 351 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Christian, refined young lady, 5 years' experience; best references, $18. D 331 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; fast dictation; accurate typist; $12. Miss S., 1605 Candler Building, Bryant 1319.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, rapid, neat, and accurate, $15-$16. Miss Tell. Madison Square 1148.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience, neat, rapid, best references, $16-$18. D 334 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Rapid, neat, accurate, willing worker; $10. Miss C., 220 West 42d St., Bryant 1318.

STENOGRAPHER, long experience banking, brokerage, desires permanent position. H., 34 West 94th.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly competent, 5 years' experience, desires position. Address P 178 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, general office assistant; pleasant, willing, refined American; $10. O 281 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Long experience desires busy board, $12-$14. N 326 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Refined; 6 years' experience. Julia Rieman, Morningside 6240.

TEACHER.—Young visiting teacher instructs English branches, French; references. Phillips, 248 West 105th.

TEACHER.—College graduate, public school methods, all branches; coaching. Expert. Times Harlem.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR.—Five years' central experience; $15 week. Keough, 66 West 88th.

TUTOR.—College senior desires to tutor elementary and high school subjects. T. E., Times, Harlem.

TYPIST; rapid, accurate; knowledge office duties; $10. O 282 Times Downtown.

YOUNG GIRL, experienced typist and stenographer, knows Russian and English, wants a position with a reliable house. E. P., 1 Union Square, Room 712.

YOUNG LADY, Swedish, wishes position as masseuse or practical nurse for invalid lady or sick child. Reply Johnson, 334 West 124th St., City. Telephone Morn. 4355.

YOUNG WOMAN, refined, wishes position as managing housekeeper and companion with professional or elderly lady. Grein, 1,812-14 Ralph St., Brooklyn.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1899.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Thoroughly experienced servants, excellent cooks; investigated references. Telephone Columbus 5165. Domestic Service Agency, 329 West 59th.

COOKS, Waitresses, Nurses, Housekeepers, Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av. (75th St.) Schuyler 9186.

SECRETARY. — Stenographer; thoroughly competent to handle correspondence; $18-$20. 912 Brokaw Building.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, BOOKKEEPER, OFFICE MANAGER.—AMERICAN, MARRIED, 27, LONG EXPERIENCE, DESIRES CONNECTION WITH FIRST-CLASS HOUSE; UNQUESTIONABLE REFERENCES. D 321 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ACCOUNTANT-OFFICE MANAGER.
C. P. A., (31,) desires position with large firm; now employed, college graduate, ten years with large manufacturing firms, two years' public accounting practice, cost systems, financial statements, &c. P 200 Times.

ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR, 37, experienced manufacturing, wholesale and export business, wishes to engage to concern of high standing as office manager, &c., or to reputable firm of accountants as senior; salary $3,000. J 9 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened; systems; arrangements firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. 52 Broadway, Room 832. Telephone Broad 7227.

ACCOUNTANT.—Opens, closes, audits, systematizes books; charges moderate; personal service. H. Smith, 149 Broadway. Telephone 2141 Cortlandt.

ACCOUNTANT.—Junior, age 26, experienced auditor, with ability for detail work; position with C. P. A. preferred. N 390 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, bank clerk; 17 years' experience; married; aged 32; present employed; references; moderate salary. T 165 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems; arrangements firms without bookkeeper, $2.50 weekly. 347 5th Av., Room 703. Telephone Vanderbilt 3315.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper, 25; N. Y. U. graduate; take charge office; best references. Harry B. Falb, 159 Hopkins St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, 10 years' experience auditor; cost accountant; age 34. Webster, 1,074 Bergen St., Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT, executive, age 26, married, N. Y. U. graduate, highest credentials, desires position of responsibility. P 141 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, (33,) college education, 14 years' general business, desires position, junior; $1,200. O 268 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, 40, wants better opportunity. Fischer, Vine St., Jamaica, L. I.

AD. WRITER.—Three years' experience; samples decidedly original; age 28; draft exempt; employed service staff great daily; assist ad. manager or agency. P 129 Times.

AMERICAN, 38, married, broad general business experience, expert statistician, knowledge of French, German, Spanish, desires executive position. Address Efficient, 252 Times Downtown.

ARCHITECT, builder, American, position as manager or Superintendent; expert mechanic. T 167 Times.

A SECRETARIAL EXECUTIVE with SALES AND ADVERTISICAL

inclination, wide awake, young, 28, draft exempt, university graduate, 7 years in secretarial and managerial capacity, thorough knowledge of sales, advertising, correspondence, accounts, credits and stenography, wants a big job with bigger possibilities. J 5 Times.

ASSISTANT CREDIT MAN, bookkeeper, (21,) 5 years' general experience, wants position where integrity and initiative will be appreciated; A1 references. D. N., Times Harlem.

AUDITOR-EXECUTIVE.—High-grade Christian man, experienced in modern executive and accounting details, desires permanent position. P 167 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and cashier, ten years' experience, capable, rapid, efficient, accustomed to handling volume of work, desires making position where merit and ability would be recognized; legal education. P 140 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 35; competent; experienced notes, pay rolls, balances; unquestionable references. Cigars, 2,033 Southern Boulevard. Phone Tremont 2771.

BOOKKEEPER, 30, office manager, and accountant; 12 years' experience in executive capacities; will start at $30. T 119 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accounting experience; modern methods; full charge; Christian; married. J. Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT. — American, 8 years' practical experience in above capacities. N 394 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, &c.—Man, 35, executive ability, desires position, bookkeeper, cashier, salesman, buyer. N 300 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT; willing worker; good penman; accurate at figures. Frank Locissano, 37 East 58th St. Plaza 2993.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT.—Thoroughly experienced and efficient; moderate salary; highest credentials. T 180 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Assistant to busy executive; experienced auditor; married; highest credentials. T 181 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, good penman; take entire charge controlling accounts. S. E., Mad. Square 3073.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, desires permanent position; double entry, trial balances, &c.; references. P 164 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 22; high school graduate; experienced typewriting correspondent; salary, $18. T 160 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced office man, correspondence, typist; age 35. H. A. Briskie, 719 Tinton Av.

BOOKKEEPER, (23,) thoroughly competent. C. P. A. student, desires change; salary $25. P 181 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—4½ years' experience double entry; high school education; highest credentials. A 479 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, general office work and typewriting, experience, $15 per week. T 175 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, accurate, and reliable. G. Nester, 173 East 102d St.

BUTLER-VALET, — Japanese; first-class butler, valet; also good cook; take entire charge of gentleman's apartment; trusty, willing; best recommendations; city references. A. M., 340 West 58th St.

BUTLER.—Japanese, wishes position, small family; excellent references. Tome, 624 Lexington Av.

CHAUFFEUR—Man, 40 years of age; 19 years' experience; 9 years in last position; left on account of death of employer; first-class mechanic. Write or 'phone, Society of Professional Automobile Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Phone Columbus 4056.

CHAUFFEUR (24) wishes position private; American; exempt from military duty; white; mechanic; reliable, sober; drive any car; best references; $30 weekly. Wm. Conroy, 79 West 94th. Telephone Riverside 4056.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC. — French, four years' driving and three years' shop experience; referred highly by present employer; party going South preferred. Jean Berger, 209 West 87th St.

CHAUFFEUR. — Single, Cadillac expert, others, competent, temperate, anywhere, moderate, compensation, irreproachable, unquestionable recommendations. John, 219 East 52d St.

CHAUFFEUR, (37,) married, 18 years' experience, expert driver, mechanic; excellent private reference. Man, 56 West 93d. Riverside 1830 J.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, wishes position, private, city or country; 6 years' experience; reference; anywhere; useful. Allen, 142 West 132d.

CHAUFFEUR. — Mechanic; neat appearing; exceptional references; married, one child; wages $30 week. Ray Deane, 739 Lexington Av., City.

CHAUFFEUR, (34,) married, wishes country position; personal reference present employer; disengaged when suited; willing. Moore, Scarsdale 478.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position with private family; experienced on all cars; best references furnished. White, 1,245 Brook Av., Bronx.

CHAUFFEUR, 20, master mechanic, experienced on the best cars, thoroughly reliable man, 4 years last position; references; $30 week. P 153 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Swede, 35, single, obliging, sober, reliable, 3 years last position; highest references. P. Victor, 241 East 72d.

CHAUFFEUR, Swede, wishes private position, city; references Johnson, 773 Lexington Av., city.

CHAUFFEUR.—wishes position; private family, seven years' experience, first-class references. Apply J. Cosgrove, 317 East 88th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Married, wishes position as secretary-chauffeur. J. Olsen, 70 West 108th.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC. — Sober, honest; eleven years' experience; careful, willing driver. P 168 Times.

CHAUFFEUR. — Gentleman recommends exceptional chauffeur, machinist; temperate; 12 years' recommendations. S 198 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, married, mechanic, desires position; private. J. Cuccio, 5,507 5th Av., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR wants position; private family; 5 years' reference. Chauffeur, 1,464 3d Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Five years' experience; careful, competent; good habits, appearance; reference. P 180 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, single, 29; experienced driver; city, country. Sauerstein, 14 East 126th.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic; accustomed to drive first-class, large cars; references. T 185 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Good mechanic, wishes private or commercial; 4 years' experience; references. T 156 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, single, 3½ years' experience, wishes private or commercial position. John Monforte, 209 West 20th St.

CHAUFFEUR, 33, 14 years' experience; 8 years last position; mechanician. Brown, 9; West 103d.

CHAUFFEUR, American, (25,) 6 years' experience, now employed; reference. Law, 705 Columbus Av.

CHAUFFEUR, 27, 11 years' experience; own repairs; private. Komornik, 334 East 78th.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 25, desires position; A1 reference. G. Bovey, 912 Avenue B.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position; 26 years old; single; references. A. Petersen, 149 E. 84th.

CLERICAL TYPIST, well recommended, desires position. Stefany Matyas, 17 E. 109th St.

COLLEGE STUDENT desires employment evenings and Saturdays; experienced salesman. P 192 Times.

COMMERCIAL high graduate, 19, experienced, exporting, desires connections; closed Saturdays. O 265 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT.—College graduate, reliable, energetic private secretary, capable of handling details of correspondence, desires position. X 333 Times Annex.

CORRESPONDENT, 18, offers brains, energy, education; remarkable facility in learning your business. A 478 Times Annex.

COUPLE.
Man wishes position in private garage and to act as footman; wife, nurse or chambermaid; can be highly recommended. P 173 Times.

COUPLE, chauffeur and butler, wife good cook, city or country; references. Dohems, 210 East 66th St.

COOK, &c.—Japanese cook, valet, butler, desires position bachelor's apartment or small, nice family; best references. Kita, 17 West 63d.

COOK, Houseman.—Japanese; small family; best reference. K. K., 141 East 50th.

COOK, Japanese; first-class every detail; references. Ima, 624 L

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT.

Bright, wide-awake young man to handle a heavy ledger in Contractor's office. One who writes neatly, knows his accounts, and can get his trial balance two out of three times at the first crack. No other will do, as we expect good work, answer in own handwriting, stating age, married or single, education, religion, and personal experience. Salary, $1,500 per year. A good opportunity for a hustler, but a poor place for inefficiency. O 232 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPERS.—Experienced in single and double entry, must be fine penman, neat and accurate, between 18 and 25 years. Call or write Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—Young man about 18; must be quick and accurate; excellent future before him; state reference and salary expected. T 182 Times.

BOOKKEEPER wanted by New York Stock Exchange House; must write most excellent hand; opportunity for advancement. Answer in own handwriting, stating nationality, age, salary, and experience, D 360 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced young man for ledger work and billing; accuracy in rapid figuring is of most importance; must be able to take off trial balances; state experience and salary expected. L 351 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER. — Experienced in double entry; neat, accurate; state age; hours 7 A. M. to 5 P. M.; salary $20. T 174 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Experienced hotel and restaurant; good salary; state reference. S 2 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man; in replying state age, experience, and salary desired. Address Post Office Box 1,806, N. Y.

BOYS, high school graduates, $8, $9 to start; steady positions and excellent opportunities to advance along engineering lines. Call 9 A. M., Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St.

BOYS!
THINK OF YOUR FUTURE AND LEARN A GOOD TRADE THAT INSURES STEADY WORK THE YEAR AROUND; $6 TO START AND REGULAR ADVANCEMENT IN ADDITION TO LIBERAL BONUS WHILE LEARNING. DOMINICK & HAFF, MANUFACTURING SILVERSMITHS, 543-5-7 WEST 23D ST.

BOY
wanted by large wholesale dry goods company; state age, experience, and salary desired. L 357 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted, over 16; one adapted to figures; quick promotion and advance in salary to one capable; salary to start $35 a month. T 181 Times.

BOYS, not over 21 years of age, in large mail order house for shipping and packing departments; steady position, good opportunity for advancement; experience unnecessary. Bellas, Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. station.

BOY wanted by New York Stock Exchange house as messenger; good opportunity for advancement; must be intelligent and write a good hand. Answer in own handwriting, stating nationality, age, experience, and salary. D 358 Times Downtown.

BOYS, 15-20 years, for stockroom and shipping department in large mail order house; steady employment; good opportunity for advancement. Bellas, Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. station.

BOY not over 20 years of age run errands and make himself generally useful in shipping department; salary, $8 weekly; opportunity for advancement; recommendation required. Kisch Co., 2 East 18th St.

BOY, 16 years of age; must live with parents and have reference; $7 a week; errands to start; good opportunity for advancement to the right boy. Apply Lamson Bros., 3d Av., corner 58th St.

BOY energetic young chap, wanted; good chance for bright boy; some business experience or high school education desirable; prefer one living in Greenpoint. 192 Diamond St., Brooklyn.

BOY wanted; $5; for light office work, wholesale cotton goods house; no experience required; good chance for advancement. fifth floor, 215 4th Av.

BOY, bright, wanted for office work by large corporation; good hours, surroundings, and advancement. J. D., P. O. Box 70, Station D.

BOYS wanted, 14-16; large downtown office; salary $7. D 323 Times Downtown.

BOY to learn advertising business; good chance for advancement; hours 8 to 5; salary $7. Hoyt's Service, 110 West 32d St.

BOY wanted, 16-17; stock broker's office; state religion; must come well recommended. D 370 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted to make himself generally useful in advertising office. Apply William H. Wood, 406 West 31st St.

BOYS.—Intelligent office boys; must be over 16; splendid opportunity for advancement. Swift & Co., 22 10th Av.

BOY.—About 18, law office, experience unnecessary; state salary desired. O 215 Times Downtown.

BOY WANTED FOR GENERAL WORK; BRING REFERENCES. E. DEICHES, 43 WEST 24TH ST.

BOY wanted to learn a trade; living in Brooklyn. D 349 Times Downtown.

BOY in office large warehouse. J 10 Times.

BOY wanted who lives in Brooklyn. D 348 Times Downtown.

BUTLER, VALET WANTED; THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED; PERSONAL CITY REFERENCE REQUIRED. ADDRESS, STATING NATIONALITY, AGE, AND WAGES EXPECTED, N. L. S., P. O. BOX 2, GRENEMAL P. O.

BUTLER.—Man wanted, useful as butler or houseman, for a position in country. Apply with references to Miss Bird, 564 Park Av., between 9:30 and 11, on Thursday morning.

BUYER.
Prominent mail order house is open for a buyer for hosiery and underwear department; state salary desired, and full information regarding experience, giving names of past and present employers; this information will be held confidential, and will not be used until interview is granted. M 596 Times.

CABLE CLERK; must have had experience in either banking or export business; quick and accurate; good future for right party; apply by letter only, giving qualifications and references. Address Cable Clerk, P. O. Box 922, New York City.

CABLE TESTER.

SALARY, $1,200 TO $1,880.

Candidates must be 21 years of age, who have had one year's experience in a factory, laboratory or field work, or one year's laboratory testing course in a recognized institution, and general knowledge of electricity, appliances for determining resistance and locating breaks; subjects and weights: experience; technical, 6. Applications received at Room 1400, Municipal Civil Service Commission, Building, Manhattan, until Oct. 26, at 4 P. M. For further particulars see City Record or apply to the Municipal

CARPENTER.—Thoroughly experienced, full line of tools. Apply Mr. Johnson, Hotel Gregorian, 42 West 35th St.

CIGAR SALESMEN.—Only thoroughly experienced need apply; steady positions; good salary. Apply by letter or between 11 and 1 or 2 to 4 daily to Employment Manager, A. Schulte, 384 Broadway.

CLERK WANTED WITH GENERAL KNOWLEDGE OF BOOKKEEPING AND TYPEWRITING FOR AN AUTOMOBILE COMPANY; MUST BE OVER DRAFT AGE. GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN. STATE AGE, SALARY, AND REFERENCES. COMPTROLLER, BOX X 240 TIMES ANNEX.

CLERK: Young man, as junior clerk, in established house; good opportunity for advancement; $10 to start. O 277 Times Downtown.

COLLECTOR.—Young man for large furniture house; salary, $12 weekly; steady position. Address giving age and references, Box 3,013 3d Av.

COLLECTOR AND BOOKKEEPER in real estate office, with experience; salary $18. Wagner, 3,507 Broadway, near 143d St.

Help Wanted—Male

30 cents per agate line

CREDIT MANAGER.—Large manufacturing concern; unusual opportunity; requires qualifications other than ability to write collection letters; must be an accountant, capable of handling a department of fifteen bookkeepers, possessor of executive ability and able to expand with a rapidly increasing business; good salary to start and quick recognition of results; application must state age, nationality, education, experience, in detail, and references. O 234 Times Downtown.

CREDIT MAN WANTED.—One acquainted in building lines, and residing in Brooklyn preferred; reply, stating age, experience, and salary desired. O 255 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMEN.—First-class mechanical detailers, with experience on electric motor trucks preferred, but not necessary. Employment Department, General Vehicle Co., Borden and Star Avs., Long Island City.

DRAFTSMAN, first-class, experienced on tool designs, for tool work on aeronautical motors. Employment Department, General Vehicle Co., Borden & Star Avs., Long Island City.

DRAFTSMEN, SEVERAL A1 TOOL AND AUTOMATIC MACHINE DESIGNERS. CALL AT ONCE, AMERICAN MACHINE AND FOUNDRY, 5,520 2D AV., BROOKLYN.

DRAFTSMAN, experienced mechanical draftsman. Mergenthaler Linotype, 24 Ryerson St., Brooklyn.

ELEVATOR OPERATOR, (white,) for small 5th Av., building; salary $50 per month. O 267 Times Downtown.

ERRAND BOY wanted in sales department of manufacturing concern; must be neat in appearance and able to write a good hand; salary to commence $7 per week; state age and previous experience, if any. O 274 Times Downtown.

FINE PLATINUM WORKERS AND DIAMOND SETTERS; STEADY WORK; GOOD WAGES. ADDRESS
WHITEHOUSE BROS.,
MFG. JEWELERS, CINCINNATI, O.

FIRE INSURANCE brokerage house has an opening for competent man to examine policies and otherwise assist; exceptional opportunity for ambitious man. Ambitious, D 374 Times Downtown.

FRENCH TEACHER wanted to teach his language in a school; knowledge of English not necessary. Apply in French, stating age, birthplace, studies made, references, by letter, to Professor, 1,364 B'way.

FURNITURE POLISHER, thoroughly experienced, accustomed to high-class work. Apply Johnson, Hotel Gregorian, 42 West 35th St.

HOTEL CLERK wanted with experience in the South for a high-class hotel in this city; salary, $100 per month, with meals, room, and private bath. R. R., 233 Times Downtown.

INSTRUMENT MAKERS
for high-grade work on electrical or mechanical apparatus; only men accustomed to work with micrometer wanted; steady employment; 48 hours weekly; opportunities for advancement. Call 9 A. M., Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St.

INVESTIGATOR wanted; man of good appearance for work requiring judgment and ability to write concise reports of business conditions as he finds them; state age, experience, and salary desired. O 257 Times Downtown.

LEDGER CLERK,
ONE CAPABLE OF TAKING OFF MONTHLY TRIAL BALANCES. APPLY AFTER 9:30, 336 WASHINGTON ST.

LOUIS K. LIGGETT CO.
offers to young men and women who can qualify as ambitious and industrious, and who are interested, employment at steady work and in pleasant surroundings; we also have positions for boys over 16 who may desire to become business men and are willing to start at the bottom and work up. Communicate by mail Employment Department, 340 West 4th St.

LOOM FIXER on ribbon looms. Schwartz, 429 5th Av., near 38th St.

MACHINISTS, moulders, all around men, engine lathe, planer, boring mill, steady work; no labor trouble; good wages. Apply Room 6, Barge Office, Battery Park, New York City.

MAN AND WIFE of intelligence and refinement wanted to take charge of a group of thirty boys in a Jewish institution near New York; $70 per month, with maintenance; advancement if satisfactory. Address, stating age and number in family, School, X 329 Times Annex.

MAN.—Sturdy young man wanted for work in receiving department of large organization; state age, experience, and salary desired. X 332 Times Annex.

MAN wanted; one familiar with electrical supply business; age no bar; state age and minimum salary. O 278 Times Downtown.

MAN to trim windows, write cards, and assist in furnishing goods department of a men's store; references required. Write Max Baum & Son, Uniontown, Penn.

MAN, aggressive, wanted who can sell absolutely new proposition; must speak Yiddish; salary and commission. M 150 Times.

MANAGER.—Experienced, for restaurant; must furnish bond and willing to work nights. R 6 Times.

MESSENGERS, &c.—Bank requires services of young men to begin as messengers; also experienced clerks; reply, stating age, experience if any, and salary expected. J 11 Times.

NEWSPAPER MAN, experienced with advertising copy and detail work; night position, with large organization; state salary desired and references. X 331 Times Annex.

OFFICE ASSISTANTS, about 18 years old, to start in small department of large corporation and progress through various departments of the business into good positions; fine opportunity for clean cut, intelligent fellows who can use their heads; experience unnecessary, but good education essential; tell all about your age, religion, education, &c. T 176 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT and typist; state age, experience, and salary expected. D 361 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, clerk; salary $9; young man wanted by large corporation; good future. Answer, stating age, education, &c., M 200 Times.

OFFICE BOY for large publishing house; high school education preferred; state age, education, and salary expected. X 318 Times Annex.

OFFICE BOY; bright, energetic; exceptional references required; state age and experience. M 178 Times.

OPTICAL HELPER, acquainted with bench work, edging, and grinding; steady position; good salary. Castle Co., 1,374 Broadway.

PATTERN MAKER experienced on small work for castings. Call S. S. White Dental Mfg. Co., Princes Bay, Staten Island.

PAYROLL ADJUSTER.
Large casualty insurance company wants competent payroll auditors; when applying state fully experience, age, married or single, references, and salary desired; good opportunity, permanent position. Address D 372 Times Downtown.

PIECE GOODS MAN, experienced, for wholesale clothing house; salary, $20. Apply by letter only, stating age, references and how long and between what dates applicant was in each position. Address P. R., 296 Times Downtown.

REPORTER.—Trade mercantile agency offers an unusual opportunity to a capable man; give full details regarding yourself in first letter, stating salary desired. O 258 Times Downtown.

REPORTER.—Preferably one experienced on country daily; good digger on local news; absolutely sober. Apply Hudson Dispatch, Union Hill, N. J.

SALESMAN.—Insurance man who has just left debit can obtain an income from $2,500 to $4,000 yearly; rapid promotion to person making good; drawing account to right man. Apply Wednesday, Thursday, Friday from 9 to 12 A. M., Room 7, 899 Broadway, Brooklyn.

SALESMEN, any kind, men, boys, students, agents, can make easy dollars every day; good commission; it's a new invention for every man; they buy 4 to 8; sells for a quarter.
Fresno Company, 68 Summit St., Brooklyn.

SALESMEN for Greater New York district; an exceptional commission proposition, appealing to men of middle age who have some other income, calling only on large business houses. Plechner, 42 Broadway.

SALESMAN, live wire, on children's white dresses; also serge regulation dresses; only those with acquaintance among jobber and retail trade need apply; salary or commission. L 360 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Opportunity with national financial institution for man with large acquaintance among substantial people; princely commission. Manager, O 205 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN. — First-class bronze powder salesman, able to sell on large consumers; liberal salary; state fully references, &c. M 179 Times.

SALESMEN for direct advertising; one who is familiar with printing and engraving; drawing account to right man. Interstate Publicity Corp., 45 East 22d St.

SALESMAN.—Appraisal salesman, New York City; good opportunity for live men with good appearance; commission. Call Room 1005, 116 Nassau St.

SALESMAN, experienced, to sell corrugated boxes; salary or commission. Apply in person between 12 and 1, Elliott Novelty Co., 153 Greene St.

SALESMEN for men's neckwear, city and States; exclusive or side line; commission; state details; excellent proposition. L 359 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted to sell Regina Vacuum Cleaners; salary and commission. Regina Co., 47 West 34th St., New York.

SALESMAN.—Age 24 to 30; neat appearance; good, convincing talker; salary and commission. Apply Room 1012, 116 Nassau.

SALESMAN.
LORD & TAYLOR
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF AN EXPERIENCED SALESMAN IN THEIR UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT; NONE BUT HIGH-GRADE MEN NEED APPLY.
CALL BETWEEN 9 & 11 A. M.
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
7TH FLOOR.

SALESMAN, TRAVELING, AMERICAN, 25 TO 45 YEARS; LARGE MANUFACTURER DESIRES THE SERVICES OF A HIGH-GRADE SALESMAN TO CARRY A SPECIAL LINE; INCOME OVER $100 PER WEEK FOR THE RIGHT MAN; STRAIGHT COMMISSION BASIS, WITH LIBERAL DRAWING ACCOUNT J 12 TIMES.

SALESMEN wanted immediately to fill vacancies caused by enlistment, for New York City and outside territory; we want men of good record only, at least 25 years of age, with ambition to earn the quick and sure promotion we have to offer; sober men only; free transportation and drawing account. L 322 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN to care for the increase in our business; we require immediately a high-grade salesman for our Western territory; he must be of good health, well appearing, and have strict integrity of character; if you can qualify we offer this opportunity with drawing account and every possible co-operation. Mr. L. A. Wright, sixth floor, 120 West 32d St.

SHEET METAL WORKERS with experience on cabinet work wanted; also helpers, drawer makers, and shear men. Hamilton Mfg. Co., 4th and Engle Sts., Chester, Penn.

SOLICITOR.—Collection agency wants experienced solicitor; one who is also competent to act as correspondent; state age, salary, and experience. X 323 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, a young man who understands stenography and preferably bookkeeping, to secure splendid position in active real estate office in Mount Vernon, N. Y.; must have good memory; will pay high salary to competent person or might consider beginner, with excellent school credentials. Apply by letter, long hand, C. R. C., 30 Prospect Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER and draftsman; man not afraid of work. Apply S. D. Butts, Lincoln Highway, at Passaic River, N. J.

STOCK CLERK.—Young man between the ages of 16 and 18 as stock clerk; typist preferred; good opportunity for advancement. Write, giving references and qualifications, U. & U., Room 1,119, 417 5th Av.

STOCK CLERK.—Young man, about 21 years of age, exempt from military service, as stock clerk; one who is willing to make himself useful; state experience and salary expected. Address O 268 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERK.—Assistant, good references. Ed Kolbert & Co., 25 West 31st.

SUPERINTENDENT for elevator apartment house; must be experienced mechanic. Apply NEHRING BROS., 174th St. and St. Nicholas Av.

TOOL DESIGNERS.
We require several first-class men on small work, such as punches and dies, jigs and fixtures, &c., in our designing office at 203 Broadway, 9th floor. Western Electric Co., Inc.

TOOLMAKERS.
CALL AT
S. S. WHITE DENTAL MFG. CO.,
PRINCES BAY, S. I.

TRADE PAPER MAN wanted by leading weekly journal; one who has had experience in market reporting, (not financial.) Apply, giving references and experience, to M 186 Times.

TYPIST.—Experienced young man, speedy and accurate, for night work in newspaper office. Salary $15.00; state age and nationality. G. W., P. O. Box 1519.

WEAVERS on four ribbon looms; steady 6-day work; good pay. Schwartz, 429 5th Av., near 38th.

YOUNG MAN, American, by large manufacturing concern, not under 24 years of age, with office experience, in distributing mail orders, stationery stock and forms; good opportunity for bright, industrious young man not afraid of work; state salary expected and full information as to experience and reference. O 276 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN WANTED IN CASHIER'S DEPARTMENT OF LARGE WHOLESALE HOUSE; A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO LEARN THE BUSINESS; MUST HAVE BEST OF REFERENCES. O 254 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN, about 25 years of age, exempt from military service, for clerical position in office; one who has had experience in pricing and figuring invoices and entering orders; state age, salary expected, and references. O 269 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN to learn business in 5th Av. retail Christian jewelry house; must be from 16 to 18 years old, write a good hand, and be able to furnish best character references; good salary for beginner and advancement. Address, giving qualifications, T 190 Times.

YOUNG MAN wanted to assist in office of wholesale dry goods house. Must be quick and accurate at figures and good hand. Address, giving references where previously employed, O 253 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—As general assistant in manager's office of large wholesale concern; good opportunity for bright, intelligent young man; reply giving age, salary and other particulars. Silks, 216 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN (18-20) wanted by downtown real estate corporation; high school graduate preferred; with knowledge of stenography; state references, religion and salary. Box D 368 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN to operate switchboard and be generally useful in office; excellent opportunity for future advancement; state age, salary, and experience if any. L 346 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, intelligent, for mailing department of fire insurance company; no experience necessary; salary, $9 per week to start; in reply mention age, religion, and education. O 204 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (16-18,) who has the ability, push, and pep to make good in publishing business; unusual opportunity to right party to work into genteel position; begin $8; particulars. 144 Times.

YOUNG MAN.—Wanted, for an export office, a live young man with a good knowledge of hardware and machinery. Reply, stating actual experience, countries with which you have had recent business connections, and salary expected. D 340 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—Capable young man to work in office of big pressroom; quick and accurate at figures; no trifler need apply. Press, 168 Times.

YOUNG MAN, bright, active, healthy, wanted for stockroom and shipping; must have a high school education. L. A. Wright, 6th floor, 120 West 32d St.

YOUNG MAN.—In package room, dry goods house; must be bright and active; state experience; salary $12. O 243 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, about 22 years old, with banking experience; state age, experience, salary expected. S. B., 115 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18 years old, as bank messenger; state age, experience and salary expected. R. W., 85 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN for office and stock room; good chance for advancement. The McClure Newspaper Syndicate, 120 West 32d St.

YOUNG MAN, assist shipping clerk; salary $11. L 347 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—Willing worker in receiving department; permanent. R 5 Times.

Employment Agencies.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
115 BROADWAY.
C. P. Hasson, Prop. J. J. McLaughlin, Mgr.

Senior accountant, public accounting experience, $8,000; cost accountant, experienced in chemicals, manufacturing, $3,000; accountant and office manager, $2,000; accountant, experienced general office work, $2,400; traveling auditor with public utility or public accounting experience, $1,800 and expenses; junior for public accountant, $1,300; bookkeeper, manufacturing, (age 40,) $1,200; bookkeeper, translate Spanish, $1,300; assistant bookkeeper, familiar foreign drafts, $1,000; cost clerk, Michigan, $1,200; bookkeeper automobile company, $1,000; bookkeeper, New Jersey factory experience, $1,800; manager invoice department, N. J., $1,500; sales ledger clerk, $20; stenographer for Russia, American only, $2,100; secretary-stenographer, $1,500; stenographers for law office, (2,) $15; good beginner, $12-$15; credit man, knowledge financial statements, &c., $1,300; salesman, experienced iron, steel, and hardware, $2,000; buyer, experienced automobile accessories, $1,500; buyer, know thoroughly chemical trade in New York City, $1,800; advertising man, knowledge catalog writing and managing female help, $1,800; manager, invoice department, good organizer, $1,800; export and import clerk, $1,300; credit correspondent, $1,000; assistant manager, motion pictures, $1,300; clerk, experience dry goods and notions, $1,300; statistician, N. J., experienced graphic charts, $1,200; invoice clerk, know Spanish, $1,300; assistant manager, mail order, $1,300; ledger clerk, Harlem, $1,000; shipping clerk, Far East, $1,300; buyer, for export, $1,300-$1,500; foreign exchange clerk, $1,200; ledger clerks, (6,) $16-$20; payroll auditors, (4,) $75-$100 month; man for foreign drafts and foreign exchange, $20; clerk for figuring and typing, Brooklyn, $18; young man, manager in export department; piece goods, hosiery, notions; clerk for bills payable, $15; ledger bookkeepers, (2,) $15; several bright young men as assistant bookkeepers and clerks, $10-$15 start; young man for factory, $12.50.

SALESMAN, well acquainted resident buyers, desires connections; investment if necessary. P 170 Times.

Partner with few hundred dollars for burlesque show; good opportunity. T 179 Times.

Wanted—Associate with $1,000; trading business, substantial profits; dividend weekly. T 178 Times.

Will represent several more manufacturers on Government contracts; any line. O 260 Times Downtown.

Dealer in dresses and suits, retail; desires partner. 40 West 111th. Siegel.

Business Notices.

Let us do your auditing or bookkeeping by the hour, day, or week. Audit Co., Vanderbilt Avenue Building, 51 East 42d. Phone 1081 Murray Hill.

FOR SALE

WE MAKE AND SELL ONLY
NATIONAL CASH REGISTERS
AND CREDIT FILES
LOWEST PRICES. SMALL MONTHLY PAYMENTS. NO INTEREST CHARGES. WRITTEN GUARANTEE. OLD REGISTERS REPAIRED, REBUILT, BOUGHT, SOLD, AND EXCHANGED.
C. A. SNYDER, AGENT.
THE NATIONAL CASH REGISTER CO., 1,170 BROADWAY.
PHONE MADISON SQUARE 6410.

BILLIARD AND POCKET TABLES, New and second-hand; low prices; easy payments.
THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO., 29 to 35 West 32d St., near B'way.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 275 Canal St.

Mahogany Hardman player piano, perfect condition; cost with music rolls $950; reasonable offer considered. Address Box 408, Belleclaire Hotel, City.

Six rooms, completely furnished, just from decorators' hands; change in business reason for selling; no dealers; cash only; seen afternoons. Apt. 4-D, 270 Riverside Drive.

Desks, partitions, railings; new, slightly used business furniture. Finn Brothers, 880 Broadway.

Furniture.

For Sale.—Massive Jacobean oak dining room set, 10 pieces; almost new and in perfect condition; table 5 feet; sideboard 6 feet; cost $1,500; will sell for $900; no dealers. T 163 Times.

Purchase and Exchange.

DIAMONDS AND JEWELRY bought, sold, appraised; estates purchased. DELANEY, 170 BROADWAY.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

Two good horses, harness, three express wagons; sacrifice if sold at once. Store, 718 8th Av., after 7 P. M.

The Civil Service.

City.

The following eligible list for engineer inspector, (architectural,) Grade C, is announced: Thomas Hallan, 86.90; Algernon Coming, 88.20; Samuel Carr, 86; John Delaney, 85.30; Joseph Brahdy, 84.80; Samuel Cohen, 82.60; Fredrick Herlihy, 81.70; Frederick Zucker, 81.30; John Farles, 79.20; Francis Moore, 76; Morris Klein, 75; John Sheridan, 73.30; Howard Close, 70.50.

United States.

The Commission announces for Nov. 20 an examination for special agent in educational community organization, for men only. A vacancy in the Bureau of Education, with headquarters in Washington, at $10 a day when actually employed, not to exceed $1,800 a year, will be filled from this examination. The duties will be to promote community organization in co-operation with the specialist in community organization of the Bureau of Education by writing on this subject and making public addresses at meetings of educational associations and mass meetings of citizens. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on education, experience, and thesis. Graduation from a college or university of recognized standing and at least one year's experience in community organization, including the giving of public addresses on that subject, are prerequisites. Applicants must not have reached their fiftieth birthday on the date of the examination.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Employment Agencies.

NO REGISTRATION FEE.
STENOGRAPHERS,
2 HIGH-GRADE Americans, for AMERICAN city, (one knowledge necessary,) 2-year contract, $2,100, lodging, and transportation. SOUTH Spanish
2 BOOKKEEPERS, $1,300.
6 LEDGER CLERKS, $900-$1,000.
2 FOREIGN EXCHANGE CLERKS, $1,200.
BANK CLERKS, (Brooklyn,) $800-$900.
6 BANK MESSENGERS, (no experience necessary, but High School education required,) $40 month.
1 CLERK, (to train as correspondent,) $65.
SEVERAL CAR and LOCOMOTIVE INSPECTORS.
50 OFFICE BOYS.
AMERICAN COMMERCIAL EXCHANGE,
37 LIBERTY STREET.

ACCOUNTANTS, $20-$25; stenographers, $15-$20; bookkeepers, $12-$20; credit man assistants, $18-$22; high school graduates, experience; correspondents preferred, $15; mail clerks, $10-$12; file clerks, $9-$10; ledger clerks, $15. Business Opportunities Co. & Masterson, Props.

COST CLERKS (2) Stenos (2) Virginia, $25 trnspt. & board; Rate Clerks Coast Wise S. S. Co. $115; Freight Accts. Clerks $75; General Clerks, draft exempt, $85; Billing Machine operators, $66-$75; Clerks, figuring, $60-$70. Alliance, 299 Liberty.

F. X. GOGGIN AGENCY, 200 Broadway.—Register free; office and technical positions.

Instruction.

COMPLETE secretarial course; also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists; day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Walworth Institute, (founded 1858.) Broadway at 72d St.

$12
this week, Day or Night, pays for Complete Course in Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy; positions guaranteed. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 25-27 West 34th St.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three months' course. Students on probation. 23 West 42d St., New York. V. M. WHEAT.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR. Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes; send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

WANTED.—A LIGHT MANUFACTURING ARTICLE OR PLANT. ARTICLE OF APPEAL TO THE HARDWARE TRADE WOULD BE ESPECIALLY CONSIDERED. BOX X 273 TIMES ANNEX.

AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY to secure in Buffalo, N. Y., high-class factory property, suitable for woodworking, machine shops, or most any kind of manufacturing; 52,000 square feet floor space, 1¼ acres of land; located 20 minutes from the centre of the city on the New York Central Railroad; this property must be sold to settle an estate. For full particulars address Trustee, care of Wegman, 71 Austin St., Newark, N. J.

For Sale—Woodworking plant, in continuous operation; thoroughly equipped three years ago. Economical power and lighting plant. Steam-heated building and cheap rent. Well established and going business in a special line. A bargain. Must be sold. Artcraft Company, D. V. Wyckoff, Receiver, Washington, N. J.

I have $500 to invest in any proposition where there is legitimate chance of gain; no attention will be paid to any communication unless definite. D 373 Times Downtown.

Garage business, prominent corner in Brooklyn, Bedford section, 12,000 sq. ft. floor space, with more available; all space rented, machine shop, long lease. Phone Decatur 2300.

A company organized to manufacture a new article connected with the automobile industry desires an alert, progressive man to handle the financial end. T 150 Times.

Wanted—$500 to invest in already paying publication, to enlarge output; copartnership given; money secured. Legitimate, L. S., Box J 8 Times.

Wanted—$4,000 for powerful patriotic enterprise, officially indorsed by Washington and national league; big money assured; act quick. Walter E. Schouls, Old Colony Club, Hotel Manhattan.

MACHINE SHOP.—100 employees, many planers, full equipment, operating now; up-to-date buildings, sidings; near N. Y. Room to expand. Sell; lease. X 263 Times Annex.

Advertising ready-to-wear, $5,000 first season; drafted; quick buyer. D 314 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, well acquainted resident buyers, desires connections; investment if necessary. P 170 Times.

Partner with few hundred dollars for burlesque show; good opportunity. T 179 Times.

Wanted—Associate with $1,000; trading business, substantial profits; dividend weekly. T 178 Times.

Will represent several more manufacturers on Government contracts; any line. O 260 Times Downtown.

Dealer in dresses and suits, retail; desires partner. 40 West 111th. Siegel.

Business Notices.

Let us do your auditing or bookkeeping by the hour, day, or week. Audit Co., Vanderbilt Avenue Building, 51 East 42d. Phone 1081 Murray Hill.

ARMY ORDERS AND ASSIGNMENTS.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—The following army orders were issued by the War Department today:

Medical Reserve Corps.

Stevenson, 1st Lt. W. D., to Camp Sherman.
Snyder, 1st Lt. O. K., to Ft. D. A. Russell.
Strauss, 1st Lt. J. F., to Camp Logan.
Mock, 1st Lt. H. E., to Wash.
Coleman, 1st Lt. J. G., to Langley Field.
Fennollosa, Capt. S. K., to Madison Barracks, N. Y.
Farrer, 1st Lt. M. R., and Odeneal, 1st Lt. T. H., detailed as examiners and witnesses before retiring board at Charleston, S. C.
Clarke, Maj. J. F., previous orders amended so as to direct him to report to 40 East 41st St., N. Y., for inst.
Creed, 1st Lt. W. H., and Montfort, 1st Lt. R. M., to Fort Benj. Harrison for inst.
Ankenbrandt, Capt. A. A., to Camp Taylor Base Hosp. for temp. duty.
Henry, 1st Lt. E. Y., to Camp Travis.
Henry, 1st Lt. H. F., to Camp Lee.
Coates, Maj. G. M., and Skillern, Maj. R. H., hon. discharged.
Hall, 1st Lt. J. H., previous orders revoked; he will proceed to Emory Univ., Atlanta, with the examining unit at that place.
Following to Newport News, Va., 303d Stevedore Regiment:
Rogers, Capt. M.; Shillot, 1st Lt. C. J., and Turner, 1st Lt. W. R., to Newport News with the 303d Stevedore Regt.
Gerendasy, 1st Lt. J.; McSwain, 1st Lt. G. R., and Mitchell, 1st Lt. C. M., to Newport News with the 304th Stevedore Regt.
Smith, 1st Lt. J. W., and McClellan, 1st Lt. C., previous orders revoked.

Following to Camp Wheeler:
Gower, Capt. C. M.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Delaney, J. P.	Fruitnight, H. S.
Humphries, H. R.	Leigh, R. M.
Cross, W. F.	McCoy, C. M.
Jones, H. R.	McKeever, W. H.
Magruder, C. L.	Ober, B. F.
Abbaticchio, N. E.	Wheelock, F. R.
Dubell, A. K.	

Nelson, Maj. J. G., and McKinney, 1st Lt. J. T., will proceed to following places in the order specified for the purpose of examining applicants for appointment in the Med. R.C., then to proper station at Richmond: Newport News, Norfolk, Petersburg, Richmond, Alexandria, Winchester, Harrisonburg, Staunton, Charlottesville, Lynchburg, Roanoke, Pulaski, Bristol, Lynchburg, Danville, South Boston, Richmond, and Roanoke, Va.; Washington, D. C.
Earhart, 1st Lt. S. D., previous orders revoked; he will proceed to Camp Wadsworth.
Larkin, 1st Lt. B. J., to Indianapolis.
McLean, Capt. J. D., to Johnson City, Tenn.
Drury, Capt. D. W., to report to Cmdg. Off., Ft. Niagara, N. Y., for duty with Field Hosp. No. 30.
Crosby, 1st Lt. C. C., previous orders revoked.
O'Donnell, Maj. F. W., previous orders revoked; he will proceed to Camp Funston.
Redwood, 1st Lt. F. H., to N. Y. for training in his specialty.
Krans, 1st Lt. E. S., previous orders affirmed and approved.
Hardy, 1st Lt. G. E. W., to N. Y.
Sanderson, 1st Lt. R., to Camp Shelby.
Beverley, Capt. E. P., to Mineola.
Purrell, 1st Lt. H. C., to Camp Meade.
Higginson, 1st Lt. J., to Camp Dodge.

Following to Camp Greenleaf:
CAPTAINS.

Greene, A. R.	Nichole, N. E.
McMahon, E. C.	

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Bevis, H. P.	Monroe, D. E.
Cremin, L. J.	Pogeden, R. O.
Walker, W. D.	Linen, E. A.
Beardsley, F. A.	Newhouse, J. E.
D'Aunoy, J. R.	Powers, J. B.
Day, S. T., Jr.	Nagle, F. E.
Crary, H. L.	Longstreth, W. J.
Danford, V. G.	Reuter, F. A.
Fleischmann, C. B.	Fisberger, C. A.
Gardner, C. B.	Welch, C. H.
Lester, W. C.	Ravenel, J.
Jackson, H. F.	Stodden, F. J.
Holden, N. M.	Strange, W. R.
Lipe, E. N.	Szabo, D. E.
Longacre, O. C.	Taub, S. J.
Loebel, M.	Ward, P. A.
Mobley, W. E.	

Canfield, Maj. R. B., to Camp Custer.
Bauguss, 1st Lt. J. E., will report by telegraph to Cmdg. Gen., Southern Dept.
Cunningham, Capt. J. W., to Camp Pike for inst.
Knapp, 1st Lt. J. C., to N. Y. for inst.
McCrary, 1st Lt. G. W., to Camp Taylor.
Haggard, 1st Lt. J. B., to Camp Doniphan.
Price, 1st Lt. H. J. T., to Camp Grant.
Caughlan, 1st Lt. G., to Camp Dodge.
Devita, 1st Lt. M. R., to Camp Sherman.
Matuska, 1st Lt. A., to Camp Sherman.
Shaw, 1st Lt. C. E., to Camp Sherman.
Harper, 1st Lt. T. M., to Camp McClellan.
Angell, 1st Lt. F. C., Hall, 1st Lt. H. W., and Judkins, 1st Lt. C. L. M., to Boston for inst.
Lear, 1st Lt. A. L., to Camp Meade.
Harman, 1st Lt. C., to Camp Grant.

Quartermaster Reserve Corps.

Overheiser, Capt. F., to N. Y.

CAPTAINS.

Underwood, Capt. W. E., and Crowl, Capt. C. S., will report to Cmdg. Gen. Panama Canal Dept.
Frisbee, Capt. H. D., to Camp Gordon.
Beebe, Capt. M. R., to Camp D

NEW GRAIN FIRE AT DOW'S.

100,000 Bushels Destroyed in Only Building Left.

The only grain elevator of seven stores and warehouses of the Dow Stores Company on the Brooklyn waterfront at Columbia Street left after the $3,000,000 fire on Saturday, when hundreds of thousands of bushels of grain for the Allies were destroyed, caught fire last night from embers and was completely destroyed with a loss of about $200,000. Twenty engine companies, two water towers, and three fireboats played forty streams of water on the fire without being able to save 100,000 bushels of grain in the seven-story building, and the firemen hoped only to prevent the brick walls from collapsing.

Captain John Ward of Engine Company 207 was injured by the falling of a heavy iron door, and Fireman William Suphan of Engine Company 149 received internal injuries when he fell through a scuttle on the roof of a tenement house.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST.—Certificates of stock of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, upon which transfer has been stopped, as follows: D-12706, for 10 shares in the name of Oelsner Steinthal & Co.
D-97802, for 10 shares in the name of William Asch & Co.
D-119525, D-119529, D-119530, for 10 shares each in the name of The Guardian Investment Trust Co., Ltd.
D-112760, for 10 shares in the name of Miriam Lyons.
D-121941, D-121948, D-121949, D-121950, for 10 shares each in the name of Baring Brothers & Co., Ltd.
All persons are warned against negotiating same. If found, kindly notify Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Co., 2 Wall Street, New York City.

LOST.—On Franklin Turnpike, near Suffern, Sunday evening, black traveling bag containing apparel. W. J. Ryan, 358 East 54th St.

LOST.—Bunch of keys on train from Stamford or neighborhood of Grand Central Station, Oct. 10; $5 reward. Return to O'Hara, 21 East 49th St.

LOST—$10 reward return of coat with papers in wallet, name W. J. Moss; lost or exchanged Sept. 15. Hotel McAlpin, Lost and Found Dept.

LOST—Lady's gold open-face watch, diamond-studded fleur de lis back; reward, no questions asked. S. C. Powell, 35 West 81st St.

LOST—Oct. 13, Adams Express book on 24th St., between 6th and 8th Avs. Finder please return to S. Altholz & Co., 30-34 West 20th. Fort, 9654.

LOST—Gentleman's watch and chain; initials "J. K." on back; reward; no questions. Address J. Kiefer, 1,227 East 39th St., Brooklyn.

LOST—In or near 5th Av. Building, 5th Av. and 22d St., brown Fisher fur collar; reward offered. Return Room 1826, 30 East 42d St.

LOST.—Reward. Black enameled mourning shamrock pin en route to Globe Theatre, afternoon Oct. 12, edged with pearls, small diamond in centre. Telephone 1417 Audubon.

LOST OR STOLEN.
One steel wheel, with tire, size 30x3½, from Fiat automobile; liberal reward. Edward Spiegel, 1,519 Broadway.

LOST.—Passbook No. 2398, Hudson Trust Co. (Provident Dept.) Broadway and 39th St., N. Y. Payment has been stopped on same. Please return to bank.

LOST—Monday evening, a lady's black velvet bag, containing keys, money, and small articles; return of keys will satisfy owner. Address R 5 Times.

LOST.—Three-stone diamond ring, gypsy setting, between Singer Building and Murray St. Reward if returned to 95 Liberty St., Room 1203.

LOST.—Sunday evening, 103d St., Broadway picture theatre, lady's moleskin neck-piece; reward. 620 West 113th St. Apt. 41.

LOST.—Masonic charm set with diamonds; liberal reward for return. H. J. Grupe, 751 E. 149th.

LOST—Diamond bar pin, five single stones; heirloom; liberal reward. S. Manheimer, 2,102 86th St., Brooklyn.

LOST.—Gold fleur de lis set with pearls and diamond centre; suitable reward. A. J. Binnerg, 600 West 150th St.

LOST.—Reward. Lady's tortoise shell comb, Saturday, in German Theatre or taxi from there to Palacio Apt., 61 East 65th.

LOST.—On Sunday evening, between Larchmont and New York, a blue fox neck piece; liberal reward if returned to 31 West 86th.

LOST.—Pocketbook containing papers, valuable to owner only; reward; no questions asked. L. A. Propp, 115 West 30th St.

LOST.—A diamond stickpin, platinum setting, in vicinity of 102d St.; liberal reward. Leimer, 330 West 102d St.

LOST.—Lady's nose glasses, three weeks ago; gold chain. Telephone Chelsea 3156.

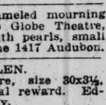
REWARD.—Fur neck scarf, Monday, Riverside bus. Return 306 Singer Bldg. Cortlandt 4072.

$200.00 REWARD.
Return diamond and platinum bracelet, 44 diamonds. Lost on 4th Av., Oct. 10. No questions asked. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST.—OCT. 15, SMALL WHITE POODLE, FEMALE ANSWERS TO "BABY." LIBERAL REWARD. PLEASE BRING BACK MY PUPPY. MISS HARRISON, 256 WEST 94TH.

Tea Rooms.

Have Luncheon at
THE ELM TREE

The newest, roomiest and most cheerful tea room in the Financial District. Where Ladies and Men, too, will find themselves at home.
5-7 John St.

BRITTANY TEA ROOM, 689 Madison Av., nr. 62d St. Luncheon, 50c; Afternoon Tea, 35c; Dinner, $1.00. Orders taken for cakes, rolls, muffins, salad dressings, etc. Telephone 7054 Plaza.
OPEN SUNDAYS FROM 12 TO 2 P. M.

OldChelsea 51 West 16th St. Open Sundays. Vegetarian luncheons and dinners a specialty. Old-fashioned cooking. Table d'hote dinner, 60c, 90c. Lunch a la carte.

DOWNTOWN'S MOST DELIGHTFUL MID-DAY TEA ROOMS
THE **BROWN BETTY** 147 FULTON ST. 72 WALL ST.
Delicious Home Cooking.

Green Parrot Tea Shop 13 E. 35th St., Opp. Altman's
Specially Attractive Luncheon a la Carte And Afternoon Tea.
LEMON MERINGUE PIE A SPECIALTY.

At the Sign of **THE GREEN TEAPOT**
Thirteen East Thirty-sixth Street.
Luncheon, 60c.; Dinner, $1.00; Afternoon Tea and Waffles, 45c.; Roast Chicken and Waffles Wed.

The OAK ROOM 36 East 57th St. near Madison Av.
Breakfast; Luncheon; Afternoon Tea; Dinner.
Meals served in Summer Garden (weather permitting.)

Dine at **Old Gramercy Park** Open No. 20 Sunday
Breakfast 35c; Luncheon 50c; Dinner 75c.
Entrance on Irving Place. Downstairs.

The Dorothy-Louise, 1 WEST 39TH ST. (Opp. Lord & Taylor.)
Luncheon, Fifty Cents. Dinner, Sixty Cents.
CHICKEN DINNER EVERY SATURDAY.

MARY LOUISE 175 Madison Ave., near 34th. Breakfast or Luncheon, 35c.
Special chicken lunch, Tues., Thurs. & Sat., 5 to 7:30 Dinner, 60c. Chicken every night

THE FERNERY 22 EAST 33D STREET. 10 to 6. Except Sundays.
"Club" or a la carte. Dining in garden.
The Oldest Tea Room in New York.

SAVORY TEA SHOP 45 E. 30th St. Luncheon 40c.
Southern chicken dinner, Wed. & Sat. nights, 75c
"WONDERFUL APPLE PIE ALWAYS."

Luncheon, dinner and always a hearty welcome at
SCOTCH TEA ROOM, Inc. 21 E. 47th St. Sunday dinner.
Home-made Scotch Shortbread and Scones.

THE ROSE GARDEN, 36 West 58th St., Near Plaza Hotel.
Luncheon or Dinner, $1.00. Tea, a la Carte.
Sunday Dinner a specialty, $1.25.

THE TALLY HO 20 East 34th St. Opposite Altman's
Luncheon; Afternoon Tea; Southern Chicken Dinner.

THE MARYLAND 112 West 72d St. Just off Columbus Av.
Breakfast, 40c; Luncheon, 50c; Dinner, 75c.

THE PIROUETTE, 22 East 45th Street, bet. Madison & 5th Ave.
Luncheon, 35-40c; Afternoon Tea. Dinner, 75c.

Heatherdell Tea Shop 15 E. 43d St. Open Sundays.
Breakfast; Luncheon; Afternoon Tea; Dinner.

BONDS AND SUFFRAGE IN BRYAN'S APPEAL

Ex-Secretary of State Urges Large Participation by Small Subscribers in Liberty Loan.

SEES DEMOCRACY GROWING

Men Trust Women with Home and Children, Why Not with Vote? He Asks.

Beginning a three-day campaign in this city for woman suffrage, William Jennings Bryan yesterday presented arguments on the proposition of admitting the women to the vote. In each case Mr. Bryan preceded his talk on suffrage with an appeal for subscriptions to the Liberty Loan. Every effort should be made by the public, he said, to make the subscription a popular movement, and not one depending entirely upon the wealthy men of the country for its support.

Mr. Bryan began his day with an address to several hundred motormen, conductors, mechanics, and women employes of the Fifth Avenue Coach Company at 102d Street and Fifth Avenue. Later he appeared at the Advertising Club at 47 East Twenty-fifth Street, and in the evening he spoke at the suffrage mass meeting at the Durland Riding Academy. His speech was substantially the same at each of the three meetings. Discussing the bond issue at the Advertising Club, Mr. Bryan said:

"The bond issue should not be absorbed entirely by the men of wealth and large financiers, but the man of small means should also subscribe. It would be very unfortunate if the idea got abroad that the people of this country did not support the issue as a whole, and that it was subscribed to entirely by a very small fraction of the population. Certainly if men are willing to give their lives upon the country's altar, those who remain at home should be willing to lay their money freely on the same altar. We ought to be very liberal in the amount of money we furnish, for the failure to furnish money would be just as disastrous as the failure to furnish men."

After discussing the revenue which the Government would obtain as the result of the new revenue law, Mr. Bryan said:

"No matter how much and how often we are taxed, it is not for us to complain. So long as one human being is willing to give his life we cannot protest against the exaction of money, without putting property above life. I hope that the final returns of the new issue will show as large a sum as oversubscription as the first bond issue.

"The one paramount duty of every American at the present time is to stand behind the President and Congress and support anything and everything our Government does in this war. We have the best Government in the world, and we are making it better every day. All the tendencies excepting as temporarily suspended by the war are directed toward bringing this Government closer and closer to the people.

"Before the war," Mr. Bryan added, "it was a matter of opinion and discussion whether this country ought to embroil itself in the European conflict. Now that the country is in the war, it is no longer a question of argument. The only effect dissension can have upon the war is to prolong it. Division or discord means to make the war more costly in money or men. Who wants to take the responsibility for that?

"In building up this subscription it will be far better that every one should subscribe, no matter how small the amount, rather than that the issue should be carried only by men of wealth. It will be much better to the purposes of this Government and this war if it can be said that this was a popular loan. It will be infinitely better that millions should give a few dollars than that a few should subscribe millions."

On the subject of woman suffrage Mr. Bryan said:

"We have a large number of women wage earners, with men determining the conditions that shall surround them. Why should the woman be compelled to plead with men who are not compelled to listen to them because they have not the vote?"

He argued that if a man shows his confidence in a woman sufficiently to trust to her the care of himself, his home, and his children, it must follow that he "ought to have enough confidence to put a ballot in her hand unless he feels that she can handle a man better than a vote."

"There are just two things a voter needs," said Mr. Bryan, "intelligence and morality, and unless you can show that woman lacks one or the other, you have no right to keep the vote from her. An investigation of the prisons in Nebraska showed that only 2 per cent. of the inmates were women. The other 98 per cent. were men. You can't find a penitentiary in the world where women outnumber the men. Go to church, on the other hand, and there you will find the women greatly in the majority. Now, in my opinion, if the women have sense enough to keep out of the penitentiary, and morality enough to go to church, they are qualified to go to the polls and vote."

There was a large gathering at the mass meeting of the New York State Woman Suffrage Party at Durland's Riding Academy last evening to hear Mr. Bryan.

"I come to speak in favor of the amendment and I come from a part of the country where the people have tried it and the men are not sorry they have made companions of their wives," Mr. Bryan said. "I am so much in favor of the suffrage amendment that you could write any argument for it that you pleased on a piece of paper and I would indorse it on the back without reading it.

"Why do the anti-suffragettes go out and appeal to men not to put the burden of suffrage on women?" he asked. "If it is a burden, why don't they go into the States where women are bearing the burden and ask the men there to take it away from them? If you know women as well as I do, you will know that if you put a burden that she does not want on the American woman it would not take her long to get rid of it. Think of a woman bearing a burden in silence!"

Daniels Commends a Rescuer.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—For gallantry in jumping overboard from an American torpedo boat destroyer on the night of Sept. 14 and rescuing a navy shipmate from drowning Harold H. Cake, a first-class fireman in the navy, has just been commended by Secretary Daniels.

LONGSHOREMEN AGREE TO FEDERAL PROPOSALS

Owners Take Suggestions of Shipping Board Under Advisement and Strike May Be Averted.

After a conference last night at the Hotel Marlborough between R. P. Stevens, Vice Chairman of the United States Shipping Board, and T. V. O'Connor, President of the International Longshoremen's Association, Mr. Stevens said:

"The representatives of the unions so far have agreed to every request made by the Shipping Board and have waived the closed shop. The first request I made to the boat owners was that the arbitration board consist of three men, one named by the employers and one by the union and one by the Shipping Board. They objected to that on the ground that they were not in a position to agree to arbitration because there were employers who were not represnted at that conference. They also objected on the ground that a large number of their employes were satisfied with their pay and working conditions and that the unions did not represent all the men.

"They agreed finally to the appointment of the Arbitration Committee to be left entirely in the hands of the Shipping Board. I also suggested that the Arbitration Board be composed of one representative of the Shipping Board, one from the Department of Labor, and one from the Department of Commerce. The employers are to meet on Friday and discuss these suggestions and meet me at the Custom House on Saturday, when they will state whether or not they will accept arbitration.

"I think that this will result in a speedy and fair termination of the questions in dispute. I see no reason why the towboat owners should refuse to arbitrate. The unions have shown every disposition to arbitrate and co-operate with the Shipping Board to end the dispute without a strike."

Mr. Stevens is the Chairman of the National Adjustment Committee appointed by the Secretary of War and the Secretary of Labor three months ago to settle all disputes between employers and marine workers.

PICKETS GET SIX MONTHS.

Four More Arrested at White House and Sent to Workhouse.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—The police courts swung back to the Workhouse sentence policy today in dealing with militants of the woman's party picketing the White House. Four arrested yesterday were sentenced to six months, the heaviest sentence yet imposed on any.

Th defiant women told the court that there would be more picketing soon.

Up with the lark—and just as bright and full of vim—ready to sing your praises of the best bed you ever slept upon—a "Hall's" pure horse hair mattress.

HALL'S BEDDING
The Standard of Quality
BUY
Liberty Bonds
Not only one but all you can raise the money for. Pay Cash or installments. You CAN'T lose. You WILL get 4% interest on your investment.
Apply at any bank or
FRANK A. HALL & SONS
Manufacturers of Beds and Bedding
25 West 42d St.

DASHWOOD

The NEW LAPEL FRONT
E&W Collars 2 for 35¢
EARL & WILSON
TROY'S BEST PRODUCT

Try A 50 Cent Box O'Ten
IN-B-TWEENS
KRAUS & Co. Inc. BALT. MD.

TO-DAY
For Sale Everywhere

DROP ALL STRIKES, GARFIELD ORDERS

Fuel Chief Warns Both Miners and Operators of Drastic Action if They Disobey.

12,000 MEN OUT IN ILLINOIS

Entire Mining Industry of the State Threatened — Miners Demanding $5 a Day.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Operators and miners in the coal industry were warned tonight by Dr. Garfield, the Fuel Administrator, that all who participated in strikes and embarrassed the Government would be considered unpatriotic in view of the war crisis.

The message was in the form of a telegram sent to districts in the Southwest, but it was intended for the entire industry. It was the duty of all to co-operate to help President Wilson in carrying through the great task imposed upon him, Dr. Garfield telegraphed, and "strikes must not take place." Orders for strikes should be revoked, he said, and he announced that he would use every power at his command to prevent disputes hampering the Government program.

Here is a copy of the telegram sent to the heads of local unions, similar messages being sent to the operators:

"Newspaper statements that strikes have been ordered in the Southwest districts known as Districts 14, 21 and 25 have been confirmed by telegram. I am informed that the officers of your national association have appealed to you to use every effort in your power to avert a strike at this time, in view of the national situation and the great task imposed on President Wilson. I can not too strongly reinforce this message. Strikes must not take place. If they have been ordered the order ought to be revoked at once. The terms of the agreement agreed upon at Washington between operators and miners are fair. I understand that the only clause objected to is the clause providing for penalty. It is just that this should be agreed to. I shall use every power committed to me to prevent strikes and warn you against allowing the order to stand. If you cannot compose differences with operators at home, meet me here in Washington, meanwhile keeping mines at work."

Anthracite coal operators, representing a major part of the country's hard coal output, at a conference today with Dr. Garfield, pledged their full support to the Government in its efforts to solve the coal problem.

It was brought out at the meeting that already this year the mines had produced 8,000,000 tons more of hard coal than had been mined at the same time last year. The hardest problem, all agreed, is that of distribution.

The anthracite operators will name immediately a representative of their industry to serve as an assistant to L. A. Snead, who is head of the Division of Fuel Supplies. They will pick one of the ablest of their number, who will sever all connection with the business for the time being.

A point of connection between the Fuel Administration and the anthracite industry will be established by the appointment by the operators of a committee of three men to represent the industry in all dealings with the Government.

DINH GILLY STARVING IN AUSTRIAN CAMP

Former Metropolitan Opera Baritone, Prisoner for Three Years, Writes for Loan—Fund Started.

Dinh Gilly, the Algerian baritone, who sang here in the first opera given at the New Theatre in 1909 and regularly thereafter for some seasons at the Metropolitan, is starving in an internment camp at Raab, Lower Austria, according to news of him that reached New York yesterday. The news came in a letter dated Aug. 27 last, the only direct word his friends have had since the war. Mr. Gilly wrote in French to Eugene Boucher of 24 John Street, asking that a loan of 8,000 francs be raised on his life insurance here, to pay, as he said, a "debt" to the friend who posted his letter in a neutral country. An accompanying note in English from the friend explained that this was the only form in which his request could be got past the frontier. The money was needed for Gilly, who had "literally nothing" to furnish him with comforts in the prisoners' camp at Raab, a town where Napoleon's army in 1809 defeated the Hungarians.

Mr. Boucher said he had sent to Gilly's family in France, until about a year ago, 1,000 francs monthly obtained from another friend now in Austria. The baritone left London, where he last sang, only three days before war began in 1914, and was already at Stratz Castle, Bohemia, when he was put under guard as a French subject. After two years, he was removed at his own request to the detention camp. Here he must pay for special lodging and for part of his food supplies sent by the French Bureau de Secours at Berne, Switzerland. Several New Yorkers started a fund yesterday to be forwarded through that agency, or through the International Red Cross.

MARKET HEAD ASKS CITY TO BUY FOOD

Moskowitz Seeks Purchase of 2,000,000 Bushels of Potatoes for Public Storehouse.

PERKINS GIVES HIS AID

Mayor Mitchel's Plan to be Amplified with View to Balking Schemes of Speculators.

Henry Moskowitz, newly appointed City Commissioner of Markets, wrote to Mayor Mitchel yesterday, requesting the Mayor to seek from the State Food Commission permission to purchase, store, and sell food and fuel in accordance with the new State Food law.

George W. Perkins, Chairman of the Mayor's Food Supply Committee, has written to Mr. Moskowitz, telling what has been done by his committee and advocating the purchase of at least 2,000,000 bushels of potatoes by the city, as well as the acquisition of other foodstuffs.

"After considering many methods of meeting the practical question of how to reduce the price of food, we decided that effective relief could only be had through the city having the power to buy food direct from the producer and sell it to the consumer," said Mr. Perkins. "The Food Aid Committee believes that in no other way can the hoarder and speculator in food be effectively coped with. In urging this course it has never been the intention of the Food Aid Committee to interfere with the proper function of the retail dealer, or the legitimate wholesale dealer or distributer, but rather to help all such dealers in food by coming to their aid when they are held up by the speculator and hoarder of food.

Last Winter our committee went to Maine and bought 100 carloads of the best seed potatoes to be had. We retailed these to farmers in this State at cost, urging them to increase their acreage of potato planting. In one of the best potato sections of this State in connection with the sale of these seed potatoes I offered to buy all the potatoes raised by the farmers and pay $1 a bushel for the same when ready for market this Fall. During the Spring I made contracts of this kind with nearly 450 different farmers in the State, which will probably give us something like 250,000 bushels of potatoes. These are now just beginning to be dug and we are receiving them at $1 a bushel at the railroad station at which they are delivered.

"Mayor Mitchel has had the city authorities place the Hallenbeck Building at our disposal as a storage house for a considerable quantity of these potatoes. The first of these potatoes arrived last week, and they are now coming along quite rapidly. It is the intention to store them in this building and sell them at cost later on, when it is feared potatoes will be higher than now. All this has been done with the approval of Mayor Mitchel, who has been eager to have operations in this direction increased; but as the city could not, until authorized by the Legislature, help finance such a transaction, it has been necessary to rely upon private sources for the money, and therefore it was not possible to undertake as large a transaction as should have been undertaken in the interest of the consumers of this city. At least 2,000,000 bushels or more should be acquired by the city in this way."

It is suggested by Mr. Perkins that the milk question is another that should be taken up.

In his reply, Mr. Markowitz said:

"In the absence of legal power, the work of the Mayor's Food Supply Committee has been most commendable. I am deeply impressed with the fact that already your committee has made arrangements for the purchase of 250,000 bushels of potatoes, which will be stored at the Hallenbeck Building, provided for you by Mayor Mitchel. I believe, however, that 250,000 bushels will not be enough.

"I am firmly of the opinion that the Government of the City of New York must be permitted to purchase, store, and sell food through such channels as seem best to it, for the purpose of preventing an inordinate rise of price in foods essential to life. I therefore agree with you that at least 2,000,000 bushels of potatoes must be acquired and stored by the city for the purpose of keeping down the price of this essential commodity within reasonable limits."

PARLIAMENT REASSEMBLES.

Passing of a Vote of Credit Is Its Most Important Business.

LONDON, Oct. 16.—Parliament reassembled today after a recess of two months. Its most important duty will be the passing of a new vote of credit. This probably will bring up for discussion the general war situation. It will be a few days before that business is reached.

For today there was nothing more exciting scheduled than the second reading of the bill giving the Government control over all petroleum and the consideration of the Titles Deprivation bill, which is aimed at those who take up arms against Great Britain and her allies.

John Redmond, the Irish leader, gave notice of the following motion.

"The House deplores the policy which has been pursued by the Irish executive Government and the Irish military authorities at a time when the highest interests of Ireland and the empire demand the creation of an atmosphere favorable to a successful result of the deliberations of the Irish convention."

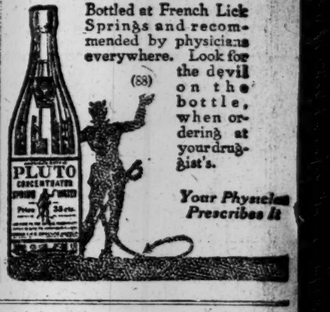
Mr. Redmond will ask the Government tomorrow to afford an early opportunity for discussion of his motion.

ADVERTISEMENT.

If you were in Training

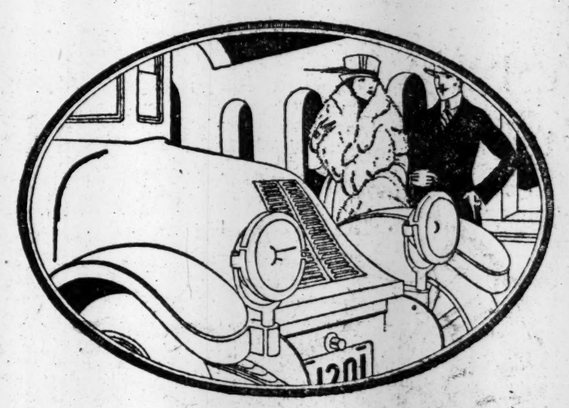
—grilling roadwork and cold showers would keep you "fit as a king." Without such stimulus, however, your system grows sluggish. Good health demands a frequent *internal cleansing* with

PLUTO
America's Physic



Bottled at French Lick Springs and recommended by physicians everywhere. Look for the devil on the bottle, when ordering at your druggist's. (68)

Your Physician Prescribes It



The Franklin Car

Second-hand Car Ads Show What to Avoid in Automobile Buying

EVERYBODY has been noticing the tremendous amount of newspaper advertising being done *to move second-hand cars.* With many dealers the Used Car Show has become an annual event.

Much can be learned from used car advertising, when the prices quoted for the different makes and models are considered.

With the average car the biggest single item of expense the first year is *depreciation.* Besides its loss as an investment it tells another story—its *record* for service, utility, economy in tires, gasoline and oil.

Used Franklin Cars *have always been scarce*—scarce, enough to have waiting lists of people throughout the country who would rather pay the comparatively high price of a used Franklin than put the money in a new car of wasteful upkeep.

The Franklin Owner Rarely Changes to Another Make of Car

Unlike the average motorist the Franklin buyer does not endeavor to settle his choice among three or four makes.

The motorist who buys a Franklin Car has *unmistakable* reasons for his choice.

The Franklin buyer has for a long time regarded the Franklin as his *ultimate car.* He is a man who knows the reasons back of the present trend towards the Franklin Car—reasons that have *tripled* the Franklin building schedules. Reasons that always make *Franklin demand exceed Franklin production.*

And what are these reasons? One is *Economy.* On July 13th of this year 179 Franklin Cars, under standard efficiency rules, at points throughout the country established *a new record for gasoline economy* by averaging 40.3 miles for a single gallon of gasoline.

A similar *economy in tires* is recorded by Franklin owners themselves. Reports, over a stretch of five years, give 10,203 miles as the average for a set of tires.

Again *economy in oil.* A Franklin Sedan covered 1046 miles—New York to Chicago—on a single gallon.

Franklin Scientific Principles Insure Long Life

The comparatively high prices of the Franklin in used car advertising is the best proof of its *long life.* Scientific light weight construction, fine materials wisely distributed and direct air cooling combine to minimize friction, wear, tear and unnecessary pounding so common with the average heavy car and destructive to long life.

Touring Car	2280 lbs.	$2050.00
Cabriolet	2485 lbs.	2850.00
Town Car	2610 lbs.	3200.00
Runabout	2160 lbs.	2000.00
Sedan	2610 lbs.	2950.00
Limousine	2620 lbs.	3200.00
Four-pass. Roadster	2280 lbs.	2050.00
Brougham	2575 lbs.	2900.00

All Prices F. O. B. Syracuse

Reasons for choosing the Franklin are numerous. Every Franklin owner can give them from experience.

But never before has it been so urgent for every motorist to know *the full Franklin facts* as it is these days—days that clearly indicate that the motorist must ultimately accept either restricted use of his car or *curtail unnecessary waste with the Franklin.*

FRANKLIN MOTOR CAR CO.
GLENN A. TISDALE, *President*
1830 Broadway, at 60th St., N. Y. City
Telephone, Columbus—7556.
1176 Bedford Ave., Brooklyn
Telephone, 4087—Decatur

Satin Lined Overcoats, $40

In this era of soaring prices an offer like this comes as a startling surprise, and yet such values are not unusual at Arnheim's.

Early purchases of all wool exclusive novelties and standard fabrics have made remarkable offerings possible. That's all.

Every garment fashioned to your liking and guaranteed to meet with your absolute approval. Samples on request.

Suits to measure at equally attractive prices.

Arnheim
TWO STORES
BROADWAY & NINTH STREET AND
39 E. 42D ST., BET. FIFTH & MADISON AVES.

Do you want the boys who have gone to the front to come back? The purchase of a Liberty Loan Bond helps to insure their return.

Liberty Loan Subscriptions accepted at both our stores.